

C·O·M·O·D·O
Creating Trust Online™

Comodo Internet Security Pro

User Guide

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1 Comodo Internet Security Pro - Introduction

Overview

Comodo Internet Security Pro offers 360° protection against internal and external threats by combining a powerful Antivirus protection, an enterprise class packet filtering firewall, and an advanced host intrusion prevention system called Defense +. CIS Pro subscribers also receive the Remote Malware Removal, PC Tune Up and Expert Installation and Configuration services AND enjoy secure connectivity from any wireless location with the TrustConnect service.

When used individually, each product delivers superior protection against its specific threat challenge. When used together as a full suite they provide a complete 'prevention, detection and cure' security system for your computer.



Comodo Internet Security Pro includes:

- Antivirus - The proactive antivirus system that automatically detects and eliminates viruses, Worms and Trojan horses.
- Firewall - The Firewall that constantly defends your system from inbound and outbound Internet attacks with a industry strength packet filtering firewall.
- Defense+ - A rules based intrusion prevention system that protects your critical operating system files from malicious processes, internal attacks and blocks unknown malware before it ever gets a chance to install.

- Malware Removal Service - Comodo experts remotely remove viruses if your system become infected
- PC Tune Up Service - Our experts will also optimize the configuration of your computer to maximize its performance
- Professional Installation and Configuration of Comodo Internet Security pro by our experts
- [Secure Wireless Internet Connectivity](#) - TrustConnect makes surfing the web safe from any public Wi-Fi location (10 GB per month)
- 24 x 7 support - we're there when you need us

All the components listed have been carefully engineered to work seamlessly together in order to protect your system against all possible threat vectors. Comodo Internet Security Pro features:

- Easy installation;
- A friendly graphical user interface;
- Highly granular configuration options;
- Easily understood and informative alerts;
- Wizard-based detection of trusted zones and much more.

Comodo Internet Security pro can be used 'out of the box' - so even the most inexperienced users will not have to deal with complex configuration issues after installation. The complete security package relieves you from fear of attacks from any side and provides peace of mind to home and business users.

This introductory section is intended to provide an overview of the basics of Comodo Internet Security and should be of interest to all users.

Introduction

- [Special Features](#)
- [Installing Comodo Internet Security Pro](#)
- [System Requirements](#)
- [Starting Comodo Internet Security Pro](#)
- [General Navigation](#)
- [Understanding Alerts](#)

The next four sections of the guide cover every aspect of the configuration of Comodo Internet Security. The final two sections contain configuration and technical help for [TrustConnect](#) and the [Remote Assistance Services](#).

Antivirus Task Center

- [Run a Scan](#)
- [Update Virus Database](#)
- [Quarantined Items](#)
- [Viewing Antivirus Events](#)
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Firewall Task Center

- [Overview of Task Interface](#)

Common Tasks

- [View Firewall Events](#)
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Advanced

- [Network Security Policy](#)
- [Predefined Firewall Policies](#)
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- [Overview of Task Interface](#)

Common Tasks

- [View Defense+ Events](#)
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- [Overview of Miscellaneous Tasks Interface](#)
- [Settings](#)
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- [Diagnostics](#)
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- [Submit Suspicious Files](#)
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TrustConnect

- [TrustConnect Overview](#)
- [Microsoft Windows Configuration](#)
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- [TrustConnect FAQ](#)

Remote Assistance Services

- [Remote Assistance Services](#)

Comodo SafeSurf

- [Overview of Comodo SafeSurf](#)
- [Accessing the Comodo SafeSurf interface](#)
- [Configuring Comodo SafeSurf](#)
- [Comodo SafeSurf Alerts](#)
- [Uninstalling Comodo SafeSurf / Disabling the toolbar](#)

1.1 Special Features

Defense+ Host Intrusion Prevention System

- Virtually Bulletproof protection against root-kits, inter-process memory injections, key-loggers and more;
- Authenticates the integrity of every program before allowing it to load into your computer's memory;
- Alerts you every time an unknown or untrusted applications attempts to run or install;
- Blocks Viruses, Trojans and Spy-ware before they can ever get onto your system;
- Prevents unauthorized modification of critical operating system files and registry entries.

Advanced Network Firewall Engine

The Firewall component of Comodo Internet Security Pro offers the highest levels of perimeter security against inbound and outbound threats - meaning you get the strongest possible protection against hackers, malware and identity thieves. Now we've improved it again by adding new features like

- Stealth Mode to make your PC completely invisible to opportunistic port scans;
- Wizard based auto-detection of trusted zones;
- Predefined Firewall policies allow you to quickly implement security rules;
- Diagnostics to analyze your system for potential conflicts with the firewall and much more.

Comprehensive Antivirus protection

- Detects and eliminates viruses from desktops, laptops and network workstations
- Constantly protects with real-time, On-Access scanning;
- Highly configurable On-Demand scanner allows you to run instant checks on any file, folder or drive;
- Daily, automatic updates of virus definitions;
- Isolates suspicious files in quarantine preventing further infection;
- Built in scheduler allows you to run scans at a time that suits you;
- Simple to use - install it and forget it - Comodo AV protects you in the background

Intuitive Graphical User Interface

- Summary screen gives an at-a-glance snapshot of your security settings;
- Easy and quick navigation between each module of the firewall;
- Simple point and click configuration - no steep learning curves;
- New completely redesigned security rules interface - you can quickly set granular access rights and privileges on a global or per application. The firewall also contains pre-set policies and wizards that help simplify the rule setting process.

Comodo TrustConnect

Included with a CIS Pro subscription, Comodo TrustConnect is a fast, secure Internet proxy service that makes surfing the web safe -

- At Coffee shops, Hotels and Airports;
- At any other public Wi-Fi location;
- At your home location;
- For Enterprises with remote workers and road-warriors that need secure access to internal networks

Malware Removal, PC Tune up and Professional Installation services

Comodo Internet Security Pro subscribers also get access to the following personalized support services -

- Malware Removal Service - Comodo experts will remotely diagnose and remove viruses if your system becomes infected;
- PC Tune-up Service – Experts will fine-tune the configuration of your computer to optimize it for top performance;
- Remote installation and configuration of CIS Pro by our experts means your system is set up with the perfect balance of security and usability right from the start;
- 24 x 7 Live Chat support - we're ready for you with informed, professional help whenever you need assistance

Comodo Internet Security - extended features

Highly Configurable Security Rules Interface

Comodo Internet Security Pro (CIS Pro) offers more control over security settings than ever before. Users can quickly set granular Internet access rights and privileges on a global or per application basis using the flexible and easy to understand GUI. This version also sees the introduction of pre-set security policies which allow you to deploy a sophisticated hierarchy of firewall rules with a couple of mouse clicks.

Application Behavior Analysis

Comodo Internet Security Pro features an advanced protocol driver level protection - essential for the defense of your PC against Trojans that run their own protocol drivers.

Event logging

Comodo Internet Security Pro features a vastly improved log management module - allowing users to export records of Antivirus, Firewall and Defense+ activities according to several user-defined filters. Beginners and advanced users alike will greatly benefit from this essential troubleshooting feature.

'Training Mode'™ and 'Clean PC' Mode

These modes enable the firewall and host intrusion prevention systems to automatically create 'allow'™ rules for new components of applications you have decided to trust, so you won't receive pointless alerts for those programs you trust. The firewall will learn how they work and only warn you when it detects truly suspicious behavior.

Application Recognition Database (Extensive and proprietary application safe list)

The Firewall includes an extensive white-list of safe executables called the 'Comodo Safe-List Database'™. This database checks the integrity of every executable and the Firewall will alert you of potentially damaging applications before they are installed. This level of protection is new because traditionally firewalls only detect harmful applications from a blacklist of known malware - often-missing new forms of malware as might be launched in day zero attacks.

The Firewall is continually updated and currently over 1,000,000 applications are in Comodo Safe list, representing virtually one of the largest safe lists within the security industry.

Self Protection against Critical Process Termination

Viruses and Trojans often try to disable your computer's security applications so that they can operate without detection. The security suite Firewall protects its own registry entries, system files and processes so malware can never shut it down or sabotage the installation.

Submit Suspicious Files to Comodo

Are you the first victim of a brand new type of spyware? Users can help combat zero-hour threats by using the built in submit feature to send files to Comodo for analysis. Comodo will then analyze the files for any potential threats and update our database for all users.

1.2 Installation

Before you install Comodo Internet Security Pro, read the installation instructions carefully and also review the system requirements listed in this chapter. (note: Comodo Internet Security Suite Pro subscribers can request remote installation by our experts. [Click here for more details.](#))

Installation Process

To install, download the Comodo Internet Security Pro setup files to your local hard drive. (setup.exe can be downloaded from <http://www.personalfirewall.comodo.com>)



Next, double click on the setup file to start the installation wizard and follow the process as below.

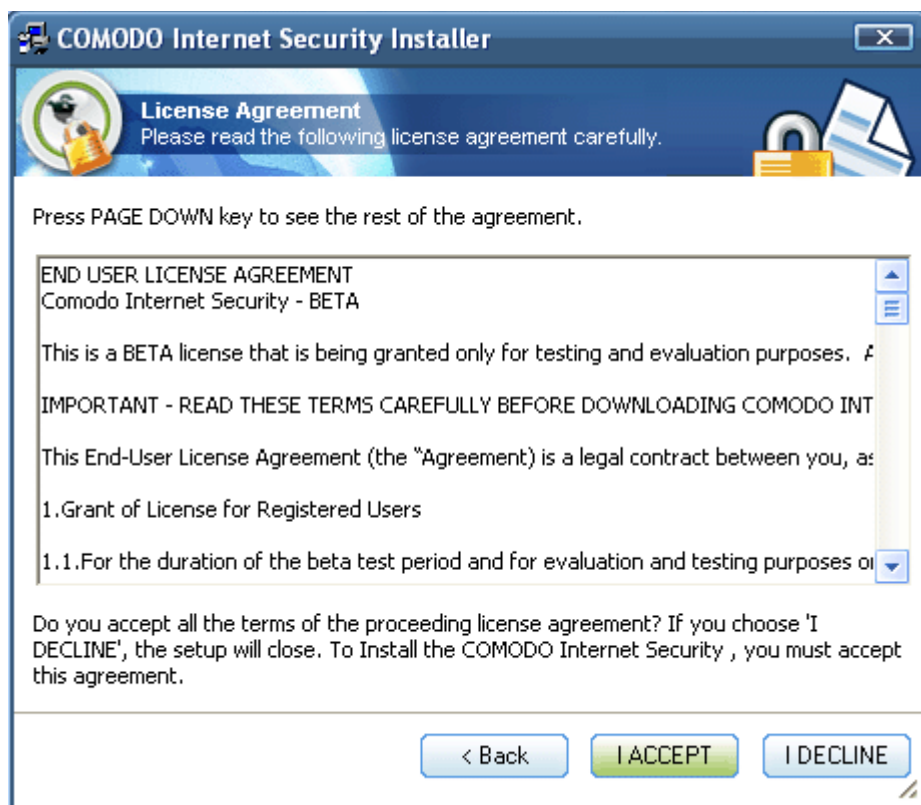
STEP 1: Welcome dialog box

The set up program starts automatically and the Welcome wizard is displayed. Click **Next** to continue.



STEP 2: License Agreement

When Comodo Internet Security Pro is installed for the first time, you must complete the initialization phase by reading and accepting the license agreement. After you read the End-User License Agreement, click **Yes** to continue installation. If you decline, you cannot continue with the installation.

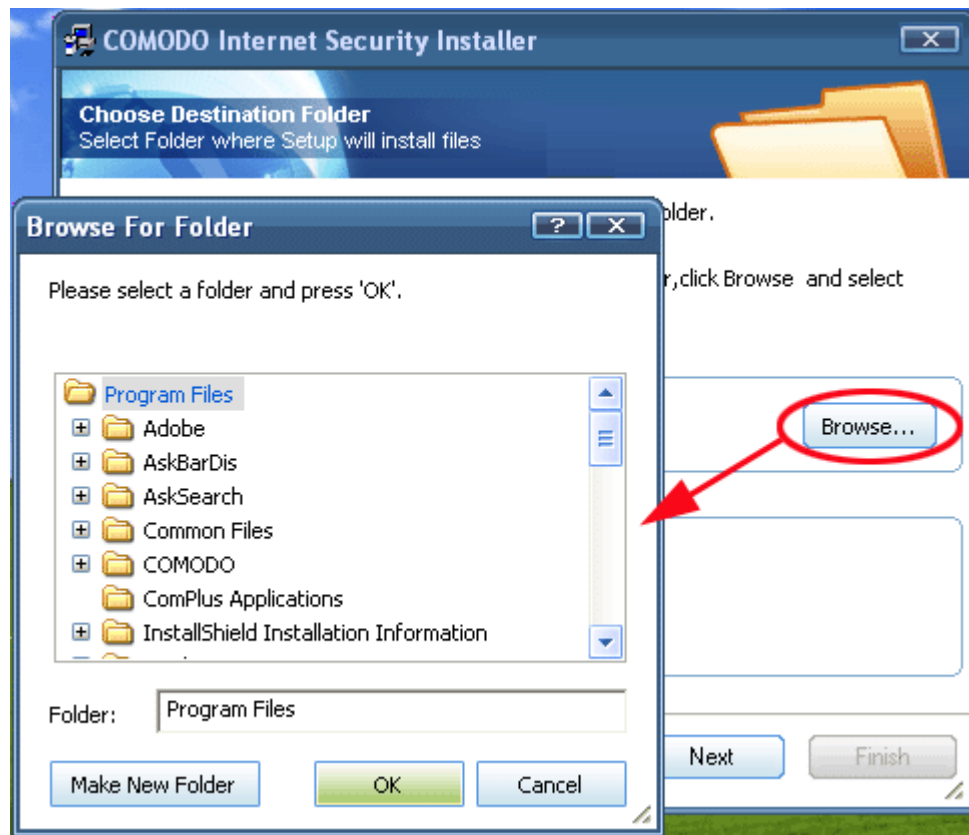


STEP 3: Location Destination Folder

On the Destination Wizard page, confirm the location of the Comodo Internet Security Pro installation files. To install the program in the default destination location, click **Next**. The default destination directory is the C:\Program Files\COMODO\Comodo Internet Security Pro.

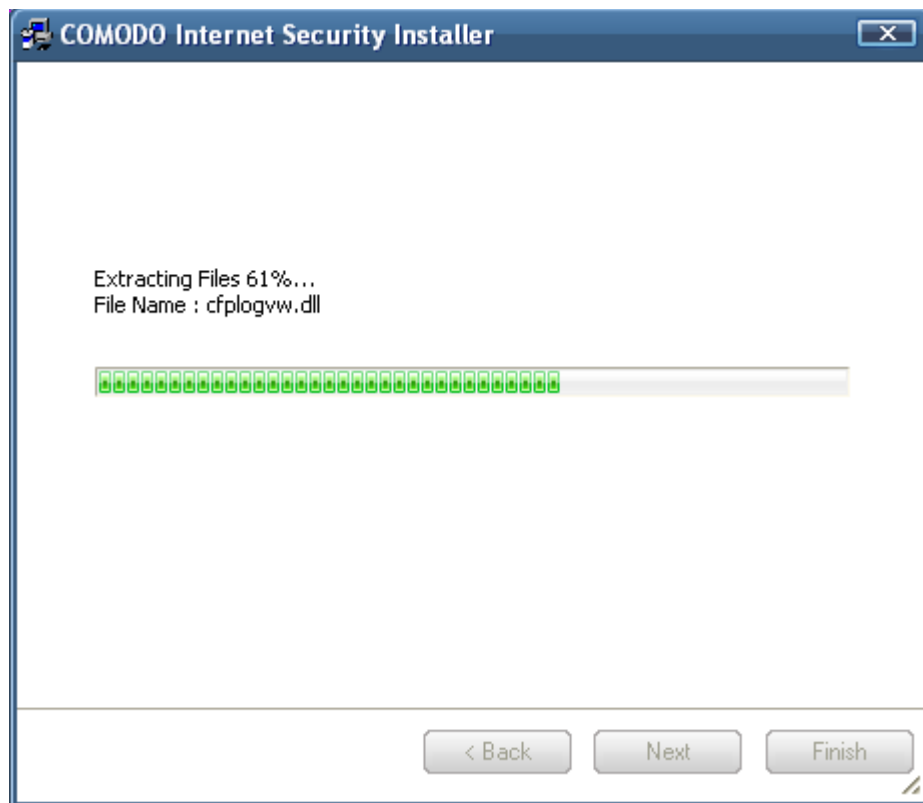


If you do not wish to install Comodo Internet Security Pro in the default location, click **BROWSE** and select a different folder for installation. Click **OK** to continue with the installation process.



STEP 4: Set Up Status Box

A setup status dialog box is displayed. You will see a progress bar indicating that files are being installed.



STEP 5: Welcome Screen

A configuration wizard dialog box will open. Click **Next** to continue with the installation.



STEP 6: Starting configuration

The next configuration screen allows you to select the components of Comodo Internet Security Pro to be installed on your system. You have three options to choose from:



- Install COMODO Antivirus - Selecting this option installs Comodo Antivirus and Defense+ components. De-select this option, if you already have a third party [Virus protection](#) activated in your computer system.
- Install COMODO Firewall - Selecting this option installs Comodo Firewall and Defense+ components. De-select this option, if you already have a third party Firewall protection activated in your computer system.
- Install Complete Suite - In order to obtain maximum protection Comodo recommends that you un-install any third party personal Firewall and Antivirus in your system and **select both the options** to install the complete Security Suite. Comodo Internet Security Pro is a full fledged Security Suite and offers protection against all types of viruses, malware, Trojan horses, intrusions, hacking and so on. With this single installation, you won't be in need of any third party Firewall or Antivirus.

Option - 1 Installing Comodo Antivirus

This can be chosen when you have a third party Firewall protection activated in your system. Selecting this option installs Comodo Antivirus with Defense+. The Host intrusion Prevention software, Defense+, can stop malware, viruses, trojans and worms before they ever get a chance to install themselves by blocking their ability to make changes to your operating system, applications, registry, running processes and important system files. This extra layer of protection represents a significant increase in security and is recommended for the vast majority of users.

Defense+ is installed with optimum protection settings. This also sets the default configuration for security settings to optimum level. [Click here](#) for more details on default protection level.



If you want to install only Comodo Antivirus, deselect **Install COMODO Firewall** and click **Next**. The installation moves to **STEP 7**.

Option - 2 Installing Comodo Firewall

This can be chosen when you have a third party Antivirus protection activated in your system.



The next step allows to choose the type of installation (and protection level).



The options available are:

Firewall only - This option is only recommended for *experienced* firewall users that have alternative Host Intrusion Prevention software installed on their systems. Selecting this option will install ONLY the packeting filtering network and not Defense+ - essential for blocking malicious software (like worms and trojans) from making outgoing connection attempts. This isn't to say this option is an unwise choice (the network firewall is one of the strongest available - offering highly effective and configurable inbound and outbound protection) but it is important to realize that, on it's own, it does not offer the host intrusion protection as afforded by Defense+.

Firewall with Optimum Proactive Defense - Selecting this option will install the packet filtering Comodo Firewall with Defense+. Defense+ is installed with optimum protection settings. This also sets the default configuration for security settings to optimum level. [Click here](#) for more details on default protection level.

Firewall with Maximum Proactive Defense+ - This is the most complete option and offers the greatest level of security. Selecting this will install Comodo Firewall with Defense+. Defense+ is installed with maximum level of protection settings. This also sets the default configuration for security settings to maximum level. [Click here](#) for more details on default protection level. Select the option of your choice and click **Next**. The installation moves to [STEP 7](#).

Option - 3 Installing both Antivirus and Firewall (Recommended)

Comodo recommends you to uninstall any third party [antivirus](#) and firewall software your system and install the complete security suite - Comodo Internet Security in order to obtain maximum protection against all sorts of threats, viruses, malware, Trojan horses, intrusions, hacking and so on. This also sets the default configuration for security settings to optimum level. [Click here](#) for more details on default protection level.

To install the complete suite leave both **Install COMODO Antivirus** and **Install COMODO Firewall** checked and click **Next**. The installation moves to [STEP 7](#).



STEP 7: Install Comodo SafeSurf Browser Toolbar

The Comodo SafeSurf Toolbar protects against data theft, computer crashes and system damage by preventing most types of Buffer Overflow attacks. This type of attack occurs when a malicious program or script deliberately sends more data to a target applications memory buffer than the buffer can handle - which can be exploited to create a back door to the system through which a hacker can gain access. Comodo developed the SafeSurf Toolbar explicitly to protect end-users from these kinds of attacks whilst they browse the Internet. After installation, the program will monitor and protect the memory space of all applications that are running on your system and immediately block any buffer overflow attacks. Apart from providing another essential layer of protection, the toolbar also provides one-click access to news, search, shopping; a built in pop-up blocker; is compatible with all major browsers and can be separately uninstalled or disabled at any time after installation.



After reviewing the EULA and installation options, click 'Next' to continue.

STEP 8: Configuring your Computer System



The installer will begin configuring your system, installing the components you have selected and copying the application signature database to your computer.

STEP 9: Granting License

The set-up will now contact Comodo servers to activate the product.

Comodo wishes to keep you informed on each release of its new product, service and special promotions. In order to obtain information on each update, type your e-mail address in the text box (optional, you need not give your e-mail address if you do not want to receive information on updates). You can also sign-up to receive regular news updates on Comodo Products by selecting the check box.

Click **Next** to continue.



COMODO Internet Security Configuration Wizard

The installer will now try to activate your FREE lifetime license by contacting with COMODO license servers.

Optional: Please provide us with your e-mail address if you wish to receive e-mail communications from COMODO on new products, services and special promotions.

Please write your email address below and click 'Next' to continue with the activation process.

If you do not wish to receive any communications from COMODO please click "Next" to continue with the activation process.

Email Address (Optional)

☐ Sign me up for the news about COMODO products (Optional)

Comodo will not share your email address or information with any third parties.

[Privacy Policy](#)

Next >

STEP 10: Scanning the system for Malware

Comodo Internet Security Pro will scan your computer's fixed drives for the presence of known malware and viruses. It is strongly recommended that you run the scan as it will help ensure that you computer enjoys the maximum protection levels right from the first installation of the Security Suite.

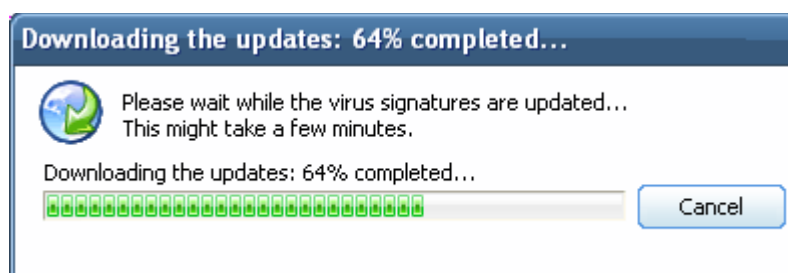
If you don't wish to scan at this time then clear **Scan my system for Malware** check box and click **Finish**. The set-up moves to STEP 12.

Click **Next** to begin the scan.



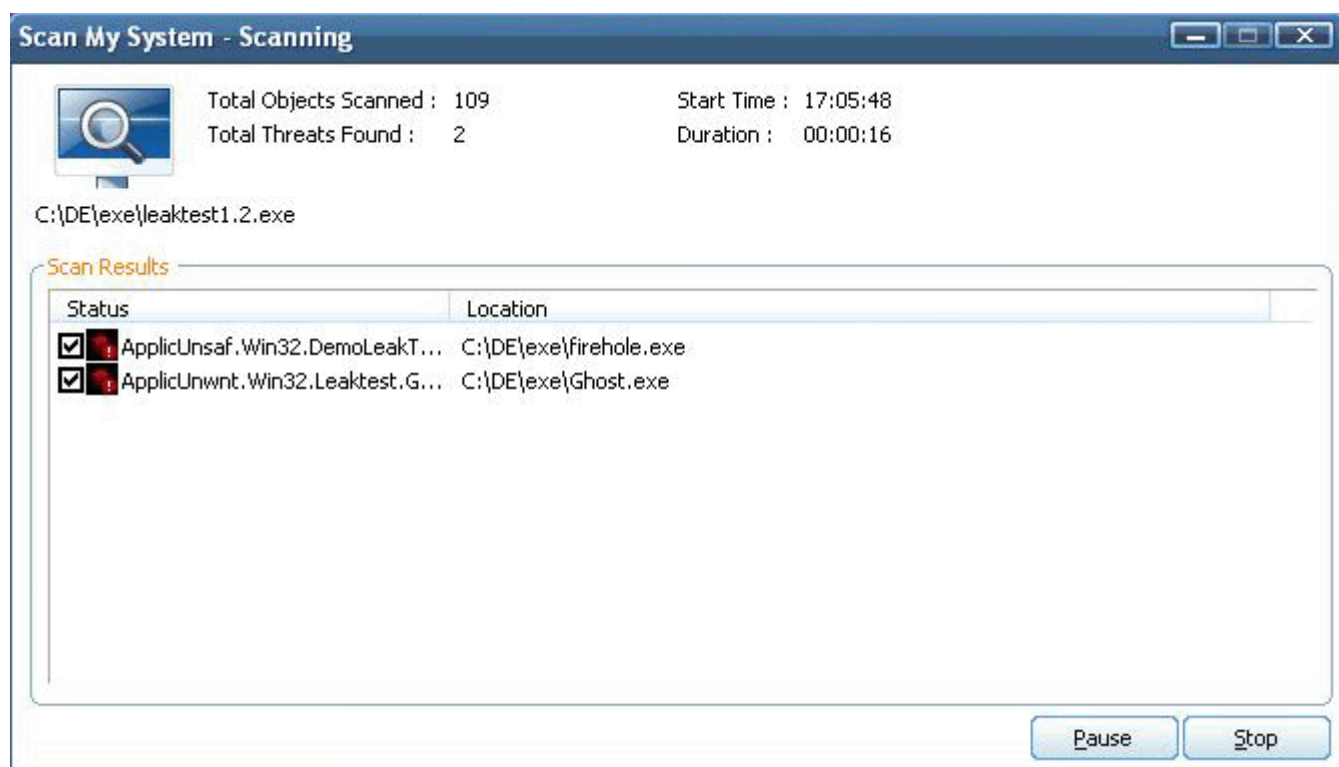
STEP 11: Checking for updates

Comodo Internet Security Pro will now check for updates in the virus databases from Comodo website and download the updated Virus Database. Maintaining Virus database upto date guarantees the relevance of your antivirus software and maximizes the protection.

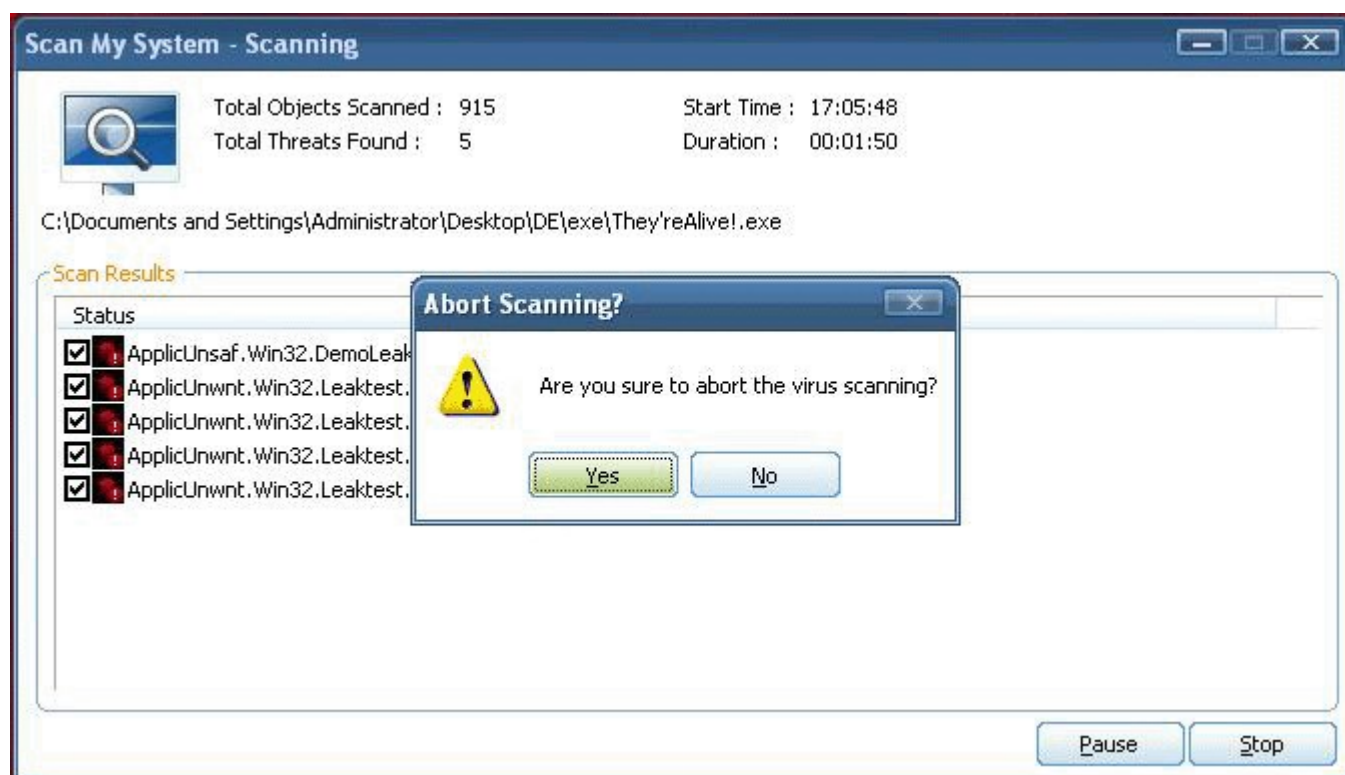


STEP 12: Scanning your system

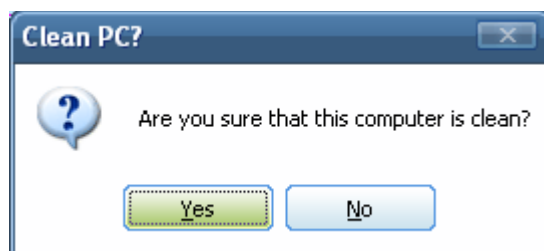
The Security Suite now starts scanning your system for viruses and malwares.



You can pause, continue or stop the scanning. If you select to stop the scanning in the middle of the process, You will be asked for a confirmation on aborting the scan.



Click **Yes** if you want to stop the scanning. You will be asked whether your system is free of any malware.

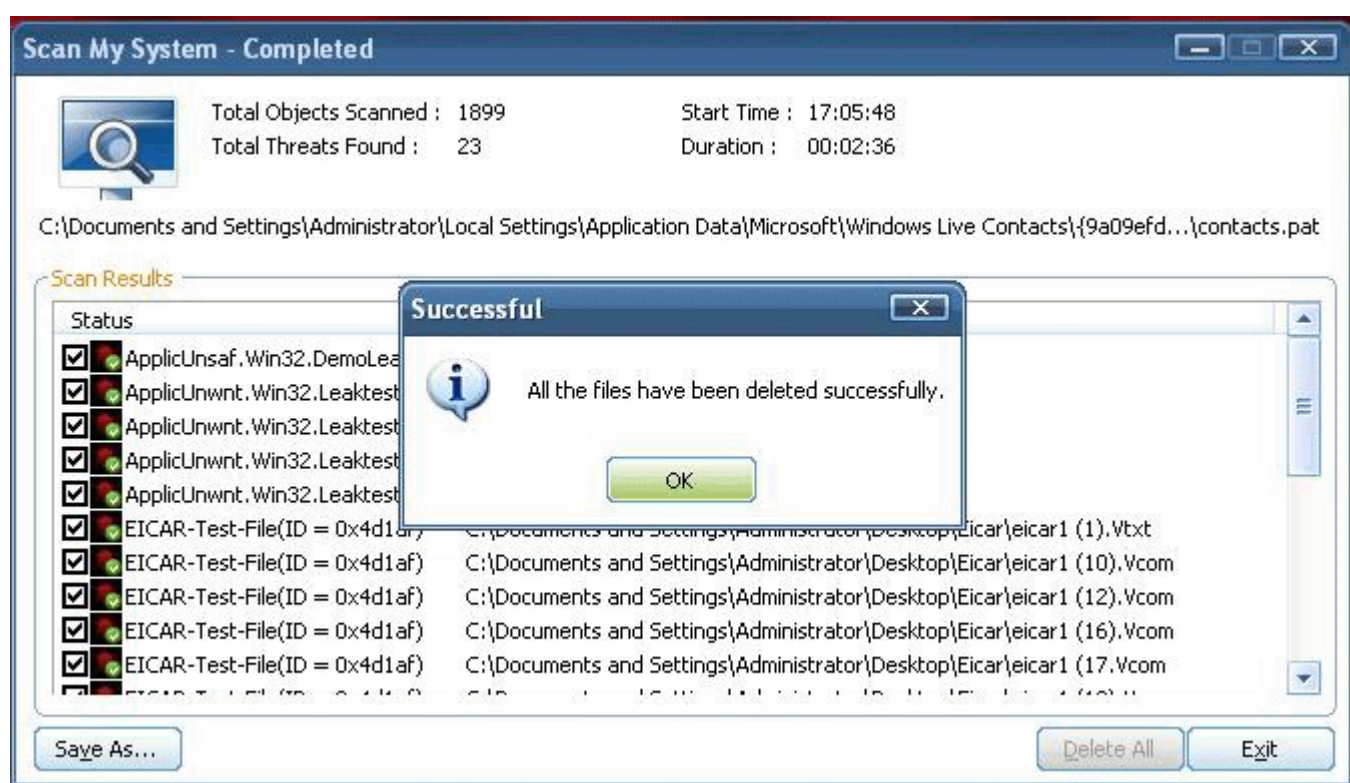


Click **Yes** or **No** as per your system status to complete the installation and move to **step 13**.

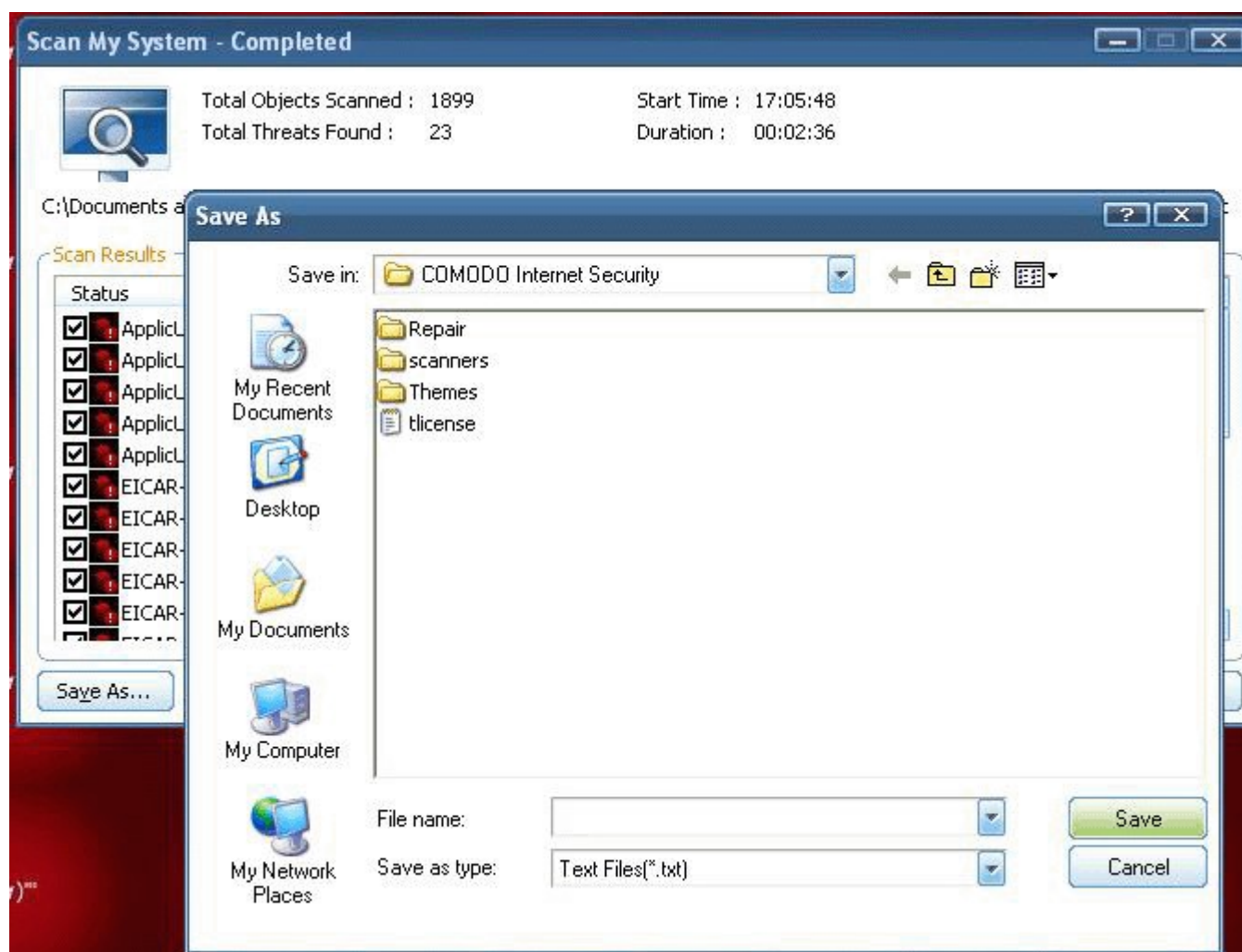
If you continue scanning (Recommended), the results window provides you the scan results, with options for deleting the malwares detected or to save the report on completion.

To delete the malware from your system

- Click **Delete All** after selecting the files.



To save the results click **Save As** and select a location and file name in the **Save As** dialog box and click **Save**.



STEP 13: Installation Complete

An installation completion screen will appear. Your system must be restarted in order to finalize the installation. Please save any unsaved data and Click *Finish* to reboot. Clear **Restart Now** check box If you would rather reboot at a later time.



STEP 14: Restarting your computer system

After restarting, if your computer is connected to a home or work network, then you will be prompted to configure it at the **New Private Network Detected!** dialog:



Step 1: Even home users with a single computer will have to configure a home network in order to connect to Internet. (this is usually displayed in the Step 1 text field as you network card). Most users should accept this name.

Step 2: If you wish your computer to accept connections from other PC's in this network or for printer sharing, then also check this option (e.g. a work or home network). This will then become a trusted network. Users that only have a single home computer connecting to the Internet should avoid this setting.

Select **Do not automatically detect new networks** If you are an experienced user that wishes to manually set-up their own trusted networks (this can be done in '[My Network Zones](#)' and through the '[Stealth Ports Wizard](#)')

You must click **OK** to confirm your choice. If you click on **Close** button, all the network connections will be blocked.

STEP 15: Upgrade options and A-VSMART warranty

After first rebooting, all users are offered the opportunity to upgrade to Comodo Internet Security Pro.



If you select Tell me more and click next, you will be to be directed to the Comodo website where you can find more details about the warranty and to complete the registration process.

You can register for an A-VSMART warranty and get Comodo experts to remove the malware for you before professionally installing and configuring your Comodo Internet Security Pro for optimal security at a nominal cost.

If you select **No thanks** and click **Next**, the screen will closed and the management interface screen of Comodo Internet Security Pro will appear.

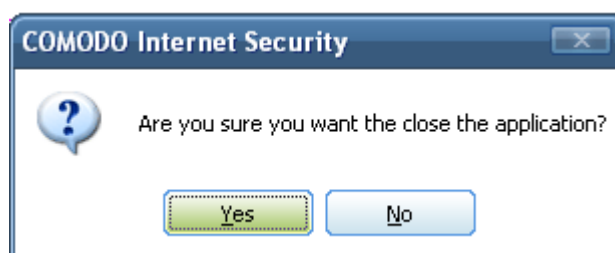


Note: The interface varies depending on the options you choose during Installation.

- [Click here for more details on main interface of Comodo Internet Security Pro \(Installation with both the options selected \(Recommended\)\)](#)
- [Click here for more details on main interface of Comodo Antivirus \(Installation with only Antivirus option selected\)](#)
- [Click here for more details on main interface of Comodo Firewall \(Installation with only Firewall option selected\).](#)

Closing this window will exit the Comodo Internet Security Pro management interface. The Security Suite will remain active, protecting your computer, in the background.

To completely shut the program down, right-click on the Comodo Internet Security Pro shield icon at the system tray and select **Exit**. If you choose to exit, you will see a dialog box confirming whether you want to exit or not.



If you click **Yes**, the security will be disabled and will not protect your PC.

1.3 System Requirements

To ensure optimal performance of Comodo Internet Security Pro, please ensure that your PC complies with the minimum system requirements as stated below:

- Windows Vista (Both 32-bit and 64-bit versions) or Windows XP (Both 32-bit and 64-bit versions)
- Internet Explorer Version 5.1 or above
- 64 MB available RAM
- 35 MB hard disk space for 32-bit versions and 55 MB for 64-bit versions

1.4 Starting Comodo Internet Security Pro

After installation, Comodo Internet Security Pro will automatically start whenever you start Windows. In order to configure and view settings within Comodo Internet Security Pro, you need to access the management interface.

There are 3 different ways to access the management interface of Comodo Internet Security Pro:

[System Tray Icon](#), [Windows Desktop](#), [Windows Start menu](#)

1. Comodo Internet Security Pro Tray Icon

Just double click the shield icon to start the main interface.

Tip: By right-clicking on the tray icon, you can access short cuts to selected settings like Firewall Security Level, Defense+ Security level and so on.

2. Windows Desktop

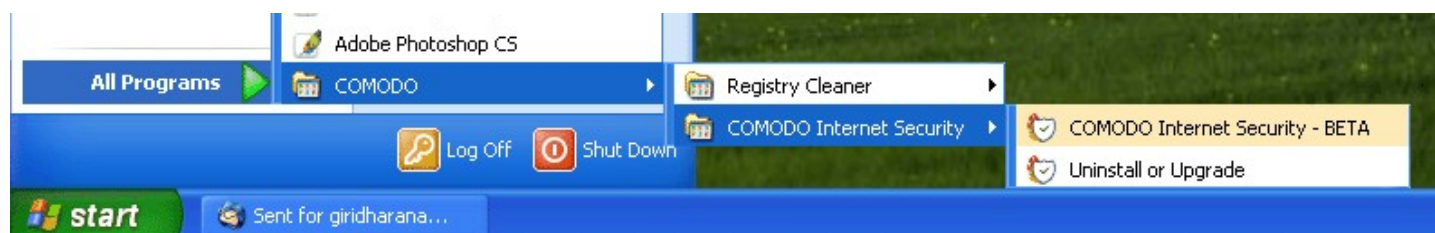


Just double click the shield icon in the desktop to start Comodo Internet Security Pro.

3. Start Menu

You can also access Comodo Internet Security Pro via the Windows Start Menu.

- Click **Start** and select **All Programs > Comodo > COMODO Internet Security > COMODO Internet Security Pro**.



1.5 Overview of Summary Screens

By default, the management interface displays the '**Summary**' area information. You can access this area at any time by selecting the '**Summary**' tab as shown in the [General Navigation](#).

The specific layout of the summary screen you will see is dependent on the type installation of installation you chose. Click the links below to view an outline of the summary screen that applies to your installation:

- [COMODO Internet Security Pro with both Antivirus and Firewall](#) (Recommended) or
- [COMODO Firewall only](#);
- [COMODO Antivirus only](#).

1.5.1 Comodo Internet Security Pro - Summary



Summary screen shows the following:

1. System Status

The System Status box displays the system's activities and recommendations on actions you need to perform.

2. Virus Defense

The Virus Defense box contains:

- **The status of real time virus scanning.**

The status of the virus scanning setting is displayed as a link (*Enabled* in this example). On clicking this link, the Virus Scanner Settings panel is opened allowing you to quickly enable or disable the Real Time Scanning, by toggling the status slider between up and down positions. For more details on Virus Scanner Settings, refer [Scanner Settings](#).

- **When the virus database was last updated.**

The day and time at which the virus database was last updated is displayed as a link. On clicking the link, the update of the virus database is started and the current date and time are displayed on completion of the process.

- **Number of detected threats.**

The number of threats detected so far from the installation of Comodo [Internet Security](#) Pro is displayed here.

- **Run Virus Scanner**

The [Run Virus Scanner](#) link in this box allows you to [Run a Scan](#), when clicked.

3. Network Defense

The Network Defense box contains:

- **Number of Blocked Intrusion Attempts**

The total number of intrusion attempts blocked by firewall since the installation of Comodo Internet Security Pro is displayed here.

- **Current Firewall Security Level**

Your current Firewall Security Level (or 'Firewall Behavior Setting') is displayed as a link (*Safe Mode* in this example). On clicking this link, the Firewall Behavior Settings panel is opened allowing you to quickly customize the firewall security by moving the Firewall Security Level slider to preset security levels. For more details on Firewall settings, refer [Firewall Behavior Settings](#).

- **Inbound/Outbound Connections**

A numerical summary of currently active inbound and outbound connections to and from your computer is displayed here. For more details on active connections, refer [View Active Connections](#) and Traffic section.

- **Stop All Activities/Restore All Activities**

This link allows you to toggle network activity between **on** and **off**. Specifically, clicking **Stop All Activities** instantly blocks all incoming and outgoing network connections, placing the firewall in the **Block All Mode** of [Firewall Behavior Settings](#). Similarly, clicking **Restore All Activities** re-implements your previous [Firewall Security Level](#).

4. Highlights

The Highlights box displays information about Security Alerts and News related to Comodo Internet Security Pro & latest Critical security updates. Clicking on the text in the **Highlights** box takes you to the Comodo website to read more details.

5. Proactive Defense

The Proactive Defense box contains:

- **Your Current Defense+ Security Level**

Your current Defense+ security level (or Defense+ setting) is displayed as a link (*Clean PC Mode* in this example). On clicking this link, the Defense+ settings panel is opened to allow you to quickly customize the Defense+ security level by moving the Defense+ security level slider to preset security levels. For a more details on Defense+ settings, refer [Defense+ Settings](#).

- **Number of Currently Active Processes**

A numerical summary of all processes/applications that are running on your computer is displayed here as a link. On clicking this link, **Active Process List** pop-up is displayed with details of each process/application.

You can see in-depth details of all running processes by clicking [View Active Process](#) in common tasks of Defense+ Task center.

- **Number of Files Waiting for Your Review**

The number of files currently in the My Pending Files is displayed here. For more details on this refer [My Pending Files](#).

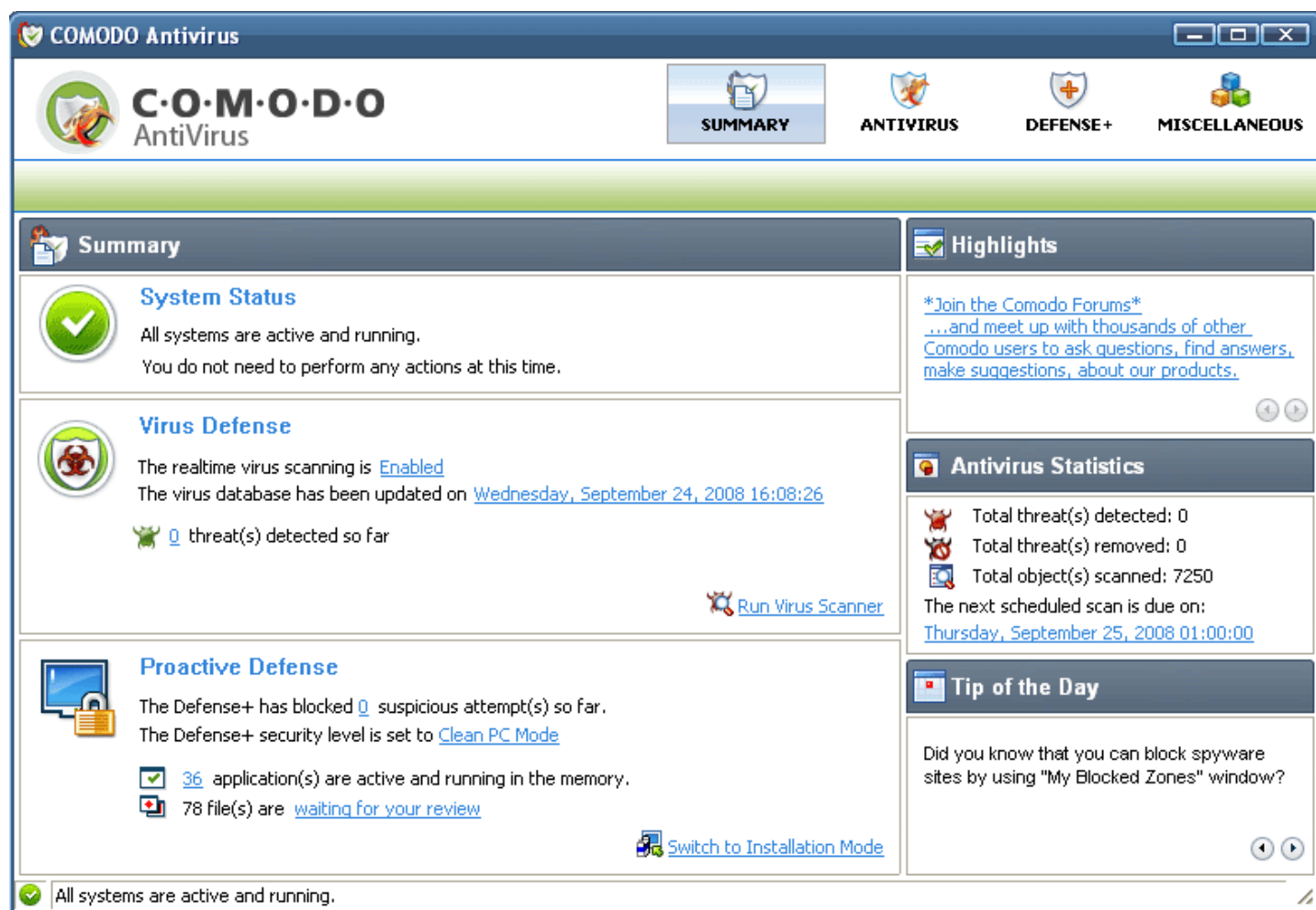
- **Switch to Installation Mode/ Switch to Previous Mode**

This link allows you to quickly toggle between Defense+ Installation mode and your most recent Defense+ Security Level. The installation mode allows you to quickly install or run an application that you trust which is, as yet, unknown to Comodo Internet security Pro. For more refer [Defense+ Settings](#).

6. Traffic

The Traffic box in the Summary screen of Comodo Internet Security Pro displays a bar graph showing the applications that are currently connected to the Internet and are sending or receiving data. The summary also displays the % of total traffic each application is responsible for and the filename of the executable. Clicking on any application name opens [View Active Connections](#) interface.

1.5.2 Comodo Antivirus - Summary



Summary screen shows the following:

1. System Status

The System Status box displays the system's activities and recommendations on actions you need to perform.

2. Virus Defense

The Virus Defense box contains:

- **The status of realtime virus scanning**

The status of the virus scanning setting is displayed as a link (*Enabled* in this example). On clicking this link, the Virus Scanner Settings panel is opened allowing you to quickly enable or disable the Real Time Scanning, by toggling the status slider between up and down positions. For more details on Virus Scanner Settings, refer [Scanner Settings](#).

- **When the virus database was last updated**

The day and time at which the virus database was last updated is displayed as a link. On clicking the link, the update of the virus database is started and the current date and time are displayed on completion of the process.

- **Number of detected threats**

The number of threats detected so far from the start of the current session of Comodo Antivirus is displayed here.

- **Run Virus Scanner**

The [Run Virus Scanner](#) link in this box allows you to [Run a Scan](#), when clicked.

3. Proactive Defense

The Proactive Defense box contains:

- **Number of blocked suspicious attempts**

The number of suspicious attempts blocked by Defense+ from the start of the current session is displayed as a link . On clicking this link, View Defense+ events is opened. For more details on viewing Defense+ events, refer [View Defense+ events](#).

- **Your Current Defense+ Security Level**

Your current Defense+ security level (or Defense+ setting) is displayed as a link (*Clean PC Mode* in this example). On clicking this link, the Defense+ settings panel is opened to allow you to quickly customize the Defense+ security level by moving the Defense+ security level slider to preset security levels. For a more details on Defense+ settings, refer [Defense+ Settings](#).

- **Number of Currently Active Processes**

The number of all processes/applications that are running on your computer is displayed here as a link. On clicking this link, **Active Process List** pop-up is displayed with details of each process/application.

You can see in-depth details of all running processes by clicking [View Active Processes](#) in common tasks of Defense+ Task center.

- **Number of Files Waiting for Your Review**

The number of files currently in the My Pending Files is displayed here. For more details on this refer [My Pending Files](#).

- **Switch to Installation Mode/ Switch to Previous Mode**

This link allows you to quickly toggle between Defense+ Installation mode and your most recent [Defense+ Security Level](#). The installation mode allows you to quickly install or run an application that you trust which is, as yet, unknown to Comodo Internet Security Pro. For more refer [Defense+ Settings](#).

4. Highlights

The Highlights box displays information about Security Alerts and News related to Comodo Internet Security Pro & latest Critical security updates. Clicking on the text in the **Highlights** box takes you to the Comodo website to read more details.

5. Antivirus Statistics

The Antivirus Statistics box of the summary screen gives:

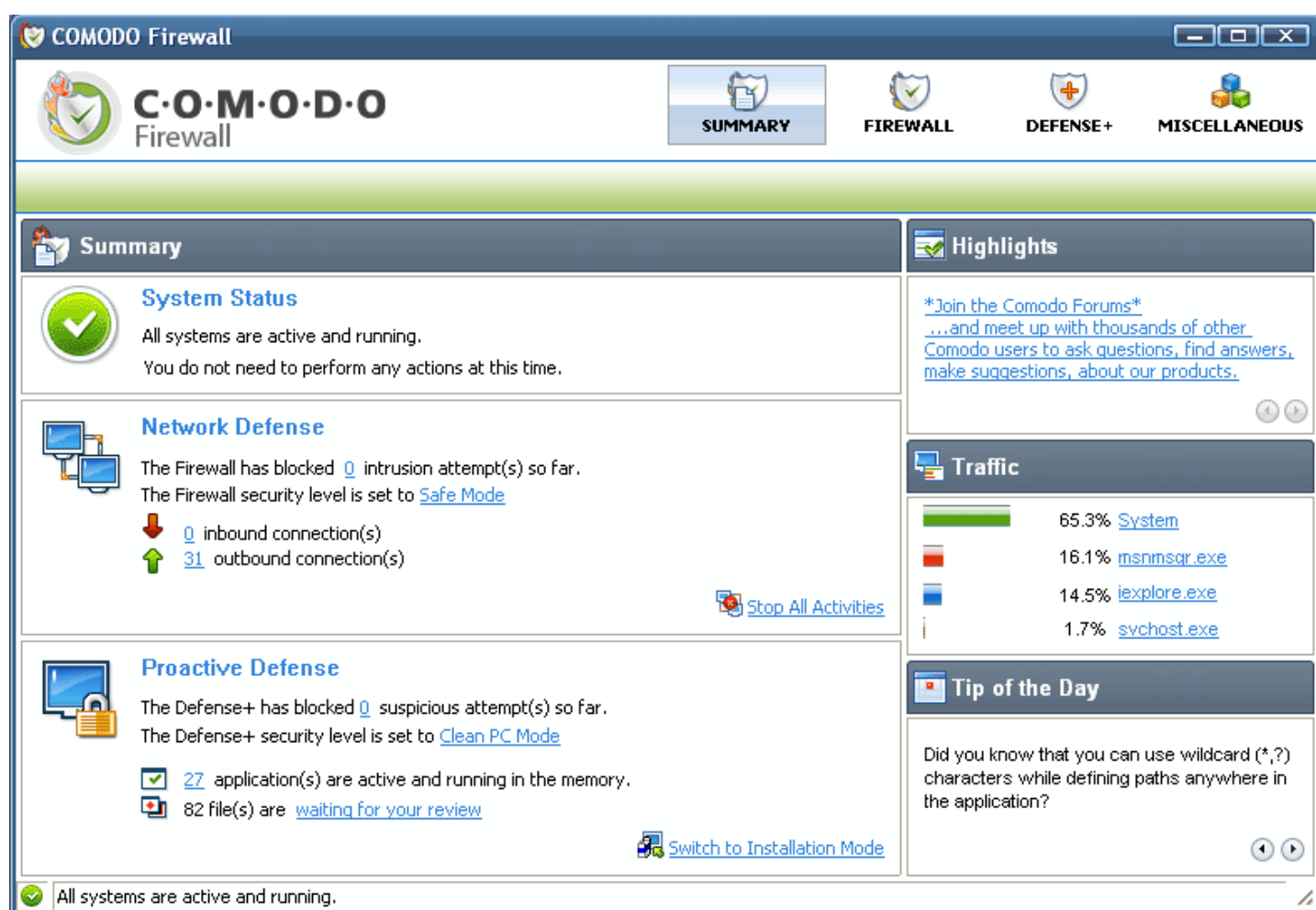
- A numerical summary of total numbers of threats detected and removed from the start of the current session;
- Total number objects scanned; and
- Next scheduled scan

The next scheduled scan date is displayed as a link. On clicking the link, the Scheduled Scans panel is opened to set the scheduled scans. For more details on Scheduled Scans, refer [Scheduled Scans](#).

6. Tip of the Day

This box contains helps you to use Comodo Internet Security Pro to its maximum potential by displaying information about features you may have missed. You can click Left and Right arrows to view previous and next Tips.

1.5.3 Comodo Firewall - Summary



Summary screen shows the following:

1. System Status

The System Status box displays the system's activities and recommendations on actions you need to perform.

2. Network Defense

The Network Defense box contains:

- **Number of Blocked Intrusion Attempts**

The total number of intrusion attempts blocked by firewall since start of current session of Comodo Internet Security is displayed here as a link. On clicking the link, Firewall Events panel is opened. For more details on viewing Firewall events, refer [View Firewall Events](#).

- **Current Firewall Security Level**

Your current Firewall Security Level (or 'Firewall Behavior Setting') is displayed as a link (*Safe Mode* in this example). On clicking this link, the Firewall Behavior Settings panel is opened allowing you to quickly customize the firewall security by moving the Firewall Security Level slider to preset security levels. For more details on Firewall settings, refer [Firewall Behavior Settings](#).

- **Inbound/Outbound Connections**

A numerical summary of currently active inbound and outbound connections to and from your computer is displayed here. The numbers are displayed as links. On clicking any number, **Active Connections** panel is opened. For more details on viewing active connections, refer [View Active Connections](#) and Traffic section on the summary screen.

- **Stop All Activities/Restore All Activities**

This link allows you to toggle network activity between **on** and **off**. Specifically, clicking **Stop All Activities** instantly blocks all incoming and outgoing network connections, placing the firewall in the '[Block All Mode](#)' of [Firewall Behavior Settings](#). Similarly, clicking **Restore All Activities** re-implements your previous [Firewall Security Level](#).

3. Proactive Defense

The Proactive Defense box contains:

- **Number of Blocked Suspicious Attempts**

The number of suspicious attempts blocked by Defense+ from the start of the current session is displayed as a link. On clicking this link, View Defense+ events is opened. For more details on viewing Defense+ events, refer [View Defense+ events](#).

- **Your Current Defense+ Security Level**

Your current Defense+ security level (or Defense+ setting) is displayed as a link (*Clean PC Mode* in this example). On clicking this link, the Defense+ settings panel is opened to allow you to quickly customize the Defense+ security level by moving the Defense+ security level slider to preset security levels. For a more details on Defense+ settings, refer [Defense+ Settings](#).

- **Number of Currently Active Processes**

A numerical summary of all processes/applications that are running on your computer is displayed here as a link. On clicking this link, **Active Process List** pop-up is displayed with details of each process/application.

You can see in-depth details of all running processes by clicking [View Active Processes](#) in common tasks of Defense+ Task center.

- **Number of Files Waiting for Your Review**

The number of files currently in the My Pending Files is displayed here. For more details on this refer [My Pending Files](#).

- **Switch to Installation Mode/ Switch to Previous Mode**

This link allows you to quickly toggle between Defense+ Installation mode and your most recent [Defense+ Security Level](#). The installation mode allows you to quickly install or run an application that you trust which is, as yet, unknown to Comodo Internet Security Pro. For more refer [Defense+ Settings](#).

4. Highlights

The Highlights box displays information about Security Alerts and News related to Comodo Internet Security Pro & latest Critical security updates. Clicking on the text in the **Highlights** box takes you to the Comodo website to read more details.

5. Traffic

The Traffic box in the Summary screen of Comodo Firewall displays a bar graph showing the applications that are currently connected to the Internet and are sending or receiving data. The summary also displays the % of total traffic each application is responsible for and the filename of the executable. Clicking on any application name opens [View Active Connections](#) interface.

6. Tip of the Day

This box contains helps you to use Comodo Internet Security Pro to its maximum potential by displaying information about features you may have missed. You can click Left and Right arrows to view previous and next Tips.

1.6 Comodo Internet Security Pro - Navigation

After installation, Comodo Internet Security Pro automatically protects any computer on which it is installed. You do not have to start the program to be protected.

See [Starting Comodo Internet Security Pro](#) if you are unsure of how to access the main interface.

Persistent Navigation

Comodo Internet Security Pro is divided into five main areas indicated by the buttons with respective icons at the top right hand side corner of the main interface screen.

- [Summary](#)
- [Antivirus](#)
- [Firewall](#)
- [Defense+](#)
- [Miscellaneous](#)

Each of these areas contains several sub-sections that provide total control over configuration of the security Suite. These icons are ever-present and can be accessed at all times.



- **Summary** - Contains at-a-glance details of important settings, activity and other information. The summary screen differs for different types of installation, namely:

- [Comodo Internet Security Pro](#)
- [Comodo Antivirus](#)
- [Comodo Firewall](#)

See the [Overview of summary screens](#) section for more details on this area.

- **Antivirus** - Clicking this icon opens [Antivirus Tasks](#) configuration screen.
- **Firewall** - Clicking this icon open [Firewall Tasks](#) configuration screen. Advanced users are advised to first visit the [Network Security Policy](#) area for an introduction to firewall policies and rule creation.
- **Defense+** - Clicking this icon opens [Defense+](#) configuration screen. Advanced users are advised to first visit the [Computer Security Policy](#) area for an introduction to Defense+ policies and rule creation.
- **Miscellaneous** - Clicking this icon opens [Miscellaneous](#) options screen which contains several options relating to overall configuration of Comodo Internet Security Pro.

1.7 Understanding Alerts

After first installing Comodo Internet Security, it is likely that you will see a number of pop-up alerts. This is perfectly normal and indicates that the security suite is learning the behavior of your applications and establishing which programs need privileges such as Internet access and file access rights. Each alert provides information and options that enable you to make an informed decision on whether you want to allow or block a request or activity. Alerts also to allow you to instruct Comodo Internet Security on how it should behave in future when it encounters activities of the same type.

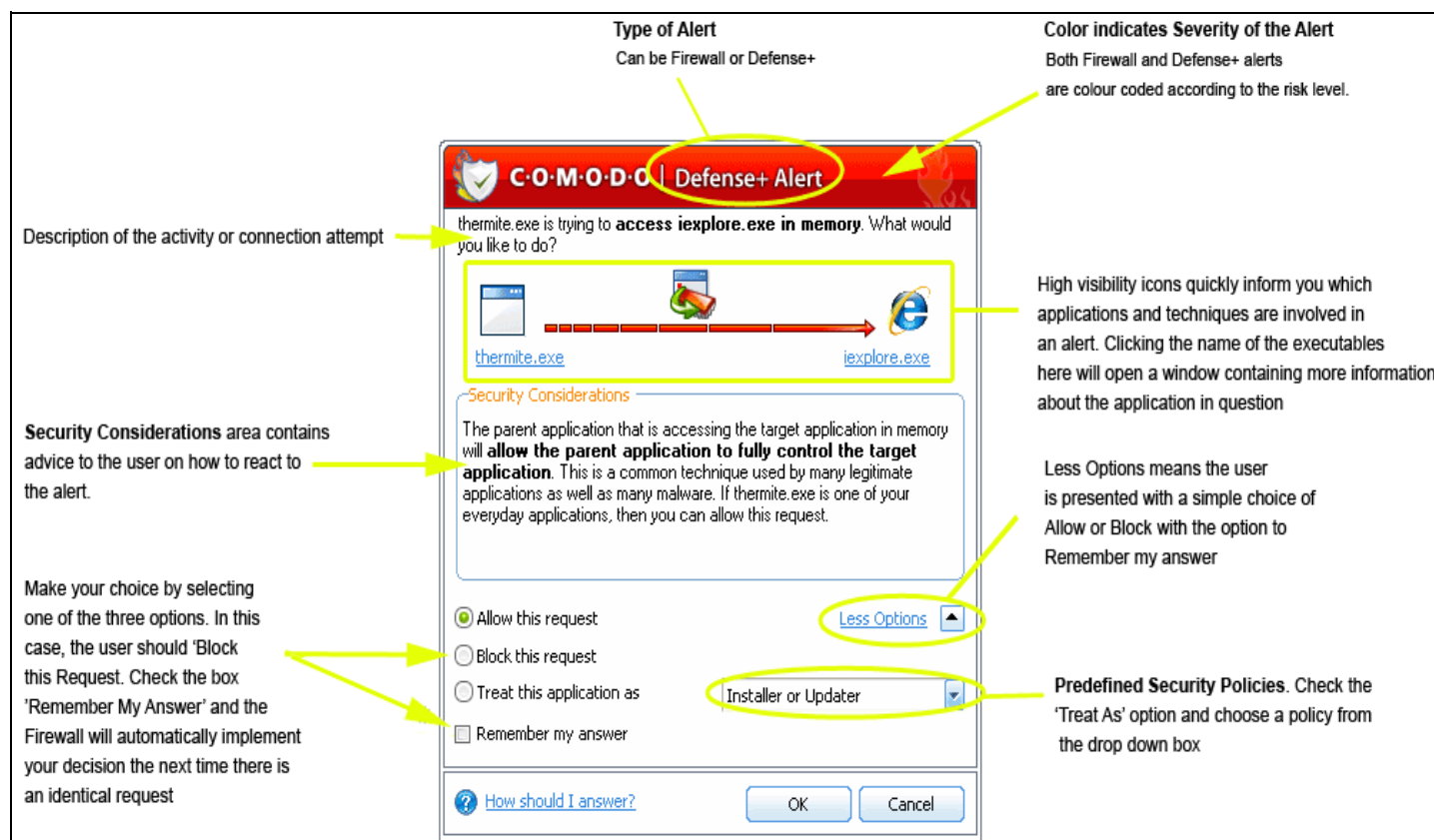
Alerts Overview

Comodo Internet Security Pro alerts come in three varieties, namely:

- [Antivirus Alerts](#);
- [Firewall Alerts](#); and
- [Defense+ Alerts](#).

Broadly speaking, Antivirus alerts inform you when a virus or malware is executed into your system, Firewall alerts inform you about network connection attempts and Defense+ alerts tell you about the behavior of application on your system. In all the three cases, the alert can contain very important security warnings or may simply occur because you are running an application for the first time. Your reaction should depend on the information that is presented at the alert.

An example alert is shown below.



Severity Level

The upper strip of both Defense+ and Firewall alerts are color coded according to risk level. This provides a fast, at-a-glance, indicator of the severity of the alert. However, it cannot be stressed enough that you should still read the 'Security Considerations' section in order to reach an informed decision on allowing or blocking the activity.

Yellow Alerts - Low Severity - In most cases, you can safely approve these connection request or activity. The 'Remember my answer for this application' option is automatically pre-selected for safe requests

Orange Alerts - Medium Severity - Carefully read the 'Security Considerations' section before making a decision. These alerts could be the result of a harmless process or activity by a trusted program or an indication of an attack by malware. If you know the application to be safe, then it is usually okay to allow the request. If you do not recognize the application performing the activity or connection request then you should block it.

Red Alerts - High Severity - These alerts indicate highly suspicious behavior that is consistent with the activity of a trojan horse, virus or other malware program. Carefully read the information provided when deciding whether to allow it to proceed.

Now that we've outlined the basic construction of an alert, let's look at how you should react to them:

1.7.1 Answering an Antivirus Alert

Comodo Internet Security Pro generates an Antivirus alert whenever a virus or malware tries to be copied or executed without your knowledge and displays the alert at the bottom right hand side of your computer screen. These alerts are a

valuable source of real-time information that helps the user to immediately identify which particular files are infected or are causing problems and the choices for actions to be taken.

The alert contains the name of the virus detected and the location of the file or application infected by it.



You can take one of the following steps to answer the Antivirus alert.

- Click **Quarantine** to move the file or application to [Quarantined Items](#) for later analysis, if you feel that the virus appears to be suspicious.
- Click **Remove** if you do not trust the application so that the application containing the virus is deleted from the system.
- Click **Ignore** if you trust the application or the source of application.

Selecting Ignore provides you with two options.

- Once; and
- Permanently.



If you click **Once**, the virus will be ignored only at that time only. If the same application invokes again, an Antivirus alert will be displayed.

If you click **Permanently**, the virus will be moved to [Exclusions](#) list. The alert will not be generated if the same application invokes again.

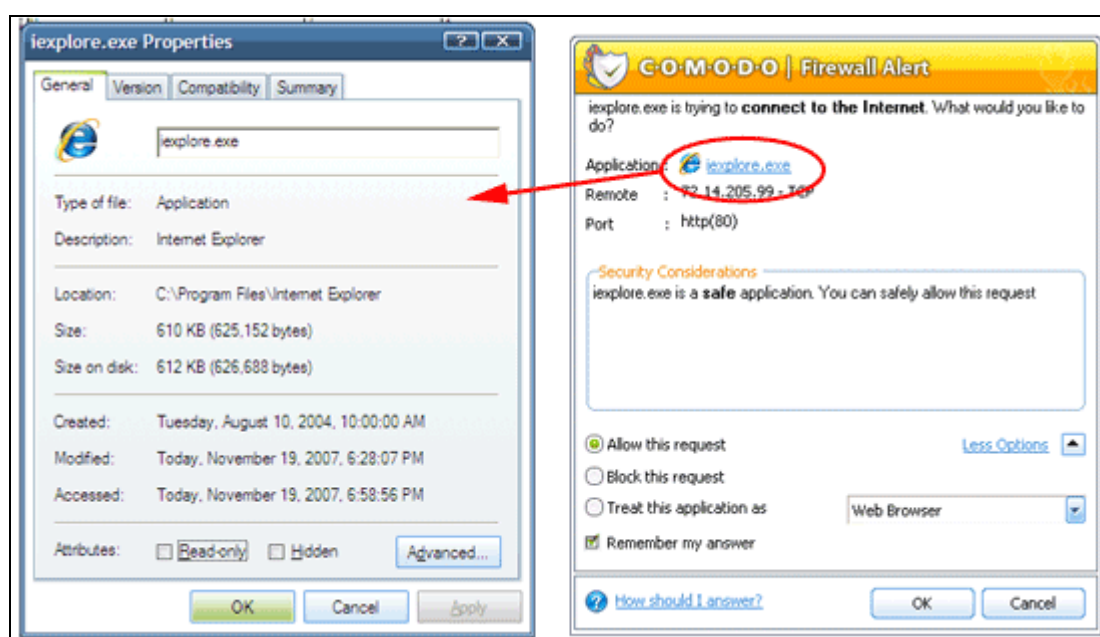
1.7.2 Answering Firewall Alert

Comodo Internet Security Pro generates a Firewall alert on network connection attempts. Following are the steps to be followed to answer a Firewall alert:

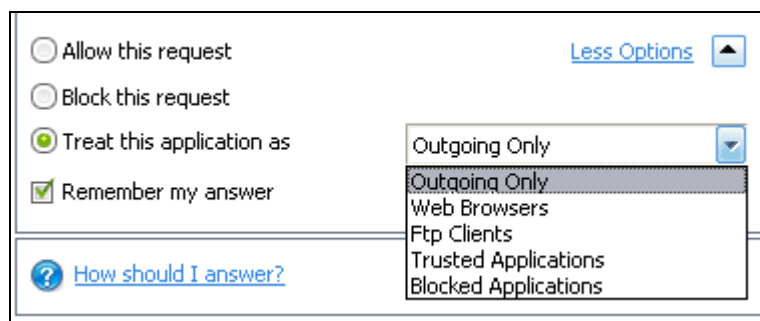
1. Carefully read the 'Security Considerations' section. Comodo Firewall can recognize thousands of safe applications. (For example, Internet Explorer and Outlook are safe applications). If the application is known to be safe - it is written directly in the security considerations section along with advice that it is safe to proceed. Similarly, if the application is unknown and cannot be recognized you will be informed of this. If it is one of your everyday applications that you want to grant Internet access to then you should 'Allow This Request' (it may be the case that the application has not yet been added to the safe application database yet).

If you don't recognize the application then we recommend you select 'Block This Request' but don't select the 'Remember My Answer' checkbox.

In all cases, clicking on the name of the application will open a properties window that can help you determine whether or not to proceed:



2. If you are sure that it is one of your everyday application, try to use the 'Treat This Application As' option as much as possible. This will deploy a [predefined firewall policy](#) on the target application category. For example, you may choose to apply the policy 'Web Browser' to the known and trusted applications 'Internet Explorer', 'FireFox' and 'Opera'. Each predefined policy has been specifically designed by Comodo to optimize the security level of a certain type of application.



If you do not see the 'Treat this Application As' option, you should click 'More Options'. Remember to check the box 'Remember My Answer'.

3. If Comodo Firewall reports behavior consistent with that of malware in the security considerations section then you should block the request AND click 'Remember My Answer' to make the setting permanent.

1.7.3 Answering Defense+ Alerts

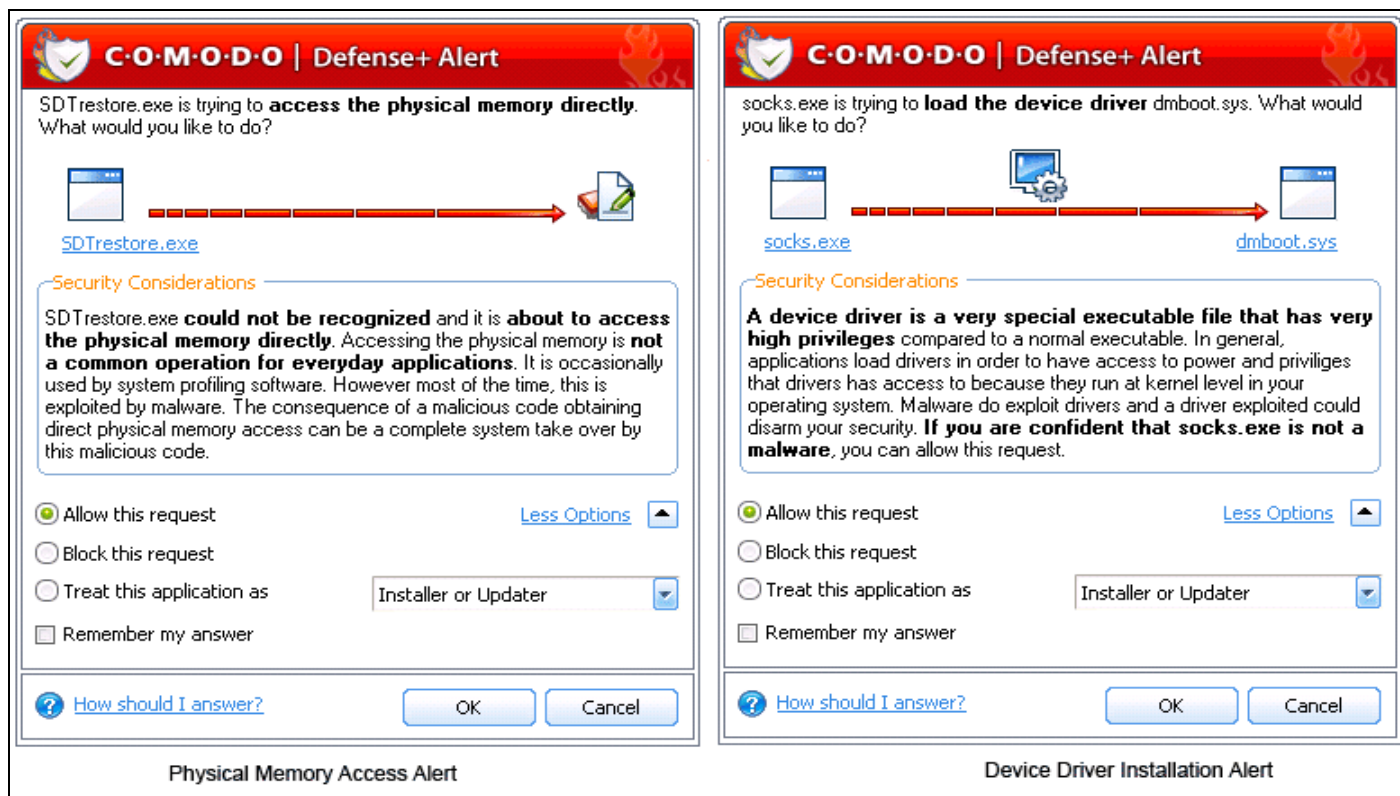
Comodo Internet Security Pro generates a Defense+ Alert based on behavior of applications running in your system. Following are the steps to be followed to answer a Defense+ alert:

1. As with Firewall Alerts, carefully read the 'Security Considerations' section. Comodo Firewall can recognize thousands of safe applications. If the application is known to be safe - it is written directly in the security considerations section along with advice that it is safe to proceed. Similarly, if the application is unknown and cannot be recognized you will be informed of this. If it is one of your everyday applications that you want to grant execution rights to then you should 'Allow This Request'. If you don't recognize the application then we recommend you select 'Block This Request' but don't select the 'Remember My Answer' checkbox.

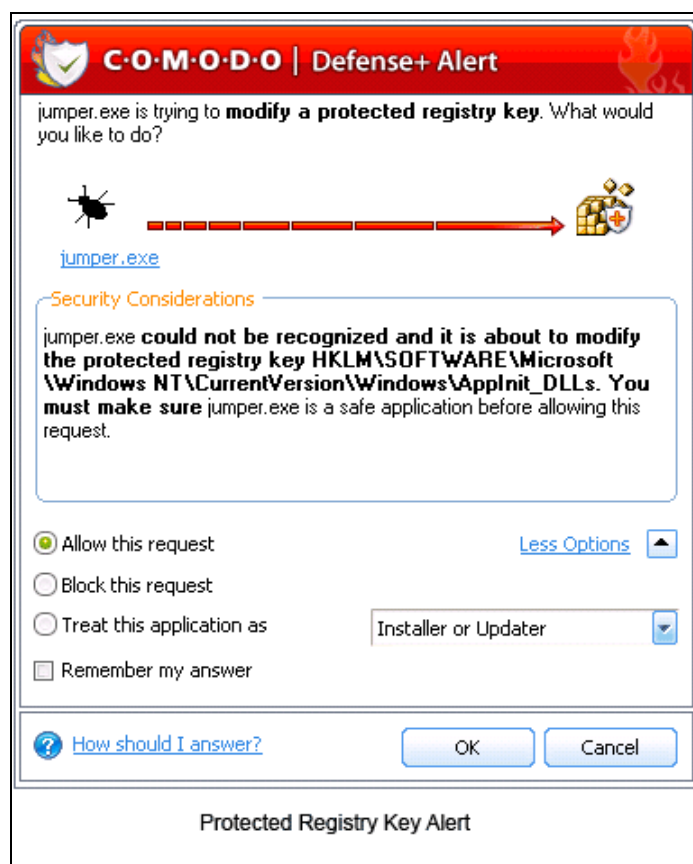
If you don't recognize the application then we recommend you select 'Block This Request' but don't select the 'Remember My Answer' checkbox.

2. Avoid using the 'Installer or Updater' policy if you are not installing an application. This is because treating an application as an 'Installer or Updater' grants maximum possible privileges onto to an application - something that is not required by most 'already installed' applications. If select 'Installer or Updater', you may consider using it temporarily with 'Remember My Answer' left unchecked.

3. Pay special attention to 'Device Driver Installation' and 'Physical Memory Access' alerts. Again, not many legitimate applications would cause such an alert and this is usually a good indicator of malware/rootkit like behavior. Unless you know for a fact that the application performing the activity is legitimate, then Comodo recommend blocking these requests.



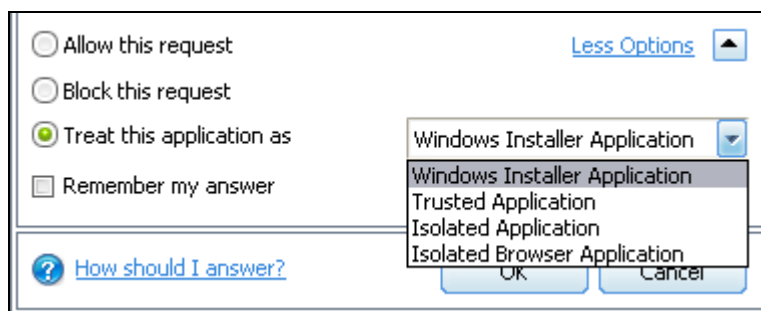
4. Protected Registry Key Alerts usually occur when you install a new application. If you haven't been installing a new program and do not recognize the application requesting the access, then a 'Protected Registry Key Alert' should be a cause for concern.



5. 'Protected File Alerts' usually occur when you try to download or copy files or when you update an already installed application. Were you installing new software or trying to download an application from the Internet? If you are downloading a file from the 'net, try to use the 'Allow without Remembering' option to cut down on the creation of unnecessary rules within the firewall.

If an application is trying to create an executable file in the Windows directory (or any of its subdirectories) then pay special attention. The Windows directory is a favorite target of malware applications. If you are not installing any new applications or updating Windows then make sure you recognize the application in question. If you don't then 'Block This Request' without checking the 'Remember My Answer' box.

If an application is trying to create a new file with a random filename e.g. "hughbasd.dll" then it is probably a virus and you should block it permanently by selecting 'Treat As' 'Isolated Application' (third down in the graphic below).



6. If Comodo Internet Security Pro reports a malware behavior in the security considerations section then you should block the request permanently by also selecting the 'Remember My Answer' option. As this is probably a virus, you should also submit the application in question to Comodo for analysis.

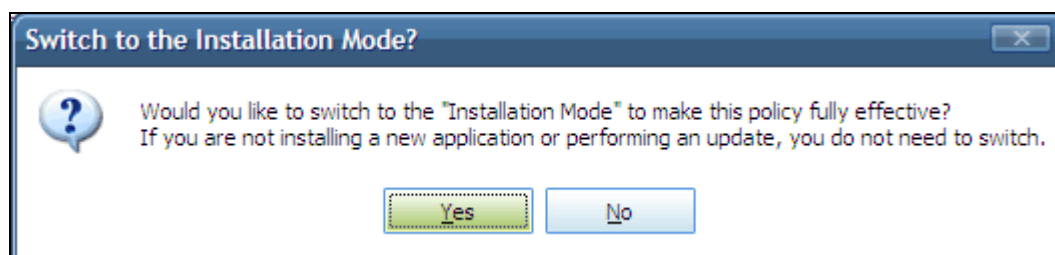
7. Unrecognized applications are not always bad. Your best loved applications may very well be safe but not yet included in the Comodo certified application database. If the security considerations section says "If xxx is one of your everyday applications, you can allow this request", you may allow the request permanently if you are sure it is not a virus. You may report it to Comodo for further analysis and inclusion in the certified application database.

8. If Defense+ is in Clean PC Mode, you will probably be seeing the alerts for any new applications introduced to the system - but not for the ones you have already installed. You may review the '[My Pending Files](#)' section for your newly installed applications and remove them from the list for them to be considered as clean.

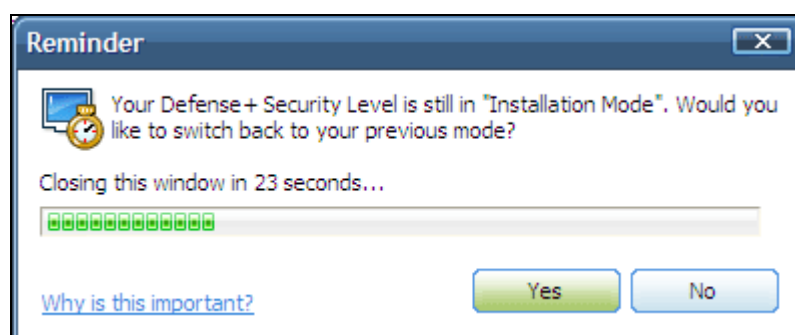
9. Avoid using "Trusted Application" or "Windows System Application" policies for you email clients, web browsers, IM or P2P applications. These applications do not need such powerful access rights.

10. In '[Paranoid Mode](#)', '[Safe mode](#)' and '[Clean PC](#)' mode, Comodo Internet Security Pro will make it easy to install new applications that you trust by offering you the opportunity to temporarily engage 'Installation Mode'. If you are installing a new, unknown application.

Defense+ will alert you with a pop-up notification and, as you want to allow this application to continue installing, you should select 'Treat this application as an Installer or Updater'. You will subsequently see the following:



This will be followed by the following reminder:



2 Antivirus Tasks Overview

The Antivirus Task Center allows you to quickly and easily configure all aspects of the Antivirus component of Comodo Internet Security Pro (hereafter known simply as 'Comodo Antivirus').

Comodo Antivirus leverages multiple technologies, including Real-time/On-Access Scanning, On Demand Scanning and a fully featured Scan Scheduler to immediately start removing suspicious files from your system. The application also allows users to create custom scan profiles which can be re-used across all scan types and features full event logging, quarantine and file submission facilities. Comodo Antivirus detects and removes threats that are present on your machine and forms an additional layer of security on top of the threat prevention offered by the Firewall and Defense+ components. In order to maintain maximum security levels, Comodo advises you to run regular Antivirus scans.

The Antivirus tasks center can be accessed at all times by clicking on the Antivirus Shield button. (second button from the top left).

Common Tasks

The 'Common Tasks' area provides easy access to all Comodo Antivirus settings.

Click the links below to see detailed explanations of each area in this section.

- [Run a Scan](#)
- [Update Virus Database](#)
- [Quarantined Items](#)
- [View Antivirus Events](#)
- [Scheduled Scans](#)
- [Scan Profiles](#)
- [Scanner Settings](#)



2.1 Run a Scan

When you want to check a disk or folder for possible infection from viruses and malware, you can launch an On-Demand Scan using the Run a Scan option. This executes an instant virus scan on the selected item. You can also check a wide range of removable storage devices such as CD's, DVD's, external hard-drives, USB connected drives, digital cameras - even your iPod!!

You have two options available when you choose to run an On-Demand Scan:

1. Scan a preselected area;
2. Define a custom scan of the areas you choose, by [creating a Scan Profile](#); or
3. Context Sensitive Scan.

Scanning Preselected Areas

Comodo Antivirus has two pre-defined scan profiles to run On-Demand Scan on preselected areas on your system. They are:

- My Computer - When this Profile is selected, Comodo Antivirus scans every local drive, folder and file on your system.
- Critical Areas - When this profile is selected, Comodo Antivirus scans the Program Files Folder and WINDOWS Folder of the Operating System of your computer.

Custom Scan

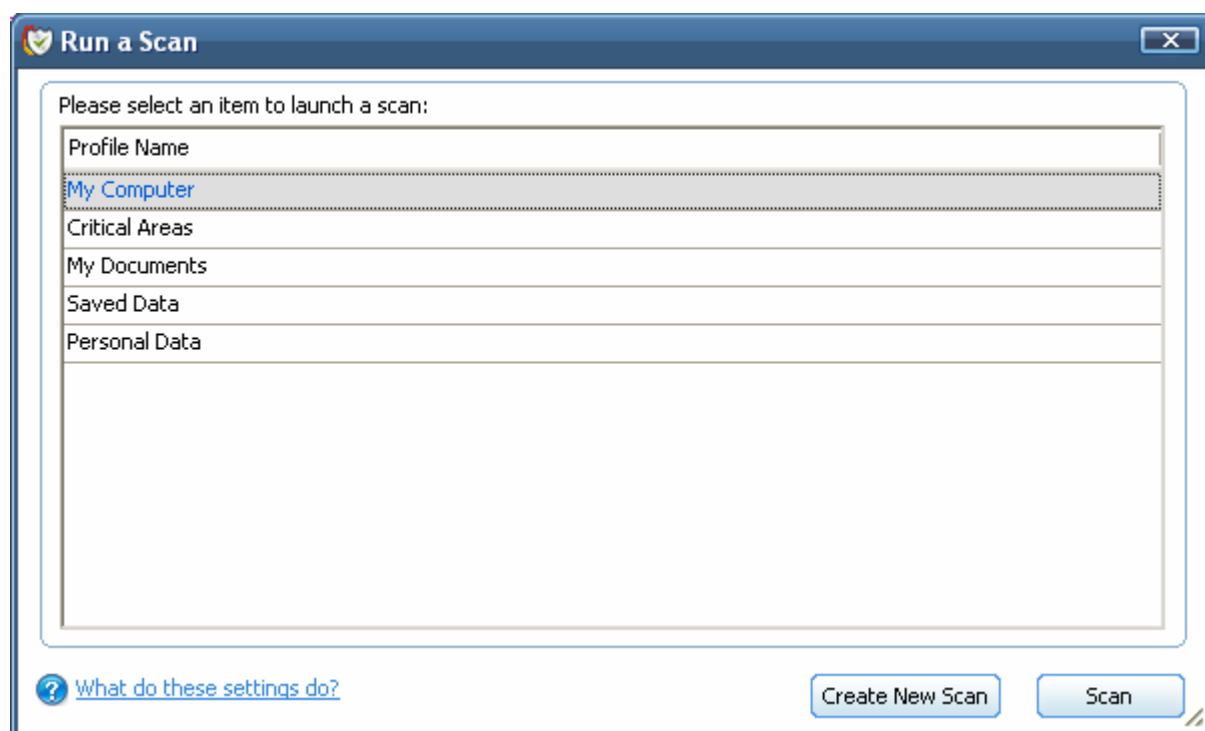
You can run the virus scan on selected disks or folders by setting the scan profiles beforehand. For more details on Scan profiles, refer [Anitvirus Tasks > Common Tasks > Scan Profiles](#). You can also Create a Scan Profile from the **Run a Scan** option.

Comodo Antivirus also scans the archive files such as .ZIP, .RAR, and so on, on running an on-demand scanning.

To start an On-Demand scanning

- Click **Run a Scan** in the main Antivirus Task Manager Screen.

The **Run a Scan** panel appears.



From the Run a Scan panel you can

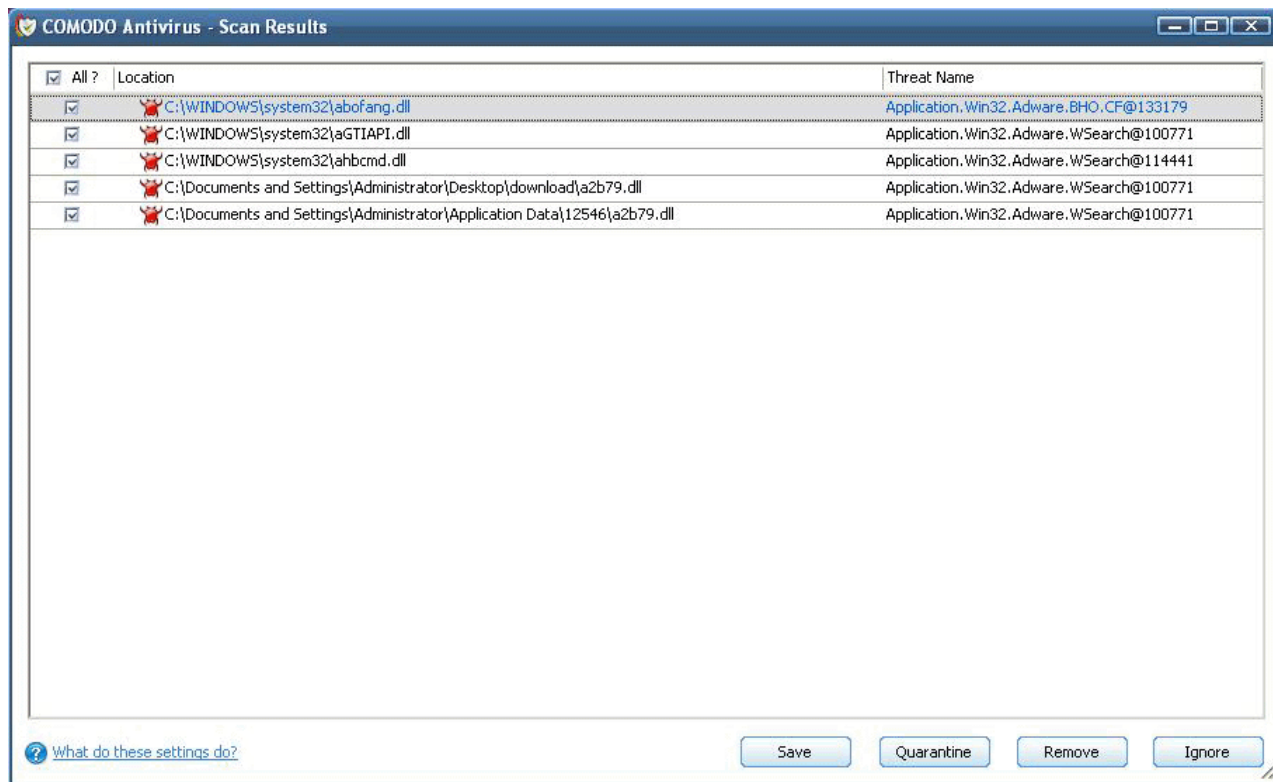
- Run a scan one of the items listed in the panel
- Add a new item to scan by creating a new scan profile
- Save the Scan results as text file
- Move any threats identified by the scan into quarantine
- Delete any infected files, folders or application
- Exclude an application you consider as safe from the threat list.

To scan your system for viruses and malware

1. Click **Run a Scan** in the Antivirus screen.
2. Select a Scan Profile name and click **Scan**.

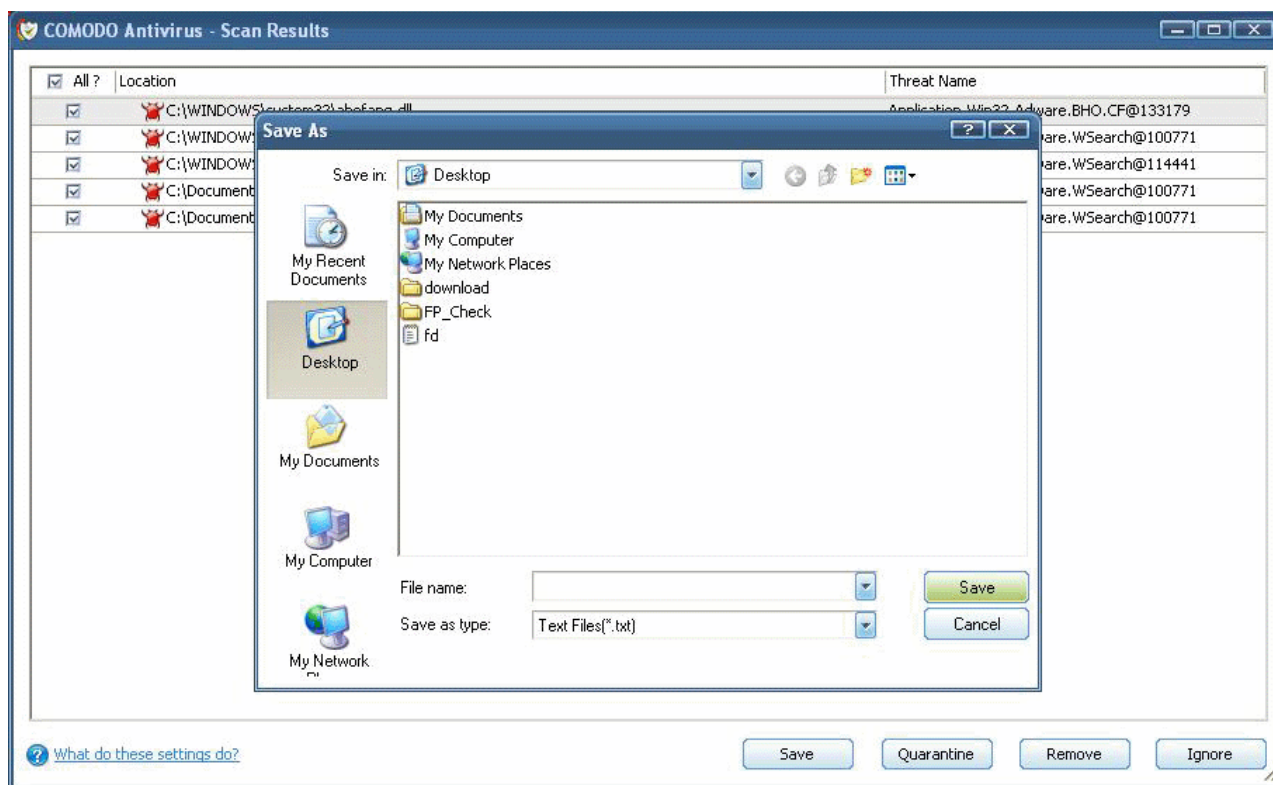
Comodo Antivirus starts to scan the item you selected, based on the scan profile you have selected. On completion of scanning, the scanning completion window is displayed.

3. Click **Results** to view the Scan Results window. If malicious executables are discovered on your system, the scan results window displays the number of objects scanned and the number of threats (Viruses, Malware and so on).



To save the Scan Results as a Text File

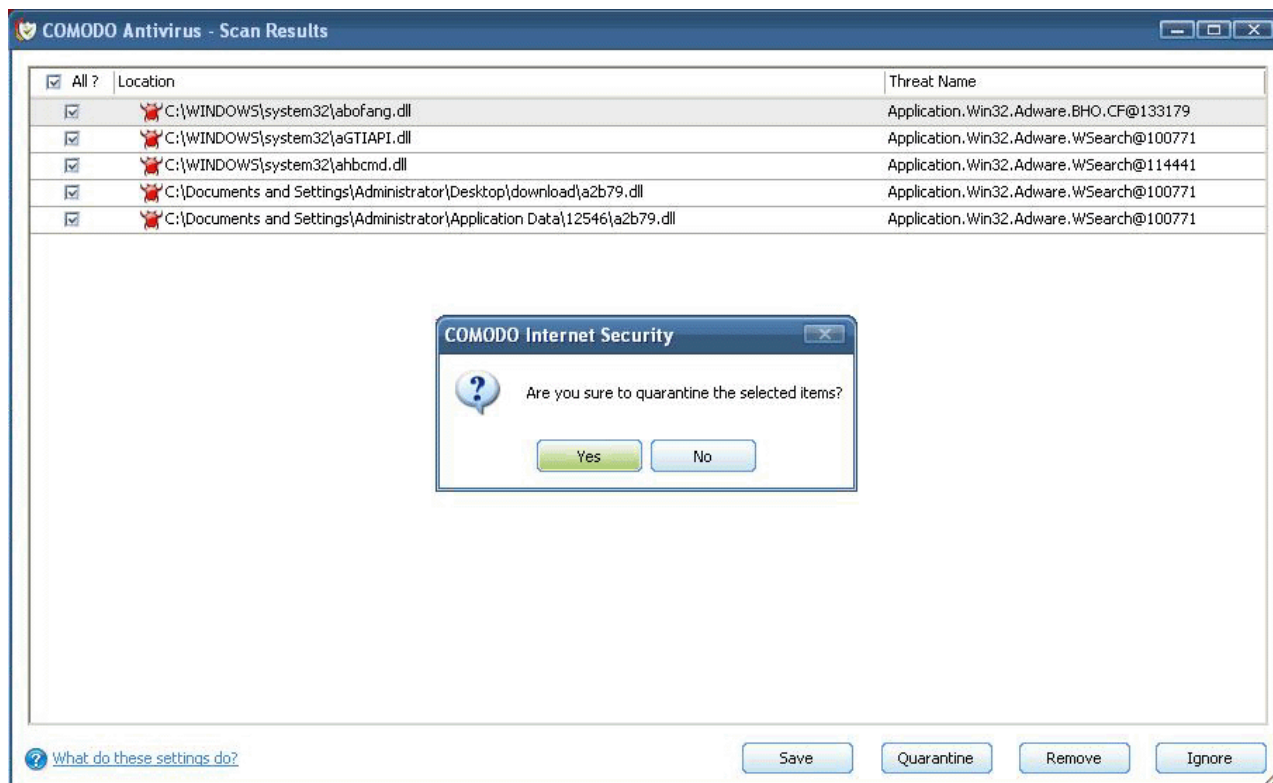
- Click **Save** and enter the location in the **Save As** dialog box.



To move selected executables detected with threats to Quarantined Items

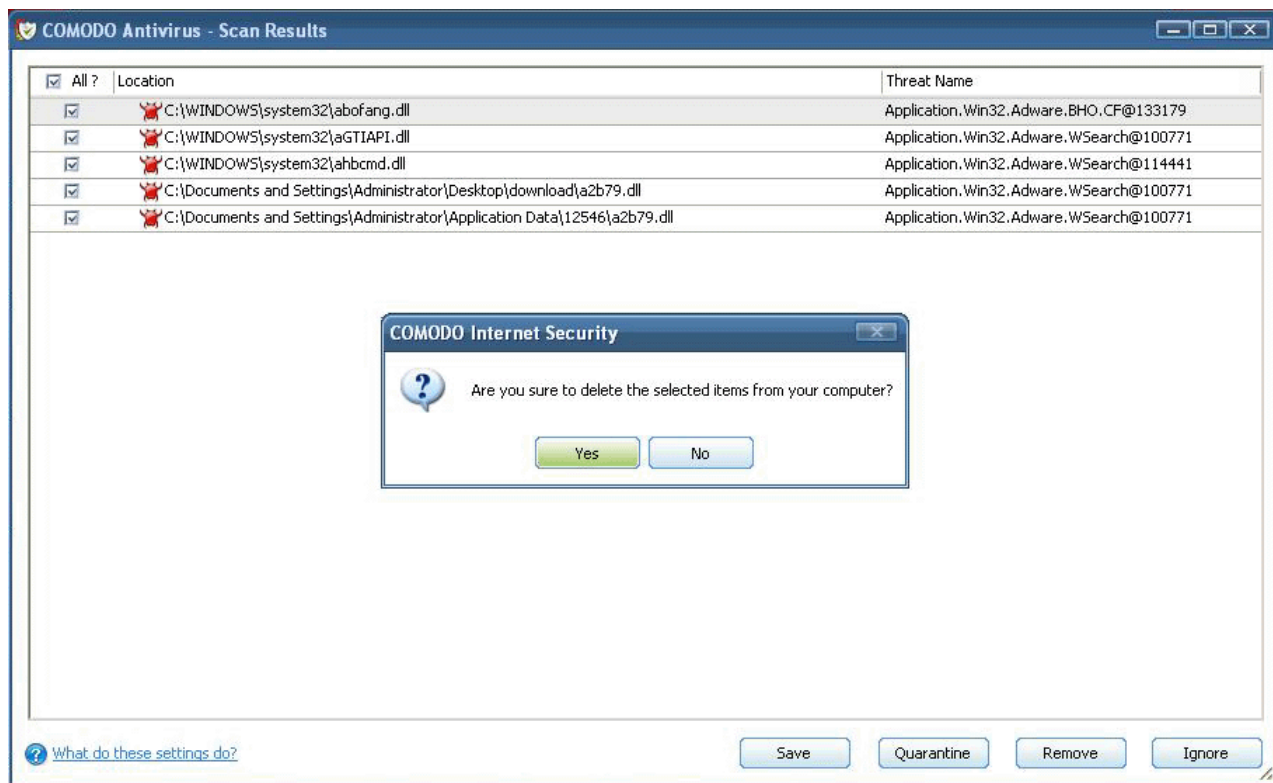
- Select the application from the results, click **Quarantine** and click **Yes** in the dialog box.

The selected application is moved to the Quarantined items. For more details on quarantined applications, refer [Antivirus Tasks > Common Tasks > Quarantined Items](#).



To delete an application detected with a threat

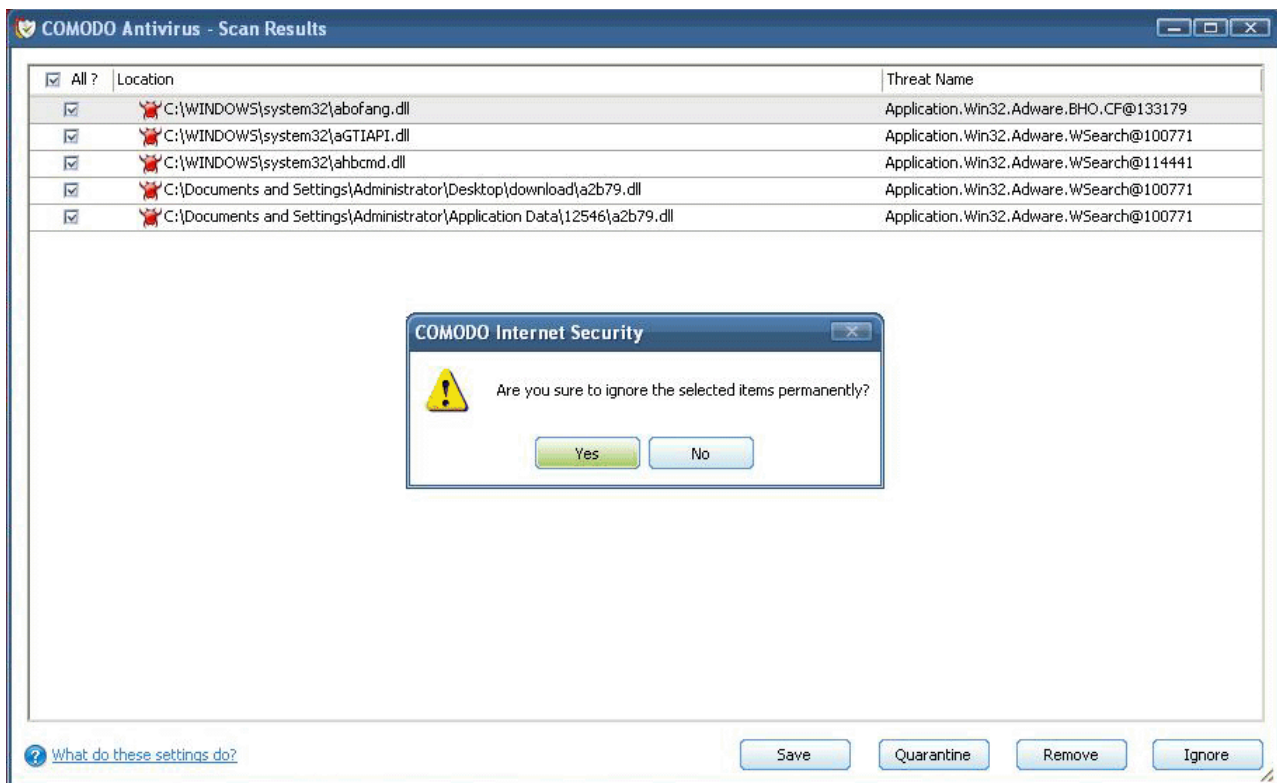
- Select the application from the results, click **Remove** and click **Yes** in the dialog box.



To exclude an application/ file you consider as safe, from the threat list

Select the application from the results, click **Ignore** and click **Yes** in the dialog box.

The selected application is moved to Exclusions list. For more details on Exclusions, refer [Antivirus Tasks > Common Tasks > Scanner Settings > Exclusions](#).



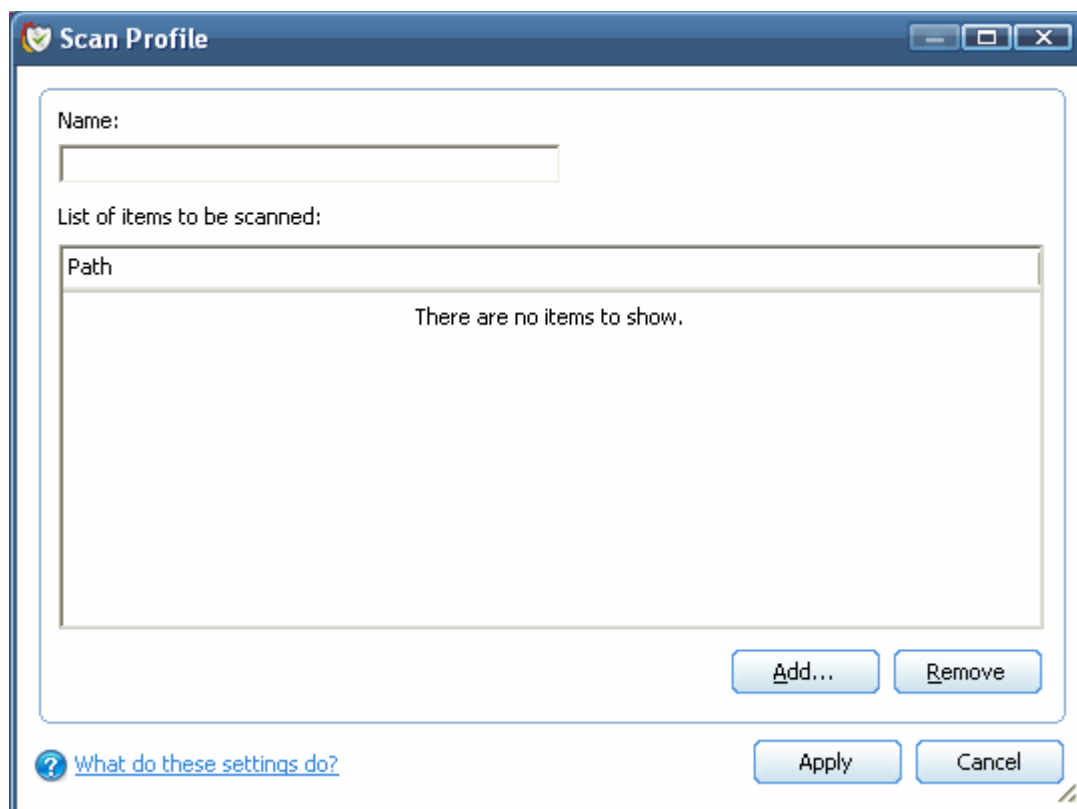
Creating a Scan profile

Scan Profiles are the user-defined profiles containing specific areas on your system that you wish to scan and can be re-used for all future scans.

To create a new scan profile

1. Click **Create New Scan** in the **Run a Scan** interface.

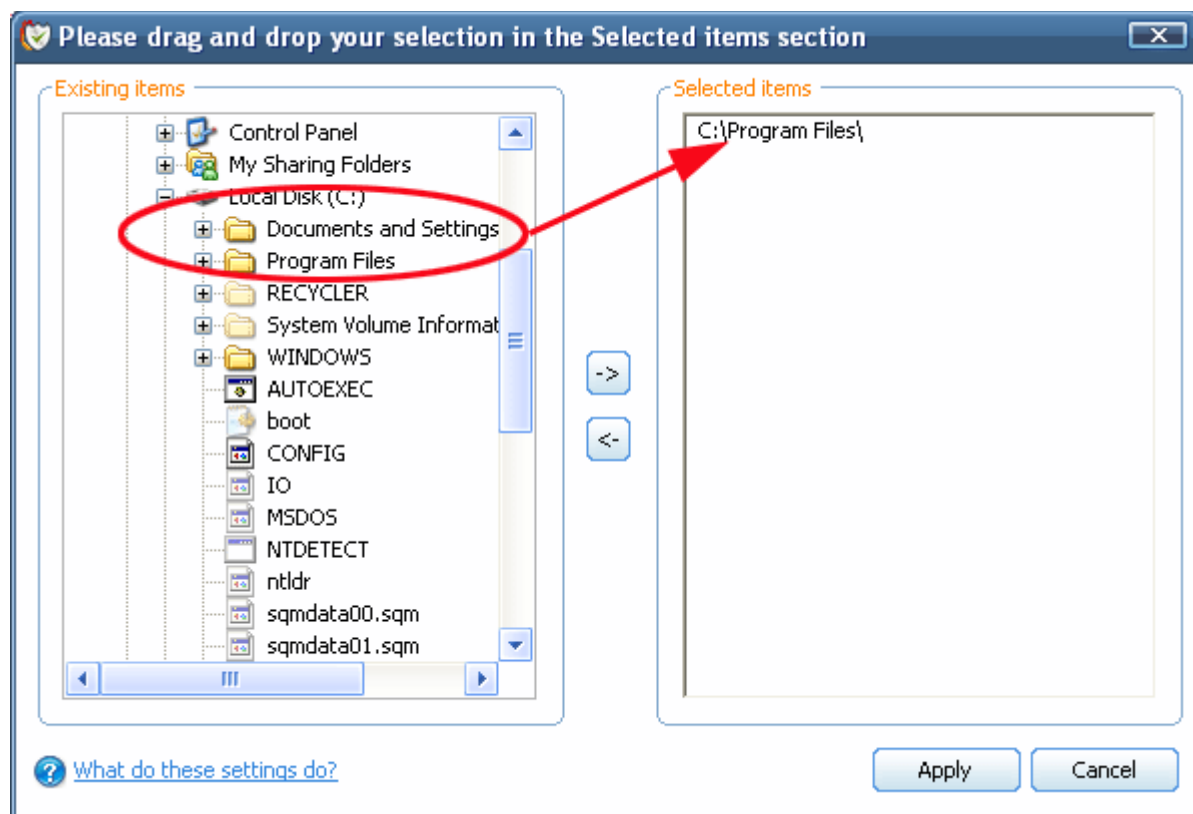
A configuration screen appears.



Type a name for the scan profile to be created in the Name box.

3. Click **Add**.

A configuration screen appears, prompting you to select the locations to be scanned when the newly created scan profile is selected.

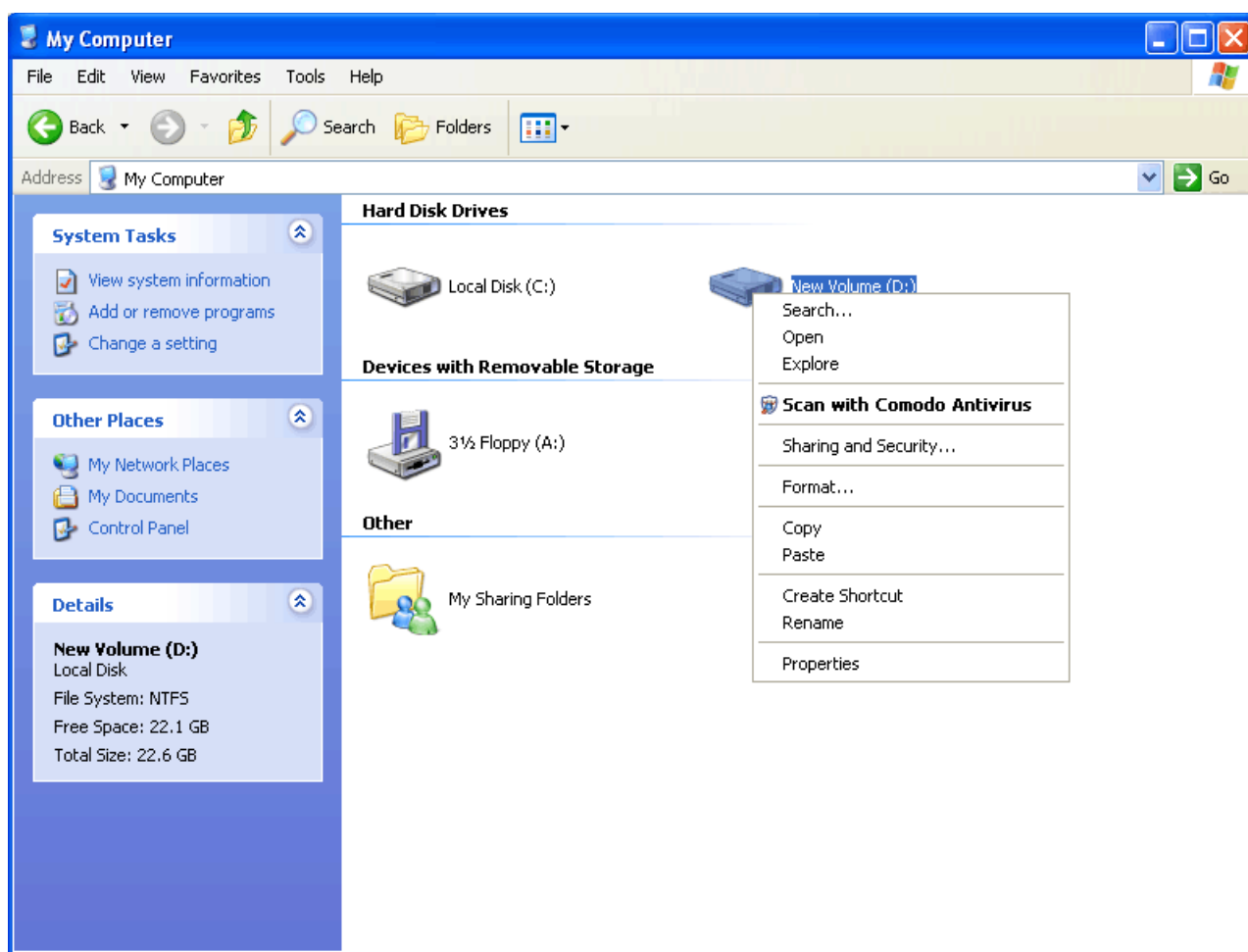


4. Select the locations from the left column, drag and drop to the right column or select the locations and click right arrow to move selected folders to right column.
5. Click **Apply**.
6. Repeat the process to create more Scan Profiles.

Note: You can also create new Scan Profiles by accessing [Scan Profiles](#) in the Antivirus Screen.

Context Sensitive Scan

You can right click any item i.e. a drive, folder or a file in Windows Explorer and select Scan with Comodo Antivirus to perform a virus scan selectively on the item. This is useful when you suspect a particular item might contain virus due to newly downloaded or copied folder/file.



Comodo Antivirus scans only the selected only the selected item and provides the scan results.

2.2 Update Virus Database

In order to guarantee the relevance of your antivirus software, it is imperative that your virus databases are updated as regularly as possible.

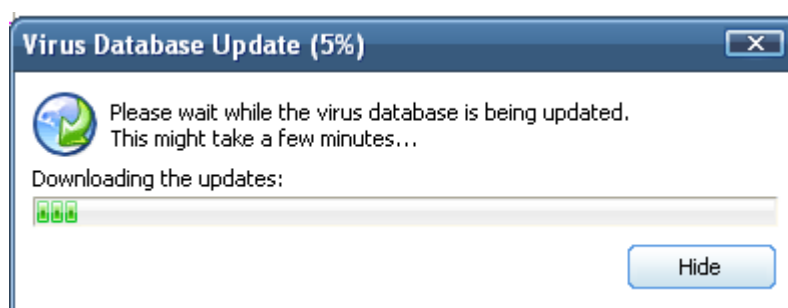
Our anti-virus database is maintained and updated around the clock by a team of dedicated technicians, providing you with the solutions to the latest virus outbreaks. Updates can be downloaded to your system manually or automatically from Comodo's update servers.

To manually check for the latest virus Database and then download the updates

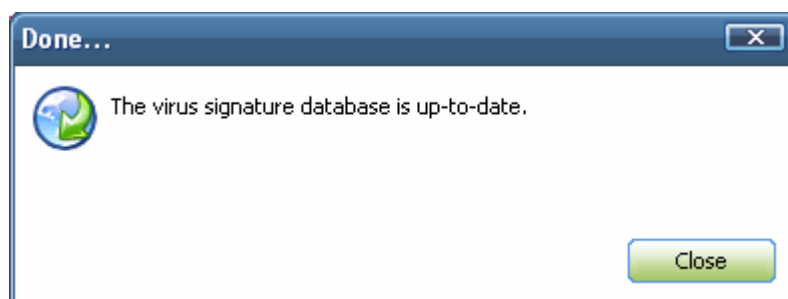
- Click on the Update Virus Database from the main Antivirus Task Manager Screen.

Note: You must be connected to Internet to download the updates.

A dialog box appears, showing you the progress of update process.



On completion, your virus database is made up to date.



When infected or possibly infected files are found, if the anti-virus database has been not updated for a critically long time, or your computer has not been scanned for a long time, the main window of Comodo Antivirus will recommend a course of action and give a supporting explanation. We have customized our application to achieve optimal performance based on the extensive expertise of Comodo in the anti-virus protection business.

Automatic Updates

Comodo AntiVirus checks for latest virus database updates from Comodo website and downloads the updates automatically. You can configure Comodo Antivirus to download updates automatically in the Scanner Settings for Real Time Scanning (On-Access Scanning) and Scheduled Scanning. Refer [Real Time Scanning Settings](#) and [Scheduled Scanning Settings](#).

2.3 Quarantined Items

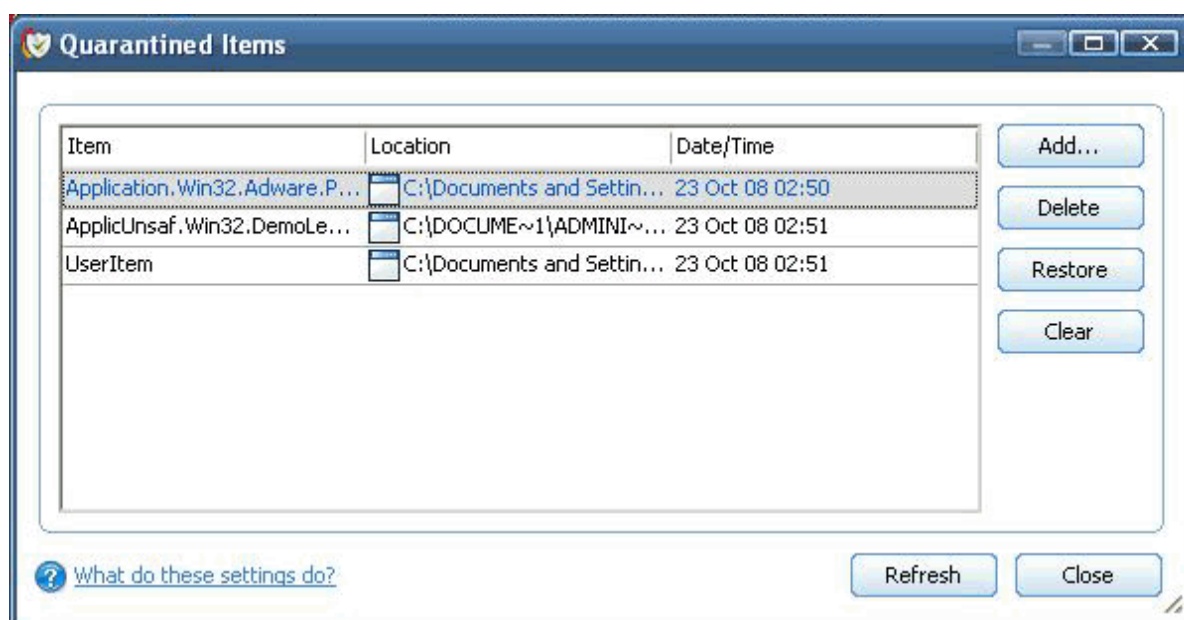
When a virus alert appears, you have the option to quarantine that item. Items that are placed in quarantine cannot be executed and cannot access any other file or process on your computer. This isolation prevents infected files from affecting the rest of your PC. If you later discover the file is safe then you can restore it at any point.

For adding executables to Quarantined items, refer [Antivirus Tasks > Common Tasks > Run a Scan](#). You can also:

- Manually add applications, executables or other files, that you do not trust, as a Quarantined item;
- Delete a selected quarantined item from the system;
- Restore a quarantined item;
- Delete all quarantined items.

To view the list of Quarantined Items

- Click **Quarantined Items** from the main Antivirus Task Manager Screen.



Column Descriptions:

Item - Indicates which application or process propagated the event;

Location - Indicates the location where the application or the file is stored;

Date/Time - Indicates date and time, when the item is moved to quarantine.

Manually adding files as Quarantined Items

If you have a file, folder or drive that you suspect may contain a virus and not been detected by the scanner, then you have the option to isolate that item in quarantine.

To manually add a Quarantined Item

- Click **Add** and select the file from **Open** dialog box.

To delete a quarantined item from the system

- Select the item and Click **Delete**.

This will delete the file from the system permanently.

To restore a quarantined item to its original location

- Select the item and click **Restore**.

If the restored item does not contain a malware, it will operate as usual. But if it contains a malware, it will be detected as a threat immediately, if the Real Time Scanning is enabled or during the next scan.

To remove all the quarantined items permanently

- Click **Clear**.

This will delete all the quarantined items from the system permanently.

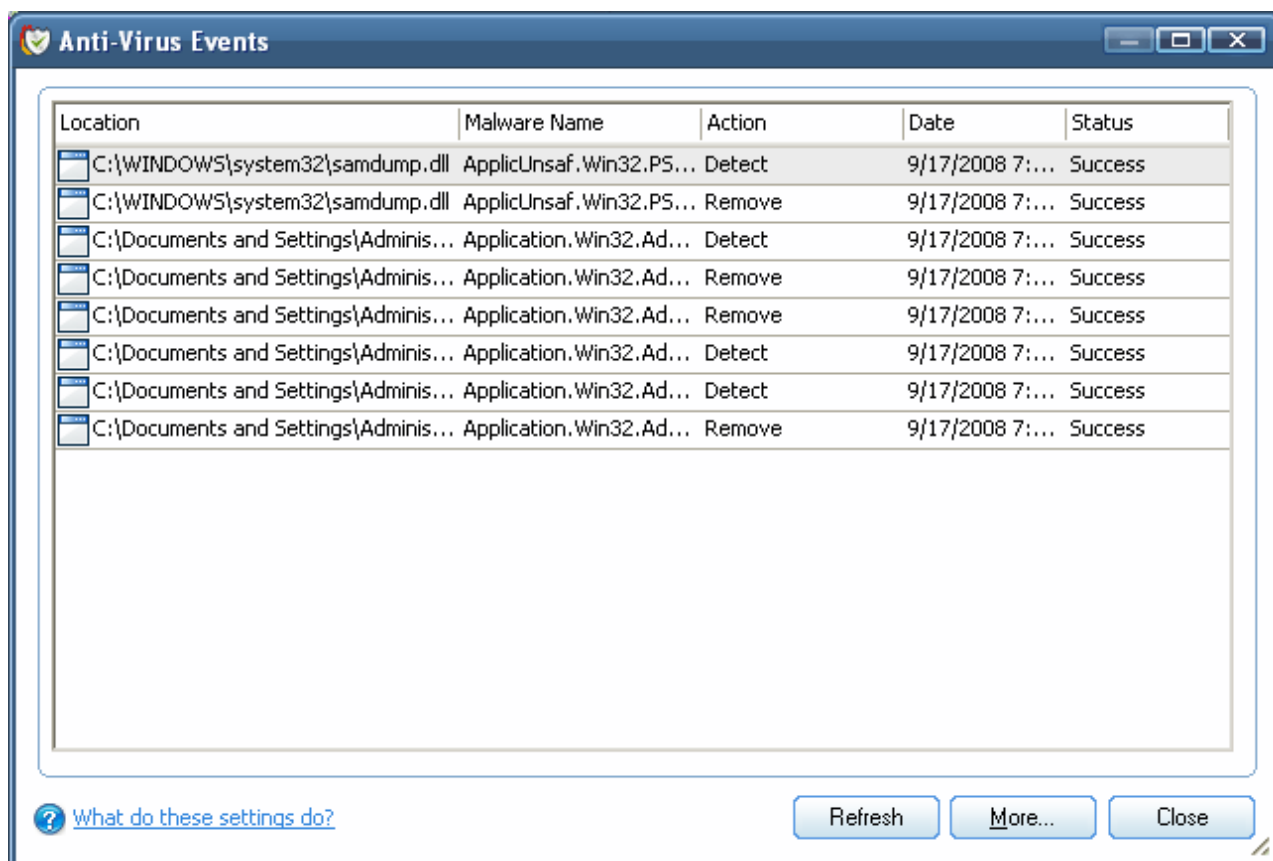
Note: Quarantined files are stored using a special format and do not constitute any danger to your computer.

2.4 View Antivirus Events

Comodo Antivirus documents the results of all actions performed by it in extensive but easy to understand reports. A detailed scan report contains statistics of all scanned objects, settings used for each task and the history of actions performed on each individual file. Reports are also generated during real-time protection, and after updating the anti-virus database and application modules.

To view a log of Antivirus Events

- Click **View Antivirus Events** from the main Antivirus Task Manager Screen.

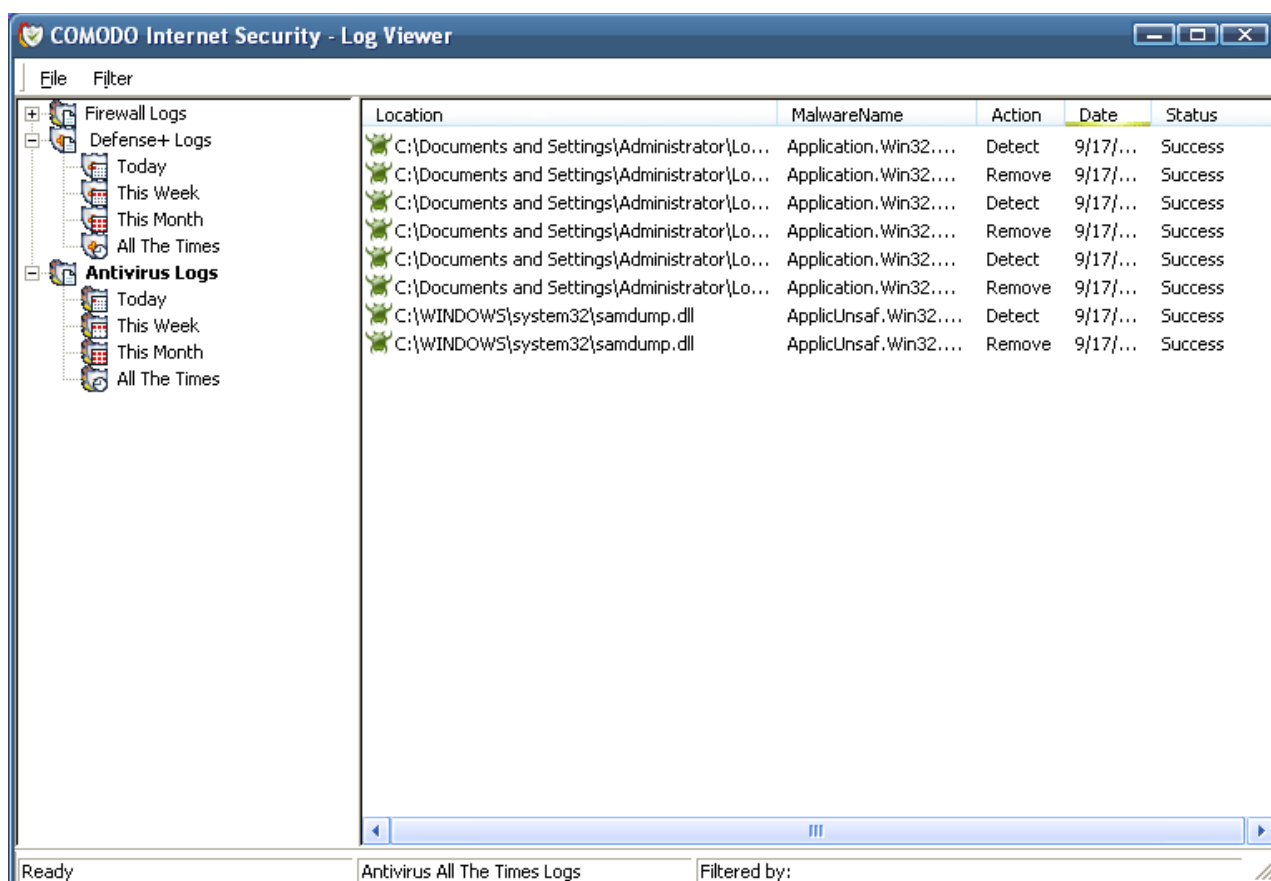


Column Descriptions

1. **Location** - Indicates the location where the application detected with a threat is stored;
2. **Malware Name** - Gives the name of the Malware;
3. **Action** - Indicates action taken against the malware through Antivirus;
4. **Date** - Indicates the date of the event;
5. **Status** - Gives the status of the action taken.

Click '**More ...**' to load the full, Comodo Internet Security Pro Log Viewer module.

Log Viewer Module



This window contains a full history of logged events of Firewall, Defense+ and Antivirus modules. It also allows you to build custom log files based on specific filters and to export log files for archiving or troubleshooting purposes.

The Log Viewer Module is divided into two sections. The left hand panel displays a set of handy, pre-defined time Filters for Firewall, Defense+ and Antivirus event log files. The right hand side panel displays the actual events that were logged for the time period you selected in the left hand side panel (or the events that correspond to the filtering criteria you selected).

Filtering Log Files

Comodo Internet Security Pro allows you to create custom views of all logged events according to user defined criteria.

Preset Time Filters:

Clicking on any of the preset filters in the left hand panel will alter the display in the right hand panel in the following ways:

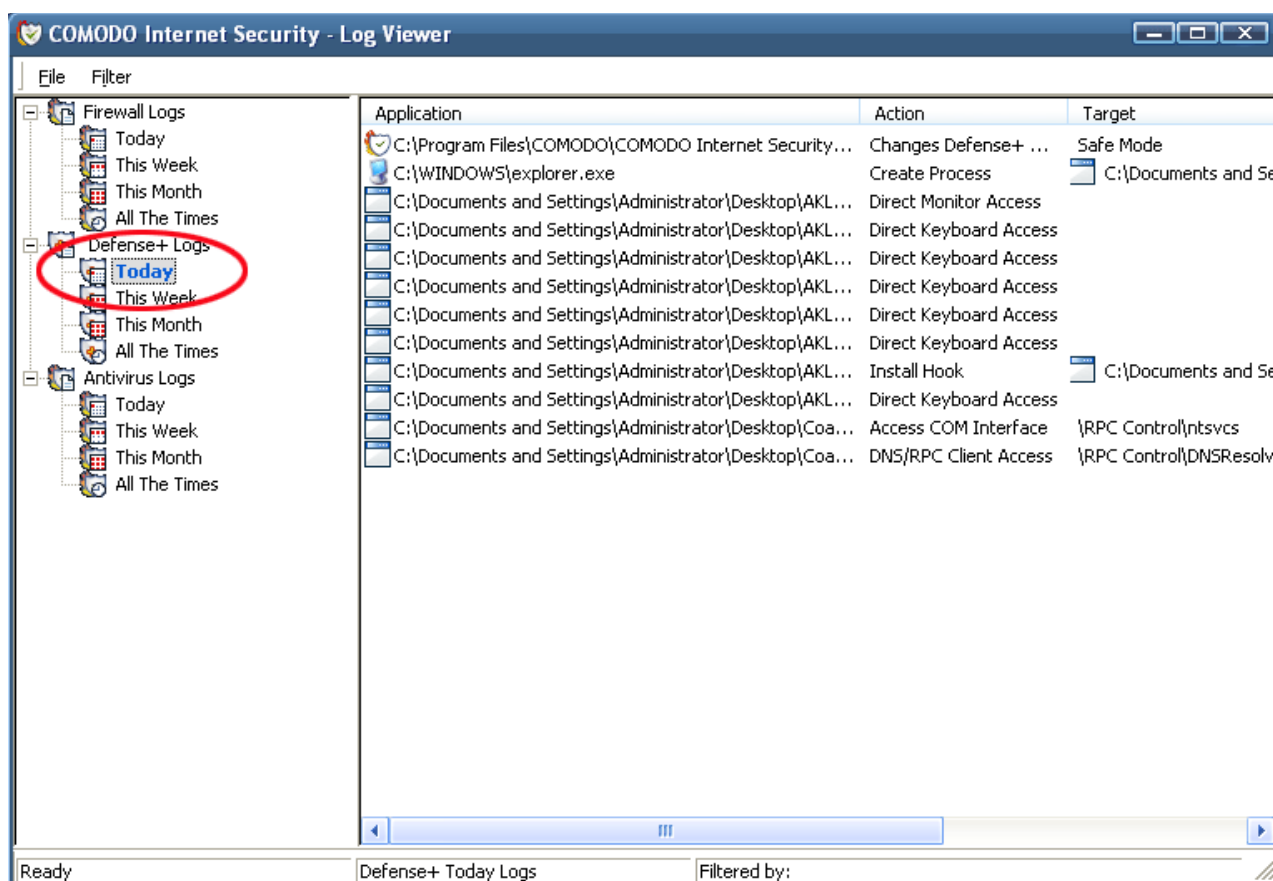
Today - Displays all logged events for today.

This Week - Displays all logged events during the past 7 days.

This Month - Displays all logged events during the past 30 days.

All the Times - Displays every event logged since Comodo Internet Security Pro was installed. (If you have cleared the log history since installation, this option shows all logs created since that clearance).

The example below shows an example display when the Defense+ Logs for 'Today' are displayed.



Note: The type of events logged by the Antivirus, Firewall and Defense+ modules of Comodo Internet Security Pro differ from each other. This means that the information and the columns displayed in the right hand side panel changes depending on which type of log you have selected in the left hand side panel. For more details on the data shown in the columns, see [View Firewall Events](#) or [View Defense+ Events](#).

User Defined Filters:

Having chosen a preset time filter from the left hand panel, you can further refine the displayed events according to specific filters. The type of filters available for Firewall logs differ to those available for Defense+ logs. The table below provides a summary of available filters and their meanings:

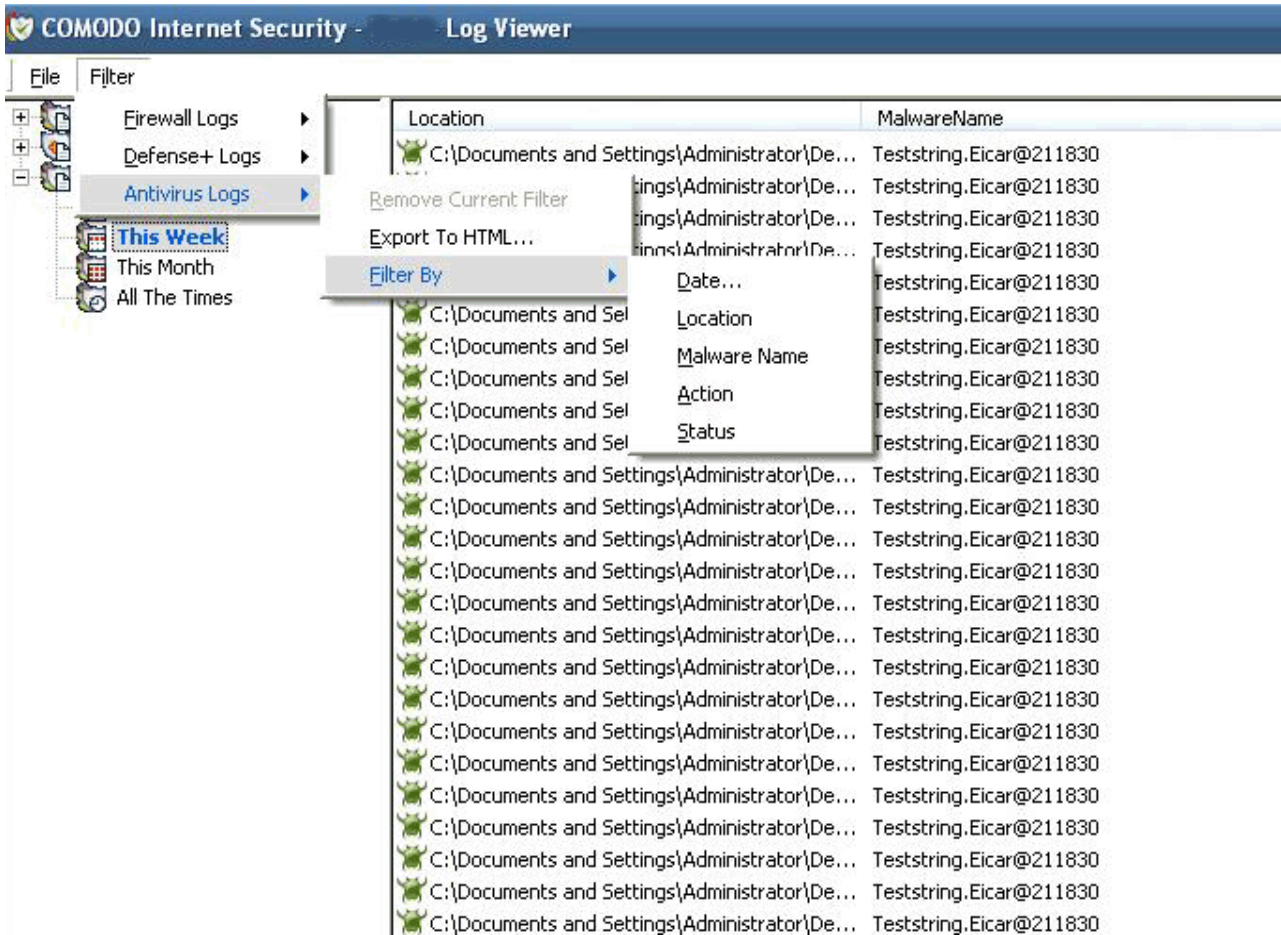
Antivirus Filters	Firewall Filters	Defense+ Filters
Date – Displays only the events logged between the two user defined dates.	Date – Displays only the events logged between the two user defined dates	Date – Displays only the events logged between the two user defined dates
Location - Displays only the events logged from a specific location.	Application Name – Displays only the events propagated by a specific application.	Application Name – Displays only the events propagated by a specific application.
Malware Name - Displays only the events logged corresponding to a specific malware.	Protocol – Displays only the events that involved a specific protocol.	Target Name – Displays only the events that involved a specified target application.
Action - Displays events according to	Source IP address – Displays only the	Action – Displays events according to

the response (or action taken) by the Antivirus.	events that originated from a specific IP address.	the response (or action taken) by the Defense+.
Status - Displays the events according to the status after the action taken.	Source Port – Displays only the events that originated from a specific port number.	
	Destination IP address - Displays only the events with a specific target IP address.	
	Destination Port - Displays only the events with a specific target port number.	
	Action – Displays events according to the response (or action taken) by the firewall.	

You can access the user defined filters in two ways

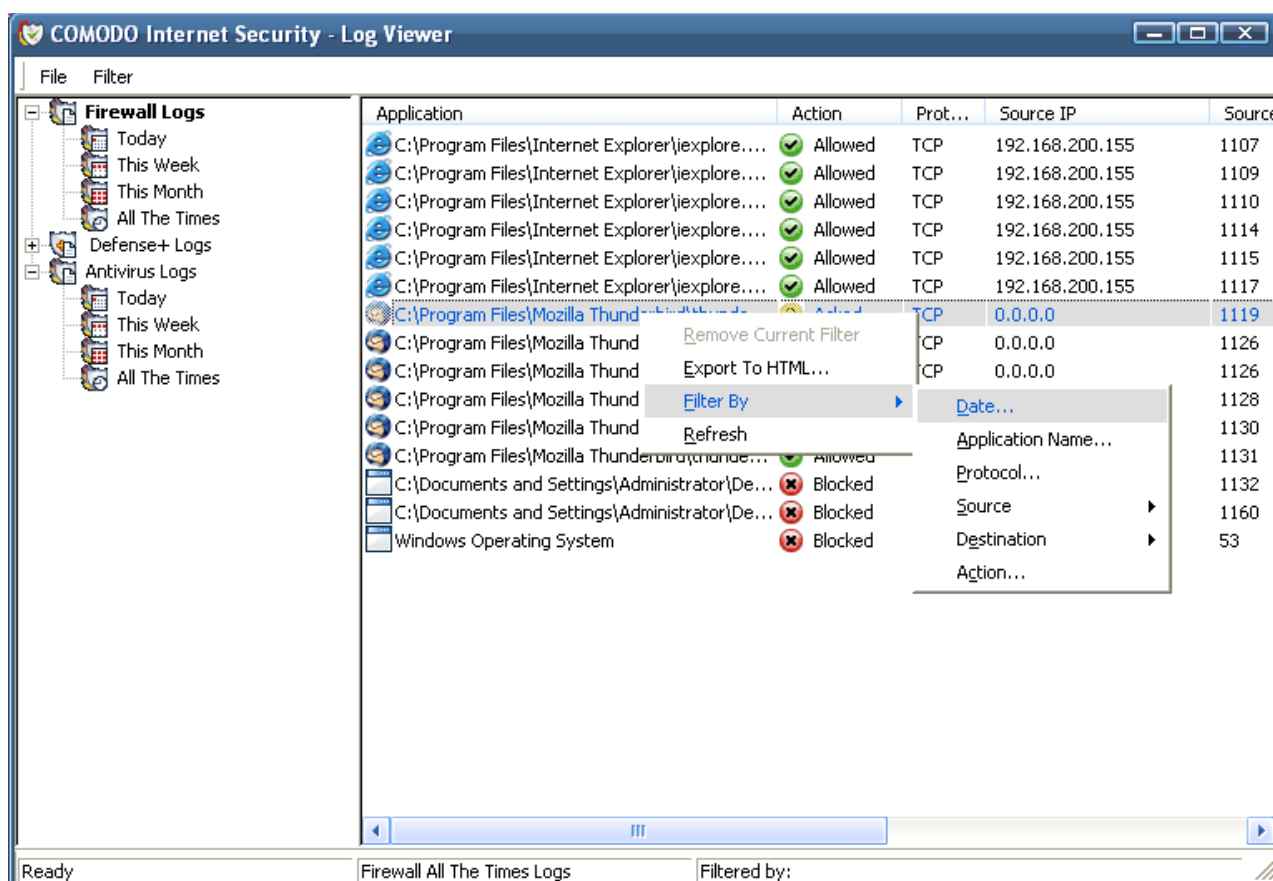
i. Filter Menu:

1. Click **Filter**.
2. Move the cursor on anyone of **Firewall Logs**, **Defense+ Logs** and **Antivirus Logs**.
3. Move the cursor to **Filter By**.
4. Select anyone of the filter options.



ii. Context Sensitive Menu:

- Right click on any event to specify the additional filters corresponding to the respective log chosen. (Antivirus, Firewall and Defense+)



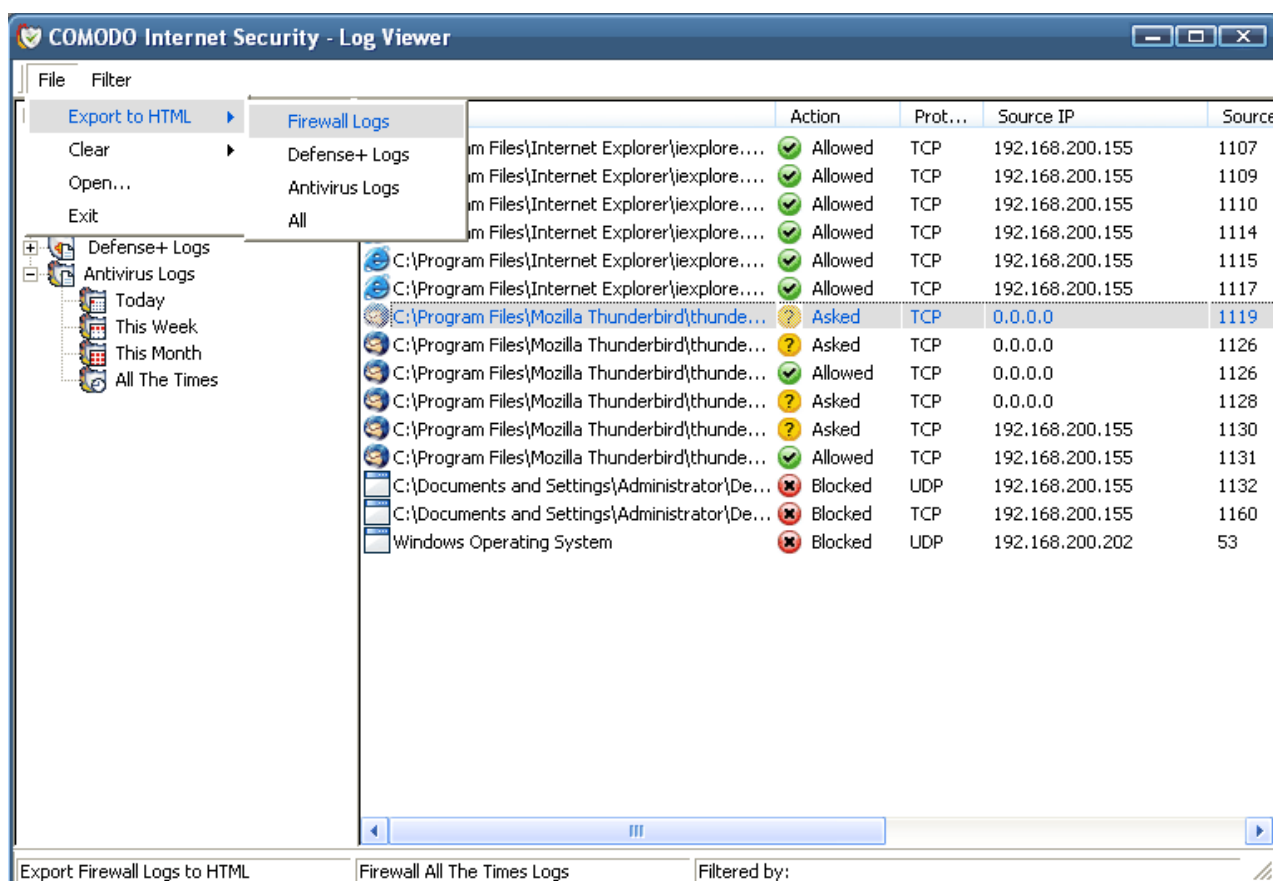
After selecting the filter type, type the required dates, name, location and so on, in the respective fields in the pop-up and click Apply.

Exporting Log Files to HTML

Exporting log files is useful for archiving and troubleshooting purposes. There are two ways to export log files using Log Viewer interface - using the context sensitive menu and via the 'File' menu option. After making your choice, you will be asked to specify a name for the exported HTML file and the location you wish to save to.

(i) File Menu

1. Click File Menu.
2. Move cursor to Export to HTML
3. Click on anyone of Firewall Logs, Defense+ logs, Antivirus Logs and All, as required.
 - Firewall Logs - Exports the Firewall log that is currently being displayed in the right hand side panel.
 - Defense+ Logs - Exports the Defense+ log that is currently being displayed in the right hand side panel.
 - Antivirus Logs - Exports Antivirus log that is currently being displayed in the right hand side panel.
 - All - Exports ALL logs for ALL TIME for Firewall, Defense+ and Antivirus logs as a single HTML file.
4. Select the location where the log has to be stored in the **Save Firewall Log as** window and click **Save**.



(ii) Context Sensitive Menu - Right click in the log display window to export the currently displayed log file to HTML.

You can export a custom view that you created using the available Filters by right clicking and selecting 'Export To HTML' from the context sensitive menu. Again, you will be asked to provide a filename and save location for the file.

2.5 Scheduled Scans

Comodo Antivirus features a highly customizable scheduler that lets you timetable scans according to your preferences. Comodo Antivirus automatically starts scanning the entire system or the disks or folders contained in the profile selected for that scan.

You can add an unlimited number of scheduled scans to run at a time that suits your preference. A scheduled scan may contain any profile of your choice.

You can choose to run scans at a certain time on a daily, weekly, monthly or custom interval basis. You can also choose which specific files, folders or drives are included in that scan.

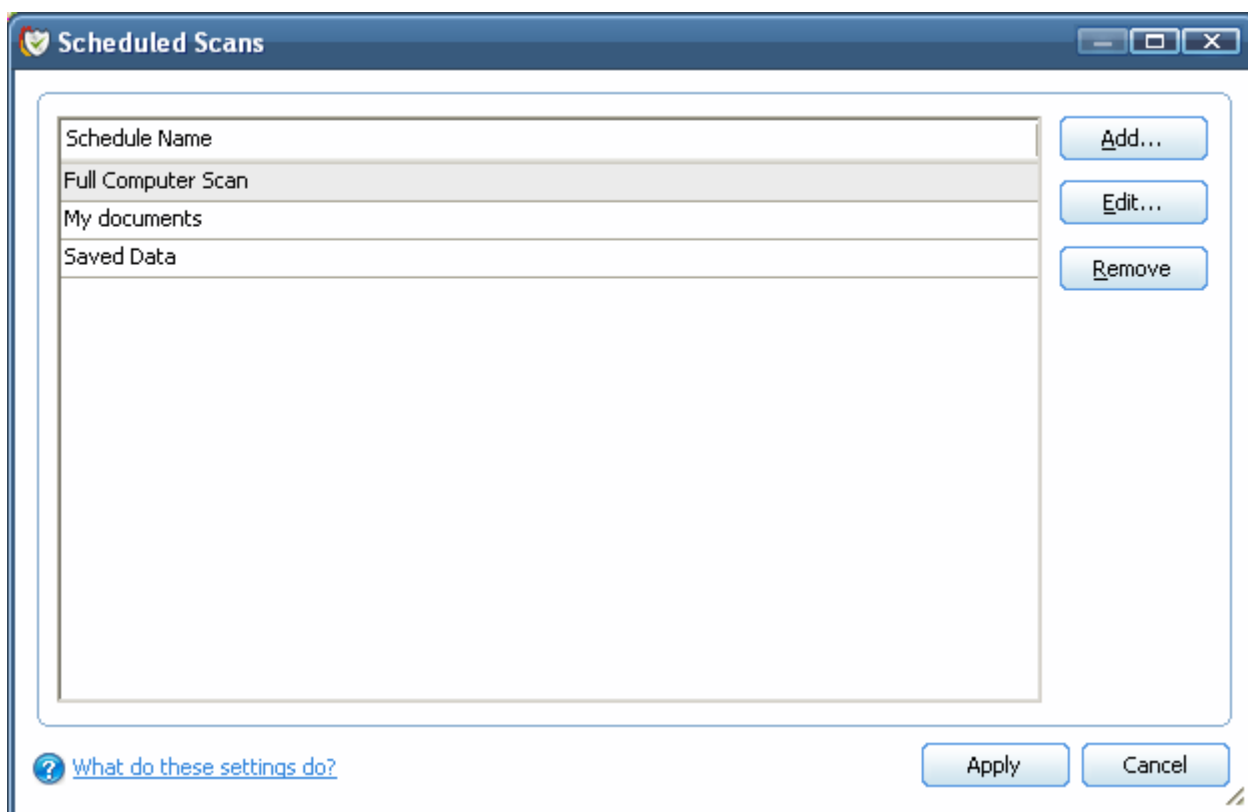
Perhaps you wish to check your entire system first thing in the morning; maybe you prefer the middle of the night!! Comodo Antivirus gives you the power to choose, allowing you to get on with more important matters with complete peace of mind.

From the Scheduled Scans panel, you can Set a new scheduled scan; Edit a pre-scheduled scan; and Cancel a pre-scheduled scan.

To set a Scheduled Scan

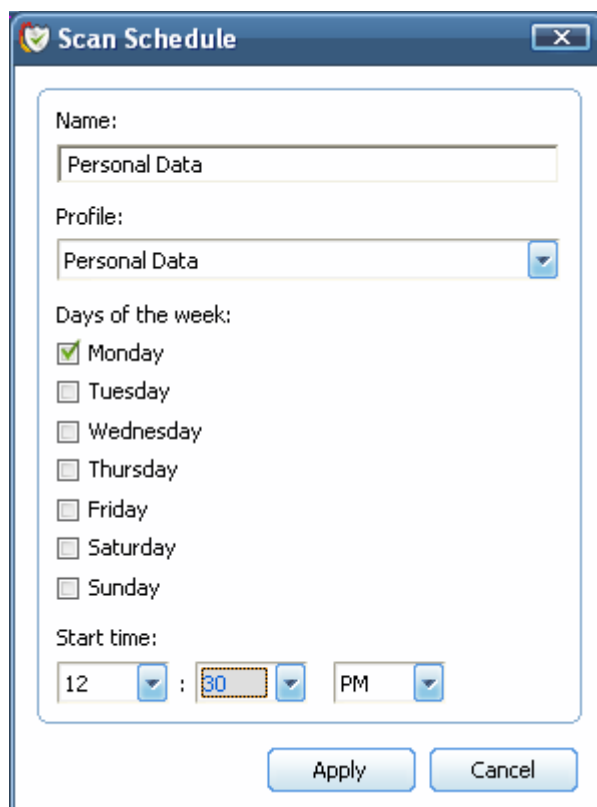
1. Click on Scheduled Scans in the main Antivirus Task Manager Screen.

The **Scheduled Scans** setting panel opens.



2. Click Add.

A **Scan Schedule** panel opens.



3. Type a name for the newly scheduled scan in the **Name** box.
4. Select a scanning profile from the list of preset scanning profiles by clicking at the drop-down arrow, in the **Profile** box. (For more details on creating a custom Scan Profile that can be selected in a scheduled scan, see [Antivirus Tasks > Common Tasks > Scan Profiles](#))
5. Select the days of the week you wish to schedule the scanning from **Days of the Week** check boxes.
6. Set the starting time for the scan in the selected days in the **Start time** drop-down boxes.
7. Click **Apply**.
 - Repeat the process to schedule other scans with other predefined scan profiles.

To Edit a Scheduled Scan

1. Click **Edit** in the **Scheduled Scans** setting panel.
2. Edit the necessary fields in the **Scan Schedule** panel.
3. Click **Apply**.

To cancel a pre-scheduled scan

1. Select the Scan Schedule you wish to cancel in the **Scheduled Scans** settings panel
2. Click **Remove**.

2.6 Scan Profiles

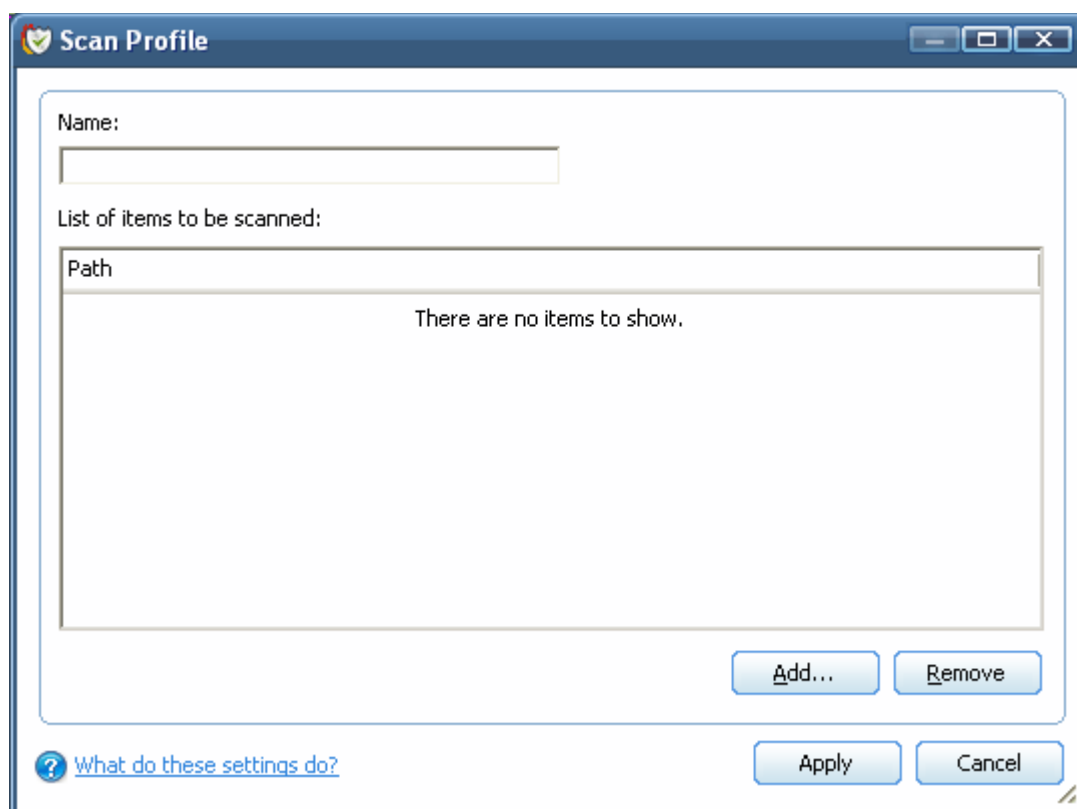
Creating a Scan Profile allows you to instruct Comodo Antivirus scan selected areas, folders or selected drives of your system.

You can create custom scan profiles, to define selected disks or folders to be scanned and the created scan profile can be re-used for any desired scan event i.e. Run a Scan (On-Demand Scanning) and Scheduled Scans. You can create as many number of custom scan profiles as you wish according to the usage of your system. A Scan Profile allows you to scan only a selected area of your storage, saving time and resources.

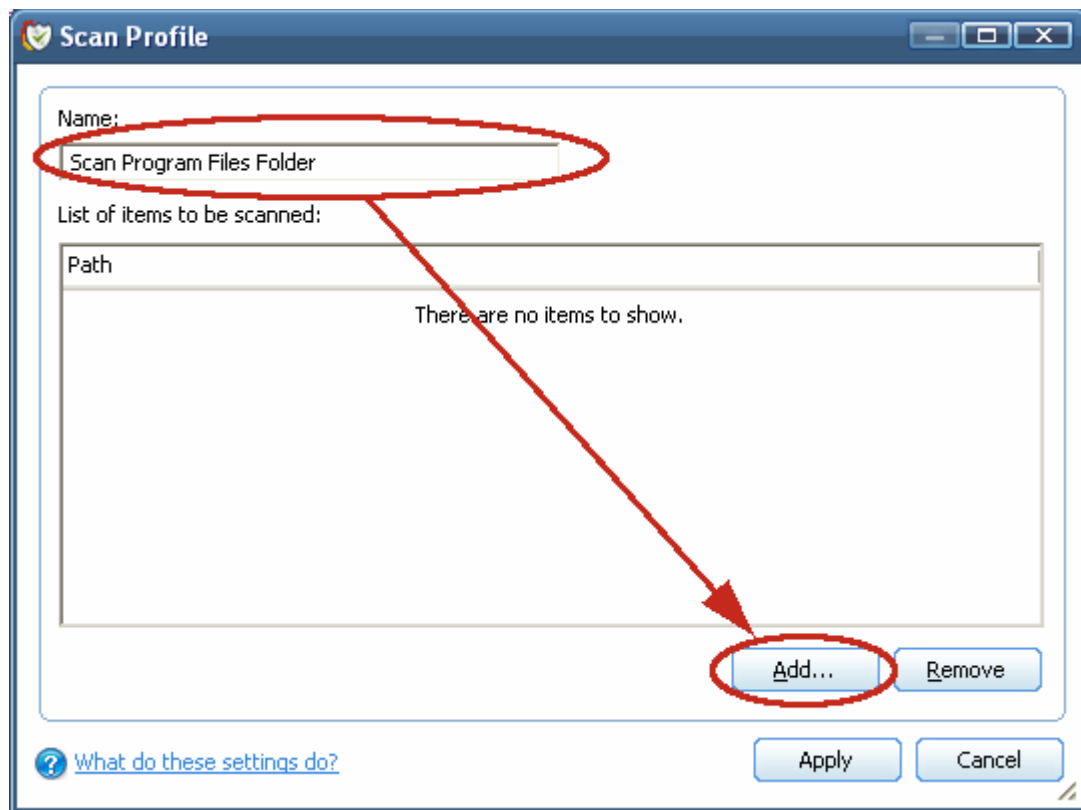
- New scan profiles can be created by clicking the 'Create New Scan' button in the 'Run a Scan' panel or by clicking the 'Add button' in the 'Scan Profiles' area.
- New scan profiles can then be referenced when creating a new '[Scheduled Scan](#)' and as the target of an on-demand scan in the '[Run a scan](#)' area.

To create a new scan profile from Scan Profiles option

1. Click **Scan Profiles** from the main Antivirus Tasks Manager Screen.

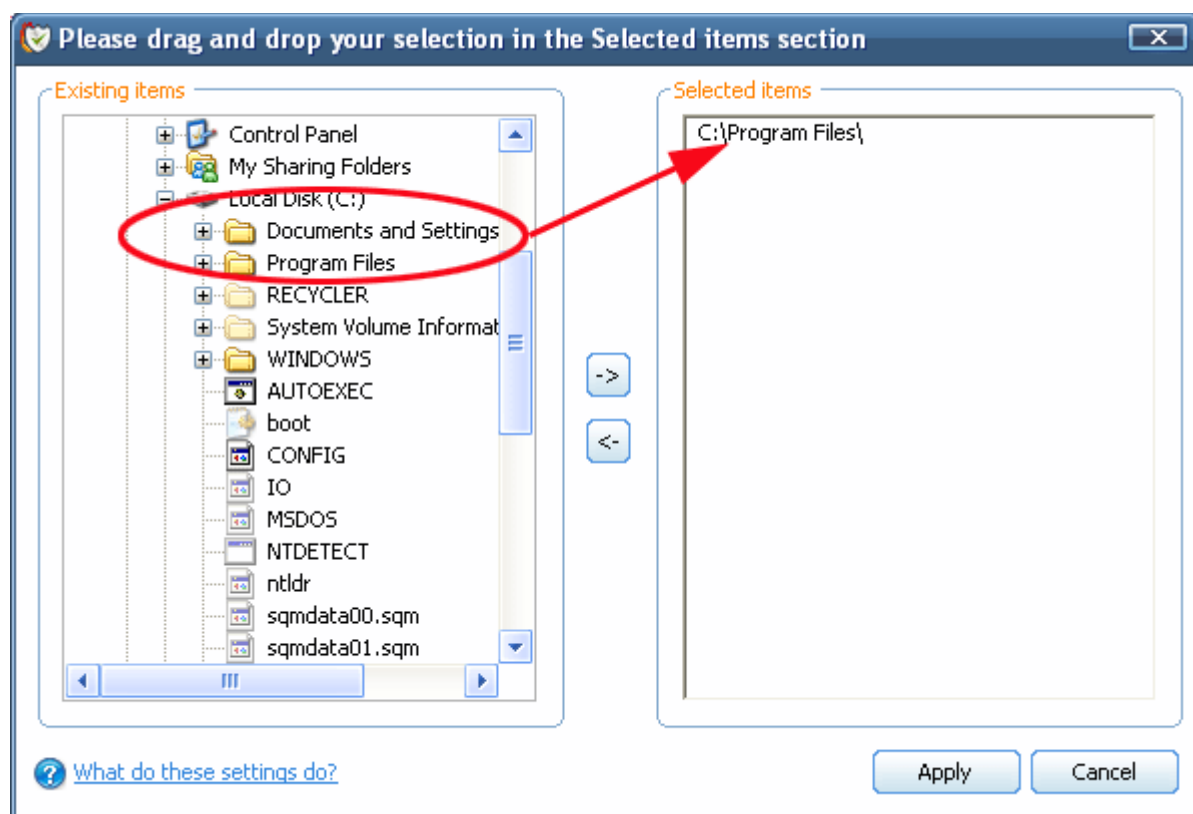


2. Type a name for the scan profile to be created in the **Name** box and click **Add**.



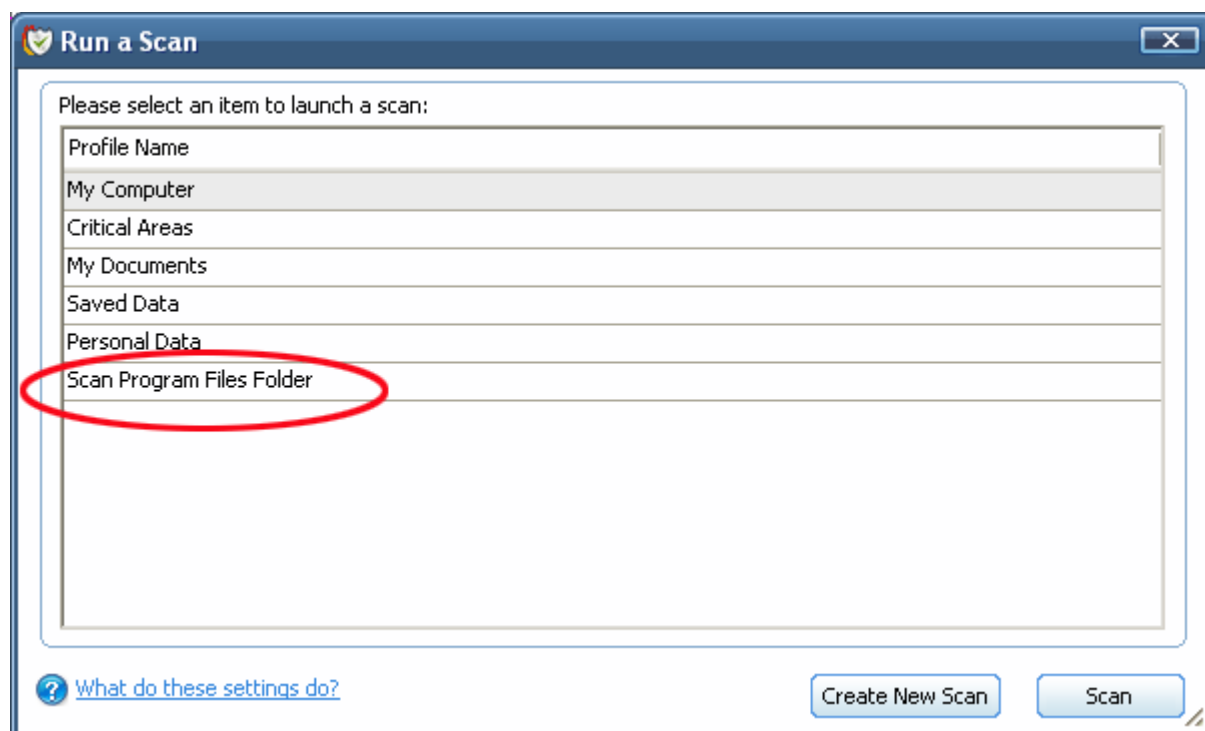
A configuration screen appears, prompting you to select the locations to be scanned when the newly created scan profile is selected. The left column displays all possible items (drives, folders and files) on your system for which scanning is available.

3. Browse to the folder location in the left column and select the folder. ('C:\Program Files' in this example)
4. Drag and drop all the files, folders and/or drives you require, into the right hand panel.

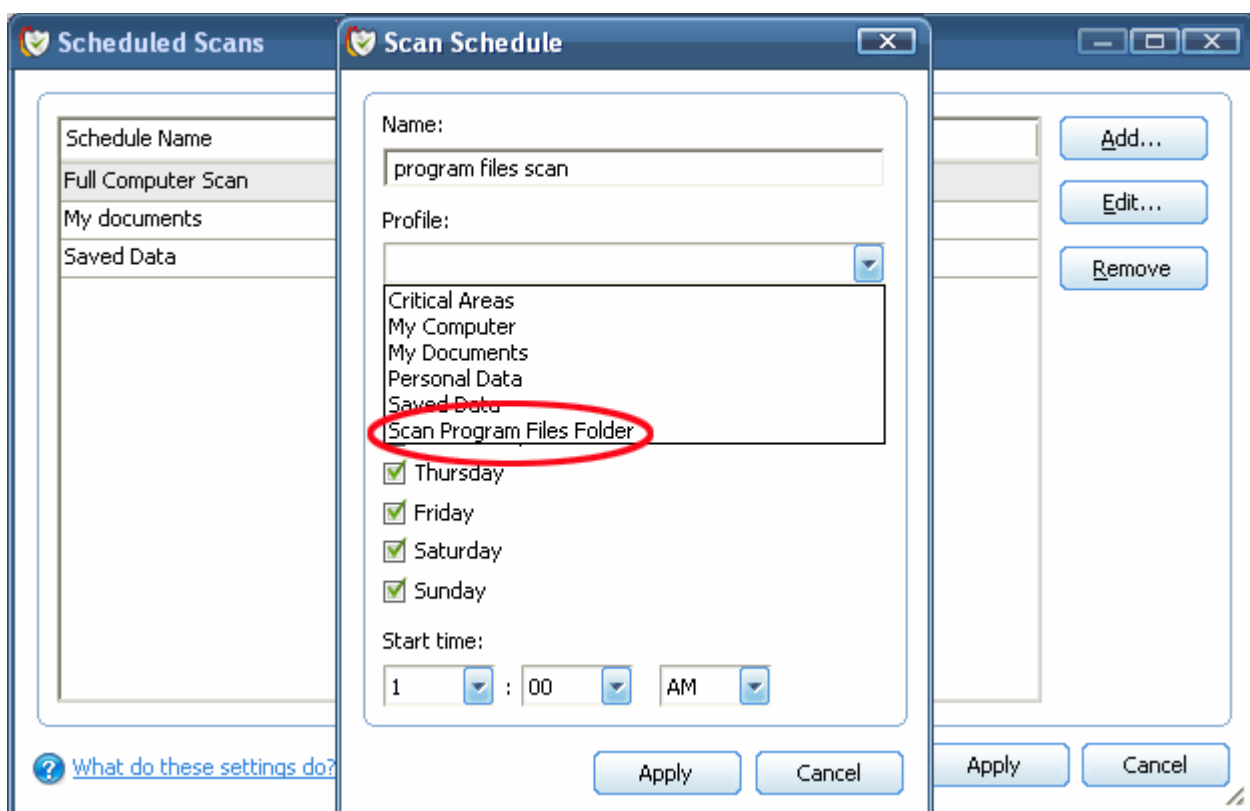


5. Click **Apply**.
6. Repeat the process to create more Scan Profiles.

You can see that the Scan Profile you have created, appearing as a target profile in the **Run a Scan** panel.....



.....it will also be available for selection during a scheduled scan in the drop-down.



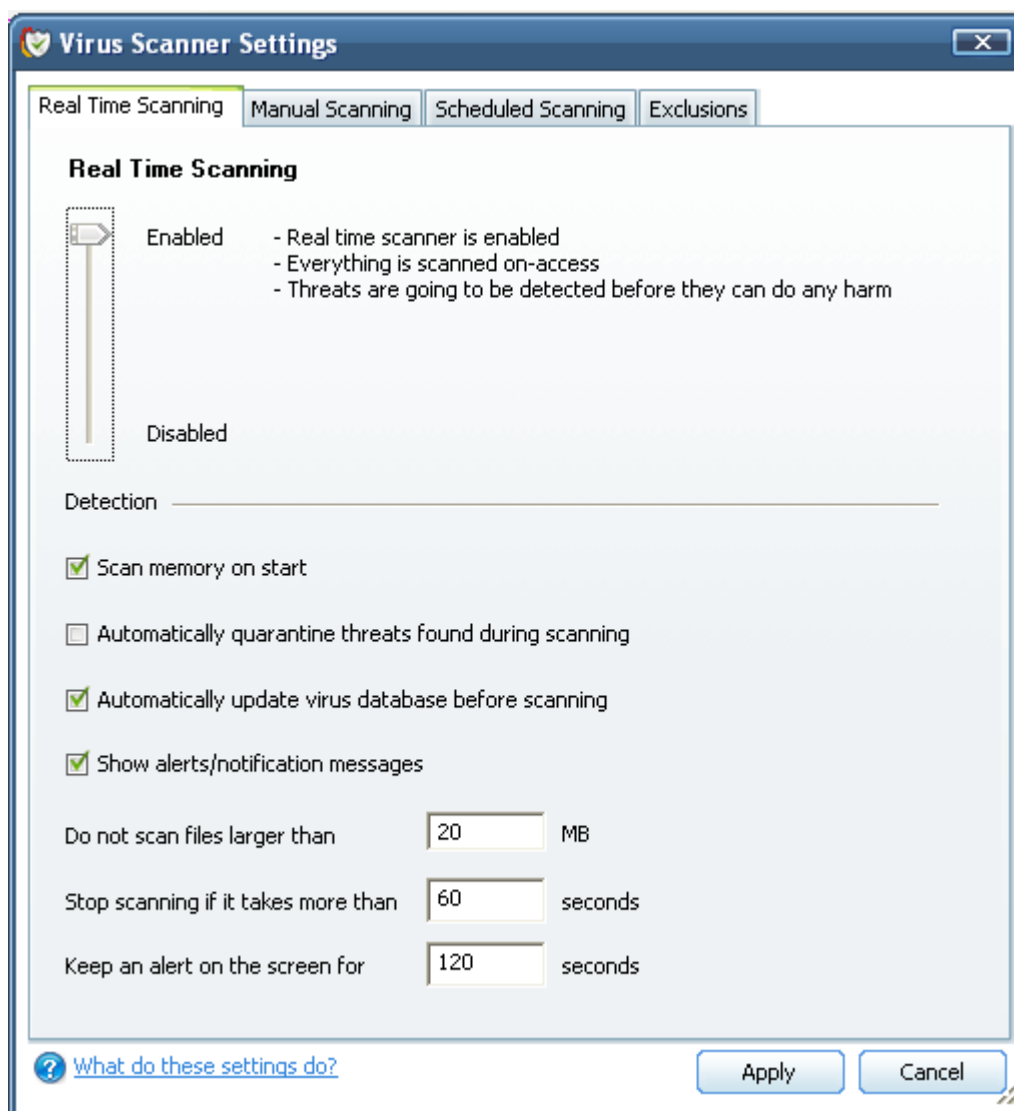
2.7 Scanner Settings - Overview

The Settings configuration panel allows you to customize various options related to Real Time Scanning (On-Access Scanning), Manual Scanning, Scheduled Scanning and exclusions (a list containing the files you considered safe and ignored the alert during a virus scan).

- The settings made for each type of the scan will apply to all future scans of that type.
- All items listed and all items added to the 'Exclusions' list will be excluded from all future scans of all types.

To open Virus Scanner Settings panel

- Click on **Scanner Settings** in the main Antivirus Tasks Management Screen.



The options that can be configured using the settings panel are

Real Time Scanning - To set the parameters for on-access scanning. [Click here for more details.](#)

Manual Scanning - To set the parameters for manual Scanning (Run a Scan). [Click here for more details.](#)

Scheduled Scanning - To set the parameters for scheduled scanning. [Click here for more details.](#)

Exclusions - To see the list of ignored threats and to set the parameters for Exclusions. [Click here for more details.](#)

2.7.1 Real Time Scanning

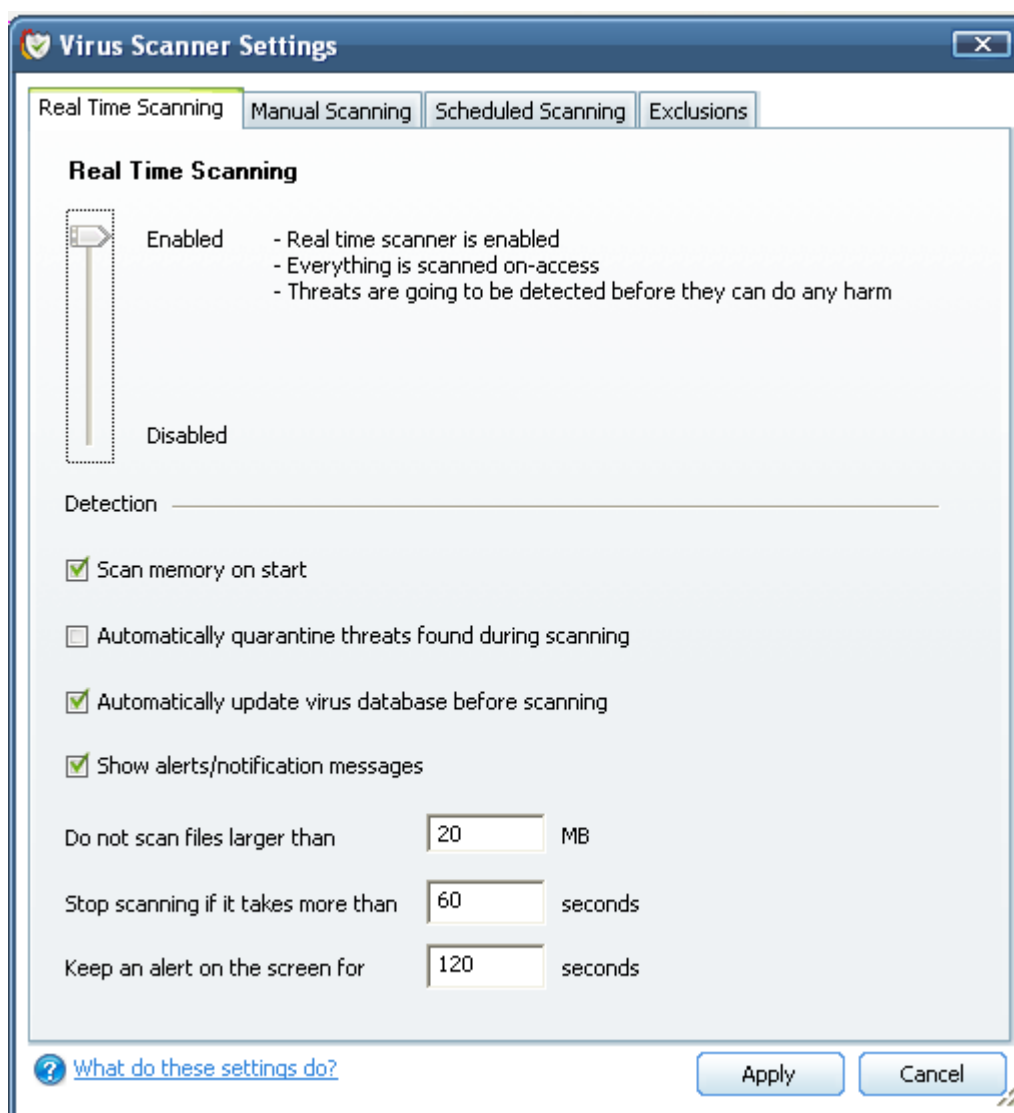
The Real time Scanning or the On-Access Scanning is always ON and checks files in real time when they are created, opened or copied. (as soon as you interact with a file, Comodo Antivirus checks it). This instant detection of viruses assures you, the user, that your system is perpetually monitored for malware and enjoys the highest level of protection.

The Real Time Scanner also scans the system memory on start. If you launch a program or file which creates destructive anomalies, then the scanner will detect it and gives you an alert providing you with real time protection against threats.

You also have options to automatically remove the threats found during scanning and to update virus database before scanning. It is highly recommended that you enable the Real Time Scanner to ensure your system remains continually free of infection. To enable or disable Real Time Scanning.

The Real Time Scanning setting allows you to switch On-Access ON or OFF by toggling the Real Time Scanning slider between **Enabled** and **Disabled**.

This area also allows you to specify detection settings and other parameters that will be deployed during on-access scans.



- Click on the Real Time Scanning tab in the Virus Scanner Settings panel.
- The real time Scanning slider can be toggled between Enable (recommended) and Disable levels.

At the **Enable** level, the Antivirus checks files in real time when they are created, opened or copied.

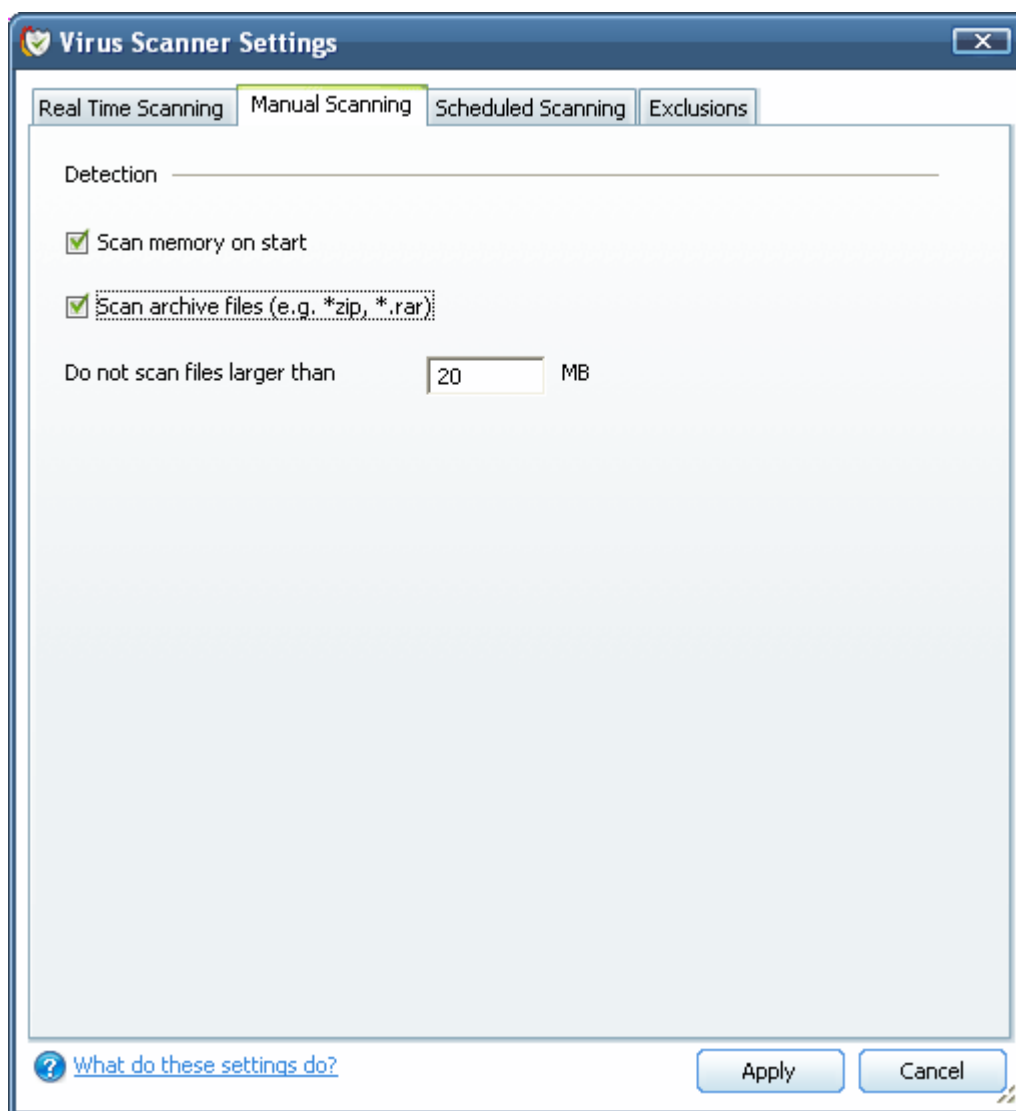
At the **Disable** level, the Antivirus does not perform any scanning and the threats cannot be detected before they impart any harm to the system.

- **Scan memory on start** - When this check box is selected, the Antivirus scans the system memory during system start-up.
- **Automatically quarantine threats found during scanning** - When this check box is selected, the Antivirus moves the file detected to be containing the malware, to Quarantined Items. From the quarantined items the files can be restored or deleted at your will.
- **Automatically update virus database before scanning** - When this check box is selected, Comodo Internet Security Pro checks for latest virus database updates from Comodo website and downloads the updates automatically, on system start-up and subsequently at regular intervals.
- **Show alerts/notification messages** – Alerts are the pop-up notifications that appear in the lower right hand of the screen whenever the on-access scanner discovers a virus on your system. These alerts are a valuable source of real-time information that helps the user to immediately identify which particular files are infected or are causing problems. Disabling alerts does not affect the scanning process itself and Comodo Antivirus will still continue to identify and deal with threats in the background. For more details on Antivirus alerts, [click here](#).
- **Do not scan files larger than** - This box allows you set a maximum size for the individual files to be scanned during on-access scanning. Files of size more than what is specified here, will not be scanned automatically. To scan those files, you can go for Run a Scan option.
- **Stop scanning if it takes more than** - This box allows you set a maximum time limit for scanning individual files during on-access scanning. If scanning of a file takes time more than what is specified here, the file will be skipped during on-access scanning. To scan those files, you can go for Run a Scan option.
- **Keep an alert on the screen for** - This box allows you set the time period for which the alert message should stay on the screen.
- Click **Apply** for the settings to take effect.

2.7.2 Manual Scanning

The Manual Scanning setting allows you to set the properties and parameters for Run a Scan (On Demand Scan).

- **Scan memory on start** - When this check box is selected, the Antivirus scans the system memory while starting a manual scan i.e. [Run a Scan](#) option.
- **Scan archive files** - When this check box is selected, the Antivirus scans archive files such as .ZIP and .RAR files. You will be alerted to the presence of viruses in compressed files before you even open them. These include RAR, WinRAR, ZIP, WinZIP ARJ, WinARJ and CAB archives.
- **Do not scan files larger than** - This box allows you set a maximum size for the individual files to be scanned during manual scanning. Files of size more than what is specified here, will not be scanned.



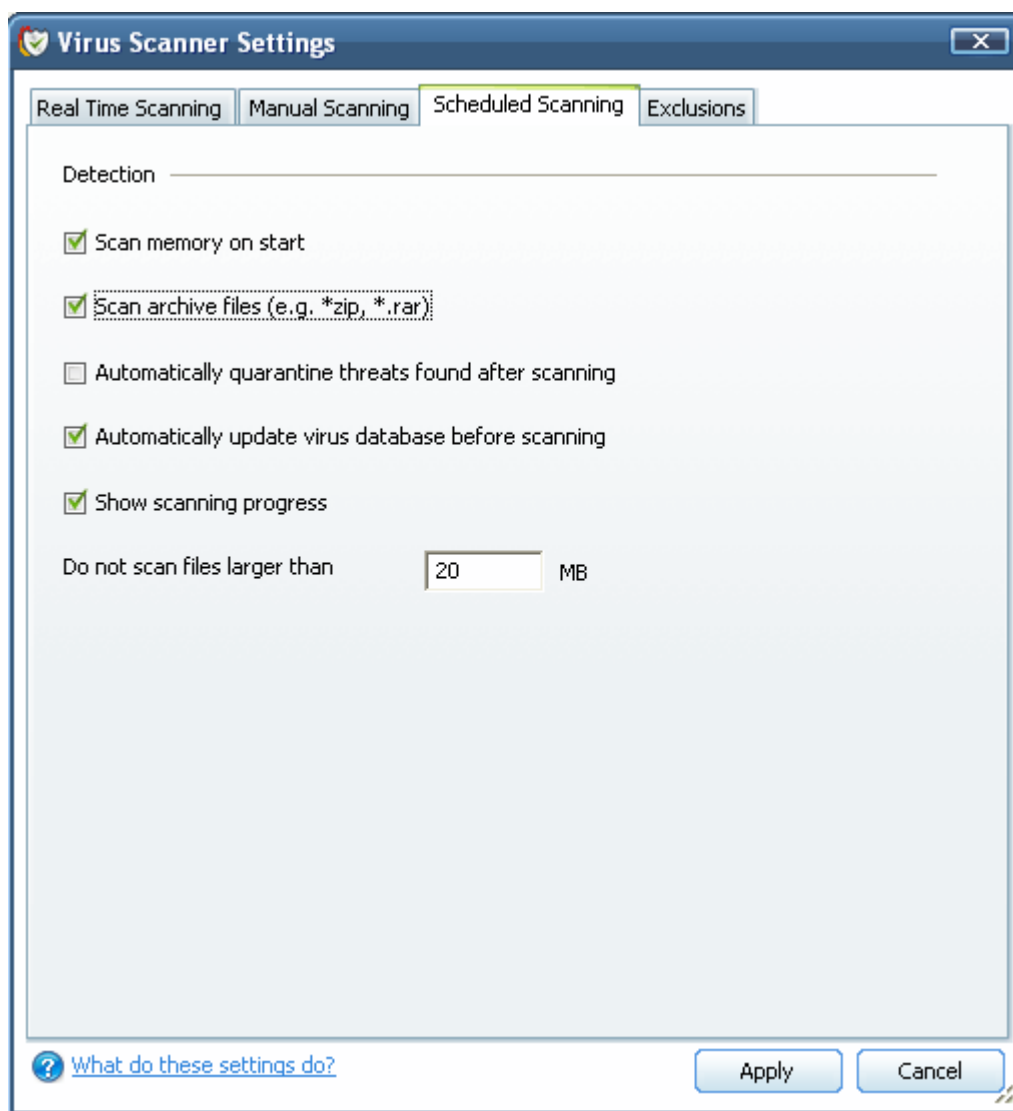
- Click **Apply** for the settings to take effect.

2.7.3 Scheduled Scanning

The Scheduled Scanning setting panel allows you to customize the scheduler that lets you timetable scans according to your preferences.

You can choose to run scheduled scans at a certain time on a daily, weekly, monthly or custom interval basis. You can also choose which specific files, folders or drives are included in that scan by choosing the scan profiles.

The detection settings as follows:



Scan memory on start - When this check box is selected, the Antivirus scans the system memory during the start of any scheduled scan.

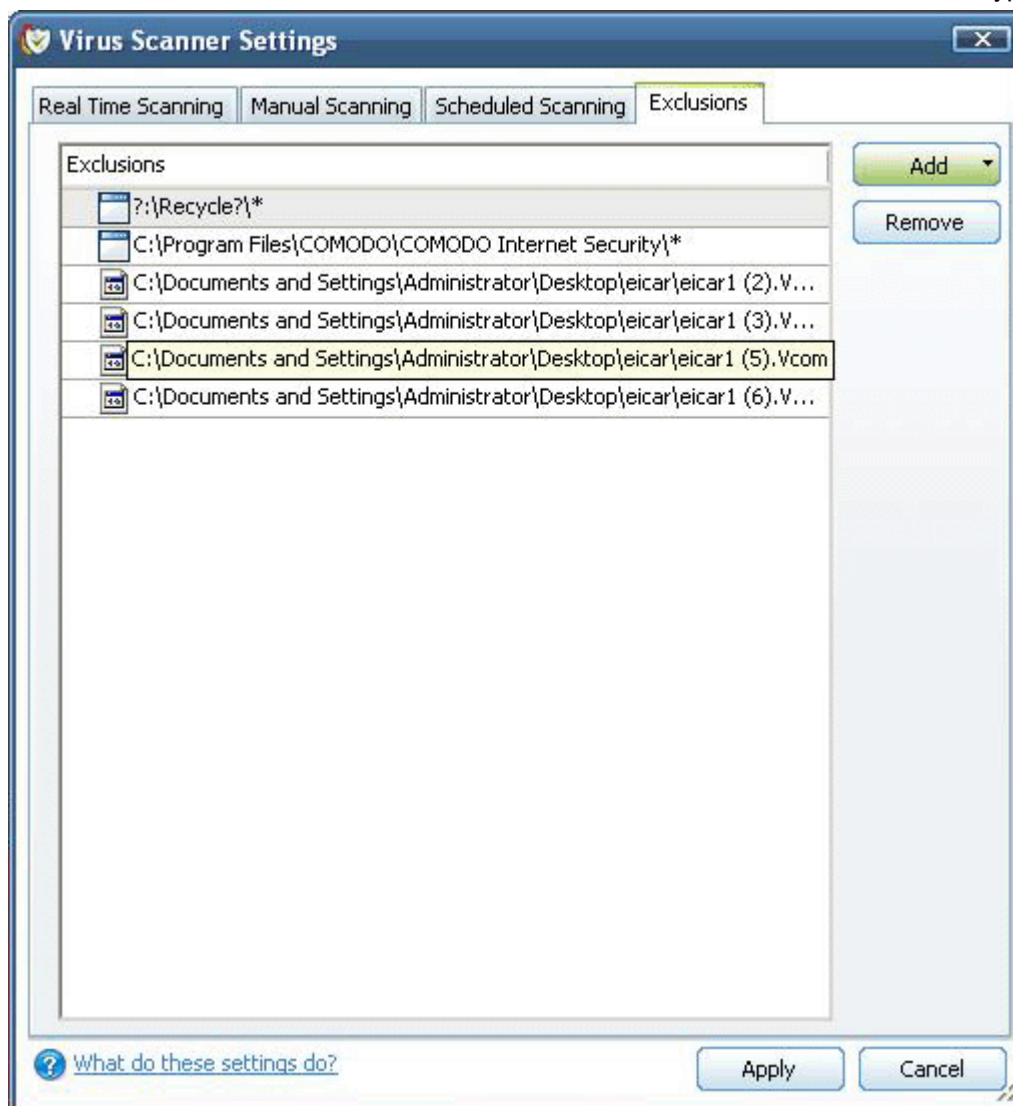
- **Scan archive files** - When this check box is selected, the Antivirus scans archive files such as .ZIP and .RAR files during any scheduled scan. You will be alerted to the presence of viruses in compressed files before you even open them. These include RAR, WinRAR, ZIP, WinZIP ARJ, WinARJ and CAB archives.
- **Automatically quarantine threats found during scanning** - When this check box is selected, the Antivirus moves the file detected to be containing the malware, to Quarantined Items. From the quarantined items the files can be restored or deleted at your will.

- **Automatically update virus database before scanning** - When this check box is selected, Comodo Internet Security Pro checks for latest virus database updates from Comodo website and downloads the updates automatically, before the start of any scheduled scan.
- **Show Scanning progress** - When this check box is selected, a progress bar is displayed on start of a scheduled scan. Clear this box if you do not want to see the progress bar.
- **Do not scan files larger than** - This box allows you set a maximum size for the individual files to be scanned during scheduled scanning. Files of size more than what is specified here, will not be scanned during a scheduled scan.
- Click **Apply** for the settings to take effect.

2.7.4 Exclusions

The Exclusions tab in the Scanner Settings panel displays a list of applications/files for which you have selected Ignore in the Scan Results window of Run a Scan option.

All items listed and all items added to the 'Exclusions' list will be excluded from all future scans of all types.



Also, you can manually define trusted files or applications to be excluded from the scanning.

To define a file/application as trusted and to be excluded from scanning

- Click **Add**.

You now have 3 methods available to choose the application that you want to trust - **'File Groups'**; **'Running Processes'** and **'Browse'...** (to application).

File Groups - Choosing this option allows you to choose your application from a category of pre-set files or folders. For example, selecting 'Executables' would enable you to exclude any file with the extensions .exe .dll .sys .ocx .bat .pif .scr .cpl . Other such categories available include 'Windows System Applications' , 'Windows Updater Applications' , 'Start Up Folders' and so on - each of which provide a fast and convenient way to batch select important files and folders.

Running Processes - As the name suggests, this option allows you to choose the target application from a list of processes that are currently running on your PC.

Browse... (to application) - This option is the easiest for most users and simply allows you to browse to the location of the application which you want to exclude from a virus scan.

When you have chosen the application using one of the methods above, the application name will appear along with its location.

- Click **Apply** for the settings to take effect.

3 Firewall Task Center

The Firewall component of Comodo Internet Security (hereafter known simply as Comodo Firewall) offers the highest levels of security against inbound and outbound threats, stealths your computer's ports against hackers and blocks malicious software from transmitting your confidential data over the Internet. Comodo Firewall makes it easy for you to specify exactly which applications are allowed to connect to the Internet and immediately warns you when there is suspicious activity.

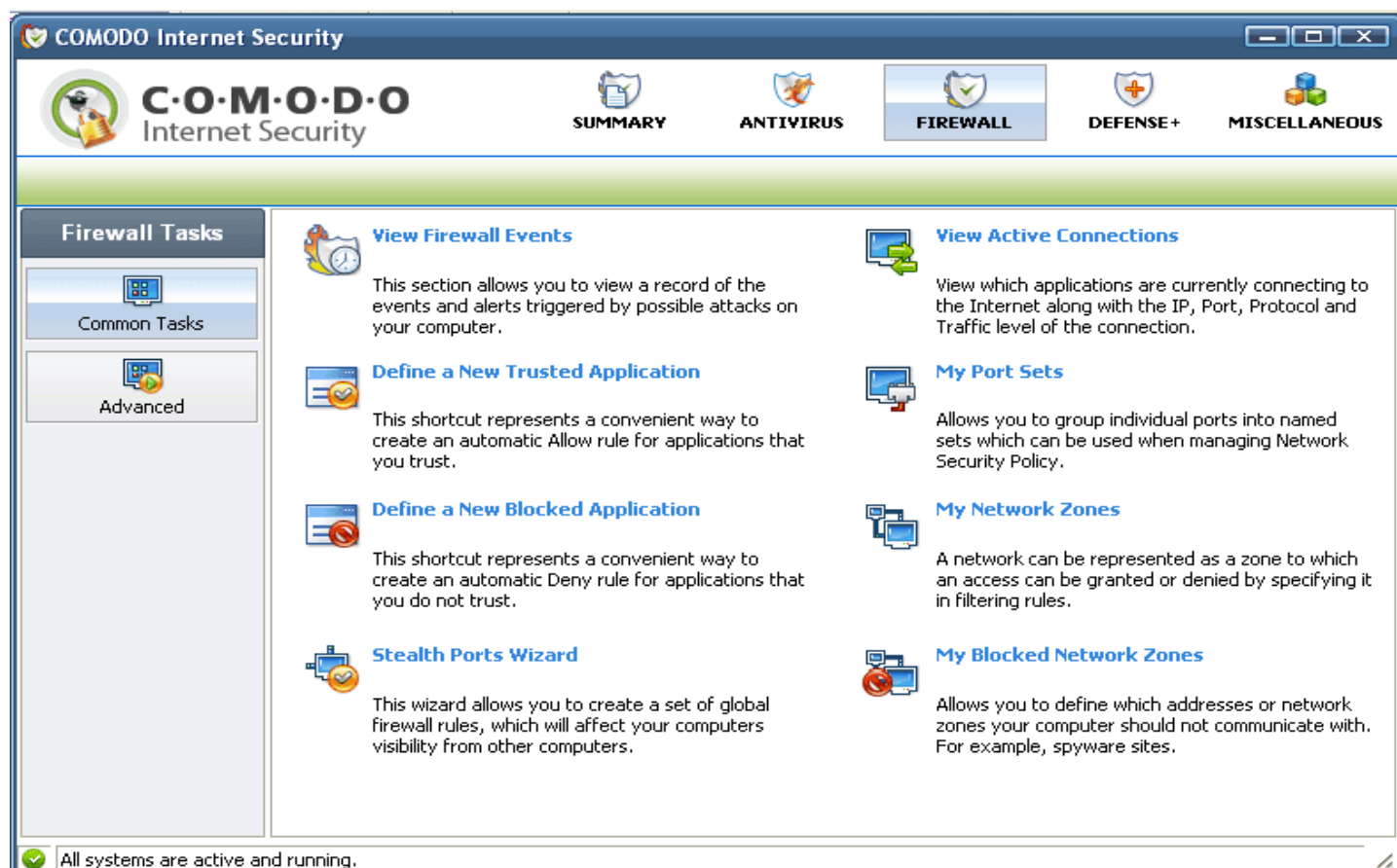
The Firewall Task Center allows you to quickly and easily configure all aspects of the Firewall and divided into two sections: [Common Tasks](#) and [Advanced Tasks](#).

It can be accessed at all times by clicking on the Firewall Shield button.  (third button from the top right).

Common Tasks

'Common Tasks' allow you to create rules for applications and network connections through a series of shortcuts and wizards. Click on the links below to see detailed explanations of each area in this section.

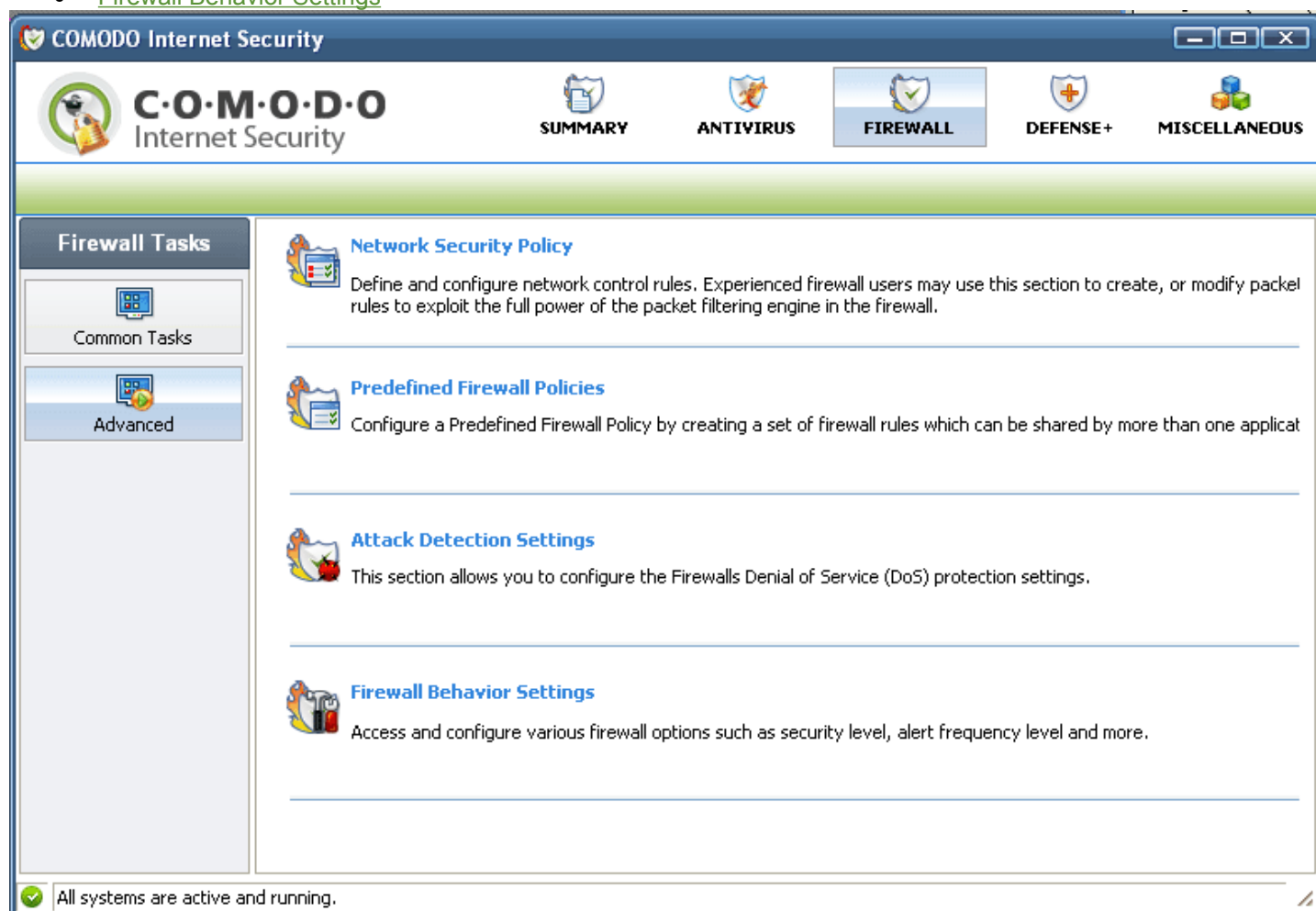
- [View Firewall Events](#)
- [Define a New Trusted Application](#)
- [Define a New Blocked Application](#)
- [Stealth Ports Wizard](#)
- [View Active Connections](#)
- [My Port Sets](#)
- [My Network Zones](#)
- [My Blocked Network Zones](#)



Advanced Tasks

'Advanced Tasks' enables more experienced users to define firewall policy and settings at an in-depth, granular level. Click on the links below to see detailed explanations of each area in this section.

- [Network Security Policy](#)
- [Predefined Firewall Policies](#)
- [Attack Detection Settings](#)
- [Firewall Behavior Settings](#)



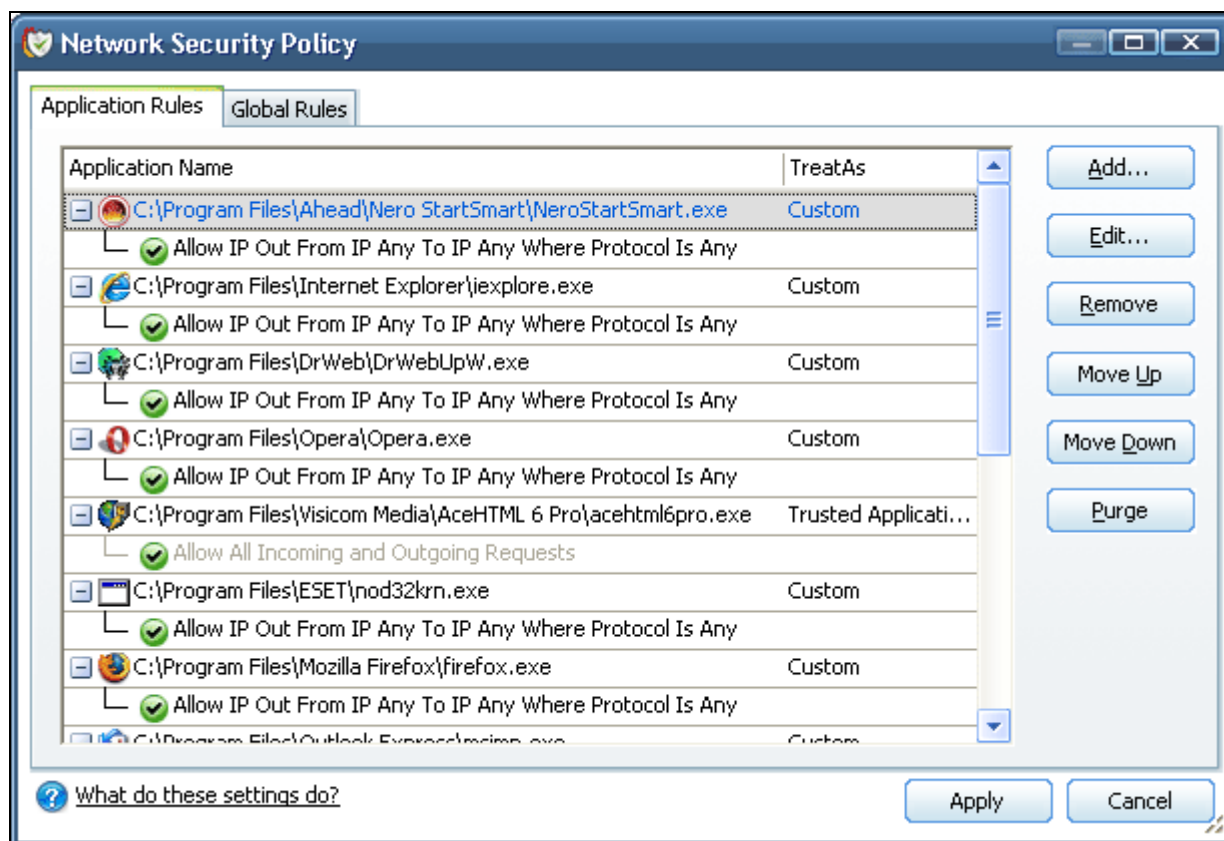
3.1 Network Security Policy

The Network Security Policy interface is the nerve center of Comodo Firewall and allows advanced users to configure and deploy traffic filtering rules and policies on an application specific and global basis.

The interface is divided into two main sections - Application Rules and Global Rules.

The 'Application Rules' tab allows users to view, manage and define the network and Internet access rights of *applications* on your system.

The 'Global Rules' tab allows users view, manage and define overall network policy that applies to your computer and is independent of application rules.



Both application rules and global rules are consulted when the firewall is determining whether or not to allow or block a connection attempt.

- For Outgoing connection attempts, the application rules are consulted first then the global rules.
- For Incoming connection attempts, the global rules are consulted first then application specific rules.

See [General Navigation](#) for a summary of the navigational options available from the main Network Security Policy interface.

See the section '[Application Rules](#)' for help to configure application rules and policies

See the section '[Global Rules](#)' for help to configure global rules and to understand the interaction between global and application rules.

General Navigation:

Add... - On the 'Application Rules' tab this button allows the user to [Add a new Application to the list then create it's policy](#). On the 'Global Rules' tab it enables you to add and configure a new global rule using the [Network Control Rule interface](#).

Edit... - Allows the user to modify the selected rule or application policy. See [Overview of Policies and Rules](#), [Creating and Modifying Network Policy](#) and [Understanding Network Control Rules](#).

Remove... - Deletes the currently policy or rule

Move Up - Raises the currently selected rule or policy up one row in the priority list. Users can also re-prioritize policies or re-assign individual rules to another application's policy by dragging and dropping.

Move Down - Lowers the currently selected rule or policy down one row in the priority list. Users can also re-prioritize policies or re-assign individual rules to another application's policy by dragging and dropping.

Purge - Runs a system check to verify that all the applications for which policies are listed are *actually installed* on the host machine at the path specified. If not, the policy is removed, or 'purged', from the list.

Users can re-order the priority of policies by simply dragging and dropping the rule in question. Alternatively, select the rule you wish to re-prioritize and click either the 'Move Up' or 'Move Down' button.

Application Rules

See [Overview of Policies and Rules](#) for an explanation of rule and policy structure and how these are represented in the main Application Rules interface.

See [Application Network Access Control interface](#) for an introduction to the rule setting interface.

See [Creating and Modifying Network Policies](#) to learn how to create and edit network policies.

See [Understanding Network Control Rules](#) for an overview of the meaning, construction and importance of individual rules.

See [Adding and Editing a Network Control Rule](#) for an explanation of individual rule configuration.

Overview of Policies and Rules

Whenever an application makes a request for Internet or network access, Comodo Internet Security Pro will allow or deny this request based upon the Firewall Policy that has been specified for that application. Firewall Policies are, in turn, made up from one or more individual network access rules. Each individual network access rule contains instructions that determine whether the application should be allowed or blocked; which protocols it is allowed to use; which ports it is allowed to use and so forth

The screenshot shows the 'Network Security Policy' window with the 'Application Rules' tab selected. The interface displays a list of application rules. Annotations with arrows point to specific parts of the interface:

- The Application's name is listed directly above the policy that applies to it:** Points to the 'Application Name' field showing 'TreatAs'.
- The policy applied to an application determines its network access rights:** Points to the 'COMODO Firewall Pro' policy, which is highlighted with a red box. This policy contains a list of rules: 'Allow All Requests', 'Allow Outgoing TCP or UDP Requests', and 'Block and Log All Unmatching Requests'.
- Each policy is derived from at least one but usually a combination of individually configurable rules:** Points to the 'C:\Program Files\Mozilla Firefox\firefox.exe' application, which is highlighted with a blue box. This application has its own set of rules: 'Allow Outgoing HTTP Requests', 'Allow Outgoing DNS Requests', and 'Block and Log All Unmatching Requests'.
- Name of the pre-defined policy:** Points to the 'Web Browser' label next to the Firefox application.

If you wish to modify the [firewall policy](#) for an application:

- Double click on the application name to begin '[Creating or Modifying Network Policy](#)'
- Select the application name, right-click and choose 'Edit' to begin '[Creating or Modifying Network Policy](#)'
- Select the application name and click the 'Edit...' button on the right to begin '[Creating or Modifying Network Policy](#)'

If you wish to modify an [individual rule](#) within the policy:

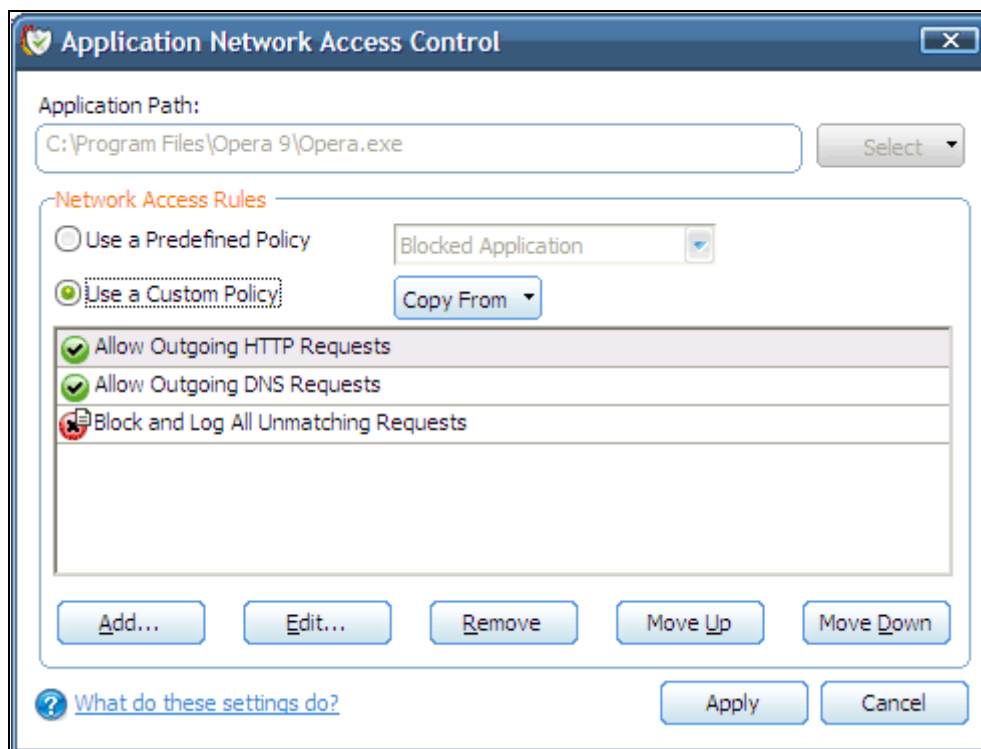
- Double click on the specific rule to begin '[Adding and Editing a Network Control Rule](#)'
- Select the specific rule right-click then choose 'Edit' to begin '[Adding and Editing a Network Control Rule](#)'
- Select the specific rule and click the 'Edit...' button on the right to begin '[Adding and Editing a Network Control Rule](#)'

Users can also re-prioritize policies or re-assign individual rules to another application's policy by dragging and dropping.

Although each policy can be defined from the ground up by individually configuring its constituent rules, this practice would be time consuming if it had to be performed for every single program on your system. For this reason, Comodo Internet Security Pro contains a selection of predefined policies according to broad application category. For example, you may choose to apply the policy 'Web Browser' to the applications 'Internet Explorer', 'FireFox' and 'Opera'. Each predefined policy has been specifically designed by Comodo to optimize the security level of a certain type of application. Users can, of course, modify these predefined policies to suit their environment and requirements. For more details, see [Predefined Firewall Policies](#).

Application Network Access Control interface

Network control rules can be added/modified/removed and re-ordered through the Application Network Access Control interface. Any rules created using [Adding and Editing a Network Control Rule](#) will be displayed in this list.



Comodo Internet Security Pro applies rules on a *per packet* basis and applies the **first** rule that matches that packet type to be filtered (see [Understanding Network Control Rules](#) for more information). If there are a number of rules in the list relating to a packet type then one nearer the top of the list will be applied.

Users can re-order the priority of rules by simply dragging and dropping the rule in question. Alternatively, select the rule you wish to re-prioritize and click either the 'Move Up' or 'Move Down' button. To begin creating network policies, first read '[Overview of Policies and Rules](#)' then '[Creating and Modifying Network Policies](#).'

Creating and Modifying Network Policies

To begin defining an application's network policy, you need take two basic steps.

(1) [Select the application that you wish the policy to apply to.](#)

(2) [Configure the rules for this application's policy.](#)

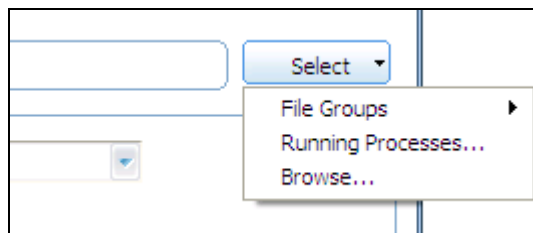
(1) Select the application that you wish the policy to apply to

If you wish to define a policy for a new application (i.e. one that is not already listed) then click the '**Add...**' button in the main [application rules interface](#). This will bring up the 'Application Network Access Control' interface shown below:



Because this is a new application, you will notice that the 'Application Path' field is blank. (If you are modifying an existing policy, then this interface will show the individual rules for that application's policy).

Click the 'Select' button.

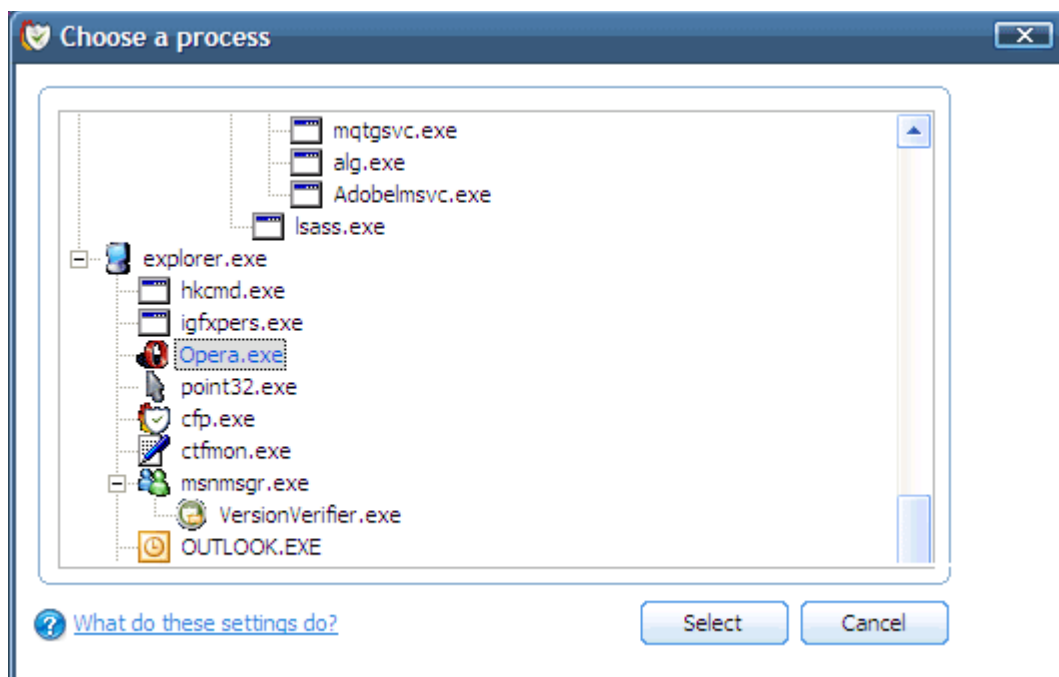


You now have 3 methods available to choose the application for which you wish to create a policy - [File Groups](#); [Running Processes](#) and [Browse... \(to application\)](#)

(i) File Groups - choosing this option allows you to create firewall policy for a category of pre-set files or folders. For example, selecting 'Executables' would enable you to create a firewall policy for any file that attempts to connect to the Internet with the extensions .exe .dll .sys .ocx .bat .pif .scr .cpl . Other such categories available include 'Windows System Applications' , 'Windows Updater Applications' , 'Start Up Folders' etc - each of which provide a fast and convenient way to apply a generic policy to important files and folders. To view the file types and folders that will be affected by choosing one of these options, you need to visit the Defense+ area of Comodo Internet Security Pro by navigating to: Defense+ > My Protected Files > Groups...

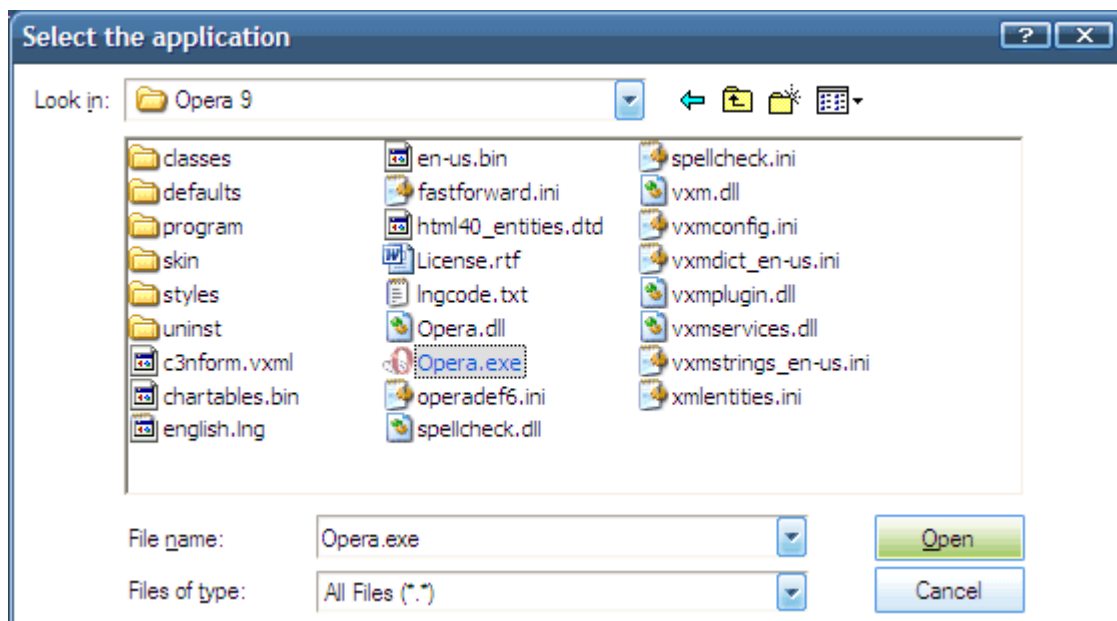
More details on Files and File Groupings is available in this help guide in the [My Protected Files](#) and [My Quarantined Files](#) sections.

(ii) Running Processes - as the name suggests, this option allows you to create and deploy firewall policy for any process that is currently running on your PC.



You can choose an individual process (shown above) or the parent process of a set of running processes. Click 'Select' to confirm your choice. (Note - A more detailed and powerful '[View Active Process List](#)' is available in the [Defense+ Task Center](#).)

(iii) Browse... (to application) - this option is the easiest for most users and simply allows you to browse to the location of the application for which you want to deploy the firewall policy. In the example below, we have decided to create a firewall policy for the Opera web browser.

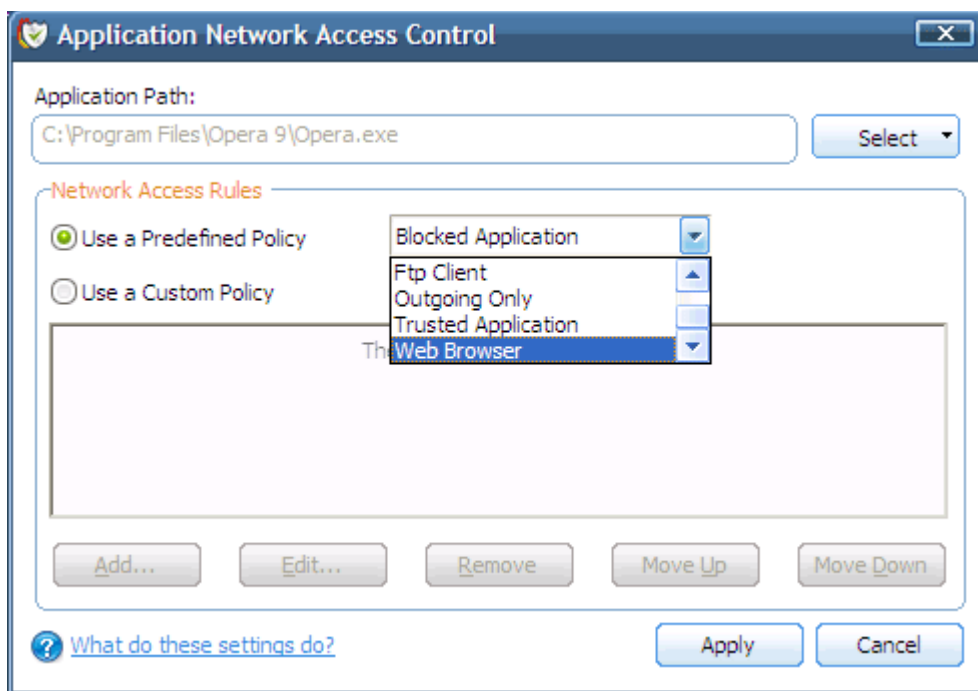


Having selected the individual application, running process or file group, the next stage is to Configure the rules for this application's policy.

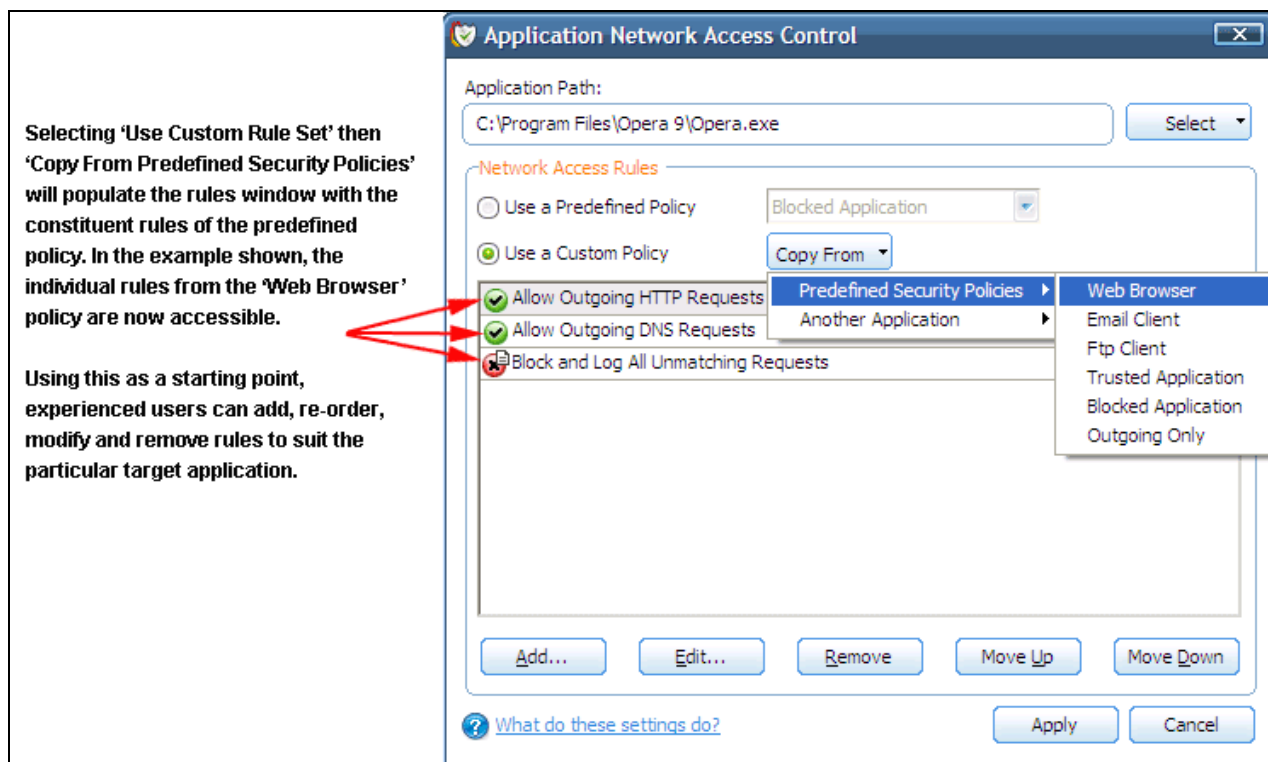
(2) Configure the rules for this application's policy

There are two broad options available for creating a policy that will apply to an application - [Use a Pre-defined Policy](#) or [Use a Custom Policy](#).

(i) Use a Predefined Policy - Selecting this option allows the user to quickly deploy a existing policy on to the target application. Choose the policy you wish to use from the drop down menu. In the example below, we have chosen 'Web Browser' because we are creating a policy for the 'Opera' browser. The name of the predefined policy you choose will be displayed in the 'Treat As' column for that application in the [Application Rules interface](#). (Note: Predefined Policies, once chosen, cannot be modified **directly** from this interface - they can only be modified and defined using the [Predefined Firewall Policies](#) interface. If you require the ability to add or modify rules for an application then you are effectively creating a new, custom policy and should choose the more flexible [Use Custom Policy](#) option instead.)



(ii) **Use a Custom Policy**- designed for more experienced users, the 'Custom Policy' option enables full control over the configuration of firewall policy and the parameters of each rule within that policy.



You can create an entirely new policy or use a predefined policy as a starting point by:

- Clicking the 'Add..' button to add individual network control rules. See '[Adding and Editing a Network Control Rule](#)' for an overview of the process.
- Use the 'Copy From...' button to populate the list with the network control rules of a [Predefined Security Policy](#)
- Use the 'Copy From...' button to populate the list with the network control rules of another applications policy

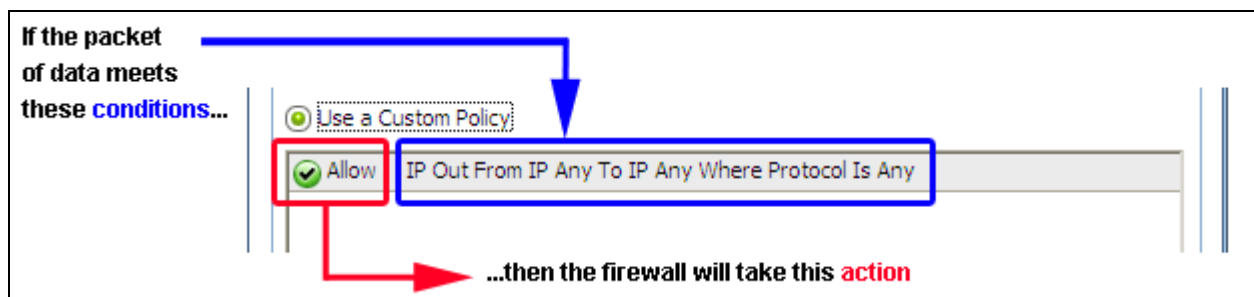
General tips: If you wish to create a reusable policy for deployment on multiple applications, we advise you add a new [Pre-defined Firewall Policy](#) (or modify one of the existing ones to suit your needs) - then come back to this section and use the '[Use Pre-defined Policy](#)' option to roll it out.

If you want to build a bespoke policy for maybe one or two specific applications, then we advise you choose the '[Use a Custom Policy](#)' option and create your policy either from scratch by adding individual rules (click the 'Add..' button) or by using one of the built-in policies as a starting point.

Understanding Network Control Rules

At their core, each network control rule can be thought of as a simple **IF THEN** trigger - a set of **conditions** (or attributes) pertaining to a packet of data from a particular application and an **action** it will enforce if those conditions are met.

As a packet filtering firewall, Comodo Internet Security Pro analyses the attributes of *every single* packet of data that attempts to enter or leave your computer. Attributes of a packet include the application that is sending or receiving the packet, the protocol it is using, the direction in which it is traveling, the source and destination IP addresses and the ports it is attempting to traverse. The firewall will then try to find a network control rule that matches all the conditional attributes of this packet in order to determine whether or not it should be allowed to proceed. If there is no corresponding network control rule, then the connection will be automatically blocked until a rule is created.



The actual **conditions** (attributes) you will see* on a particular Network Control Rule are determined by the protocol chosen in [Adding and Editing a Network Control Rule](#) .

If you chose 'TCP', 'UDP' or 'TCP and 'UDP', then the rule will have the form: **Action** | **Protocol** | **Direction** | **Source Address** | **Destination Address** | **Source Port** | **Destination Port**

If you chose 'ICMP', then the rule will have the form: **Action** | **Protocol** | **Direction** | **Source Address** | **Destination Address** | **ICMP Details**

If you chose 'IP', then the rule will have the form: **Action** | **Protocol** | **Direction** | **Source Address** | **Destination Address** | **IP Details**

Action: The action the firewall will take when the conditions of the rule are met. The rule will show 'Allow', 'Block' or 'Ask'.**

Protocol : States the protocol that the target application must be attempting to use when sending or receiving packets of data. The rule will show 'TCP', 'UDP', 'TCP or UDP', 'ICMP' or 'IP'

Direction : States the direction of traffic that the data packet must be attempting to negotiate. The rule will show 'In', 'Out' or 'In/Out'

Source Address : States the source address of the connection attempt. The rule will show 'From' followed by *one* of the following: **IP** , **IP range** , **IP Mask** , **Network Zone** , **Host Name** or **Mac Address**

Destination Address : States the address of the connection attempt. The rule will show 'To' followed by *one* of the following: **IP** , **IP range** , **IP Mask** , **Network Zone** , **Host Name** or **Mac Address**

Source Port: States the port(s) that the application must be attempting to send packets of data through. Will show 'Where Source Port Is' followed by *one* of the following: '**Any**', '**Port #**' , '**Port Range**' or '**Port Set**'

Destination Port : States the port(s) on the remote entity that the application must be attempting to send to. Will show 'Where Source Port Is' followed by *one* of the following: '**Any**', '**Port #**' , '**Port Range**' or '**Port Set**'

ICMP Details : States the ICMP message that must be detected to trigger the action. See [Adding and Editing a Network Control Rule](#) for details of available messages that can be displayed.

IP Details : States the type of IP protocol that must be detected to trigger the action: See [Adding and Editing a Network Control Rule](#) to see the list of available IP protocols that can be displayed here.

Once a rule is applied, Comodo Internet Security Pro will monitor all network traffic relating to the chosen application and take the specified action if the conditions are met. Users should also see the section '[Global Rules](#)' to understand the interaction between Application Rules and Global Rules.

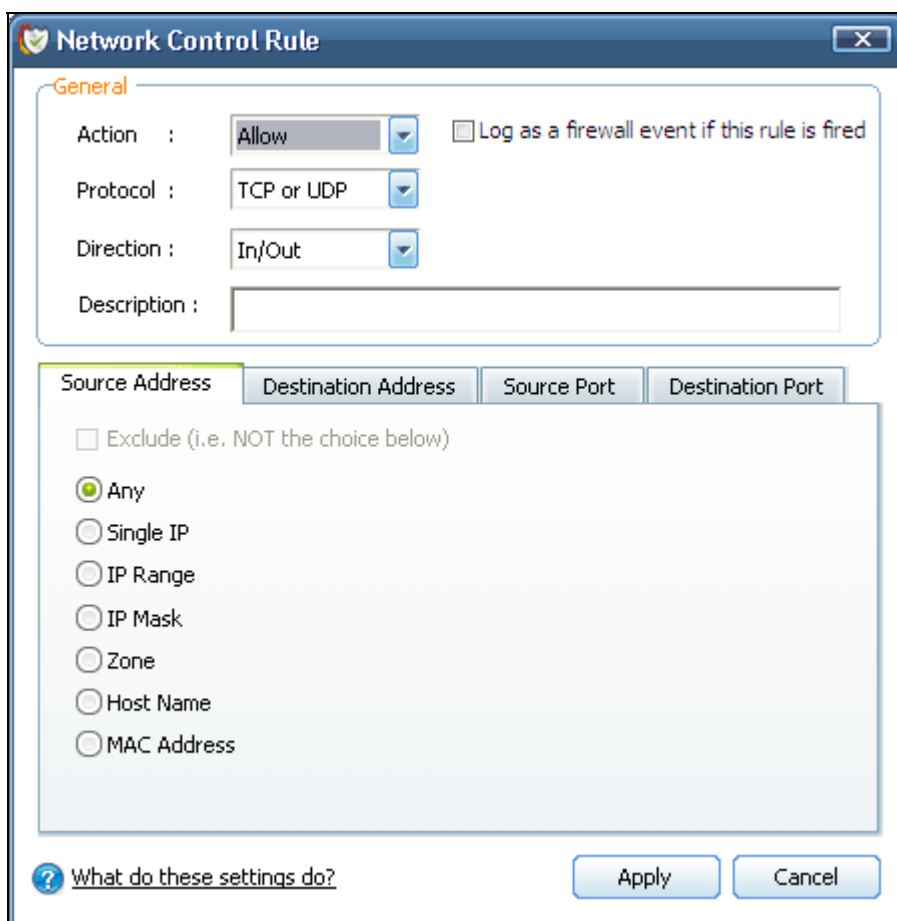
** If you chose to add a descriptive name when creating the rule then this name will be displayed here rather than it's full parameters. See the next section, '[Adding and Editing a Network Control Rule](#)', for more details.*

*** If you selected 'Log as a firewall event if this rule is fired' then the action will be post fixed with "& Log". (e.g. Block & Log).*

Adding and Editing a Network Control Rule

The Network Control Rule Interface is used to configure the actions and conditions of an individual network control rule. If you are not an experienced firewall user or are unsure about the settings in this area, we advise you first gain some background knowledge by reading the sections '[Understanding Network Control Rules](#)' , '[Overview of Rules and Policies](#)' and '[Creating and Modifying Network Policies](#)'.

General Settings



The screenshot shows the 'Network Control Rule' dialog box with the 'General' tab selected. The 'Action' is set to 'Allow', 'Protocol' is 'TCP or UDP', and 'Direction' is 'In/Out'. The 'Log as a firewall event if this rule is fired' checkbox is unchecked. The 'Description' field is empty. Below the 'General' tab are four sub-tabs: 'Source Address', 'Destination Address', 'Source Port', and 'Destination Port'. The 'Source Address' sub-tab is active, showing a list of options: 'Exclude (i.e. NOT the choice below)', 'Any' (selected), 'Single IP', 'IP Range', 'IP Mask', 'Zone', 'Host Name', and 'MAC Address'. At the bottom, there is a help link 'What do these settings do?', and 'Apply' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Action: Define the action the firewall will take when the conditions of the rule are met. Options available via the drop down menu are '**Allow**', '**Block**' or '**Ask**'.

Protocol: Allows the user to specify which protocol the data packet should be using. Options available via the drop down menu are '**TCP**', '**UDP**', '**TCP or UDP**', '**ICMP**' or '**IP**' (note: your choice here alters the choices available to you in the tab structure on the lower half of the interface)

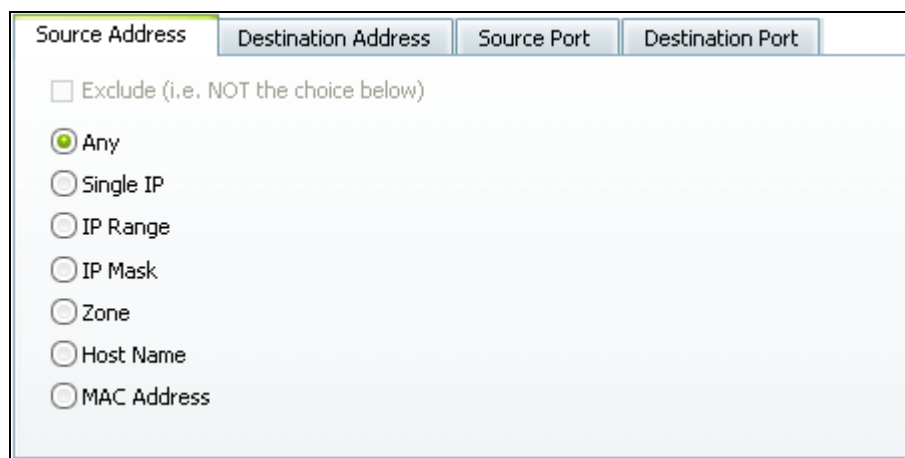
Direction: Allows the user to define which direction the packets should be traveling. Options available via the drop down menu are '**In**', '**Out**' or '**In/Out**'

Log as a firewall event if this rule is fired: Checking this option will create a entry in the [firewall event log viewer](#) whenever this rule is called into operation. (i.e. when ALL conditions have been met).

Description: Allows you to type a friendly name for the rule. Some users find it more intuitive to name a rule by it's intended purpose. ('Allow Outgoing HTTP requests'). If you create a friendly name, then this will be displayed to represent instead of the full actions/conditions in the [main Application Rules Interface](#) and the [Application Network Access Control](#) interface.

TCP' or '**UPD**' or '**TCP or UDP**'

If you select 'TCP' or 'UDP' or 'TCP or UDP' as the Protocol for your network, then you will have to define the source and destination IP addresses and ports receiving and sending the information.



Source Address and Destination Address:

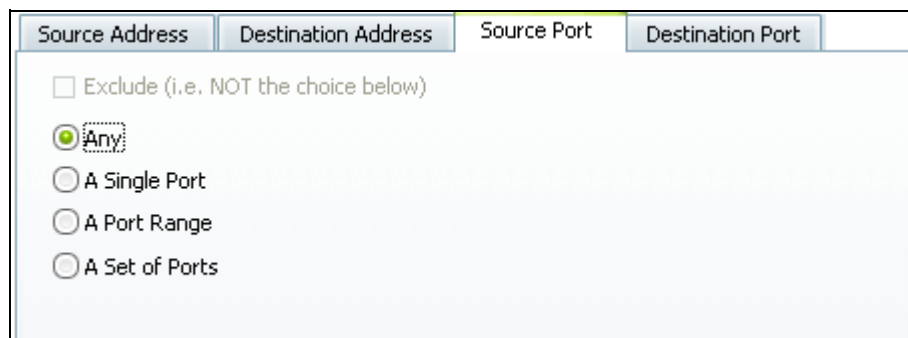
1. You can choose any IP Address by selecting 'Any' .This menu defaults to an IP range of 0.0.0.0-255.255.255.255 to allow connection from all IP addresses.
2. You can choose a Single IP address by selecting 'Single IP' and entering the IP address in the IP address text box, e.g., 192.168.200.113.
3. You can choose an 'IP Range' by selecting IP Range - for example the range in your private network and entering the IP addresses in the Start Range and End Range text boxes.
4. You can choose 'IP Mask' by selecting IP Mask. IP networks can be divided into smaller networks called subnet works (or subnets). An IP address/ Mask is a subnet defined by IP address and mask of the network. Enter the IP address and Mask of the network.
5. You can choose an entire network zone by selecting 'Zone' .This menu defaults to Local Area Network. But you can also define your own zone by first creating a Zone through the '[My Network Zones](#)' area.
6. You can choose a named host by selecting a 'Host Name' which denotes your IP address.
7. You can choose a MAC Address by selecting MAC Address and entering the address in the address text box.

Exclude (i.e. NOT the choice below)

The opposite of what you specify is applicable. For example, if you are creating an 'Allow' rule and you check the 'Exclude' box in the 'Source IP' tab and enter values for the IP range, then that IP range will be excluded . You will have to create a separate 'Allow' rule for the range of IP addresses that you DO want to use.

Source Port and Destination Port:

Enter the source and destination Port in the text box.



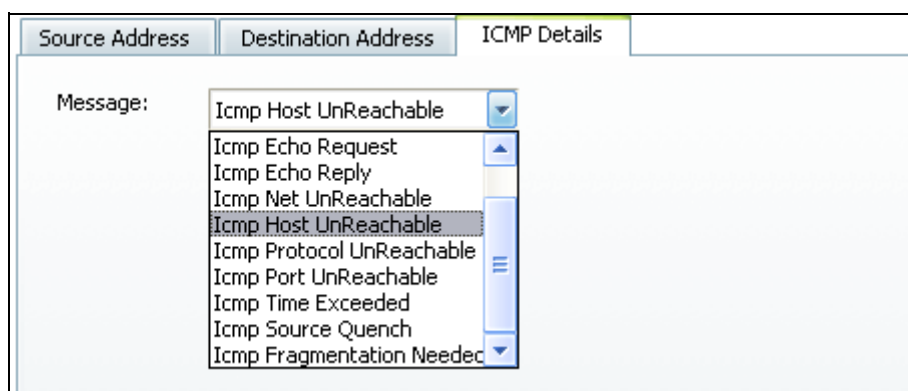
1. You can choose any port number by selecting 'Any' - set by default , 0- 65535.
2. You can choose a Single Port number by selecting 'Single Port' and selecting the single port numbers from the list.
3. You can choose a Port Range by selecting 'Port Range' and selecting the port numbers from the From and To list.
4. You can choose a predefined [Port Set](#) by choosing 'A Set of Ports'. If you wish to create a port set then please see the section '[My Port Sets](#)'.

ICMP

When you select ICMP as the protocol in [General Settings](#), you will be shown a list of ICMP message type in the 'ICMP Details' tab alongside the [Source Address and Destination Address](#) tabs. The last two tabs are configured identically to the [explanation above](#). You will not see the source and destination port tabs.

ICMP Details

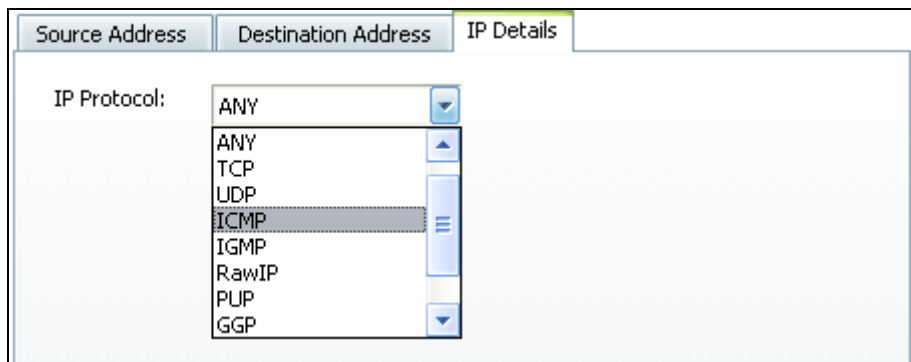
ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol) packets contain error and control information which is used to announce network errors, network congestion, timeouts, and to assist in troubleshooting. It is used mainly for performing traces and pings. Pinging is frequently used to perform a quick test before attempting to initiate communications. If you are using or have used a peer-to-peer file-sharing program, you might find yourself being pinged a lot. So you can create rules to allow / block specific types of ping requests. With Comodo Internet Security Pro you can create rules to allow/ deny in-bound ICMP packets that provide you with information and minimize security risk.



1. Type in the source/ destination IP address. Source IP is the IP address from which the traffic originated and destination IP is the IP address of the computer that is receiving packets of information.
2. Specify ICMP Message , Types and Codes. An ICMP message includes a Message that specifies the type, that is, the format of the ICMP message.
When you select a particular ICMP message, the menu defaults to set its code and type as well. If you select the ICMP message type 'Custom' then you will be asked to specify the code and type.
3. If you want to be alerted when this rule is met , check the box 'Create an alert when this rule is fired'.

IP

When you select IP as the protocol in [General Settings](#), you will be shown a list of ICMP message type in the 'ICMP Details' tab alongside the [Source Address](#) and [Destination Address](#) tabs. The last two tabs are configured identically to the [explanation above](#). You will not see the source and destination port tabs.

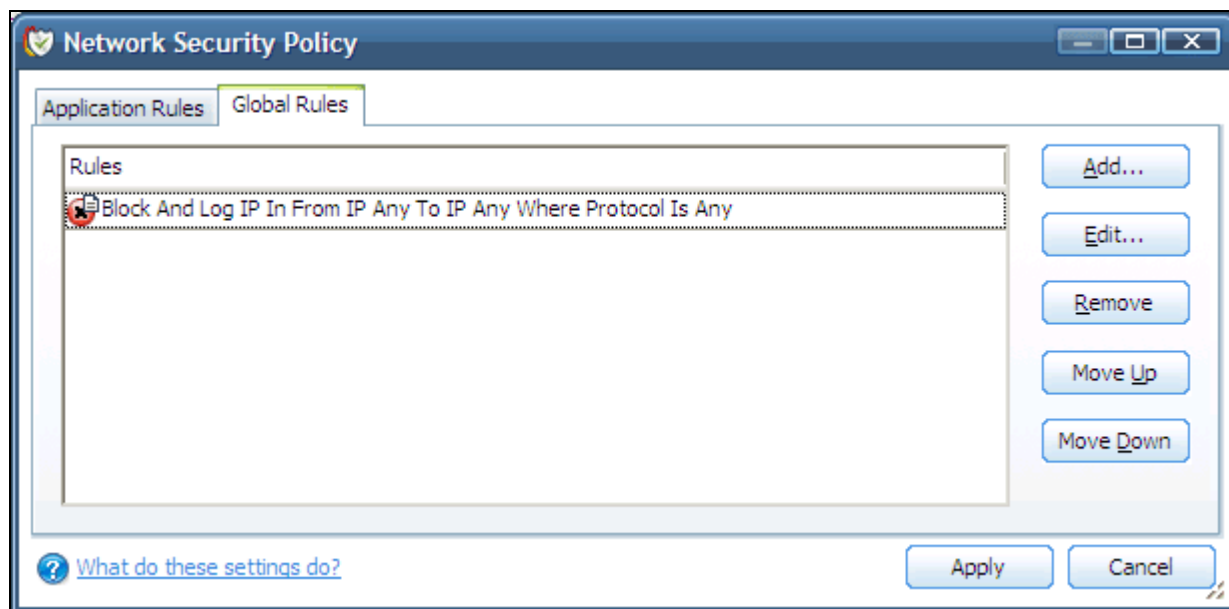


IP Details

Select the types of IP protocol that you wish to allow. The IP protocols listed are ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol), IGMP (Internet Group Management Protocol), GGP (Gateway-to-Gateway Protocol) , TCP (Transmission Control Protocol) UDP (User Datagram Protocol) and PUP (Parc Universal Packet).

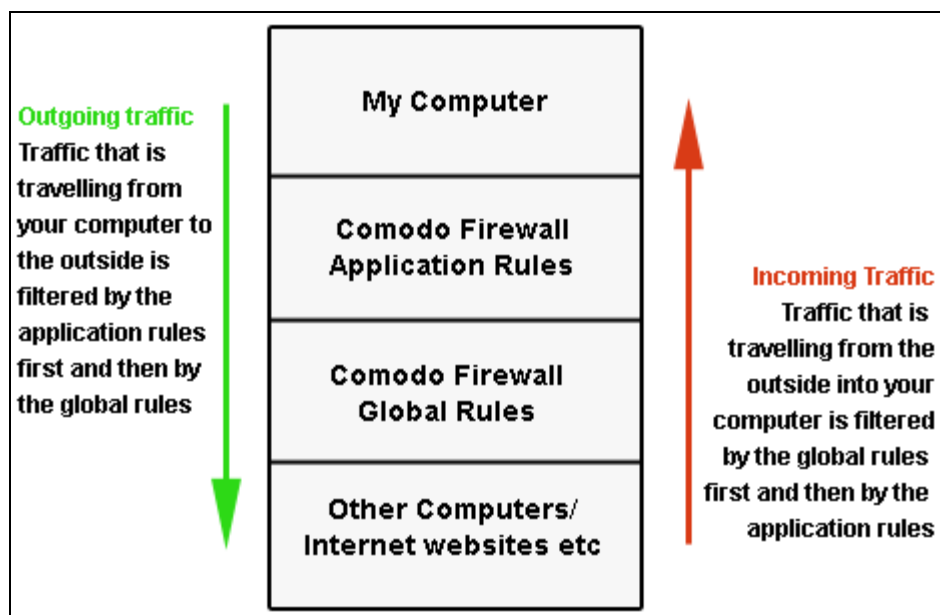
Global Rules

Unlike application rules, which are applied to and triggered by traffic relating to a specific application, Global Rules are applied to ALL traffic traveling in and out of your computer.



Comodo Internet Security Pro analyses every packet of data in and out of your PC using combination of Application and Global Rules.

- For Outgoing connection attempts, the application rules are consulted first and the global rules second.
- For Incoming connection attempts, the global rules are consulted first and the application rules second.



Therefore, outgoing traffic has to 'pass' both the application rule then any global rules before it is allowed out of your system. Similarly, incoming traffic has to 'pass' any global rules first then application specific rules that may apply to the packet.

Global Rules are mainly, but not exclusively, used to filter incoming traffic for protocols other than TCP or UDP.

The configuration of Global Rules is identical to that for application rules. To add a global rule, click the 'Add...' button on the right. To edit an existing global rule, right click and select 'edit'.

See [Application Network Access Control interface](#) for an introduction to the rule setting interface

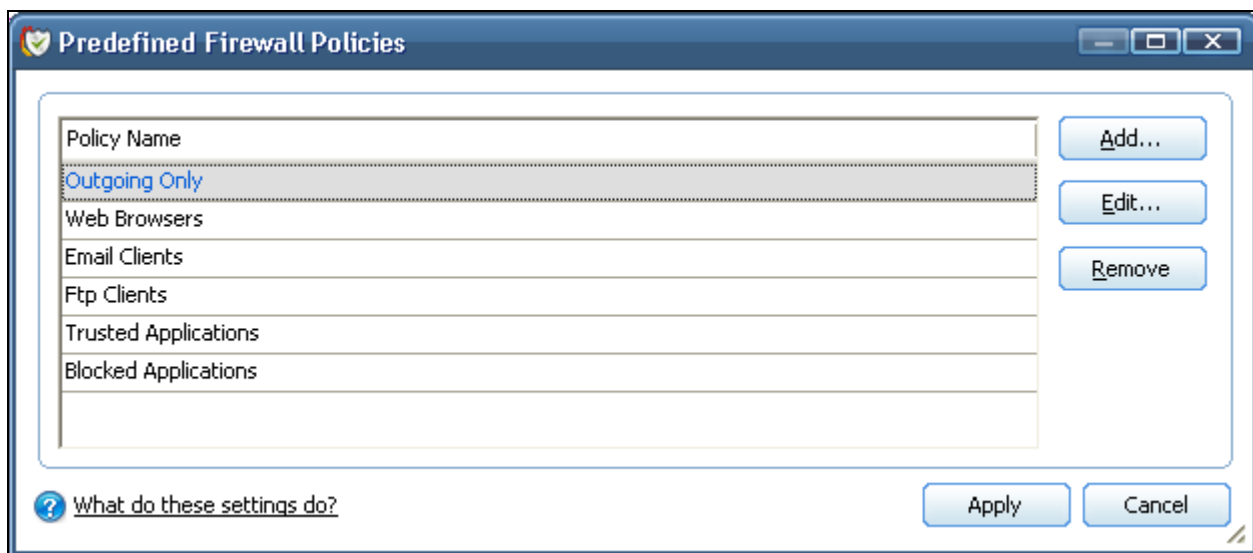
See [Understanding Network Control Rules](#) for an overview of the meaning, construction and importance of individual rules

See [Adding and Editing a Network Control Rule](#) for an explanation of individual rule configuration

3.2 Pre-defined Firewall Policies

As the name suggests, a predefined firewall policy is a set of one or more individual network control rules that have been saved and can be re-used and deployed on multiple applications. (Note - this section is for advanced and experienced users. If you are a novice user or are new to Comodo Internet Security Pro, we advise you first read the [Network Security Policy](#) section in this help guide if you have not already done so).

Although each application's firewall policy *could* be defined from the ground up by individually configuring its constituent rules, this practice may prove time consuming if it had to be performed for every single program on your system. For this reason, Comodo Internet Security Pro contains a selection of predefined policies according to broad application category. For example, you may choose to apply the policy 'Web Browser' to the applications 'Internet Explorer', 'FireFox' and 'Opera'. Each predefined policy has been specifically designed by Comodo to optimize the security level of a certain type of application. Users can, of course, modify these predefined policies to suit their environment and requirements. (for example, you may wish to keep the 'Web Browsers' name but wish to redefine the parameters of its rules).



To view or edit an existing predefined policy:

- Double click on the Policy Name in the list.
- Select the Policy Name in the list, right-click and choose 'Edit'.
- Select the Policy Name and click the 'Edit...' button on the right.

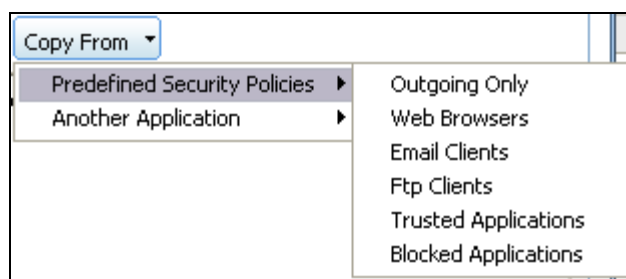
Details of the process from this point on can be found [here](#).

To add a new predefined policy, click the 'Add...' button. This will launch the policy creation dialog shown below.



As this is a new predefined policy, you will need to name it in the text field at the top. It is advised that you choose a name that accurately describes the category/type of application you wish to define policy for. Next you should add and configure the individual rules for this policy. See ['Adding and Editing a Network Control Rule'](#) for more advice on this.

Once created, this policy can be quickly called as a 'Predefined Policy' when [creating or modifying a network policy](#).

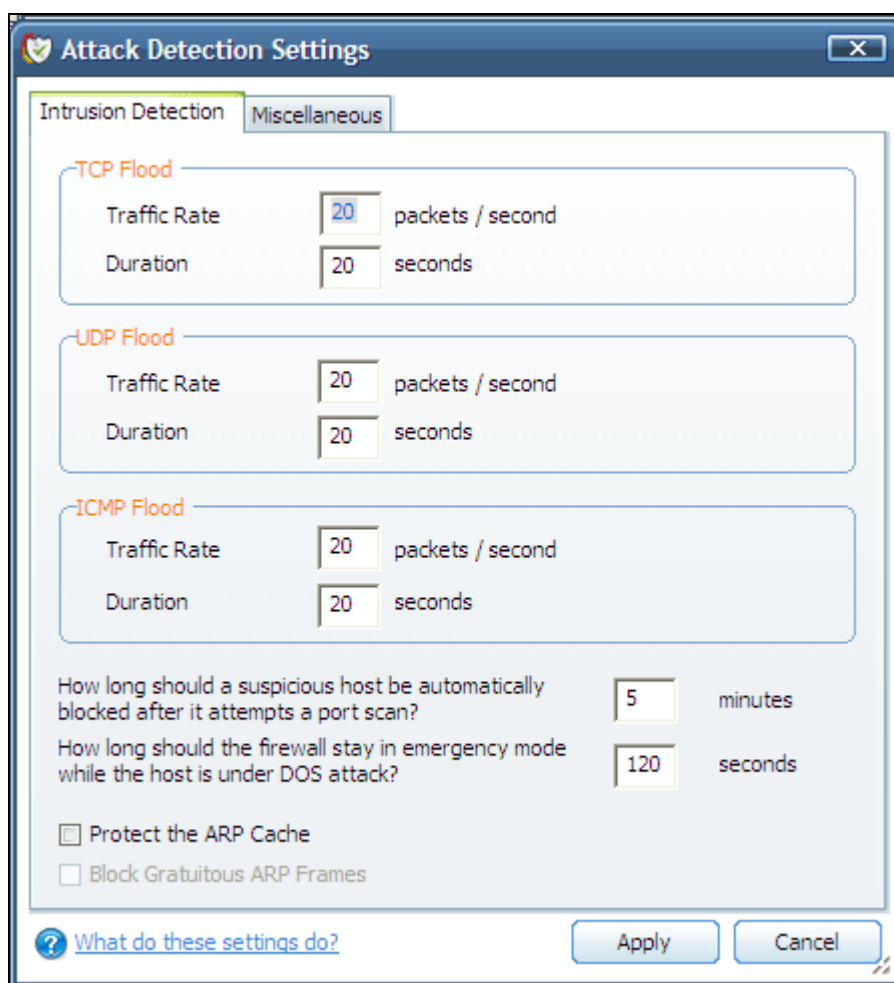


3.3 Attack Detection Settings

'Intrusion Detection' tab

Comodo Internet Security Pro features advanced detection settings to help protect your computer against common types of denial of service (DoS) attack. When launching a denial of service or 'flood' attack, an attacker bombards a target machine with so many connection requests that your computer is unable to accept legitimate connections, effectively shutting down your web, email, FTP or VPN server.

The Attack Detection Settings area allows you to configure the parameters of this protection.



TCP Flood / UDP Flood / ICMP Flood

Flood attacks happen when thousands of packets of data are sent from a spoofed IP source address to a victim's machine. The victim's machine automatically sends back a response to these requests (a SYN packet) and waits for an acknowledgment (an ACK packet). But, because they were "sent" from a spoofed IP address, the victim's machine will never receive any responses/acknowledgment packets. This results in a backlog of unanswered requests that begins to fill up the victim's connection table. When the connection table is full, the victim's machine will refuse to accept any new connections - which means your computer will no longer be able to connect to the Internet, send email, use FTP services etc. When this is done multiple times from multiple sources it floods the victim machine, which has a limit of unacknowledged responses it can handle, and may cause it to crash.

By default, Comodo Internet Security Pro is configured to accept traffic using TCP, UDP and ICMP protocols at a maximum rate of packets per second for a set duration of time. The defaults are for all three protocols are set at 20 packets per second for a continuous duration of 20 seconds. The number of packets per second and the maximum duration that the firewall should accept packets at this rate can be reconfigured to the user's preference by altering the appropriate field. If these thresholds are exceeded, a DOS attack is detected and the Firewall goes into emergency mode.

The firewall will stay in emergency mode for the duration set by user. By default this is set at 120 seconds. Users can alter this time length to their own preference by configuring [How long should the firewall stay in emergency mode while the host is under DOS attack?](#) In emergency mode, all inbound traffic is blocked except those previously established and active connections. However, all outbound traffic is still allowed.

Users also have the option to configure how long to block incoming traffic from a host suspected of perpetrating a port scan. The default is 5 minutes. During this time, no traffic will be accepted from the host.

How long should a suspicious host be automatically blocked after it attempts a port scan?

If a port scan is detected, the Firewall identifies the host scanning your system as suspicious and automatically blocks it for a set period of time - by default 5 minutes. During these 5 minutes, the suspicious host cannot access the user's system but the user's system can access it.

How long should the firewall stay in emergency mode whilst the host is under DOS attack?

When a DOS is detected, the Firewall goes into emergency mode for a fixed period of time - set by default to 120 seconds. Users can configure the length of time to their own preferences.

Protect the ARP Cache

Checking this option means Comodo Internet Security Pro will start performing stateful inspection of ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) connections. This will block spoof ARP requests and protect your computer from ARP cache poisoning attacks.

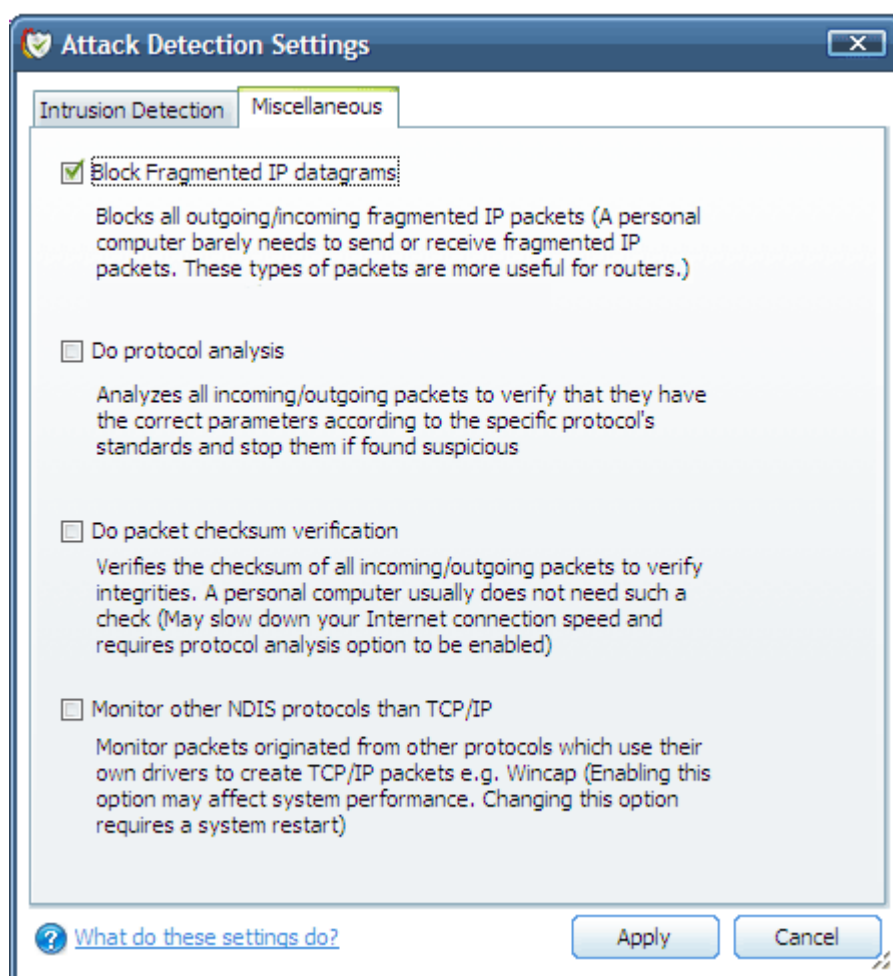
The ARP Cache (or ARP Table) is a record of IP addresses stored on your computer that is used to map IP addresses to MAC addresses. Stateful inspection involves the analysis of data within the lowest levels of the protocol stack and comparing the current session to previous ones in order to detect suspicious activity.

Background - Every device on a network has two addresses: a MAC (Media Access Control) address and an IP (Internet Protocol) address. The MAC address is the address of the physical network interface card inside the device, and never changes for the life of the device (in other words, the network card inside your PC has a hardcoded MAC address that it will keep even if you install it in a different machine.) On the other hand, the IP address can change if the machine moves to another part of the network or the network uses DHCP to assign dynamic IP addresses. In order to correctly route a packet of data from a host to the destination network card it is essential to maintain a record of the correlation between a device's IP address and its MAC address. The Address Resolution Protocol performs this function by matching an IP address to its appropriate MAC address (and vice versa). The ARP cache is a record of all the IP and MAC addresses that your computer has matched together.

Hackers can potentially alter a computer's ARP cache of matching IP/MAC address pairs to launch a variety of attacks including, Denial of Service attacks, Man in the Middle attacks and MAC address flooding and ARP request spoofing. It should be noted, that a successful ARP attack is almost always dependent on the hacker having physical access to your network or direct control of a machine on your network - therefore this setting is of more relevance to network administrators than home users.

Block gratuitous ARP frames

A gratuitous ARP frame is an ARP Reply that is broadcast to all machines in a network and is not in response to any ARP Request. When an ARP Reply is broadcast, all hosts are required to update their local ARP caches, whether or not the ARP Reply was in response to an ARP Request they had issued. Gratuitous ARP frames are important as they update your machine's ARP cache whenever there is a change to another machine on the network (for example, if a network card is replaced in a machine on the network, then a gratuitous ARP frame will inform your machine of this change and request to update your ARP cache so that data can be correctly routed). Enabling this setting you will block such requests - protecting the ARP cache from potentially malicious updates.

'Miscellaneous' tab**Block fragmented IP Datagrams**

When a connection is opened between two computers, they must agree on a Mass Transmission Unit (MTU). IP Datagram fragmentation occurs when data passes through a router with an MTU less than the MTU you are using i.e when a datagram is larger than the MTU of the network over which it must be sent, it is divided into smaller 'fragments' which are each sent separately. Fragmented IP packets can create threats similar to a DOS attack. Moreover, these fragmentations can double the amount of time it takes to send a single packet and slow down your download time.

Comodo Internet Security Pro is set by default to block fragmented IP datagrams i.e the option Block Fragmented IP datagrams is checked by default.

Do Protocol Analysis

Protocol Analysis is key to the detection of fake packets used in denial of service attacks. Checking this option means Comodo Internet Security Pro checks every packet conforms to that protocols standards. If not, then the packets are blocked.

Do Packet Checksum Verification

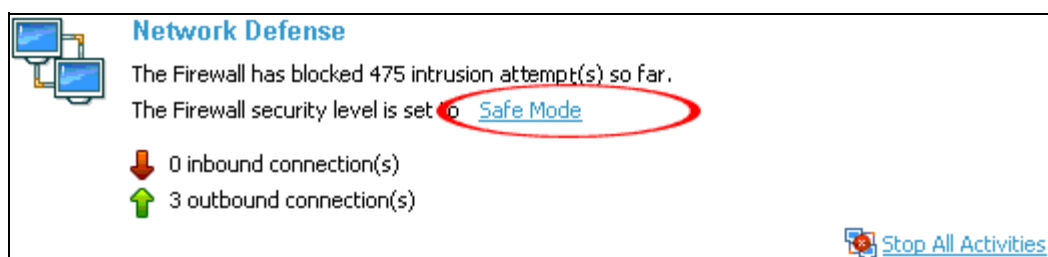
Every packet of data sent to your machine has a signature attached. With this option enabled, Comodo Internet Security Pro will recalculate the checksum of the incoming packet and compare this against the checksum stated in the signature. If the two do not match then the packet has been altered since transmission and Comodo Internet Security Pro will block it. Although this feature has security benefits it is also very resource intensive and your Internet connection speed may take a large hit if checksum verification is performed on each packet. This feature is intended for use by advanced users and Comodo advise most home users not to enable this feature.

Monitor other NDIS protocols than TCP/IP

This will force Comodo Internet Security Pro to capture the packets belonging to any other protocol other than TCP/IP. Trojans *can potentially* use their own protocol driver to send/receive packets. This option is useful to catch such attempts. This option is disabled by default: because it can reduce system performance and may be incompatible with some protocol drivers.

3.4 Firewall Behavior Settings

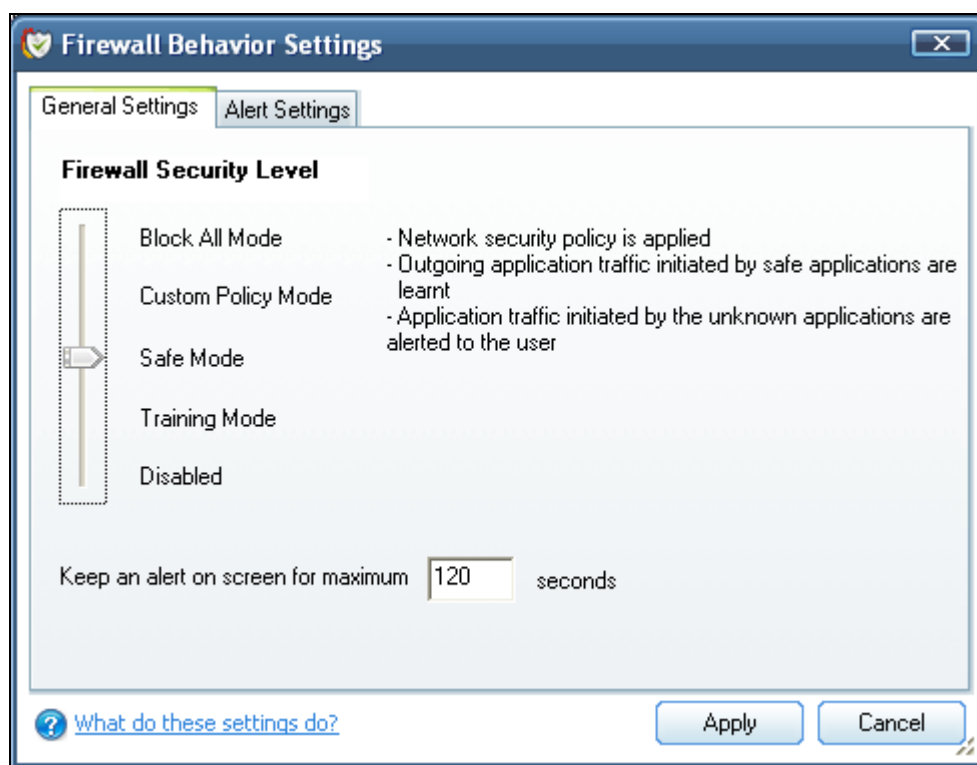
Firewall Behavior Settings allows you to quickly configure the security of your computer and the frequency of alerts that are generated. This dialog box can be accessed in the 'Advanced' section of 'Firewall Tasks' and, more immediately, by clicking on the blue text next to 'Firewall Security Level' on the [Summary Screen](#) (shown below).



'General Settings' tab

Comodo Internet Security Pro allows you to customize firewall security by using the Firewall Security Level slider to change preset security levels.

The choices available are: Block All, Custom Policy Mode, Safe mode (default), Training Mode and Disabled. The setting you choose here will also be displayed on the summary screen.



- **Block All Mode:** The firewall blocks all traffic in and out of your computer regardless of any user-defined configuration and rules. The firewall will not attempt to learn the behavior of any applications and will not automatically create traffic rules for any applications. Choosing this option will effectively prevent your computer from accessing any networks, including the Internet.
- **Custom Policy Mode:** The firewall applies ONLY the custom security configurations and [network traffic policies](#) specified by the user. New users may want to think of this as the 'Do Not Learn' setting because the firewall will not attempt to learn the behavior of any applications. Nor will it automatically create network traffic rules for those applications. You will receive alerts every time there is a connection attempt by an application - even for applications on the Comodo Safe list (unless, of course, you have specified rules and policies that instruct the firewall to trust the application's connection attempt).

If any application tries to make a connection to the outside, the firewall audits all the loaded components and checks each against the list of components already allowed or blocked. If a component is found to be blocked, the entire application is denied Internet access and an alert is generated. This setting is advised for experienced firewall users that wish to maximize the visibility and control over traffic in and out of their computer.

- **Safe mode:** While filtering network traffic, the firewall will automatically create rules that allow all traffic for the components of applications certified as 'Safe' by Comodo. For non-certified new applications, you will receive an alert whenever that application attempts to access the network. Should you choose, you can grant that application Internet access by choosing 'Treat this application as a Trusted Application' at the alert. This will deploy the [predefined firewall policy](#) 'Trusted Application' onto the application.

'Safe mode' is the recommended setting for most users - combining the highest levels of security with an easy-to-manage number of connection alerts.

- **Training Mode :** The firewall will monitor network traffic and create automatic allow rules for all new applications until the security level is adjusted. You will not receive any alerts in 'Training Mode' mode. If you choose the 'Training Mode' setting, we advise that you are 100% sure that all applications installed on your computer are assigned the [correct network access rights](#).

Tip: Use this setting temporarily while playing an online game for the first time. This will suppress all alerts while

the firewall learns the components of the game that need Internet access and automatically create 'allow' rules for them. Afterwards you can switch back to your previous mode.

- **Disabled:** Disables the firewall and makes it inactive. All incoming and outgoing connections are allowed irrespective of the restrictions set by the user. Comodo strongly advise against this setting unless you are sure that you are not currently connected to any local or wireless networks.

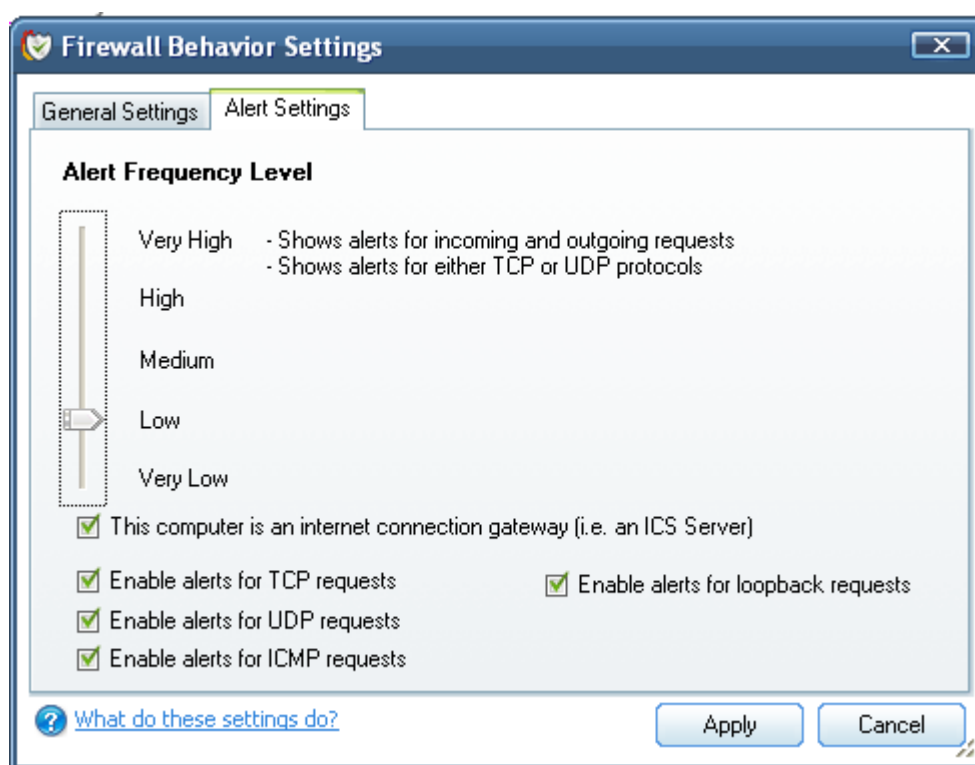
Keep an alert on screen for maximum (n) seconds

Determines how long the Firewall will show an alert for without any user intervention. By default, the timeout is set at 120 seconds. You may adjust this setting to your own preference.

'Alert Settings' tab

Users can configure the amount of alerts that Comodo Internet Security Pro generates using the slider on this tab. Raising or lowering the slider will change the amount of alerts accordingly. It should be noted that this does not affect your security, which is determined by the rules you have configured (for example, in '[Network Security Policy](#)'). For the majority of users, the default setting of 'Low' is the perfect level - ensuring you are kept informed of connection attempts and suspicious behaviors whilst not overwhelming you with alert messages.

The Alert Frequency settings refer only to connection attempts by applications or from IP addresses that you have not (yet) decided to trust. For example, you could specify a very high alert frequency level, but will not receive any alerts at all if you have chosen to trust the application that is making the connection attempt.



- **Very High:** The firewall will show separate alerts for outgoing and incoming connection requests for both TCP and UDP protocols on specific ports and for specific IP addresses, for an application. This setting provides the highest degree of visibility to inbound and outbound connection attempts but leads to a proliferation of firewall alerts. For example, using a browser to connect to your Internet home-page may generate as many as 5 separate alerts for an outgoing TCP connection alone.

- **High:** The firewall will show separate alerts for outgoing and incoming connection requests for both TCP and UDP protocols on specific ports for an application.
- **Medium:** The firewall will show alerts for outgoing and incoming connection requests for both TCP and UDP protocols for an application.
- **Low:** The firewall will show alerts for outgoing and incoming connection requests for an application. This is the setting recommended by Comodo and is suitable for the majority of users.
- **Very Low:** The firewall will show only one alert for an application.

Checkboxes

This computer is an Internet connection gateway (i.e. an ICS server) – An Internet Connection Sharing Server (ICS) is a computer that shares its connection to the Internet with other computers that are connected to it by LAN. i.e. the other computers access the Internet through this computer.

Designating a computer as an ICS server can be useful in some corporate and home environments that have more than one computer but which have only one connection to the Internet. For example, you might have 2 computers in your home but only one connection. Setting one as an ICS server allows both of them to access the Internet.

- Leave this box unchecked if no other computers connect to your computer via Local Area Network to share your connection. This will be the situation for the vast majority of home and business users.
- Check this option if this computer has been configured as an Internet Connection Sharing server through which other computers connect to the Internet.

Note: If your computer is indeed an ICS server but you leave this box unchecked then you are likely to see an increase in Firewall alerts. Selecting this checkbox does not decrease the security but tells the firewall to handle ICS requests too. So it just activates some additional functionality and helps reduce the number of alerts.

Q: “I have more than one computer in my home and both connect to the Internet. Should I check this box?”

A: In most cases no. Having more than one computer in your home, both of which connect to the ‘net via a router or wireless connection, is not the same as ‘sharing’ a connection in the sense that we mean here. Only check this box if you know that you have designated this computer as an ICS server.

Enable alerts for TCP requests / Enable alerts for UDP requests / Enable alerts for ICMP requests/ Enable Alerts for loopback requests - In conjunction with the slider, these checkboxes allow you to fine-tune the number of alerts you see according to protocol.

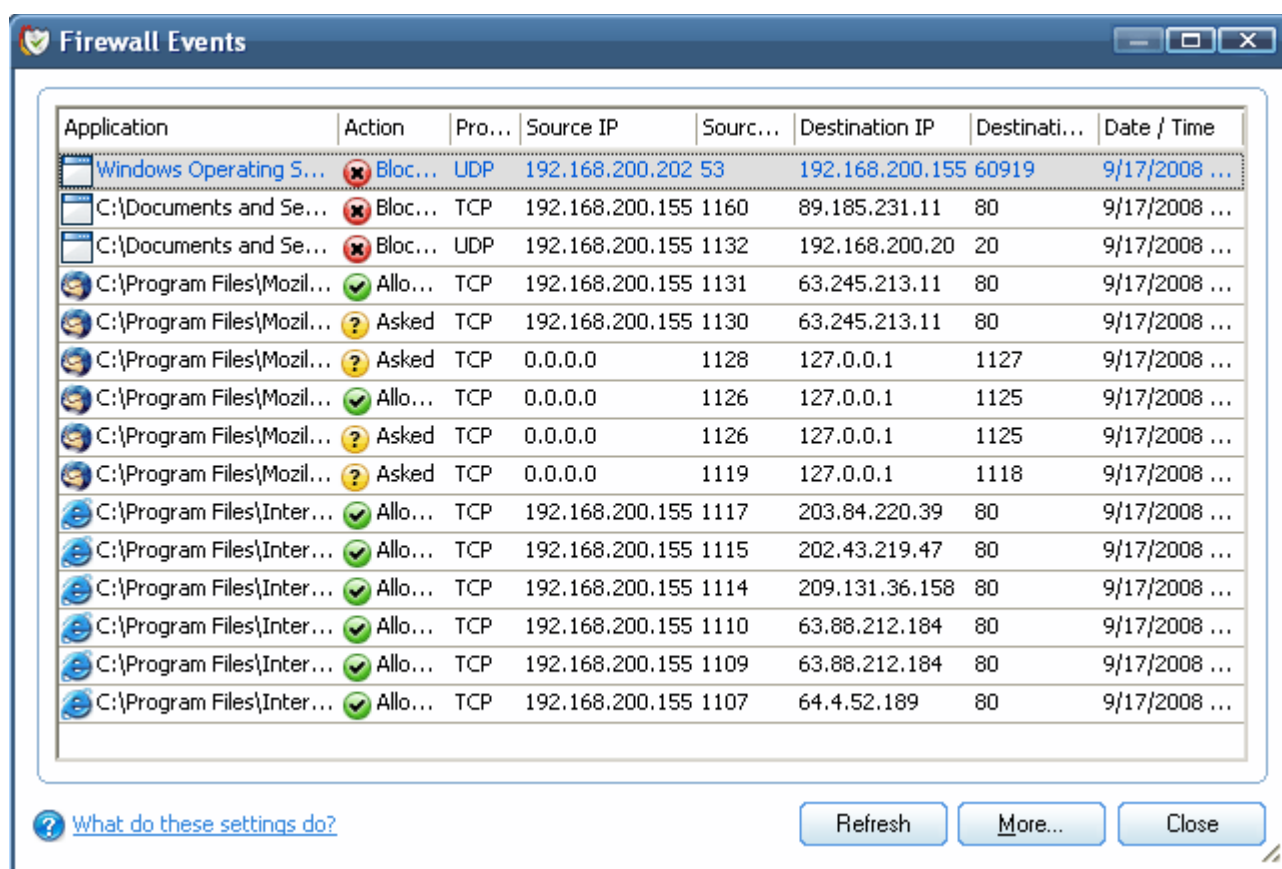
3.5 View Firewall Events

The 'View Firewall Events' area contains logs of actions taken by the firewall. A 'Firewall Event' is recorded whenever an application or process makes a connection attempt that contravenes a rule your Network Security Policy.

Note: You must have checked the box 'Log as a firewall event if this rule is fired' for the event to be logged while defining network control rules under Network Security Policy.

To view Firewall events

- Click **View Firewall Events** in the common tasks of Firewall task center.



Application	Action	Pro...	Source IP	Sourc...	Destination IP	Destinati...	Date / Time
Windows Operating S...	Blocked	UDP	192.168.200.202	53	192.168.200.155	60919	9/17/2008 ...
C:\Documents and Se...	Blocked	TCP	192.168.200.155	1160	89.185.231.11	80	9/17/2008 ...
C:\Documents and Se...	Blocked	UDP	192.168.200.155	1132	192.168.200.20	20	9/17/2008 ...
C:\Program Files\Mozil...	Allowed	TCP	192.168.200.155	1131	63.245.213.11	80	9/17/2008 ...
C:\Program Files\Mozil...	Asked	TCP	192.168.200.155	1130	63.245.213.11	80	9/17/2008 ...
C:\Program Files\Mozil...	Asked	TCP	0.0.0.0	1128	127.0.0.1	1127	9/17/2008 ...
C:\Program Files\Mozil...	Allowed	TCP	0.0.0.0	1126	127.0.0.1	1125	9/17/2008 ...
C:\Program Files\Mozil...	Asked	TCP	0.0.0.0	1126	127.0.0.1	1125	9/17/2008 ...
C:\Program Files\Mozil...	Asked	TCP	0.0.0.0	1119	127.0.0.1	1118	9/17/2008 ...
C:\Program Files\Inter...	Allowed	TCP	192.168.200.155	1117	203.84.220.39	80	9/17/2008 ...
C:\Program Files\Inter...	Allowed	TCP	192.168.200.155	1115	202.43.219.47	80	9/17/2008 ...
C:\Program Files\Inter...	Allowed	TCP	192.168.200.155	1114	209.131.36.158	80	9/17/2008 ...
C:\Program Files\Inter...	Allowed	TCP	192.168.200.155	1110	63.88.212.184	80	9/17/2008 ...
C:\Program Files\Inter...	Allowed	TCP	192.168.200.155	1109	63.88.212.184	80	9/17/2008 ...
C:\Program Files\Inter...	Allowed	TCP	192.168.200.155	1107	64.4.52.189	80	9/17/2008 ...

What do these settings do? Refresh More... Close

Column Descriptions

- Application** - indicates which application or process propagated the event. If the application has no icon, the default system icon for executable files will be used;
- Action** - indicates how the firewall reacted to the connection attempt.
- Protocol** - represents the Protocol application attempted to use to create the connection. This is usually TCP/IP or UDP - which are the most heavily used networking protocols.
- Source IP** - States the IP address of the host that made the connection attempt.
- Source Port** - States the port number on the host at the source IP which was used to make this connection attempt.
- Destination IP** - States the IP address of the host to which the connection attempt was made. This is usually the IP address of your computer.
- Destination Port** - States the port number on the host at the destination IP to which the connection attempt was made. This usually indicates the port number on your computer.

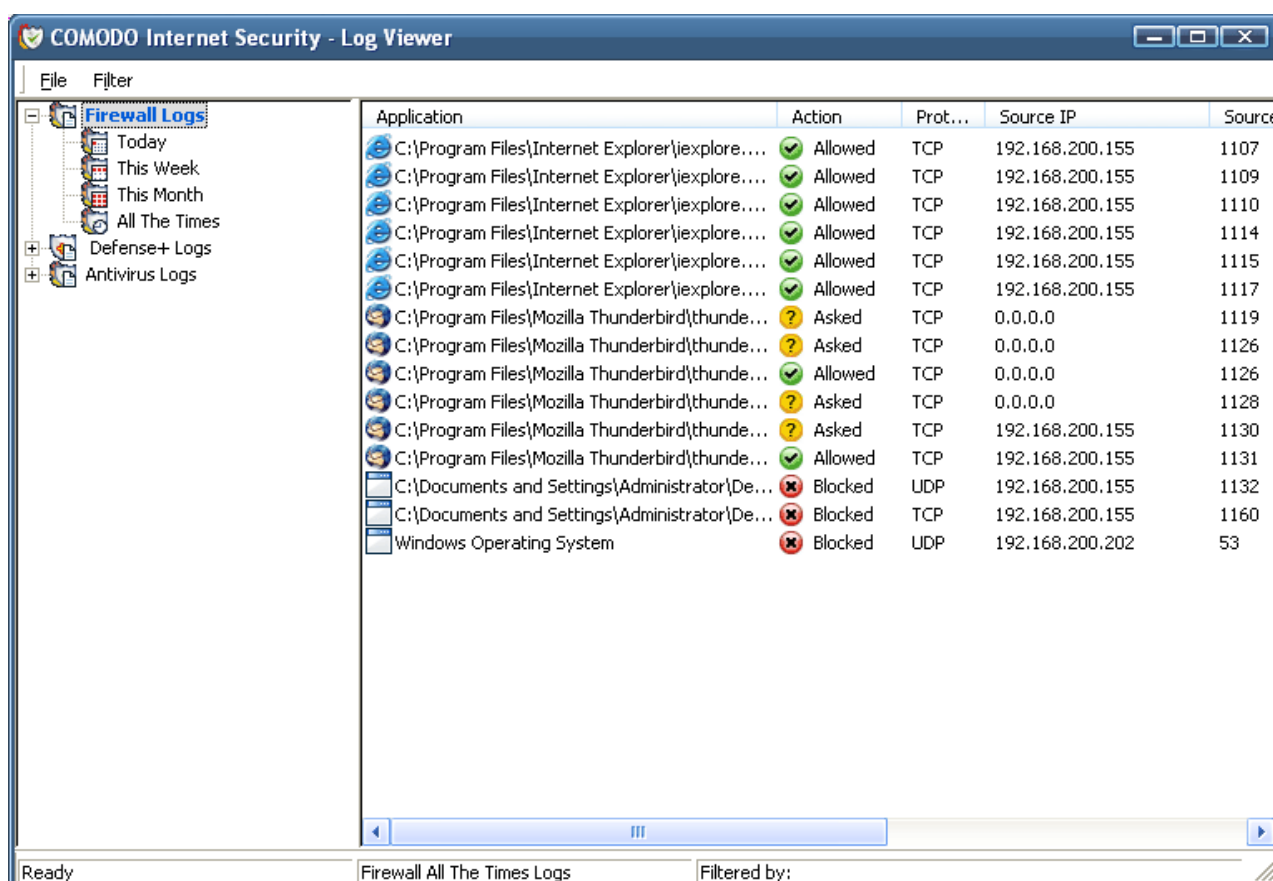
8. **Date/Time** - contains precise details of the date and time of the connection attempt.

'Refresh' - reloads and updates the displayed list to include all events generated since the time you first accessed the 'Firewall Events' area.

'More ...' - clicking this button loads the full, Comodo Internet Security Pro Log Viewer module. See below for more details on this module.

Log Viewer Module

This area contains a full history of logged events for both the Firewall and Defense+ modules. It also allows you to build custom log files based on specific filters and to export log files for archiving or troubleshooting purposes.



The Log Viewer Module is divided into two sections. The left hand panel displays a set of handy, pre-defined time [Filters](#) for both the Firewall and Defense+ event log files. The right hand panel displays the actual events that were logged for the time period you selected in the left hand panel (or the events that correspond to the filtering criteria you selected).

Filtering Log Files

Comodo Internet Security Pro allows you to create custom views of all logged events according to user defined criteria.

Preset Time Filters:

Clicking on any of the preset filters in the left hand panel will alter the display in the right hand panel in the following ways:

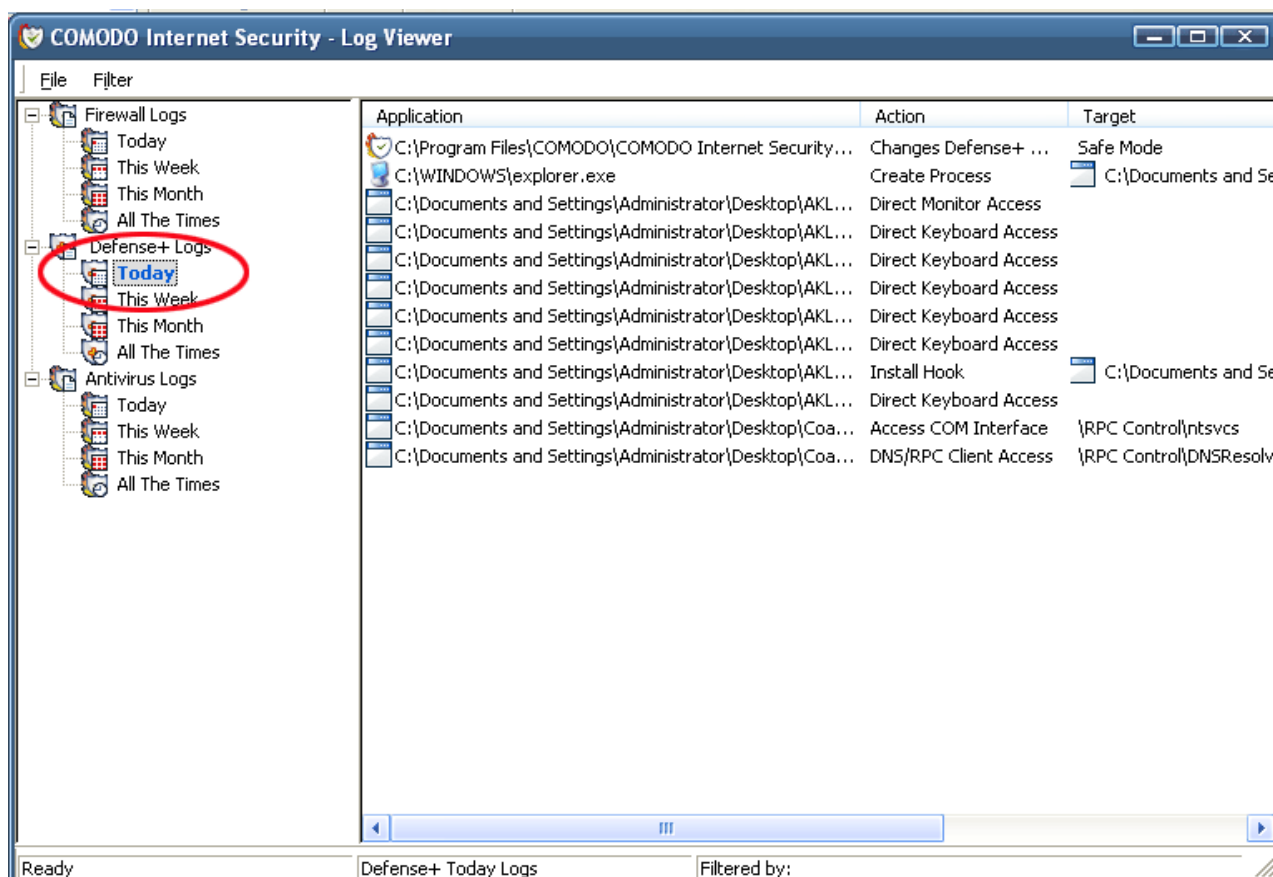
Today - Displays all logged events for today.

This Week - Displays all logged events during the past 7 days.

This Month - Displays all logged events during the past 30 days.

All the Times - Displays every event logged since Comodo Internet Security Pro was installed. (If you have cleared the log history since installation, this option shows all logs created since that clearance).

The example below shows an example display when the Defense+ Logs for 'Today' are displayed.



Note: The type of events logged by the 'Firewall' component of Comodo Internet Security Pro differ to those logged by Defense+ component. This means the information and the columns displayed in the right hand panel will change depending on which type of log you have selected in the left hand panel. For more details on the data shown in the columns, see either [View Firewall Events](#) or [View Defense+ Events](#).

User Defined Filters:

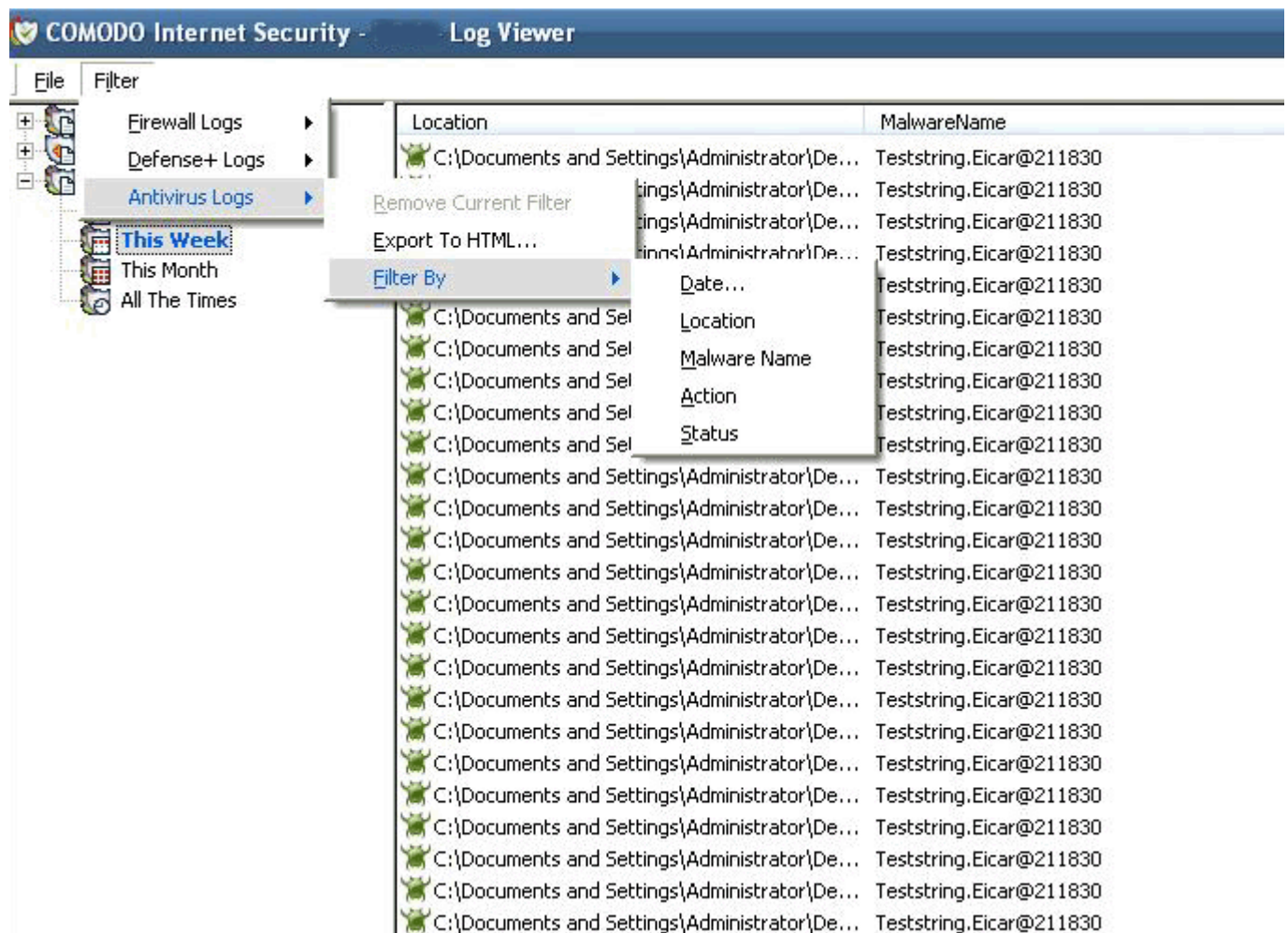
Having chosen a [preset time filter](#) from the left hand panel, you can further refine the displayed events according to specific filters. The type of filters available for Firewall logs differ to those available for Defense+ logs. The table below provides a summary of available filters and their meanings:

Firewall Filters	Defense+ Filters
Date – displays only the events between two user defined dates	Date – displays only the events between two user defined dates
Application Name – displays only the events propagated by a specific application	Application Name – displays only the events propagated by a specific application
Protocol – displays only the events that involved a specific protocol	Target Name – displays only the events that involved a specified target application
Source IP address – displays only the events that originated from a specific IP address	Action – displays events according to the response (or action taken) by the firewall.
Source Port – displays only the events that originated from a specific port number	
Destination IP address - displays only the events with a specific target IP address	
Destination Port - displays only the events with a specific target port number	
Action – displays events according to the response (or action taken) by the firewall. Choices are 'Blocked', Allowed' and 'Unknown'	

You can access the user defined filters in two ways -Click **Filter > Firewall Logs**.

1. Move the cursor on anyone of **Firewall Logs**, **Defense+ Logs** and **Antivirus Logs**.
2. Move the cursor to **Filter By**.
3. Select anyone of the filter options.

Note: For Antivirus, the filter options are available immediately on moving cursor to **Filter By**.



- (ii) Context Sensitive Menu - right click on any event to specify the additional filters corresponding to the respective log chosen. (Antivirus, Firewall and Defense+)

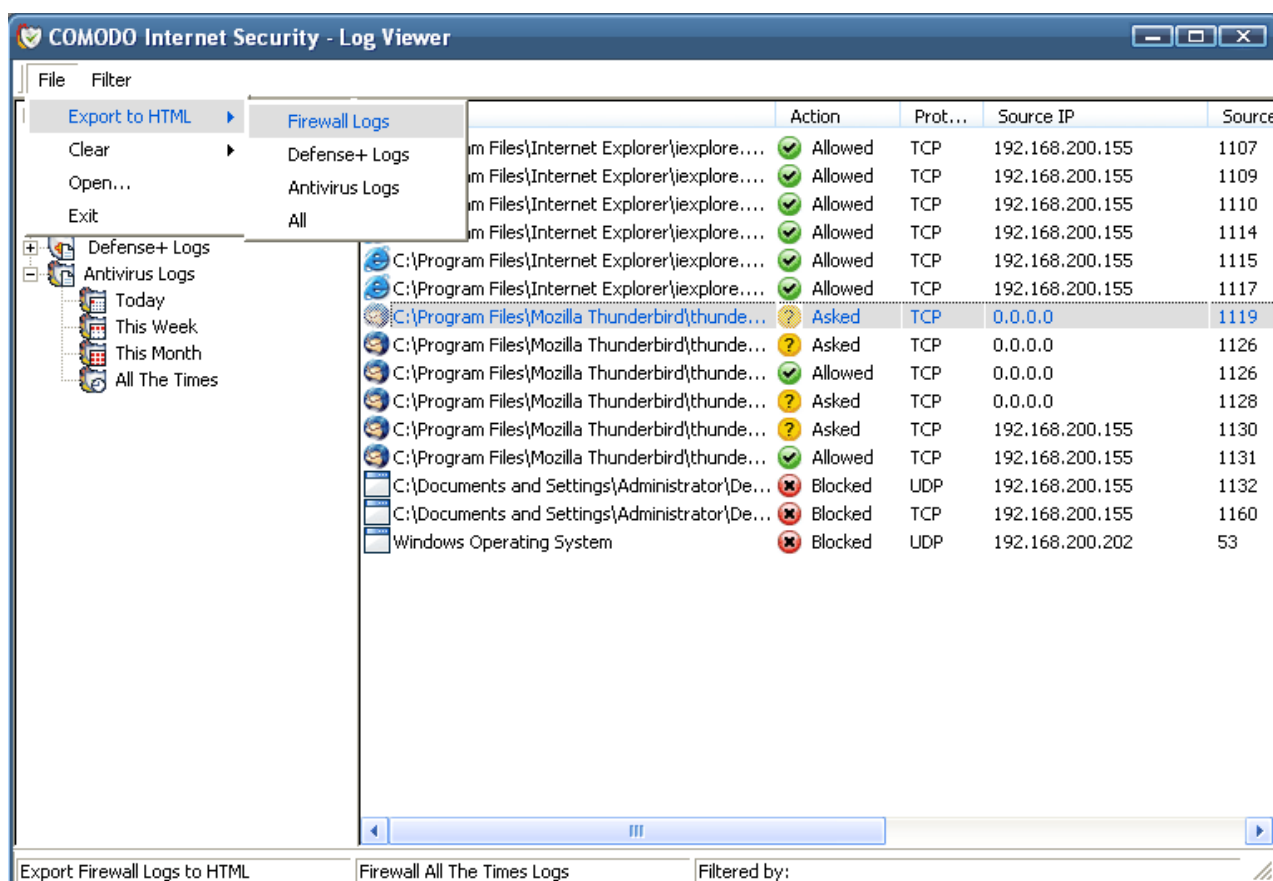


After selecting the filter type, type the required dates, name, location and so on, in the respective fields in the pop-up and click **Apply**.

Exporting Log Files to HTML

Exporting log files is useful for archiving and troubleshooting purposes. There are two ways to export log files using Log Viewer interface - using the context sensitive menu and via the 'File' menu option. After making your choice, you will be asked to specify a name for the exported html file and the location you wish to save to.

(i) File Menu



- **Firewall Logs** - will export the Firewall log that is currently being displayed in the right hand panel (e.g. If you have selected 'This week' in the Firewall tree then that is the log file that will be exported)
- **Defense+ Logs** - will export the Defense+ log that is currently being displayed in the right hand panel
- **All** - will export ALL logs for ALL TIME for both Defense+ and Firewall as a single html file.

(ii) Context Sensitive Menu - right click in the log display window to export the currently displayed log file to html.

You can export a custom view that you created using the available [Filters](#) by right clicking and selecting 'Export To HTML' from the context sensitive menu. Again, you will be asked to provide a filename and save location for the file.

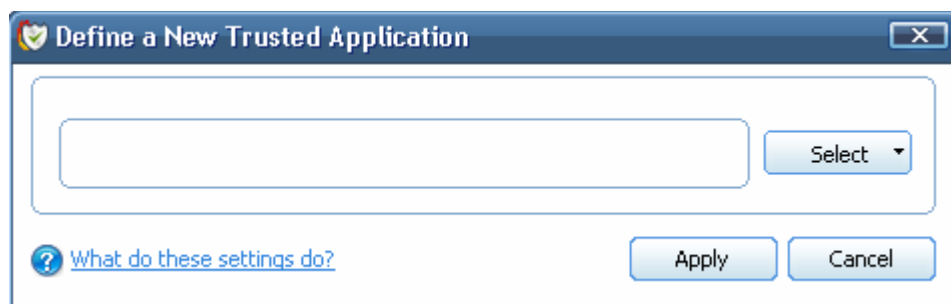
3.6 Define a New Trusted Application

Comodo Internet Security Pro allows you to prepare a list of trusted applications and configure their access rights to networks and the Internet. This shortcut represents a convenient way to create an automatic 'Allow Requests' rule for an individual application - meaning that inbound and outbound connections are automatically permitted.

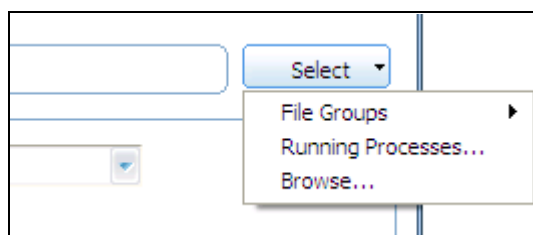
Advanced users can reconfigure the parameters of this rule in the section '[Network Security Policy](#)'.

To begin defining a new trusted application:

1. Click on *Define a New Trusted Application* link in [Firewall Tasks > Common Tasks](#).
2. A dialog box will appear asking you to select the application you want to trust.



3. Click the 'Select' button.



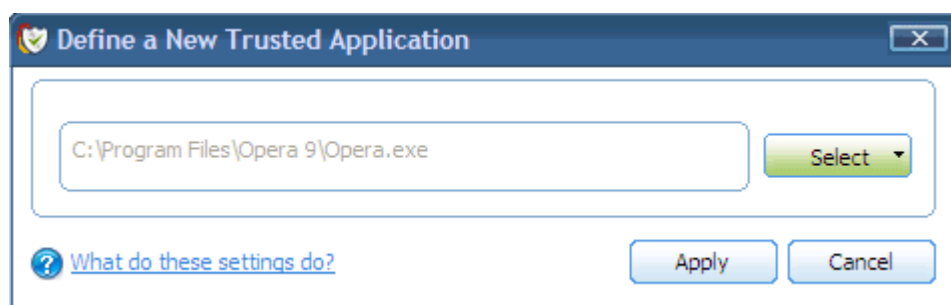
4. You now have 3 methods available to choose the application that you want to trust - '**File Groups**'; '**Running Processes**' and '**Browse**'... (to application).

File Groups - choosing this option allows you to choose your application from a category of pre-set files or folders. For example, selecting 'Executables' would enable you to create an allow rule for any file that attempts to connect to the Internet with the extensions .exe .dll .sys .ocx .bat .pif .scr .cpl . Other such categories available include 'Windows System Applications' , 'Windows Updater Applications' , 'Start Up Folders' etc - each of which provide a fast and convenient way to batch select important files and folders. To view the file types and folders that will be affected by choosing one of these options, you need to visit the Defense+ area of Comodo Internet Security Pro by navigating to: [Defense+ > My Protected Files > Groups...](#)

Running Processes - as the name suggests, this option allows you to choose the target application from a list of processes that are currently running on your PC.

Browse... (to application) - this option is the easiest for most users and simply allows you to browse to the location of the application which you want to trust.

When you have chosen the application using one of the methods above, the application name will appear along with its location:



5. Click *Apply* to confirm your choice. The new 'ALLOW ALL REQUESTS' rule for the application takes effect immediately. When this application seeks Internet access Comodo Internet Security Pro will automatically grant it.

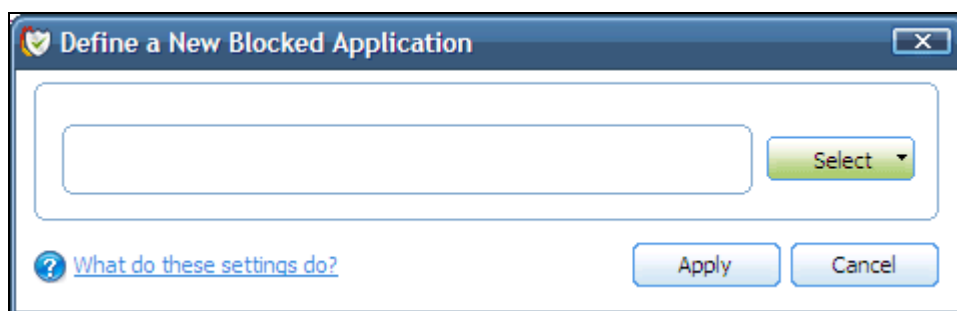
3.7 Define a New Blocked Application

Comodo Internet Security Pro allows you to prepare a list of blocked applications that you do not want to access the Internet. This shortcut represents a convenient way to create such an automatic 'block and log' rule - meaning that inbound and outbound connections are automatically blocked to this application. Any connection attempts by the application will also be logged in the [Firewall Events interface](#).

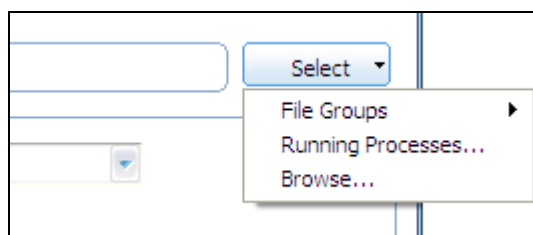
Advanced users can view and edit the parameters of this new rule in '[Network Security Policy](#)'. (for example, you later realize that a program really ought to be allowed some level of Internet access).

To begin defining a new blocked application:

1. Click the *Define a New Blocked Application* link in [Firewall Tasks > Common Tasks](#).
2. A dialog box will appear asking you to select the application that you want to be blocked:



3. Click the 'Select' button:
4. You now have 3 methods available to choose the application that you want to block - **'File Groups'**; **'Running Processes'** and **'Browse'... (to application)**.

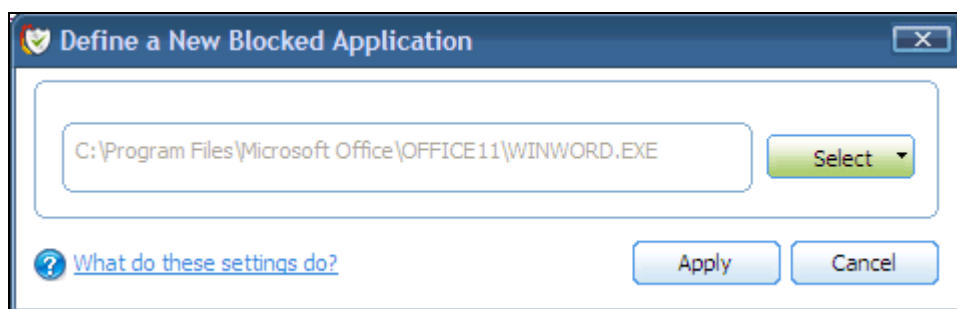


File Groups - choosing this option allows you to choose your application from a category of pre-set files or folders. For example, selecting 'Executables' would enable you to create a block rule for any file that attempts to connect to the Internet with the extensions .exe .dll .sys .ocx .bat .pif .scr .cpl . Other such categories available include 'Windows System Applications' , 'Windows Updater Applications' , 'Start Up Folders' etc - each of which provide a fast and convenient way to batch select important files and folders. To view the file types and folders that will be affected by choosing one of these options, you need to visit the Defense+ area of Comodo Internet Security Pro by navigating to: [Defense+ > My Protected Files > Groups...](#)

Running Processes - as the name suggests, this option allows you to choose the target application from a list of processes that are currently running on your PC.

Browse... (to application) - this option is the easiest for most users and simply allows you to browse to the location of the application which you want to block.

When you have chosen the application using one of the methods above, the application name will appear along with its location:



5. Click *Apply* to confirm your choice. The new block and log rule for the application takes effect immediately. When this application seeks Internet access Comodo Internet Security Pro will automatically deny it and record an entry in the View Firewall Events interface.

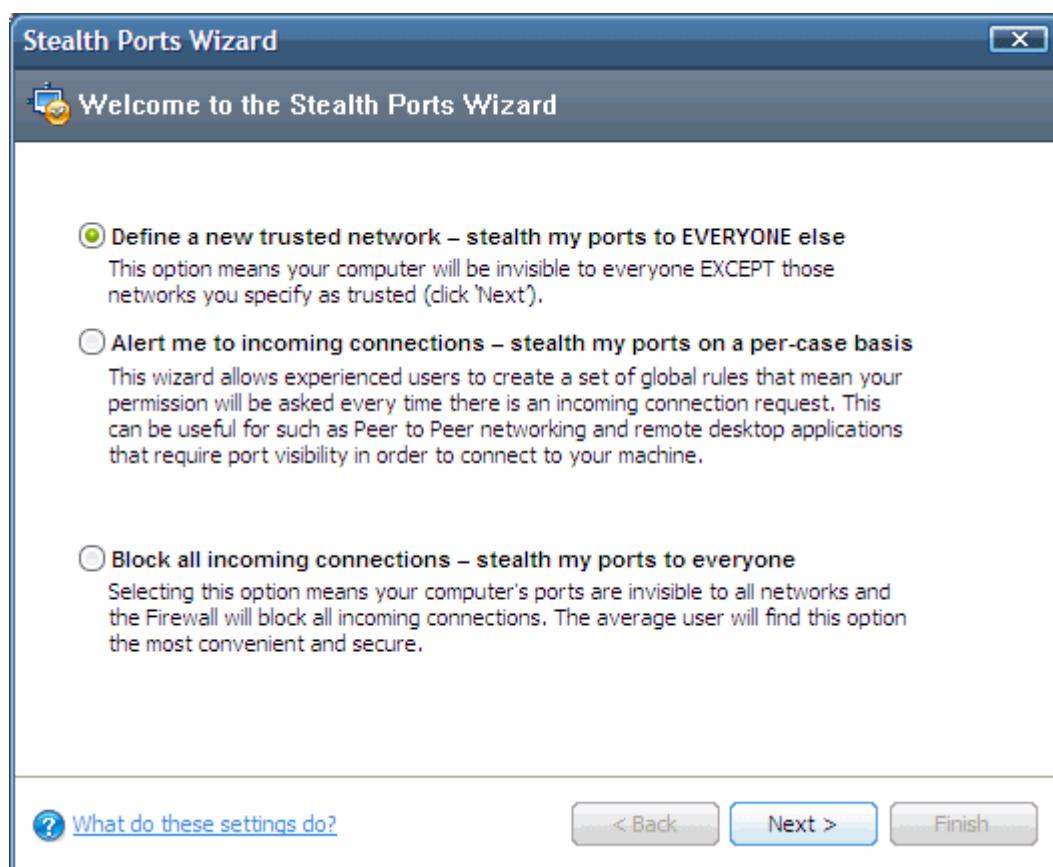
3.8 Stealth Ports Wizard

'Port Stealthing' is a security feature whereby ports on an Internet connected PC are hidden from sight- eliciting no response to opportunistic port scans.

(note for beginners: *Your computer sends and receives data to other computers and to the Internet through an interface called a 'port'. There are over 65,000 numbered ports on every computer - with certain ports being traditionally reserved for certain services. For example, your machine will almost definitely connect to the Internet using port 80 and port 443. Your e-mail application will connect to your mailserver through port 25. A 'port scanning' attack consists of sending a message to each of your computer ports, one at a time. This information gathering technique is used by hackers to find out which ports are open and which ports are being used by services on your machine. With this knowledge, a hacker can determine which attacks are likely to work if used against your machine.*

Stealthing a port effectively makes it invisible to a port scan. This differs from simply 'closing' a port as NO response is given to any connection attempts ('closed' ports respond with a 'closed' reply- revealing to the hacker that there is actually a PC in existence.) This provides an extremely high level of security to your PC. If a hacker or automated scanner cannot 'see' your computers ports then they will presume it is offline and move on to other targets. You will still be able to connect to Internet and transfer information as usual but remain invisible to outside threats. Comodo Internet Security Pro provides the user with flexible stealthing options:

1. Click on *Stealth Ports Wizard* in [Firewall Tasks > Common Tasks](#).
2. You have three options to choose from:
 - Define a new trusted network
 - Alert me to incoming connections
 - Block all incoming connections



Click the option you would like more details on:

[Define a new trusted network - stealth my ports to EVERYONE else](#)

[Alert me to incoming connections - stealth my ports on a per-case basis](#)

[Block all incoming connections - stealth my ports to everyone](#)

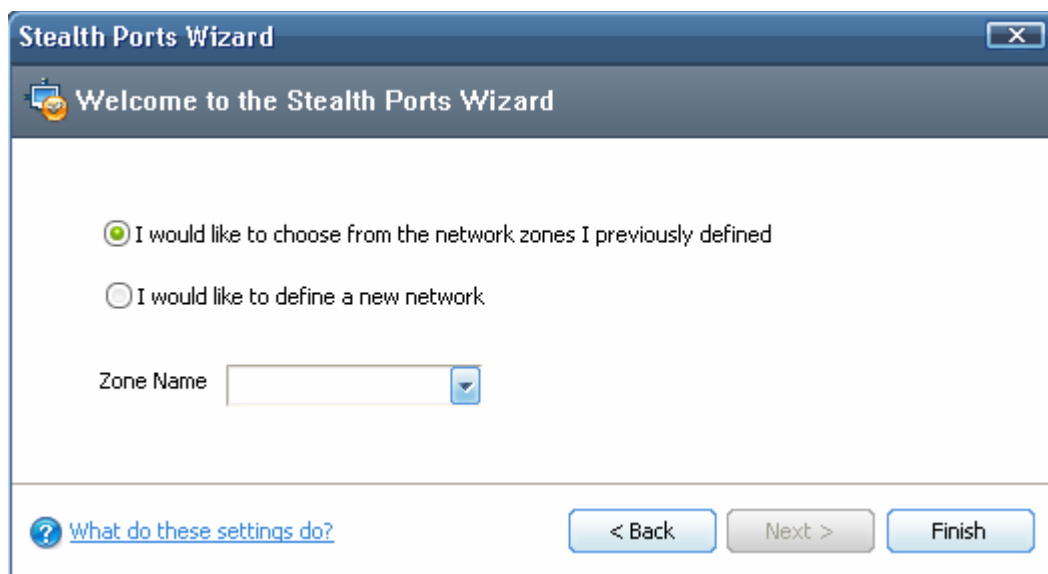
Define a new trusted network - Stealth my ports to EVERYONE else

By selecting this option your machine's ports will be stealthed (invisible) to everyone EXCEPT those networks that you specify as trusted.

To begin the wizard

1. Click **Define a New Trusted Network**.
2. Click the **Next** button.

A dialog box appears, asking you to choose the new trusted zone:

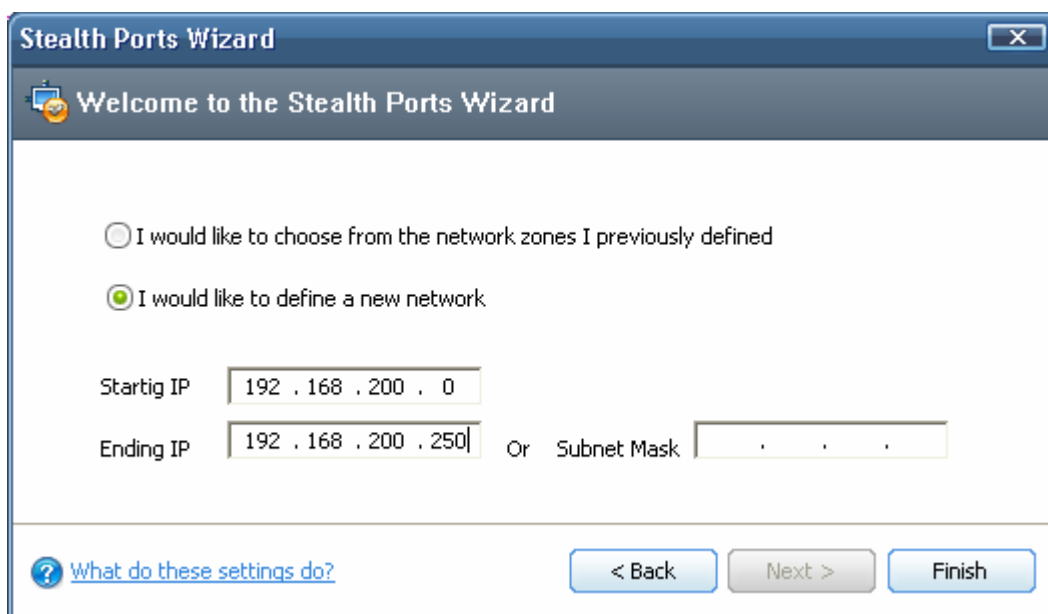


3. If you have already configured a network zone then leave the upper option selected and choose your desired network from the 'Zone Name' drop down box and click 'Finish'.

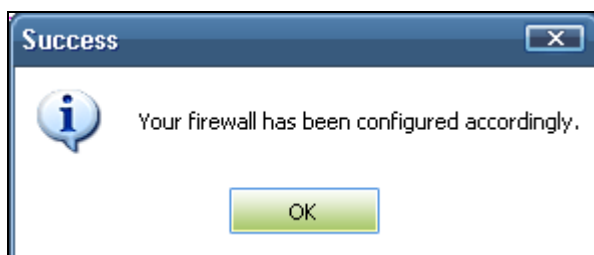
If you have not yet defined a zone you wish to trust, you can do so in '[My Network Zones](#)' option of the firewall or manually define and trust a new zone from this dialog box.

To manually define and trust a new zone from this dialog box

1. Select **I would like to define a new network**.



2. Enter the IP range for the zone for which you want your computer to be visible - starting from the Start IP to the End IP (or specify a Subnet Mask).
3. Click 'Finish' to create the new Zone rule.



If you wish to add more than one zone, simply repeat this wizard.

Using the '*Define a new trusted network - stealth my ports to EVERYONE else*' option will create a new trusted zone by adding the following rules in the '[Global Rules](#)' interface:

- ✓ Allow All Outgoing Requests If The Target Is In [Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection - Packet Scheduler Miniport]
- ✓ Allow All Incoming Requests If The Sender Is In [Intel(R) PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection - Packet Scheduler Miniport]

The specific parameters of the descriptive rule name above are:

Allow | **IP** | **Out** | **From Any IP Address** | **To <ZONE>** | **Where Protocol is ANY**

Allow | **IP** | **In** | **From <ZONE>** | **To Any IP Address** | **Where Protocol is ANY**

If you would like more information on the meaning and construction of rules, please [click here](#).

Alert me to incoming connections - stealth my ports on a per-case basis

You will see a [firewall alert](#) every time there is a request for an incoming connection. The alert will ask your permission on whether or not you wish the connection to proceed. This can be useful for applications such as Peer to Peer networking and Remote desktop applications that require port visibility in order to connect to your machine. Specifically, this option will add the following rule in the '[Global Rules](#)' interface:

Block | **ICMP** | **In** | **From Any IP Address** | **To Any IP Address** | **Where Message is ECHO REQUEST**

If you would like more information on the meaning and construction of rules, please [click here](#)

Block all incoming connections - stealth my ports to everyone

Selecting this option means your computer's ports are invisible to all networks, irrespective of whether you trust them or not. The average home user (using a single computer that is not part of a home LAN) will find this option the most convenient and secure. You will not be alerted when the incoming connection is blocked, but the rule will add an entry in the firewall event log file. Specifically, this option will add the following rule in the '[Global Rules](#)' interface:

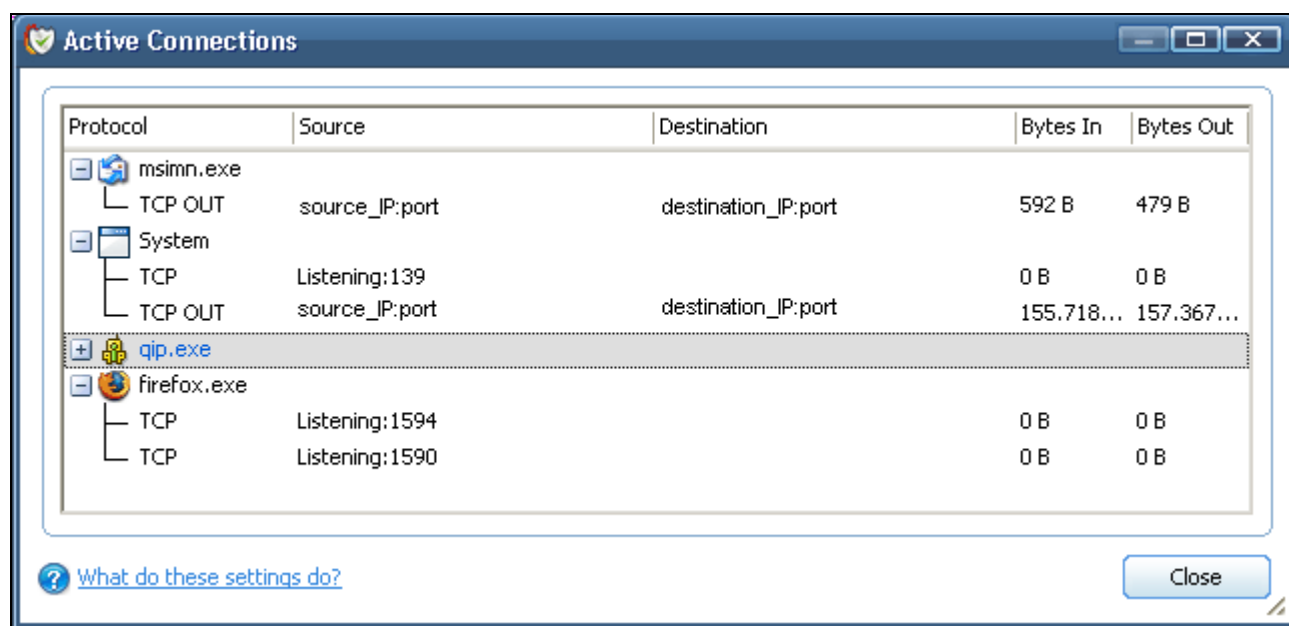
Block And Log | **IP** | **In** | **From Any IP Address** | **To Any IP Address** | **Where Protocol is Any**

If you would like more information on the meaning and construction of rules, please [click here](#)

3.9 View Active Connections

The Active Connections interface contains an at-a-glance summary of all currently active connections on a per-application basis. You can view all the applications that are connected; all the individual connections that each application is responsible for; the direction of the traffic; the source IP and port and the destination IP and port. You can also see the total amount of traffic that has passed in and out of your system over each connection.

This list is updated in real time whenever an application creates a new connection or drops an existing connection. The View Active Connections is an extremely useful aid when testing firewall configuration; troubleshooting new firewall policies and rules; monitoring the connection activity of individual applications and your system as a whole and for terminating any unwanted connections.

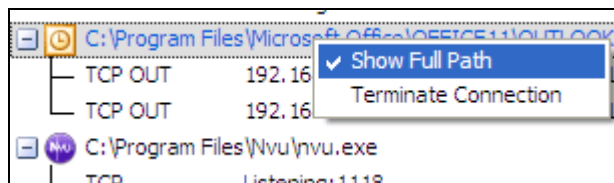


Column Description:

1. **Protocol** Shows the application that is making the connection; the protocol it is using and the direction of the traffic. Each application may have more than one connection at any time.
2. **Source (IP : Port)** - The source IP Address and source port that the applications connecting through. If the application is waiting for communication and the port is open, it is described as 'Listening'.
3. **Destination (IP : Port)** - The destination IP Address and destination port that the application is connecting to. This will be blank if the 'Source' column is 'Listening'.
4. **Bytes In** - Represents the total bytes of incoming data since this connection was first allowed
5. **Bytes Out** - Represents the total bytes of outgoing data since this connection was first allowed

Context Sensitive Menu

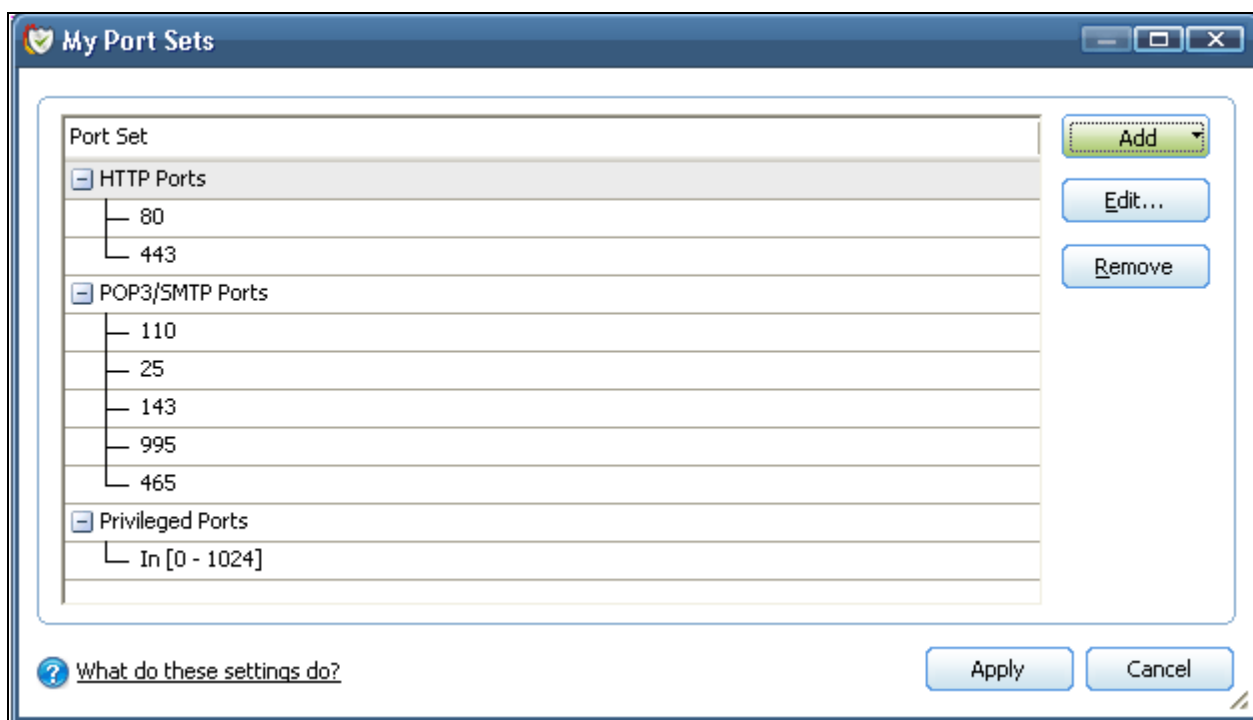
Right click on items in the list to see the context sensitive menu.



- If you wish to view the full path of the application, right click on the application name select 'Show Full Path'.
- If you wish to terminate a connection belonging to an application, right click on the *specific connection* and click 'Terminate Connection'

3.10 My Port Sets

Port Sets are handy, predefined groupings of one or more ports that can be re-used and deployed across multiple [Application Rules and Global Rules](#).



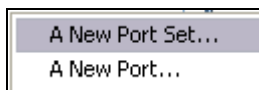
The name of the port set is listed above the actual port numbers that belong to that set. The default port sets shipped with Comodo Firewall are:

HTTP Ports: 80 and 443. These are the default ports for http traffic. Your Internet browser will use this ports to connect to the Internet and other networks.

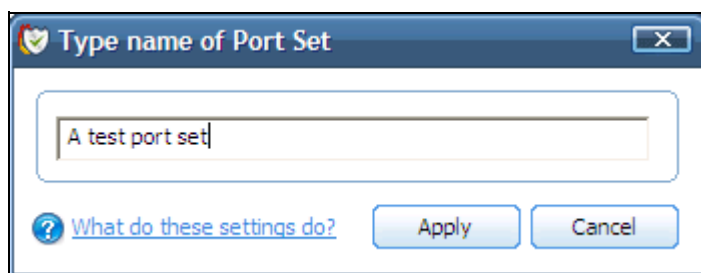
POP3/SMTP Ports: 110, 25, 143, 995, 465. These are the ports that are typically used by mail clients like Outlook Express and WinMail for communication using the POP3, SMTP and IMAP protocols.

Privileged Ports: 0-1024 - This set can be deployed if you wish to create a rule that allows or blocks access to the privileged port range of 0-1024. Privileged ports are so called because it is usually desirable to prevent users from running services on these ports. Network admins usually reserve or prohibit the use of these ports.

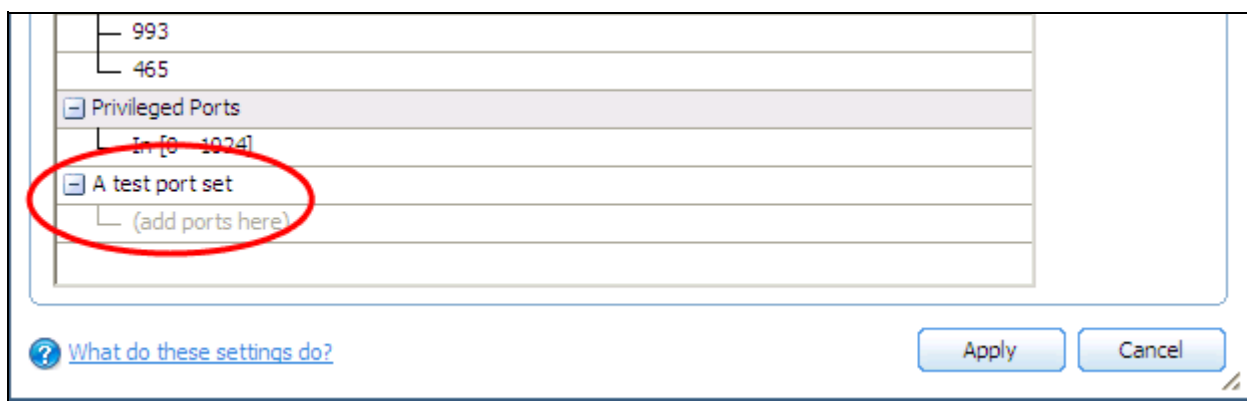
- To Add a new port set, you need to:
 - (i) Define a name for the set
 - (ii) Select the port numbers you want to belong to this named set
- Define a name for the set** - Click the 'Add...' button on the right hand side and select 'A New Port Set...' from the drop down menu:



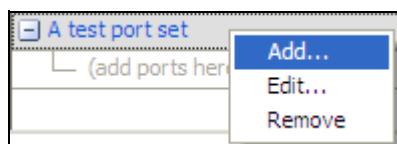
- Next type a name for the port set. In the example below, we have chosen to name our port set 'A test port set'



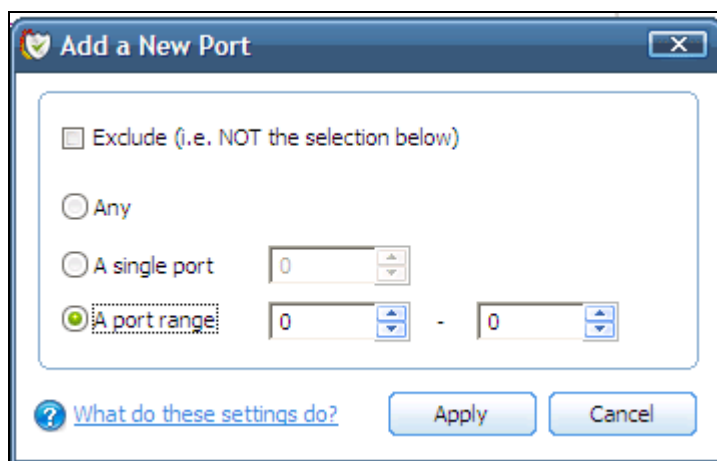
- Click Apply. The new port set will appear in the main port set list:



- Select the port numbers you want to belong to this named set - Right click on the name of the new port set and select 'Add...' from the menu:



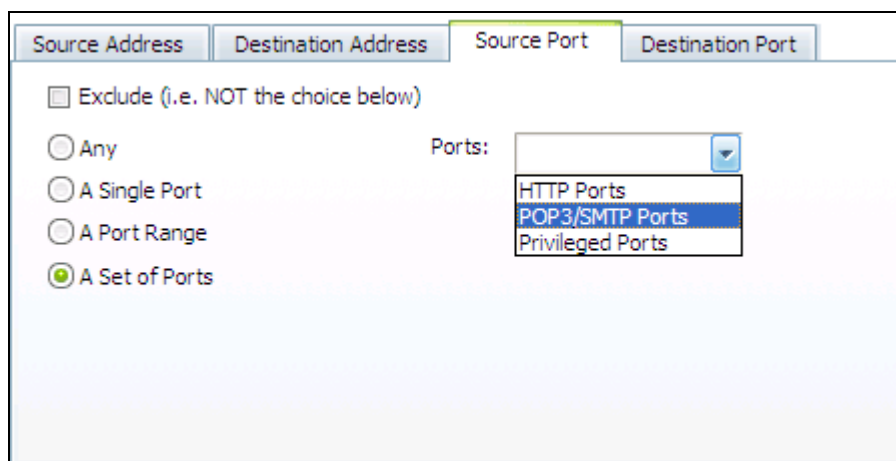
- This will open the port selection dialog:



Specify 'Any' to choose all ports; specify a single port or define a port range by typing the start and end port numbers. Click Apply to commit your choice. If you wish to add more ports to this set then repeat the process from ['Select the port numbers you want to belong to this named set'](#)

- To edit the name of an existing port set - select the name of the set in the list (e.g. HTTP Ports) and click 'Edit...' to bring up the naming dialog.
- To add port numbers to an existing port set - right click on the set name and click 'add..' [as shown earlier](#) OR select the port set name, click the 'Add..' button on the right and select 'A new port' from the drop down menu.
- To modify or change the existing port numbers in a port set - right click ON the port number you wish to change and select 'Edit..' OR select the actual port number (not the port set name) and click the 'Edit...' button on the right.

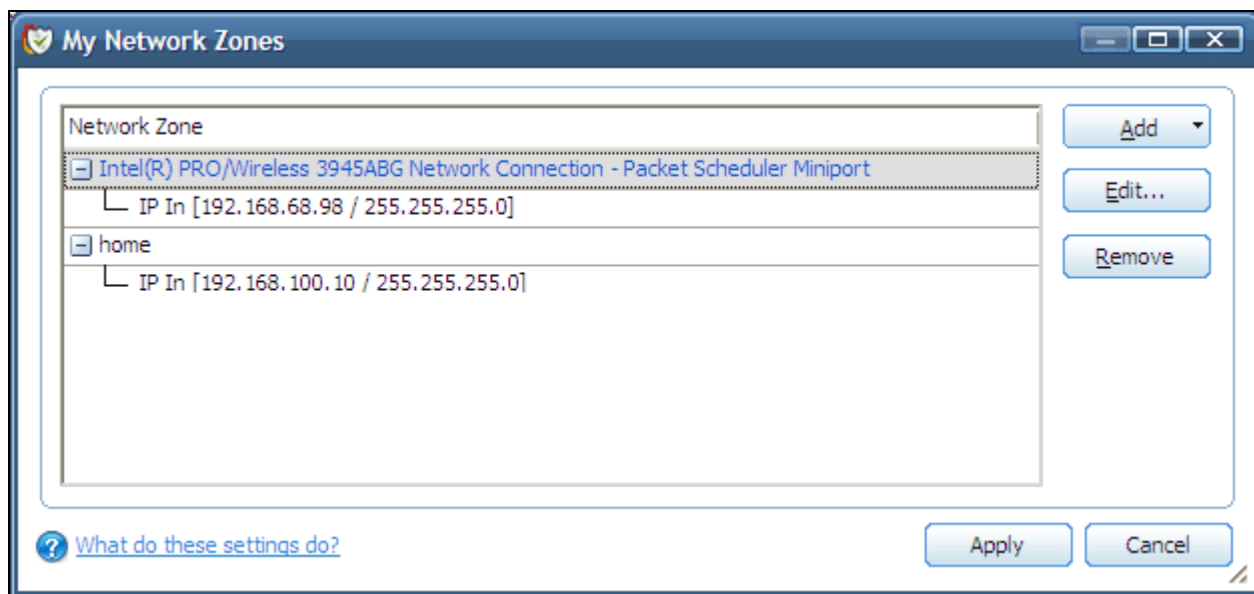
When [defining or modifying a network control rule](#), any port sets listed in this interface, including any new ones you create, will be available for selection and deployment in the 'Source Port' and 'Destination Port' tabs by selecting 'A set of Ports' :



3.11 My Network Zones

A computer network is a connection between computers through a cable or some type of wireless connection. It enables users to share information and devices between computers and other users within the network. Obviously, there are certain computer networks that you will need to grant access to - including your home or work network. Conversely, there may be other networks that you will want to restrict communication with - or even block entirely.

Comodo Internet Security Pro allows you to define 'Network Zones' and to specify the access privileges of these zones. A 'Network Zone' can consist of an individual machine (including a single home computer connecting to the Internet) or a network of thousands of machines, to which access can be granted or denied.



To access the 'My Network Zone' interface (above), click on 'My Network Zones' in [Firewall Tasks > Common Tasks](#)

Note 1: Adding a zone to this area does not, in itself, define any permission levels or access rights to the zone. This area allows to *define* the zones so you can quickly assign such permissions [in other areas of the firewall](#).

Note 2: A network zone can be designated as 'Trusted' and allowed access by using the '[Stealth Ports Wizard](#)' (An example would be your home computer or network)

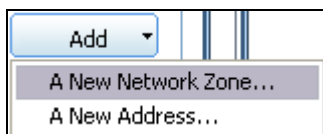
Note 3: A network zone can be designated as 'Blocked' and denied access by using the '[My Blocked Network Zones](#)' interface. (An example would be a known spyware site)

Note 4: An application can be assigned specific access rights to and from a network zone when defining an [Application Rule](#). Similarly, a custom [Global Rule](#) can be assigned to a network zone to all activity from a zone.

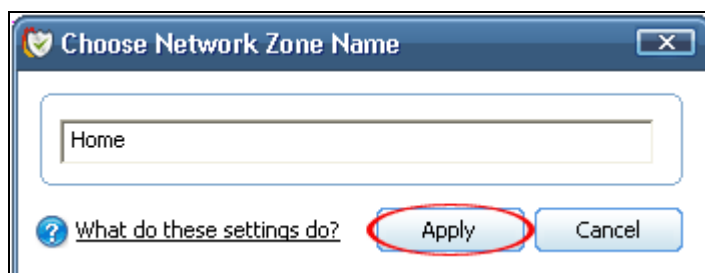
Note 5: By default, Comodo Internet Security Pro will automatically detect any new networks (LAN, Wireless etc). This can be disabled in the Miscellaneous – Settings area of the firewall.

To add a New Network Zone, you need to (i) Define a name for the zone (ii) Select the addresses to be included in this zone.

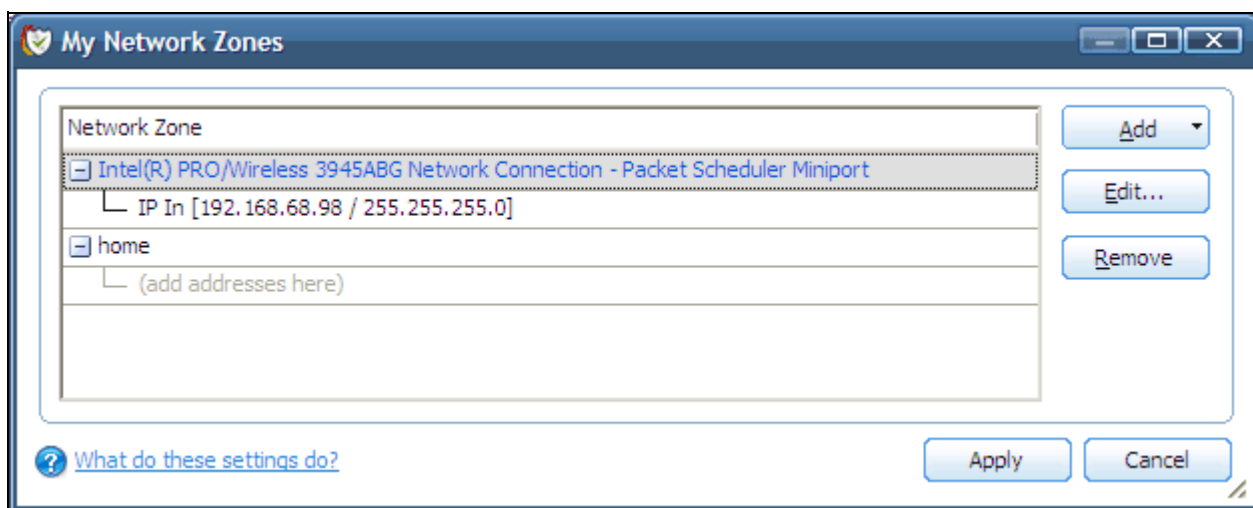
1. **Define a name for the zone** - Click the 'Add...' button on the right hand side and select 'A New Network Zone...' from the drop down menu:



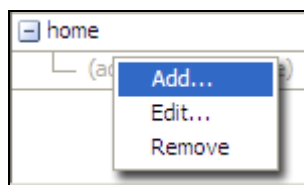
2. A dialog box will appear asking you to specify new zone's name. Choose a name that accurately describes the network you are creating.



3. Click Apply to confirm your zone name. This will add the name of your new zone to the My Network Zones list:



4. Next you have to **Select the addresses to be included in this zone**. Right click on the name of the new zone and select 'Add...' from the menu:



5. The 'Add a New Address' dialog allows you to specify an address by typing an IP address; an IP range; an IP address mask; a host name or a MAC address.

Click 'Apply' to confirm your choice. The new zone will now appear in the main list along with the addresses you assigned to it.

Once created, a network zone can be:

- Quickly called as 'Zone' when [creating or modifying a network policy](#)
- Quickly called and designated as a trusted zone from the '[Stealth Ports Wizard](#)' interface
- Quickly called and designated as a blocked zone from the '[My Blocked Network Zones](#)' interface

To edit the name of an existing Network Zone - select the name of the zone in the list (e.g. home) and select 'Edit...' to bring up the naming dialog.

To add more addresses to an existing Network Zone - right click on the zone name and click 'Add...' [as shown earlier](#). OR select the zone name, click the 'Add..' button on the right and select 'A New Address...' from the drop down menu.

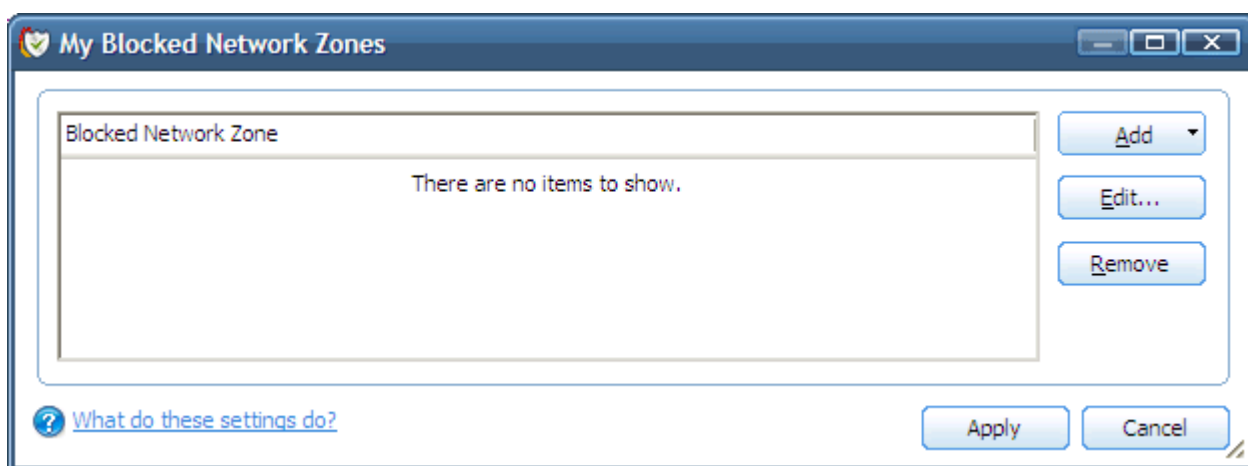
To modify or change the existing address in a zone - right click on the address (not the zone name) and select 'Edit..' OR select the actual address (not the zone name) and click the 'Edit...' button on the right.

3.12 My Blocked Network Zones

A computer network enables users to share information and devices between computers and other users within the network. Obviously, there are certain computer networks that you will need 'trust' and grant access to - for example your home or work network. Unfortunately, there may be other, untrustworthy networks that you will want to restrict communication with - or even block entirely. (*note - we advise new or inexperienced users to first read ['My Network Zones'](#), ['Stealth Ports Wizard'](#) and ['Network Security Policy'](#) before blocking zones using this interface.*)

The 'My Blocked Network Zones' area allows you to:

- [Deny access to a specific network by selecting a pre-existing network zone and designating it as blocked](#)
- [Deny access to a specific network by manually defining a new blocked zone](#)



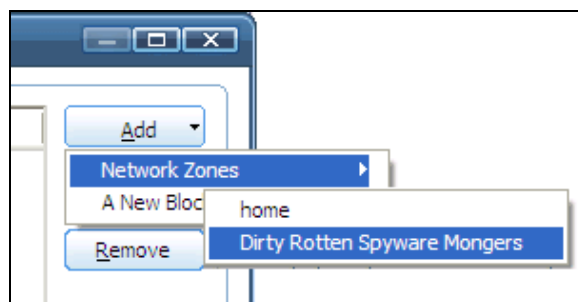
'My Blocked Network Zones' can be accessed by navigation to 'Firewall Tasks > Common Tasks > My Blocked Network Zones'.

Note 1 - You must create a zone before you can block it. There are two ways to do this (i) Using ['My Network Zones'](#) to name and specify the network you want to block (ii) Directly from this interface using 'New blocked address...'

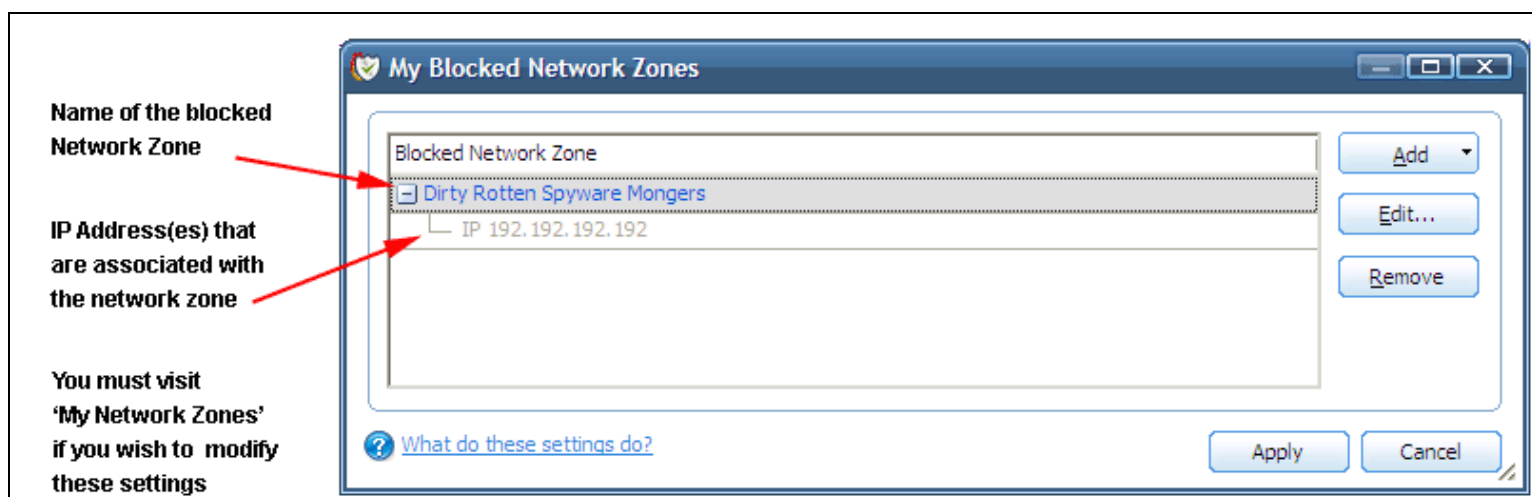
Note 2 - You cannot reconfigure *pre-existing* network zones from this interface. (e.g., to add or modify IP addresses). You need to use 'My Network Zones' if you want to change the settings of existing zones.

Deny access to a specific network by selecting a pre-existing network zone and designating it as blocked

- Click the 'Add..' button at the top right and select '**Network Zones**' then the particular zone you wish to block.



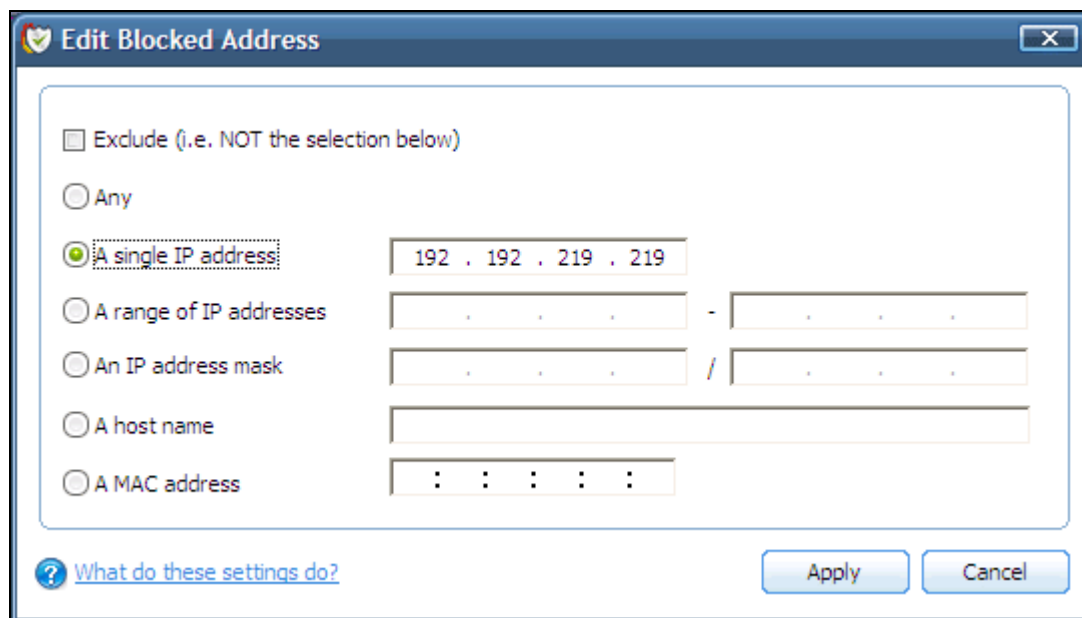
- The selected zone will appear in the main interface.



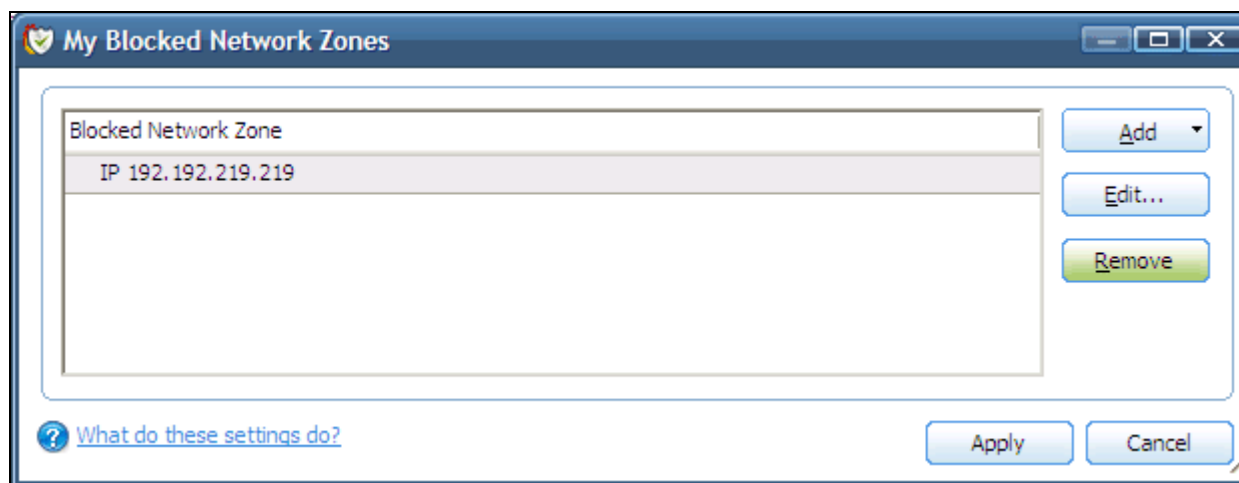
Click 'Apply' to confirm your choice. All traffic intended for and originating from computer or devices in this zone will now be blocked.

Deny access to a specific network by manually defining a new blocked zone

- Click the 'Add..' button at the top right and select '**A New Blocked Address**'. This will launch the following dialog where you can specify the IP address(es), IP Mask, Host Name or MAC address that you wish to block.



After clicking 'Apply' to confirm your choice, the address(es) you blocked will appear in the main interface. You can modify these addresses at any time by selecting the entry and clicking 'Edit'



Click 'Apply' to confirm your choice. All traffic intended for and originating from computer or devices in this zone will now be blocked.

Special Note: Creating a blocked network zone implements a 'block all' [global rule](#) for the zone in question. However, unlike when you create a 'Trusted Zone', this rule is not displayed or editable from the global rules tab of the Network Security Policy interface. This is because whereas you are likely to be trusting only a few zones, there is the potential that you will have to block many. The constant addition of such block rules would make the interface unmanageable for most users.

4 Defense+ Tasks Overview

The Defense+ component of Comodo Internet Security Pro (hereafter known simply as Defense+) is a host intrusion prevention system that constantly monitors the activities of all executable files on your PC. With Defense+ activated, the user is warned EVERY time an unknown application executable (.exe, .dll, .sys, .bat etc) attempts to run. The only executables that are allowed to run are the ones you give permission to.

Defense+ boasts a highly configurable security rules interface and prevents possible attacks from root-kits, inter-process memory injections, key-loggers and more. It blocks Viruses, Trojans and Spyware before they can ever get installed on your system and prevents unauthorized modification of critical operating system files and registry entries.

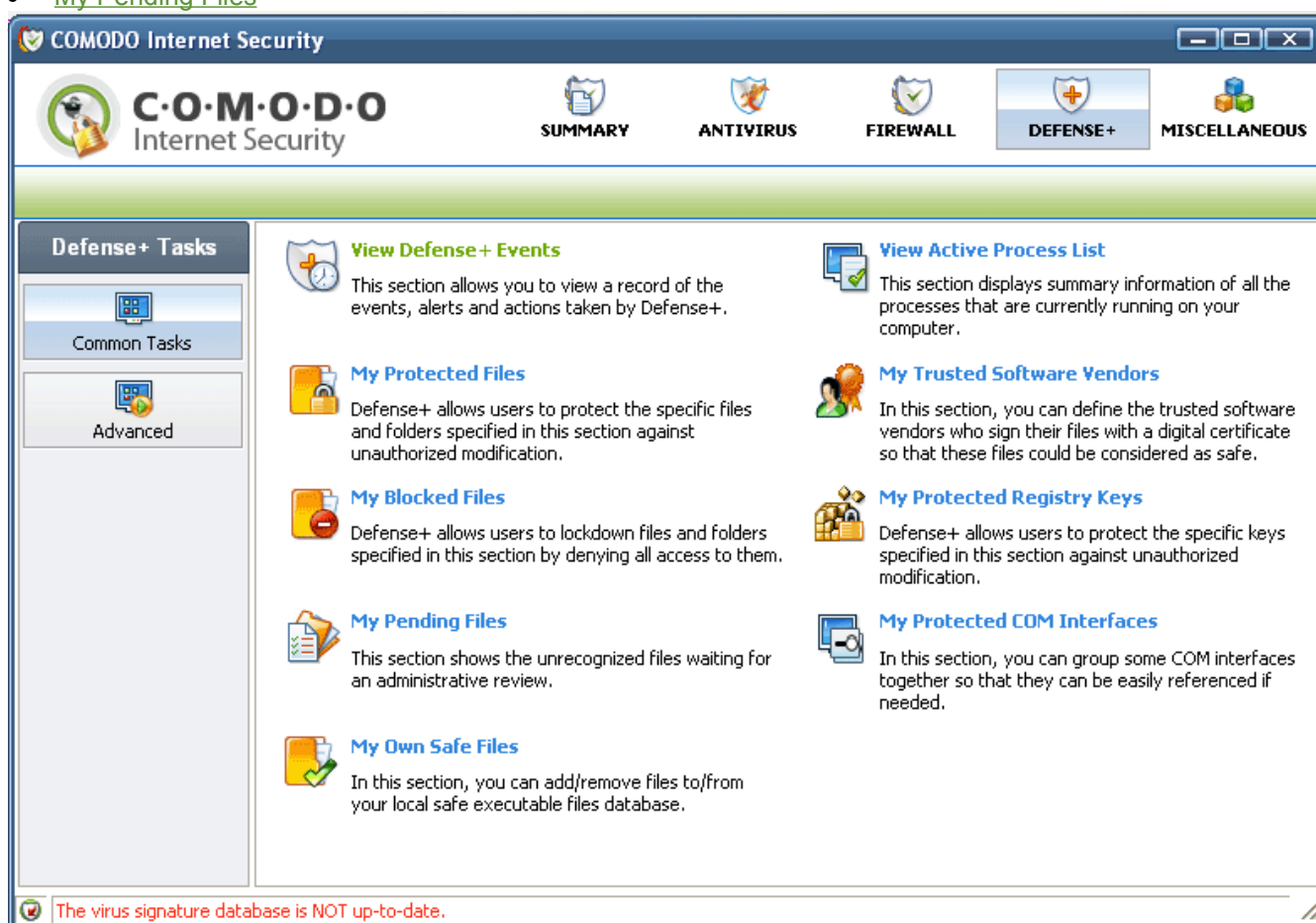
The Defense+ Task Center allows you to quickly and easily configure all aspects of Defense+ and is divided into two sections: [Common tasks](#) and [Advanced](#).

It can be accessed at all times by clicking on the Defense+ Shield button  (second button from the top right).

Common Tasks

Click the links below to see detailed explanations of each area in this section.

- [View Defense+ Events](#)
- [Scan my System](#)
- [My Protected Files](#)
- [My Quarantined Files](#)
- [My Pending Files](#)



- [View Active Process List](#)
- [My Trusted Software Vendors](#)
- [My Protected Registry Keys](#)
- [My Protected COM Interfaces](#)

Advanced

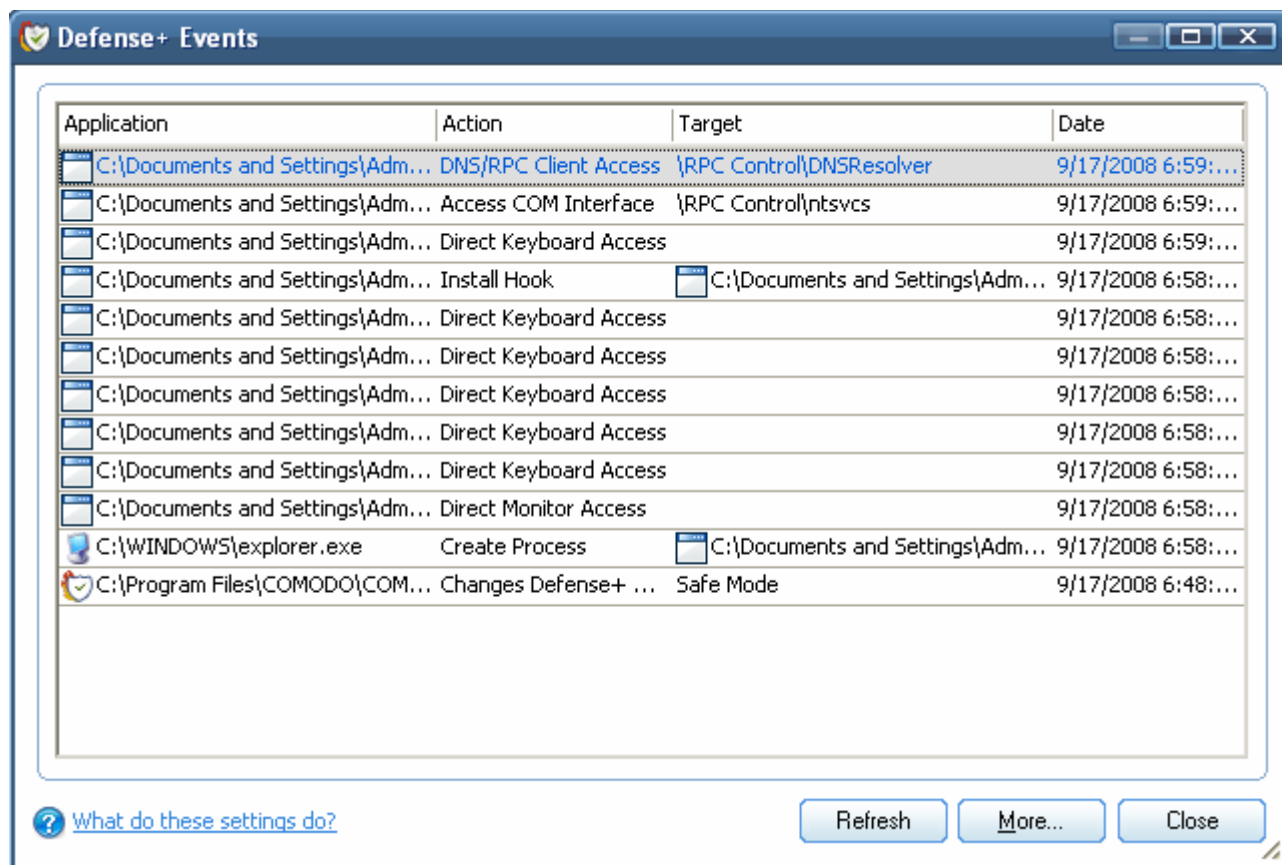
'Advanced Tasks' enables more experienced users to define Defense+ security policy and settings at an in-depth, granular level. Click on the links below to see detailed explanations of each area in this section.

- [Computer Security Policy](#)
- [Predefined Security Policies](#)
- [Image Execution Control Settings](#)
- [Defense+ Settings](#)



4.1 View Defense+ Events

The 'Defense+ Events' area contains logs of all actions taken by Defense+. A 'Defense+ Event' is triggered whenever an applications behavior contravenes your [Computer Security Policy](#). (For example, if a particular application makes an attempt to access another application's memory space, modify protected files or the registry etc).



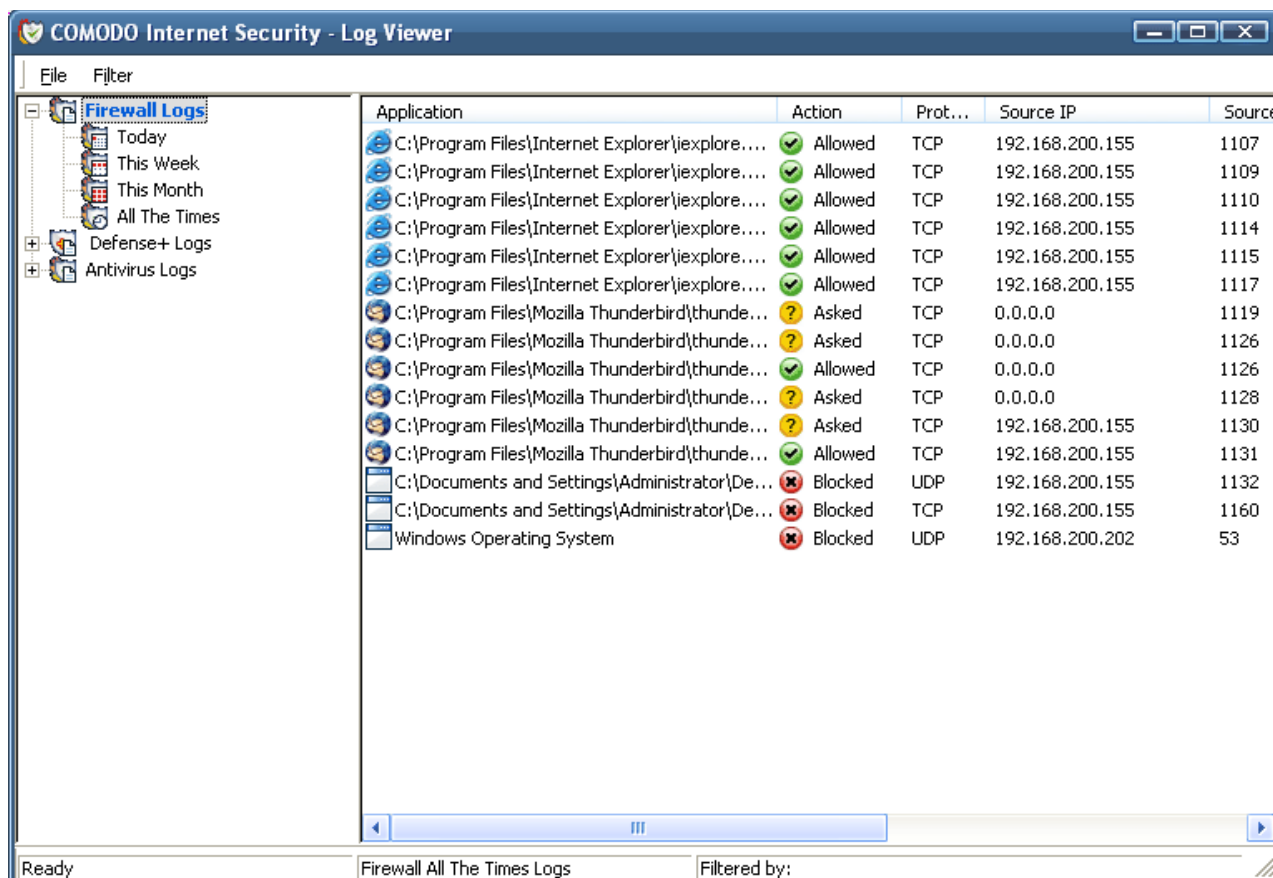
Column Description:

1. **Application** - indicates which application or process propagated the event. If the application has no icon, the default system icon for executable files will be used.
2. **Action** - indicates kind of action.
3. **Target** - represents the location of the target file.
4. **Date/Time** - contains precise details of the date and time of the access attempt.

'Refresh' - reloads and updates the displayed list to include all events generated since the time you first accessed the 'Defense+ Events' area.

'More ...' - clicking this button loads the full, Comodo Internet Security Pro Log Viewer module. See below for more details on this module.

Log Viewer Module



This area contains a full history of logged events for both the Firewall and Defense+ modules. It also allows you to build custom log files based on specific filters and to export log files for archiving or troubleshooting purposes.

The Log Viewer Module is divided into two sections. The left hand panel displays a set of handy, pre-defined time [Filters](#) for both the Firewall and Defense+ event log files. The right hand panel displays the actual events that were logged for the time period you selected in the left hand panel (or the events that correspond to the filtering criteria you selected)

Filtering Log Files

Comodo Firewall allows you to create custom views of all logged events according to user defined criteria.

Preset Time Filters:

Clicking on any of the preset filters in the left hand panel will alter the display in the right hand panel in the following ways:

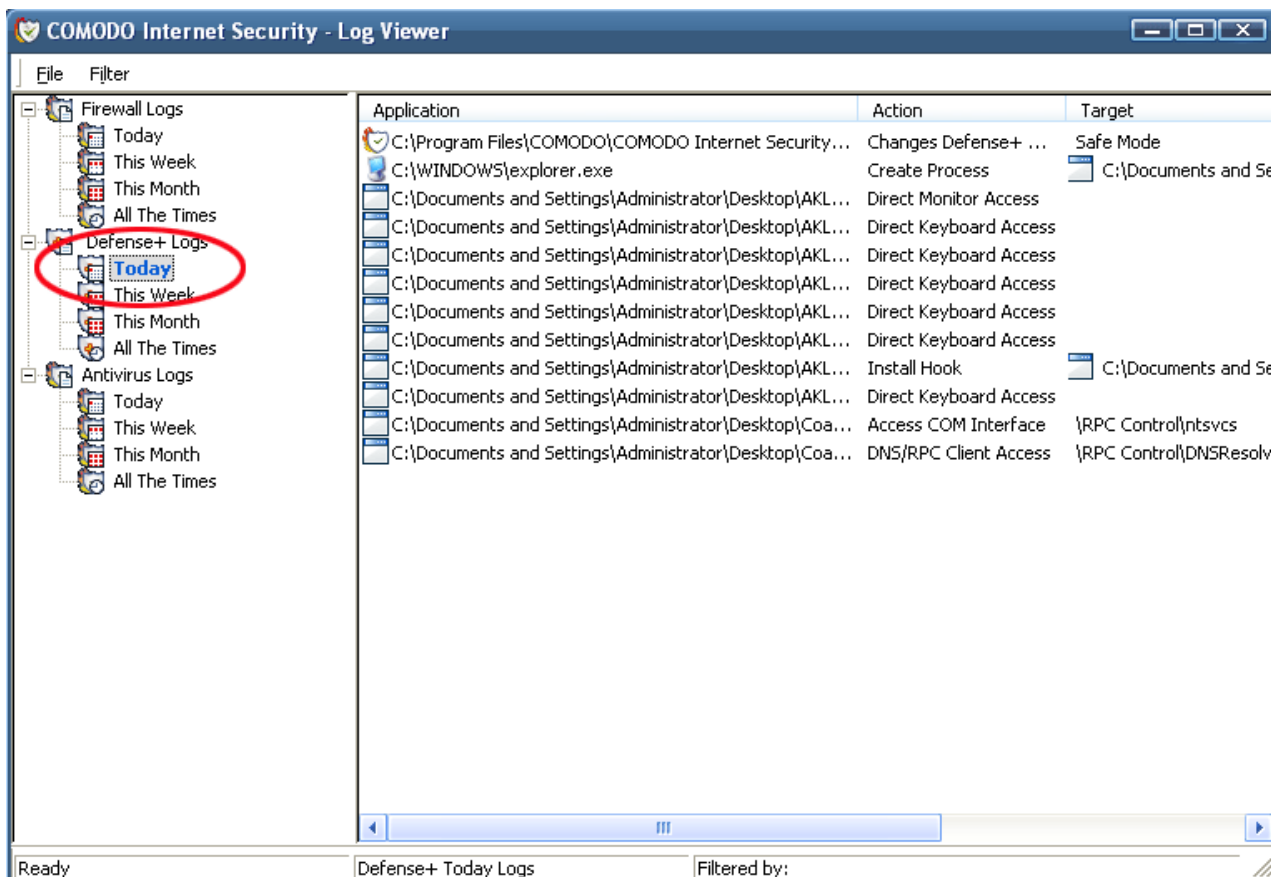
Today - Displays all logged events for today.

This Week - Displays all logged events during the past 7 days.

This Month - Displays all logged events during the past 30 days.

All the Times - Displays every event logged since Comodo Internet Security Pro was installed. (If you have cleared the log history since installation, this option shows all logs created since that clearance).

The example below shows an example display when the Defense+ Logs for 'Today' are displayed.



Note: The type of events logged by the 'Firewall' component of Comodo Internet Security Pro differ to those logged by Defense+ component. This means the information and the columns displayed in the right hand panel will change depending on which type of log you have selected in the left hand panel. For more details on the data shown in the columns, see either [View Firewall Events](#) or [View Defense+ Events](#).

User Defined Filters:

Having chosen a [preset time filter](#) from the left hand panel, you can further refine the displayed events according to specific filters. The type of filters available for Firewall logs differ to those available for Defense+ logs. The table below provides a summary of available filters and their meanings:

Firewall Filters	Defense+ Filters
Date – displays only the events between two user defined dates	Date – displays only the events between two user defined dates

Application Name – displays only the events propagated by a specific application	Application Name – displays only the events propagated by a specific application
Protocol – displays only the events that involved a specific protocol	Target Name – displays only the events that involved a specified target application
Source IP address – displays only the events that originated from a specific IP address	Action – displays events according to the response (or action taken) by the firewall.
Source Port – displays only the events that originated from a specific port number	
Destination IP address - displays only the events with a specific target IP address	
Destination Port - displays only the events with a specific target port number	
Action – displays events according to the response (or action taken) by the firewall. Choices are 'Blocked', 'Allowed' and 'Unknown'	

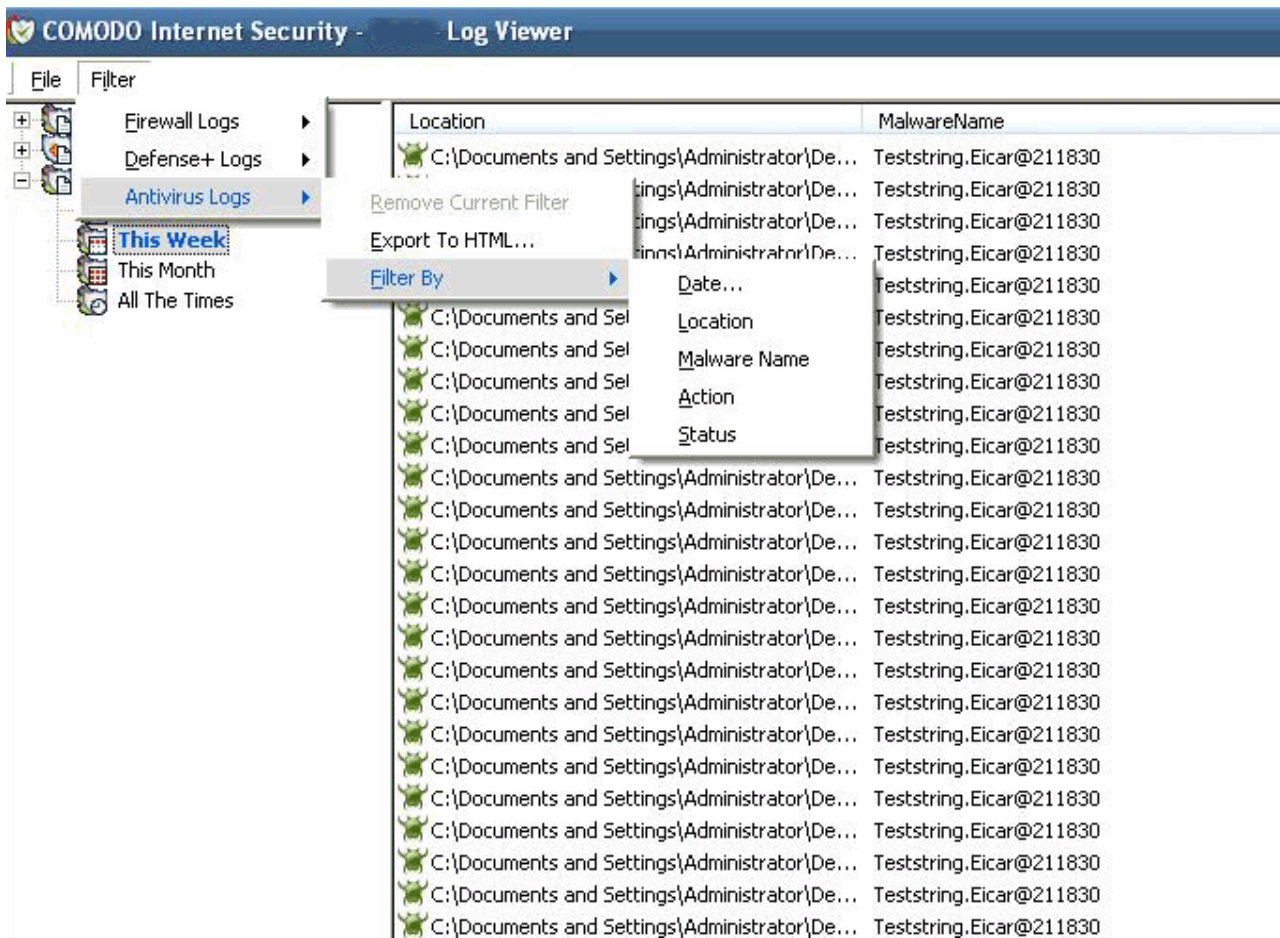
You can access the user defined filters in two ways -

(i) Filter Menu

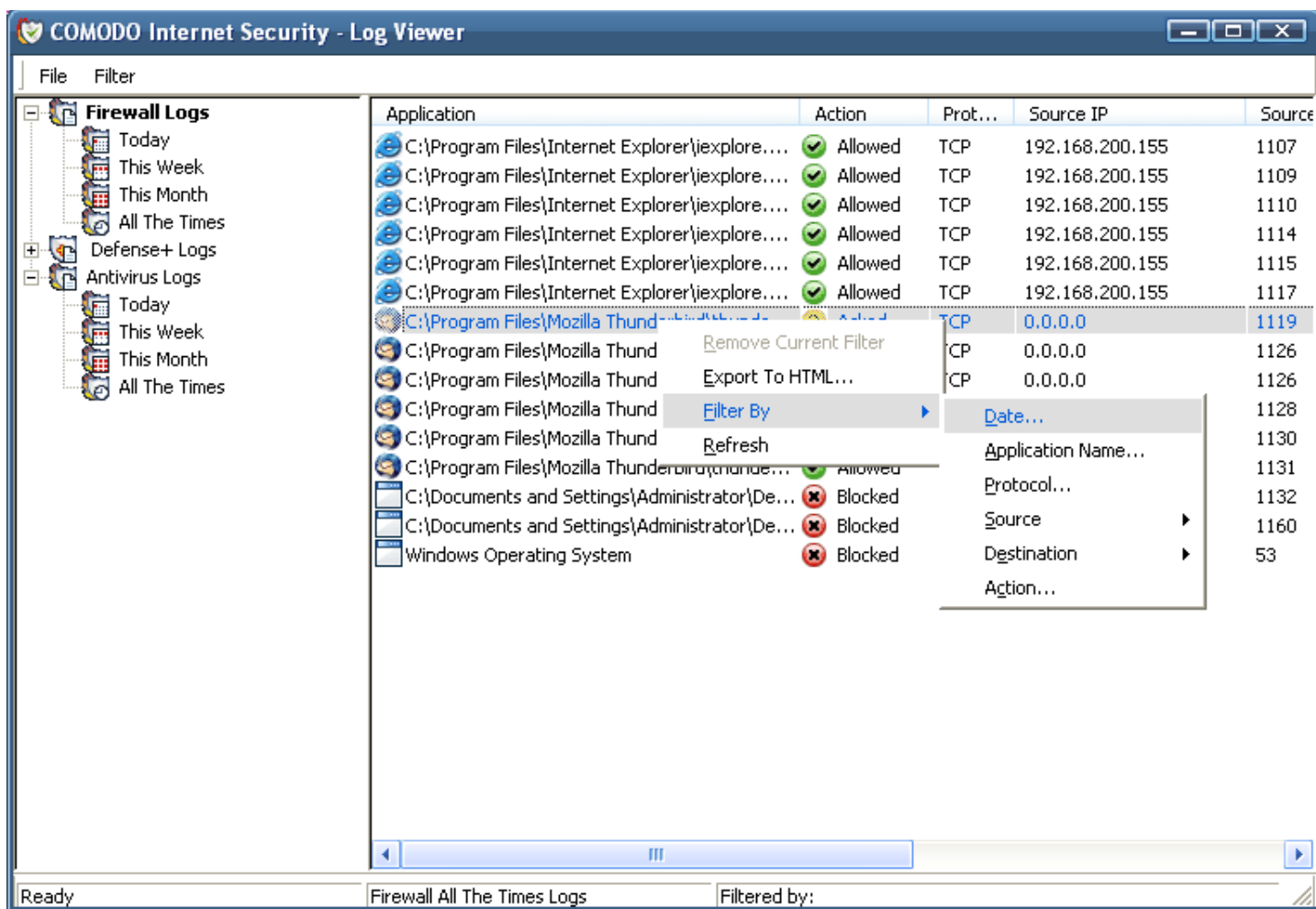
Click **Filter > Firewall Logs**.

1. Move the cursor on anyone of **Firewall Logs**, **Defense+ Logs** and **Antivirus Logs**.
2. Move the cursor to **Filter By**.
3. Select anyone of the filter options.

Note: For Antivirus, the filter options are available immediately on moving cursor to **Filter By**.



- (ii) **Context Sensitive Menu** - right clicking on any event to specify the additional filters corresponding to the respective log chosen. (Antivirus, Firewall and Defense+)



After selecting the filter type, type the required dates, name, location and so on, in the respective fields in the pop-up and click **Apply**.

Exporting Log Files to HTML

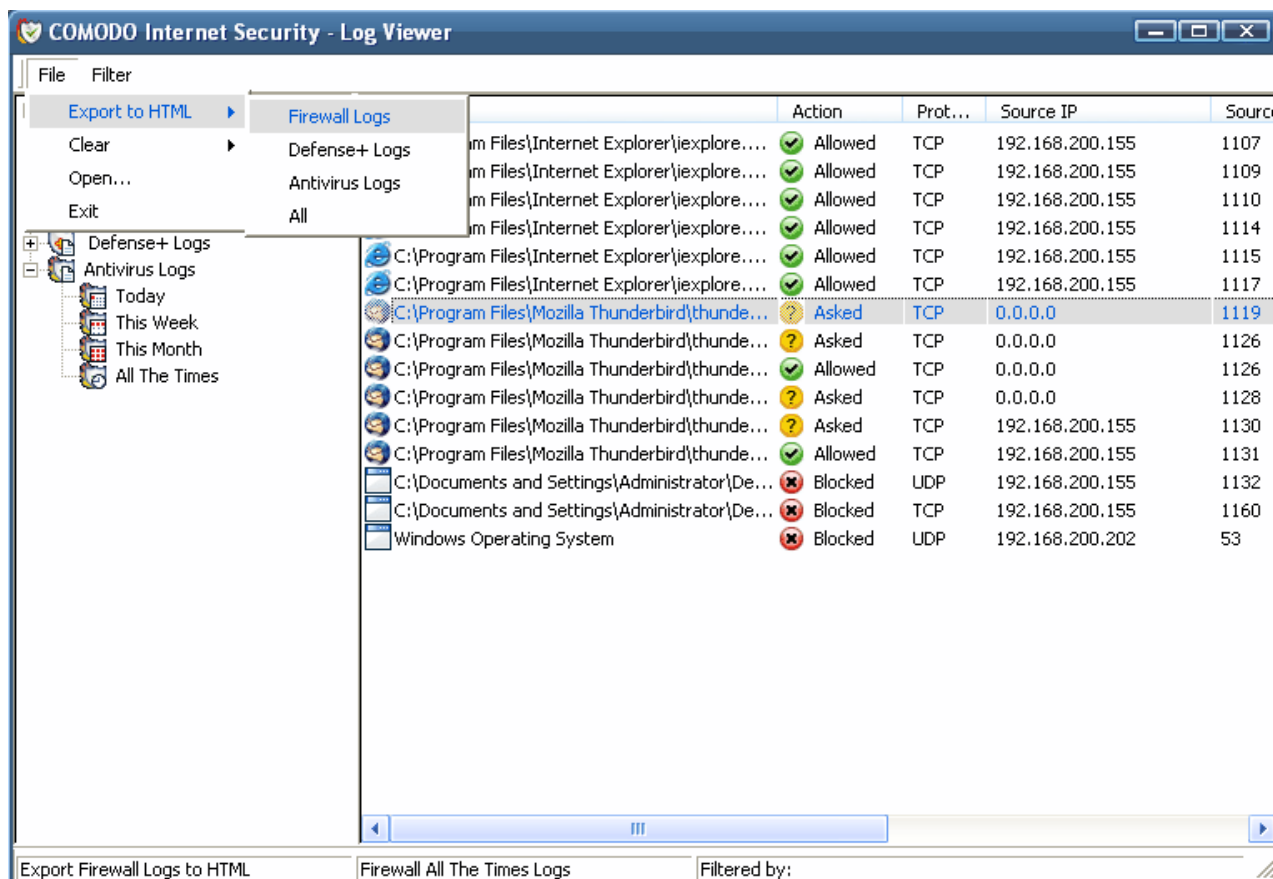
Exporting log files is useful for archiving and troubleshooting purposes. There are two ways to export log files using Log Viewer interface - using the context sensitive menu and via the 'File' menu option. After making your choice, you will be asked to specify a name for the exported html file and the location you wish to save to.

(i) File Menu

1. Click File Menu.
2. Move cursor to Export to HTML
3. Click on anyone of Firewall Logs, Defense+ logs, Antivirus Logs and All, as required.
 - Firewall Logs - Exports the Firewall log that is currently being displayed in the right hand side panel.
 - Defense+ Logs - Exports the Defense+ log that is currently being displayed in the right hand panel .
 - Antivirus Logs - Exports Antivirus log that is currently being displayed in the right hand panel .
 - All - Exports ALL logs for ALL TIME for Firewall, Defense+ and Antivirus logs as a single html file..
4. Select the location where the log has to be stored in the **Save Firewall Log as** pop-up window and click **Save**.

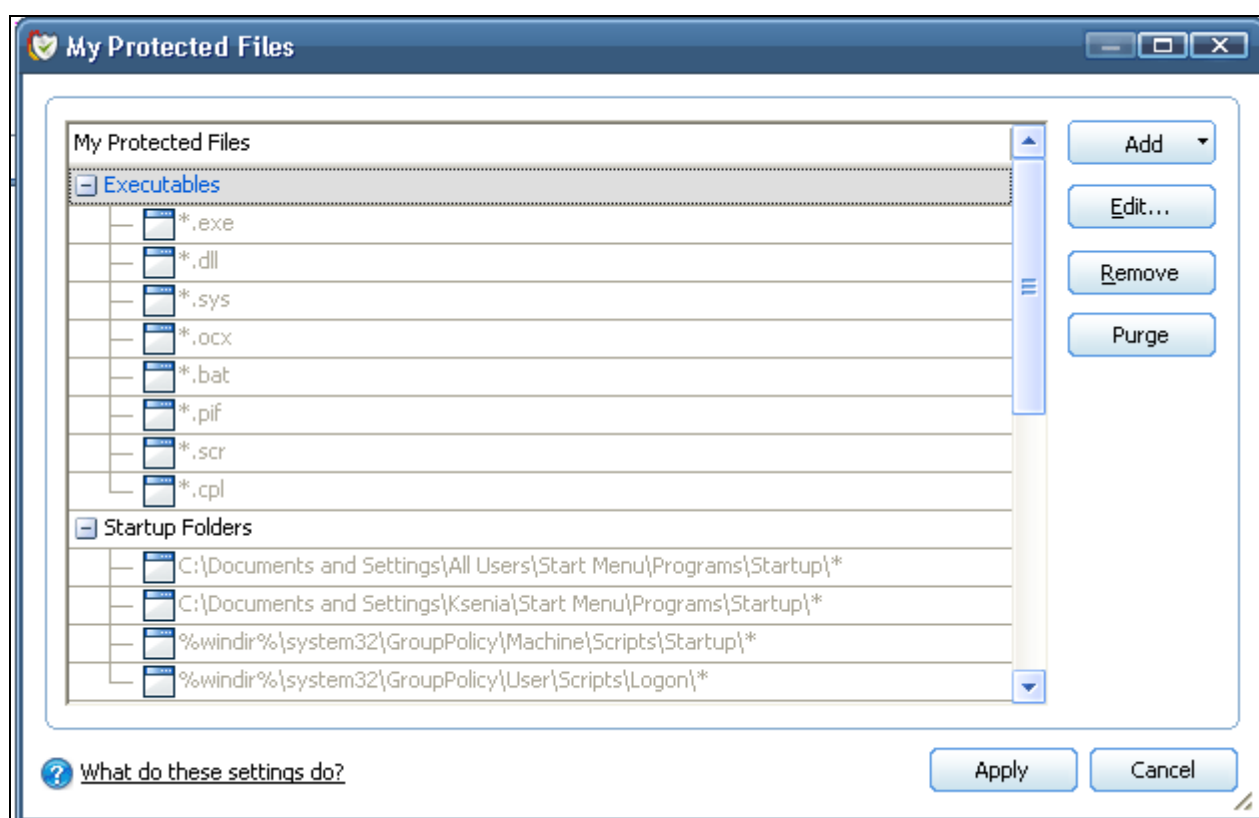
- (ii) Context Sensitive Menu - right click in the log display window to export the currently displayed log file to html.

You can export a custom view that you created using the available [Filters](#) by right clicking and selecting 'Export To HTML' from the context sensitive menu. Again, you will be asked to provide a filename and save location for the file.



4.2 My Protected Files

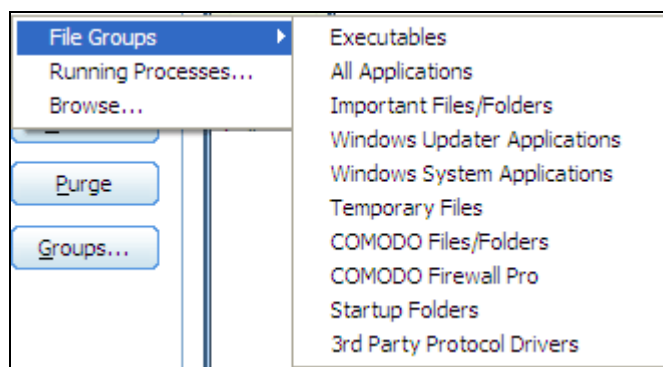
This section allows you to protect specific files and folders against unauthorized modification. Protecting files prevents modification by malicious programs such as virus, trojans and spyware. It is also useful for safeguarding very valuable files (spreadsheets, databases, documents) by denying anyone and any program the ability to modify the file - avoiding the possibility of accidental or deliberate sabotage. If a file is 'Protected' it can still be accessed and read by users, but not altered. A good example of a file that ought to be protected is the your 'hosts' file. (c:\windows\system32\drivers\etc\hosts). Placing this in the 'My Protected Files' area would allow web browsers to access and read from the file as per normal. However, should any process attempt to modify it then Comodo Internet Security Pro will block this attempt and produce a 'Protected File Access' pop-up alert.



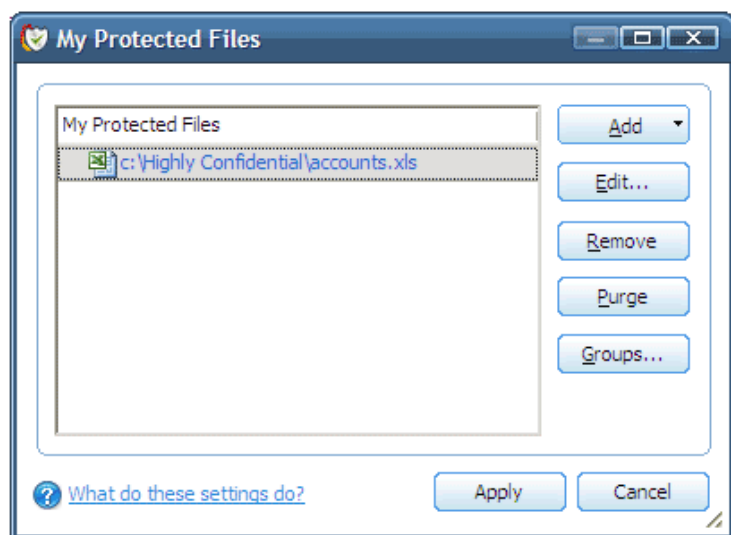
To access My Protected Files, navigate to: Defense+ Tasks > Common Tasks > My Protected Files.

To manually add an individual file; file group or process, click the 'Add' button. [Click here](#) for a description of the choices available when selecting a file.

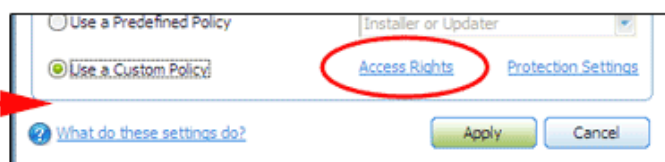
Exceptions



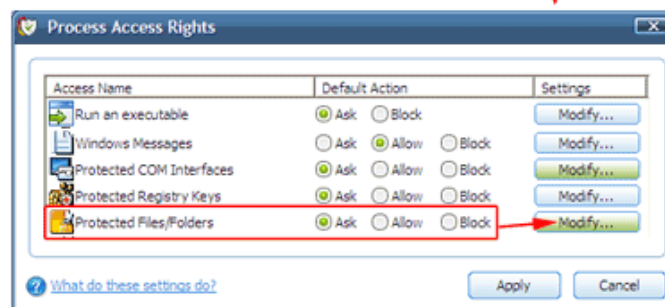
Users can choose to selectively allow another application (or file group) to modify a protected file by affording the appropriate Access Right in 'Computer Security Policy'. A simplistic example would be the imaginary file 'Accounts.xls'. You would want the Excel program to be able to modify this file as you are working on it, but you would not want it to be accessed by a potential malicious program. You would first add the spreadsheet to the 'My Protected Files' area by clicking the 'Add' button then 'Browse...' to 'Accounts.xls'. Once added to 'My Protected Files', you would go into 'Computer Security Policy' and create an exception for Excel so that it alone could modify 'accounts.xls'.



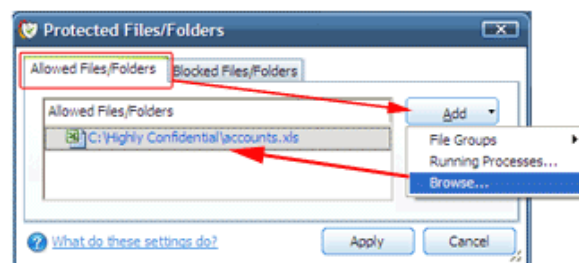
1. First Add 'Accounts.xls' to the 'My Protected Files' area



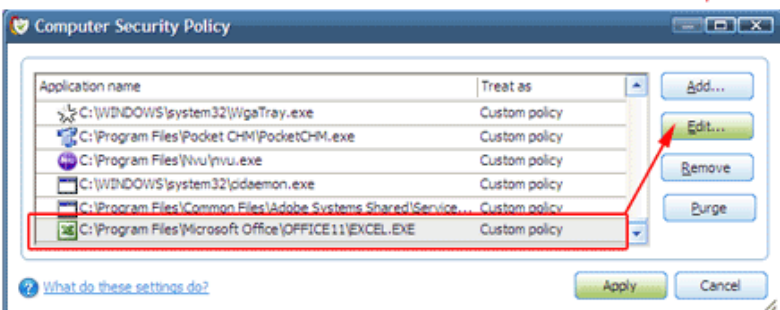
3. Click 'Access Rights'



4. Locate 'Protected Files/Folders' in the list and click the 'Modify' button



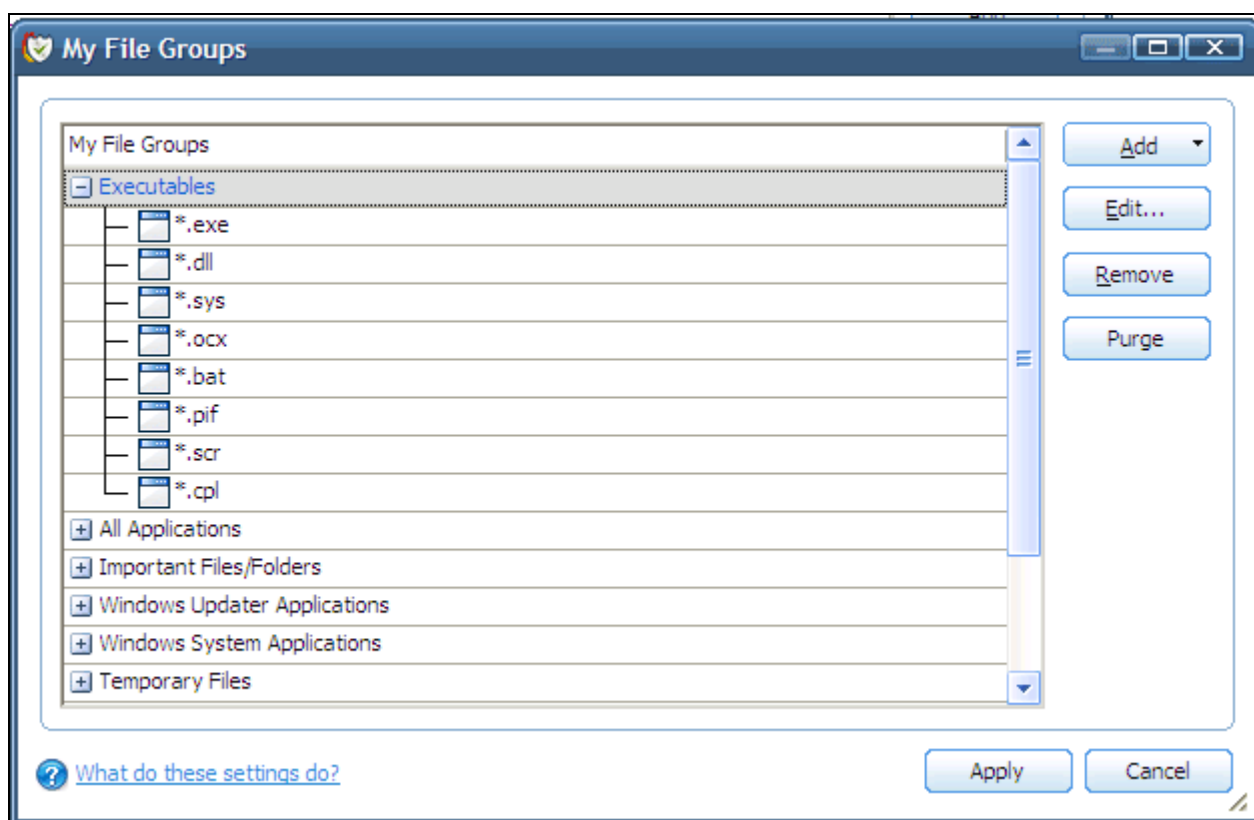
5. On the 'Allowed Files/Folders' tab, click 'Add' then 'Browse...'. Add 'Accounts.xls' as an exception to the 'Ask' or 'Block' rule in 'Process Access Rights'



2. Then go to 'Computer Security Policy' in the advanced section and add 'EXCEL.EXE' to the list of applications and click 'Edit'

Another example of where protected files should be given selective access is the Windows system directory at 'c:\windows\system32'. Files in this folder should be off-limits to modification by anything except certain, Trusted, applications like Windows Updater Applications. In this case, you would add the directory c:\windows\system32* to the 'My Protected Files' area (* = all files in this directory). Next go to 'Computer Security Policy', locate the file group 'Windows Updater Applications' in the list and follow the same process outlined above to create an exception for that group of executables.

The 'Groups...' button allows the user to access the 'My File Groups' interface:



File groups are handy, predefined groupings of one or more file types. Creating a file group allows you to quickly deploy a [Computer Security Policy](#) across multiple file types and applications.

This interface allows you to

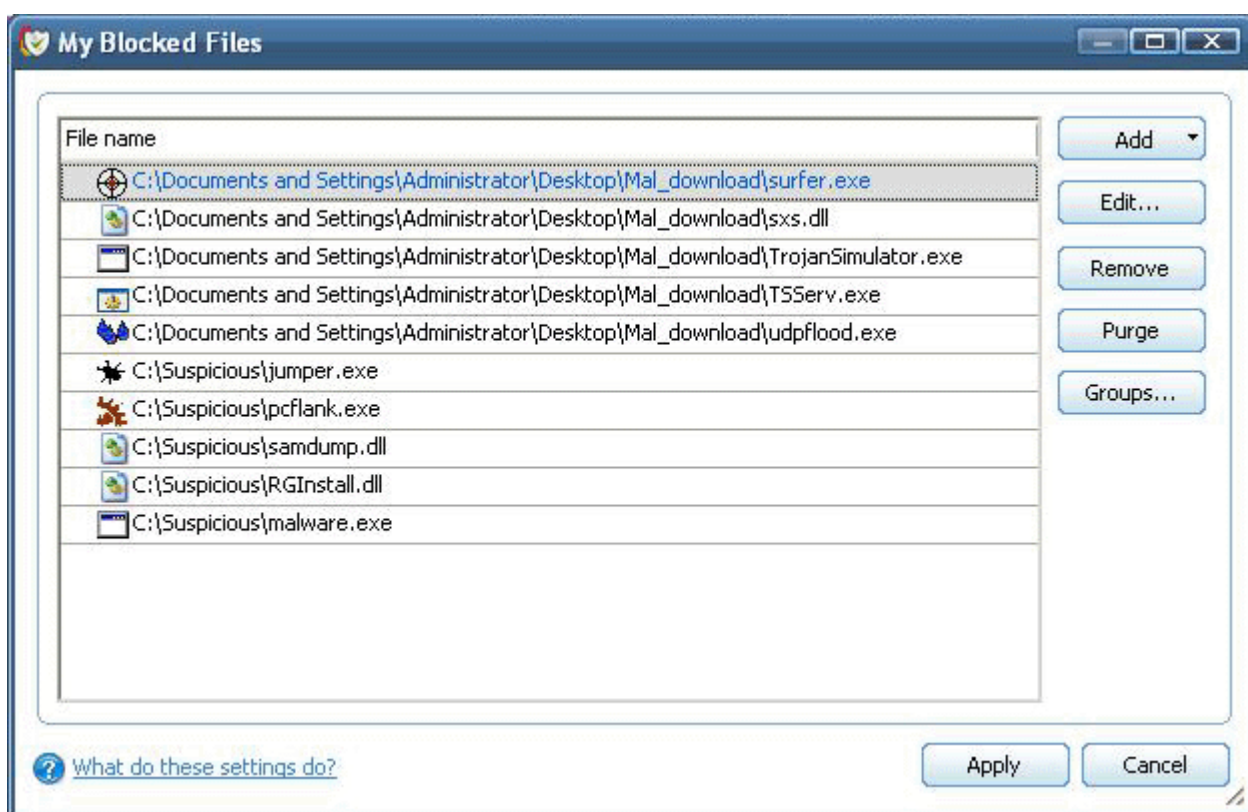
- Create a new File Group by clicking the 'Add' button
- Edit the names of an Existing File Group or File by right-clicking and selecting the 'Edit' button
- Add a file to an existing file group by selecting the File Group name from the list then clicking 'Add > Select From >....'
- Re-assign files to another file group by dragging and dropping

Note: This area is for the creation and modification of file groups only. You will not be able to modify the security policy of any applications or files from here. To do that, you should use the [Computer Security Policy](#) interface or the [Predefined Security Policy Interface](#).

4.3 My Blocked Files

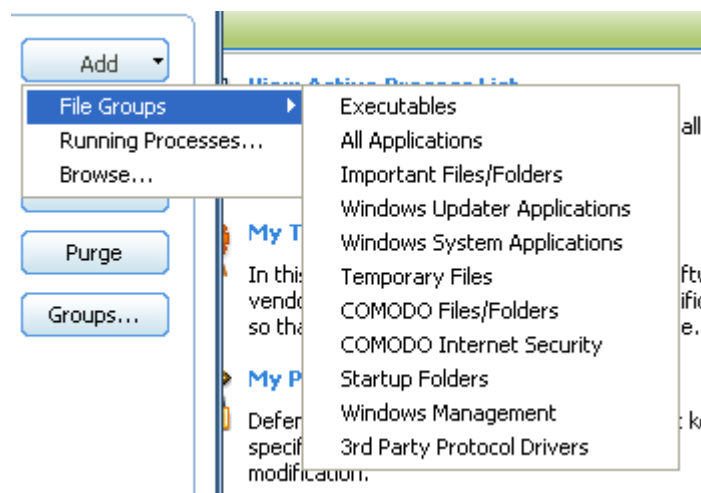
Defense+ allows you to lock-down files and folders by completely denying all access rights to them from other processes or users - effectively cutting it off from the rest of your system. If the file you block is an executable, then neither you nor anything else will be able to run that program. Unlike files that are placed in 'My Protected Files', users cannot selectively allow any process access to a blocked file.

To access My Blocked Files, navigate to: Defense+ Tasks > Common Tasks > My Blocked Files.

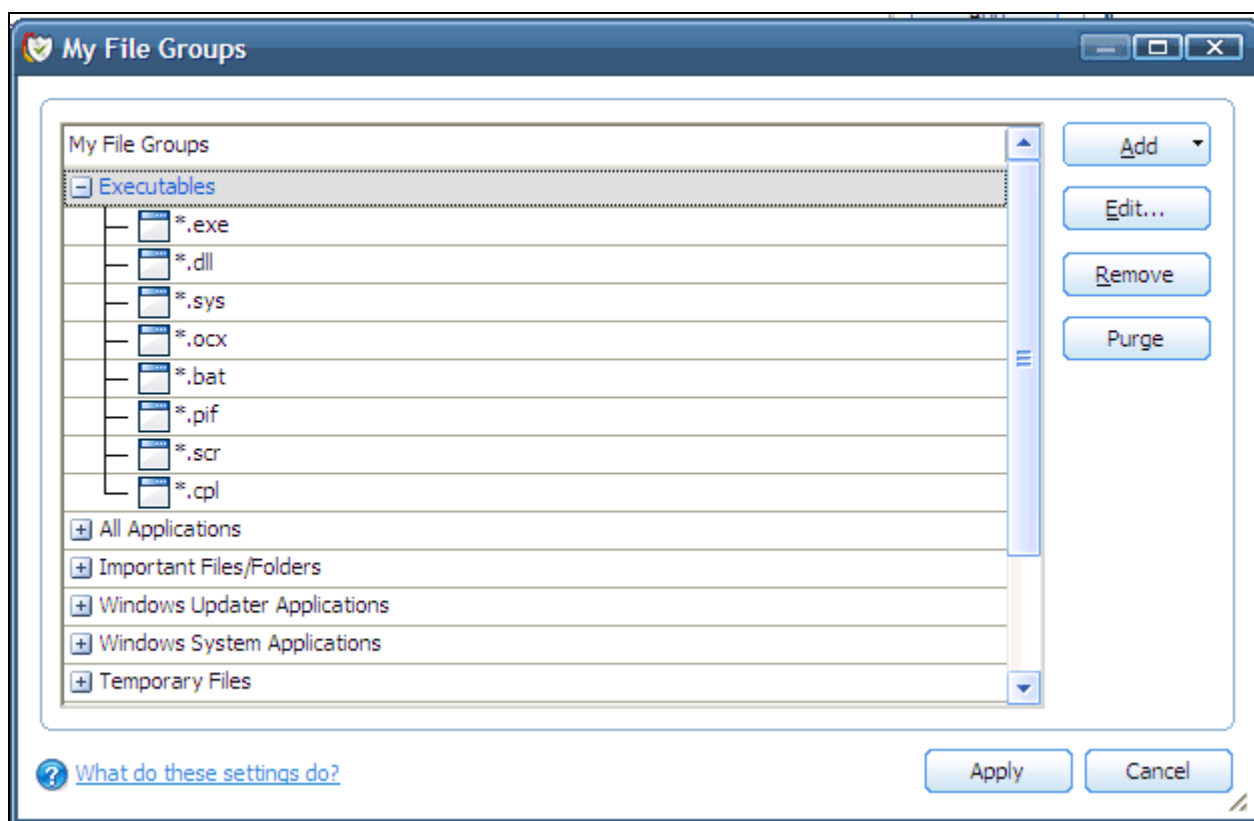


To manually add an individual file; file group or process, click the 'Add' button. [Click here](#) for a description of the choices available when selecting a file.

Additionally, files can be transferred *into* the My Blocked Files module using the 'Move to..' button in the ['My Pending Files'](#) and ['My Own Safe Files'](#) areas.



The 'Groups...' button allows the user to access the 'My File Groups' interface:



File groups are handy, predefined groupings of one or more file types. Creating a file group allows you to deploy a custom or predefined [computer security policy](#) across multiple file types and applications.

The 'My File Groups' interface allows you to:

- Create a new File Group by clicking the 'Add' button
- Edit the names of an Existing File Group or File by right-clicking and selecting the 'Edit' button

- Add a file to an existing file group by selecting the File Group name from the list then clicking 'Add > Select From >....'
- Re-assign files to another file group by dragging and dropping

Note - This area is for the creation and modification of file groups only. You will not be able to modify the security policy of any applications or files from here. To do that, you should use the [Computer Security Policy](#) interface or the [Predefined Security Policy Interface](#).

4.4 My Pending Files

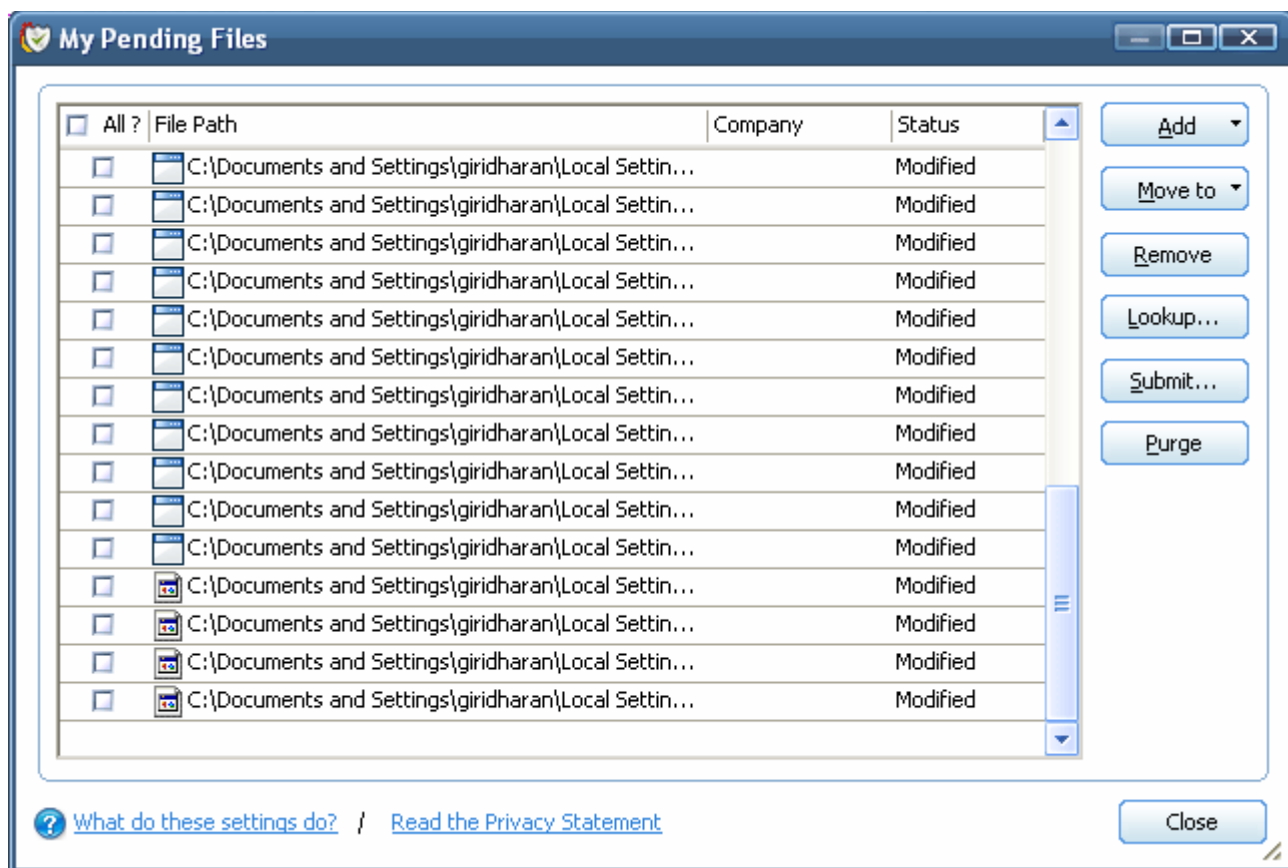
Once installed, Defense+ watches all file system activity on your computer. Every new executable file introduced to the computer, is first scanned against the Comodo certified safe files database. If they are not safe, they are added to the 'My Pending Files' for users to review and possibly submit to Comodo. Apart from new executables, any executables that are modified are also moved to the 'My Pending Files' area.

"My Pending Files" is specifically important while Defense+ is in 'Clean PC Mode'. In Clean PC Mode, the files in 'My Pending Files' are NOT considered clean. For more information, please check 'Clean PC Mode' on the Defense+ settings page.

The 'My Pending Files Area allows the user to:

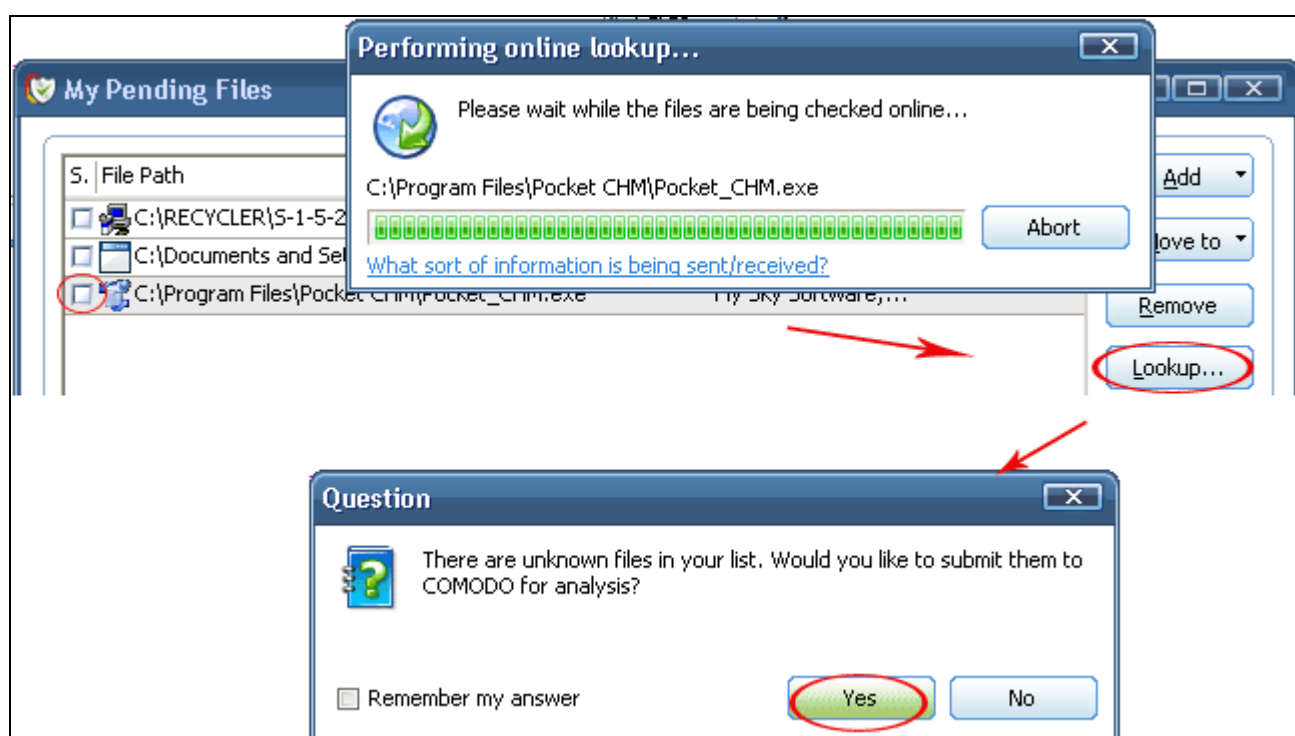
- Assess the pending files to determine whether or not they are to be trusted. If they are trustworthy, they can be moved to 'My Safe Files' using the ['Move to'](#) button. Similarly, files that are suspicious can be moved to the 'My Quarantined Files' area.
- Use the ['Lookup...' feature](#) to see if the master Comodo safelist contains more information.
- Send the file to Comodo for analysis using the 'Submit' feature
- [Manually add files](#) to the pending list for look-ups or submitting to Comodo
- Use the 'Purge' feature to scan the list for files that no longer exist on your system and remove them from the "My Pending Files" list.

In order to access pending files, navigate to: Defense+ Tasks > Common Tasks > My Pending Files.



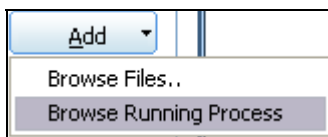
The 'Lookup...' button allows you to check for information on the files by consulting the master Comodo safelist. Select the file(s) you want to check and click the *Lookup...* button. This will contact Comodo servers to conduct a search of Comodo's master safe list database to check if any information is available about the file in question. If no information is available, you are presented with the option to submit them to Comodo for analysis:

Clicking the "Submit" button will automatically begin the [file submission process](#).

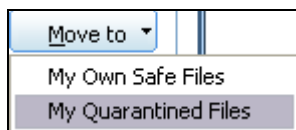


After sending the file to us, our developers will determine whether or not it represents a threat to your security. If it is found to be trustworthy, it will be added to the Comodo safelist. (see the section [Submit Suspicious Files](#) for more details on this).

You can manually add files to the Pending Files list by clicking the 'Add..' button and either browsing to their location on your hard drive or selecting a running process:



The 'Move to...' option allows you to transfer the files out of the 'My Pending Files' area and into either the [My Own Safe Files](#) or [My Quarantined Files](#) areas of Defense+:



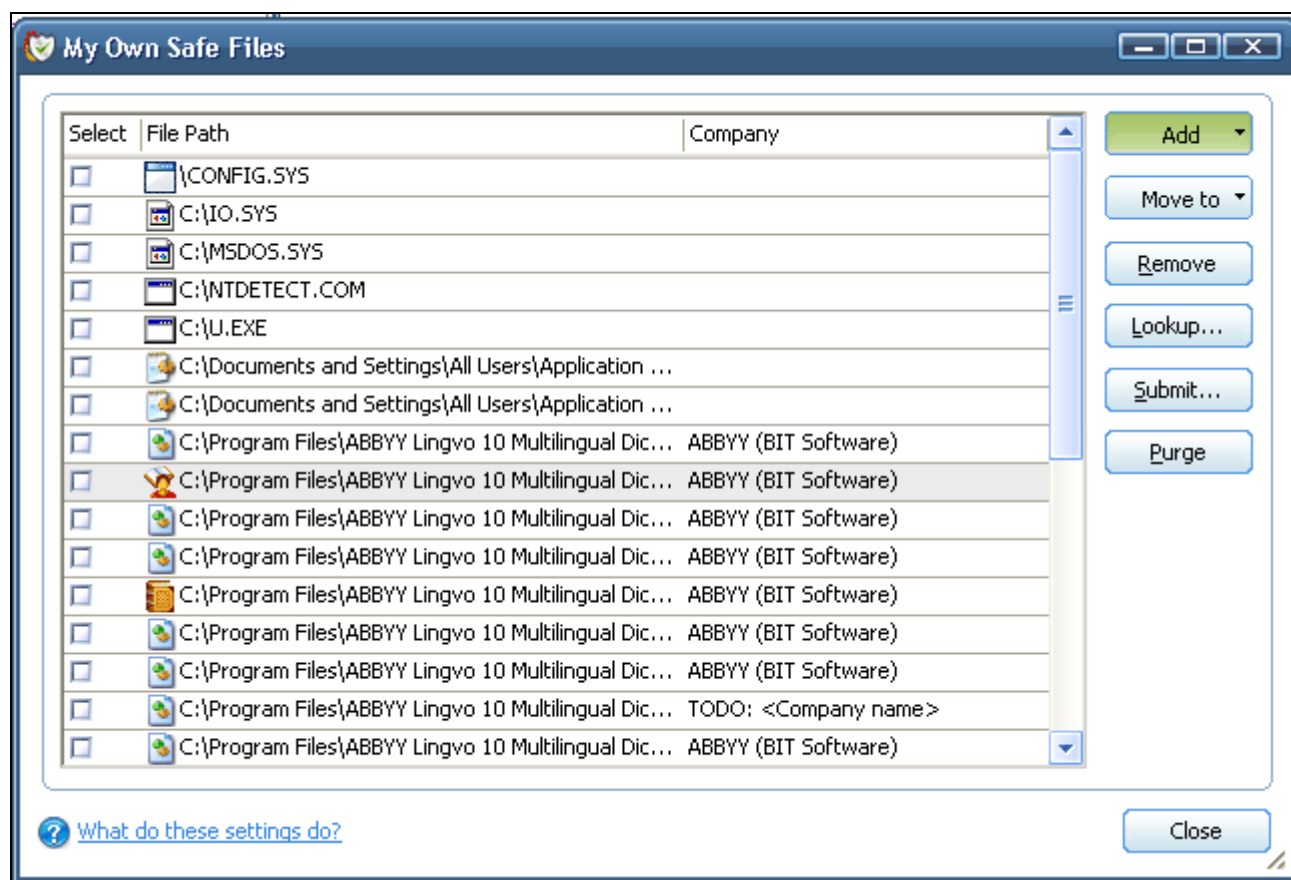
Files can also be transferred *into* this module by clicking the 'Move to...' button in the ['My Own Safe Files'](#) area.

4.5 My Own Safe Files

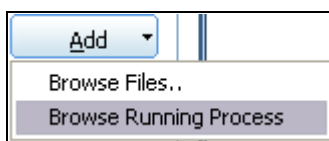
Defense+ allows you to define a personal safelist of files to complement the default Comodo safelist.

Files added to this area are automatically given Defense+ trusted status. If an executable is unknown to the Defense+ safelist then, ordinarily, it and all its active components will generate Defense+ alerts when they run. Of course, you could choose the 'Treat this as a Trusted Application' option at the alert but it is often more convenient to classify entire directories of files as 'My Own Safe Files'.

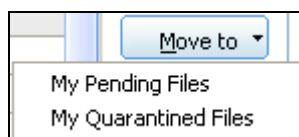
By adding executables to this list (including subfolders containing many components) you can reduce the amount of alerts that Defense+ generates whilst maintaining a higher level of Defense+ security. This is particularly useful for developers that are creating new applications that, by their nature, are as yet unknown to the Comodo safelist. Files can be transferred *into* this module by clicking the 'Move' button in the ['My Pending Files'](#) and ['My Quarantined Files'](#) areas.



Click the 'Add' button to manually imports files or processes into this area:



The 'Move to...' option allows you to transfer the selected files *out* of the 'My Own Safe Files' area and into either the [My Pending Files](#) or [My Quarantined Files](#) areas of Defense+:



The 'Lookup...' button allows you to check for information on the selected files by consulting the master Comodo safe-list. This will contact Comodo servers to conduct a search of Comodo's master safe list database to check if any information is available about the file in question. If no information is available, you are presented with the option to submit them to Comodo for analysis:

Clicking the "Submit" button will automatically begin the [file submission process](#). This is particularly useful in the case of 'My Own Safe Files' as it will allow the files you know to be safe to be added to the master Comodo safelist. This list will then be distributed to all other installations of the firewall and allow all users to trust these files.

4.6 View Active Process List

The interface displays all currently active processes that are running on your PC and the parent application of those processes. By tracing an application's parent process, Defense+ can detect whether a non-trusted application is attempting to spawn an already trusted application and thus deny access rights for that trusted application. This system provides the very highest protection against trojans, malware and rootkits that try to use trusted software to launch an attack.

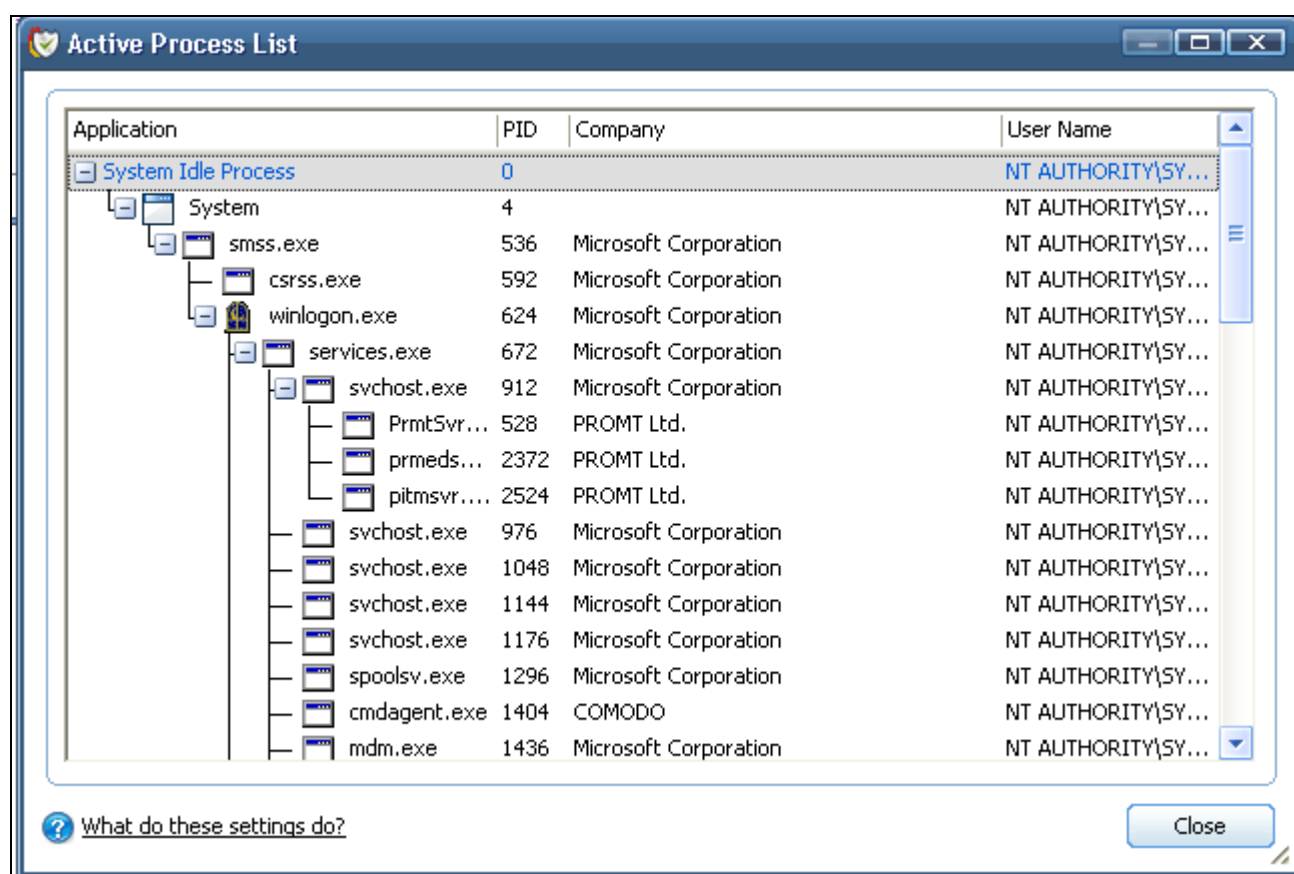
To view Active Process list, navigate to: Defense+ > Common Tasks > Active Process List.

Application - Displays the names of the applications which are currently running on your PC.

PID - Process Identification Number.

Company - Displays the name of the software developer

User Name - The name of the user that started the process



Right click on any process to:

Show the full path: Displays the location on your location of the executable in addition to it's name

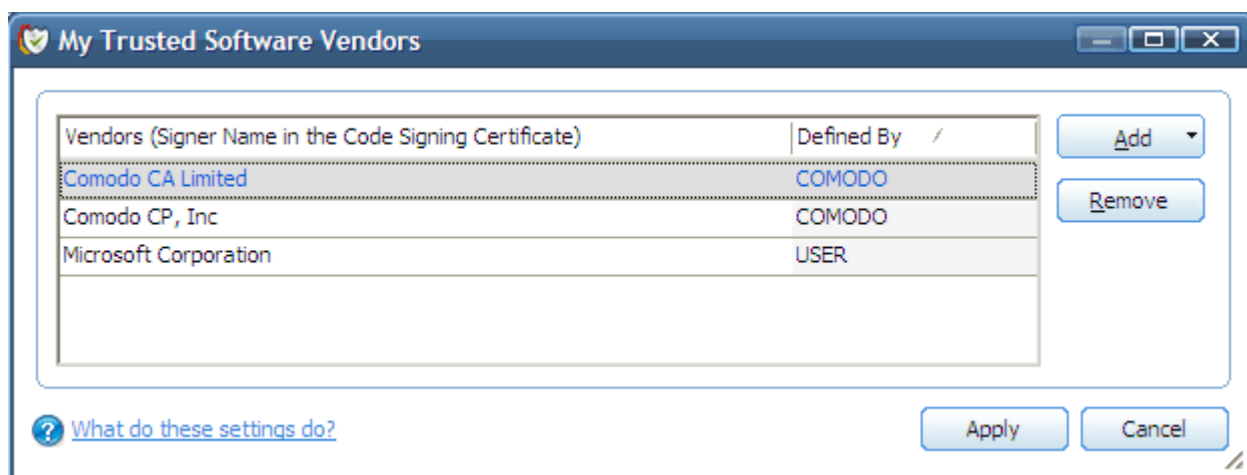
Terminate: Shuts down the currently selected process

Terminate and quarantine: Shuts down the currently selected process and places the executable into the [My Quarantined Files](#) section of Defense+.

4.7 My Trusted Software Vendors

Comodo Internet Security Pro can now validate digitally signed applications from trusted vendors. Trusted Vendors are those companies that digitally sign 3rd party software to verify it's authenticity and integrity. This signature is then counter-signed by an organization called a Trusted Certificate Authority. By default, Defense+ will detect software that is signed by a software vendor and counter-signed by a Trusted Certificate Authority. It will then automatically add that software to the Comodo safe list.

The 'My Trusted Software Vendors' section can be found by navigating to Defense+ > Common Tasks > My Trusted Software Vendors.



[Click here to read background information on digitally signing software](#)

[Click here to learn how to Add / Define a user-trusted vendor](#)

Background

Many software vendors digitally sign their software with a code signing certificate. This practice helps end-users to verify:

(i) **Content Source:** The software they are downloading and are about to install **really comes from the publisher that signed it.**

(ii) **Content Integrity:** That the software they are downloading and are about to install **has not be modified or corrupted since it was signed.**

In short, users benefit if software is digitally signed because they know who published the software and that the code has-n't been tampered with - that are downloading and installing *the genuine software*.

The 'Vendors' that digitally sign the software to attest to its probity are the 3rd party software developers. These are the company names you see listed in the first column in the graphic above.

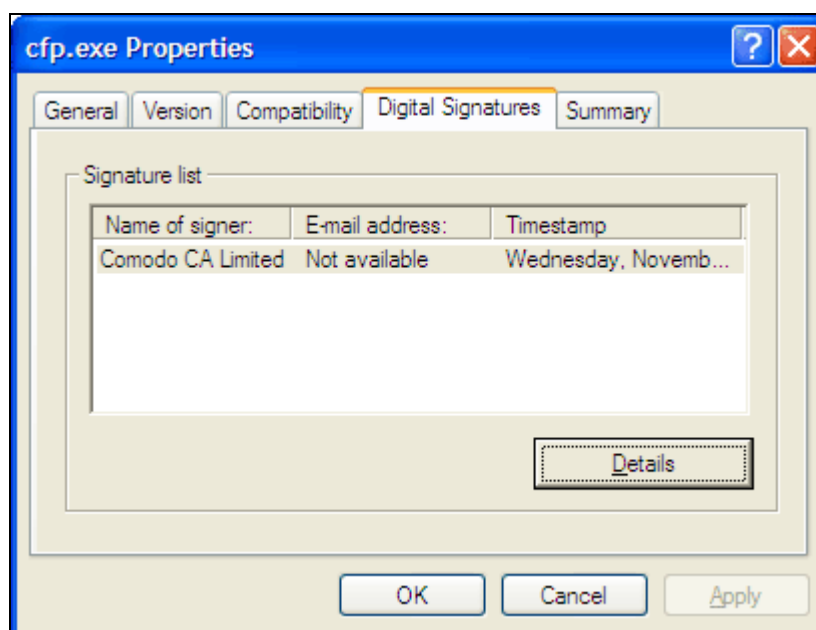
However, companies can't just 'sign' their own software and expect it to be trusted. This is why each code signing certificate is counter-signed by an organization called a 'Trusted Certificate Authority'. 'Comodo CA Limited' and 'Verisign' are two examples of a Trusted CA's and are authorized to counter-sign 3rd party software. This counter-signature is critical to the trust process and a Trusted CA will only counter-sign a vendor's certificate after it has conducted detailed checks that the vendor is a legitimate company.

All files that are signed by the listed 'vendors' will be automatically trusted by the Defense+ module of Comodo Internet Security Pro. (if you would like to read more about code signing certificates, see <http://www.instantssl.com/code-signing/>).

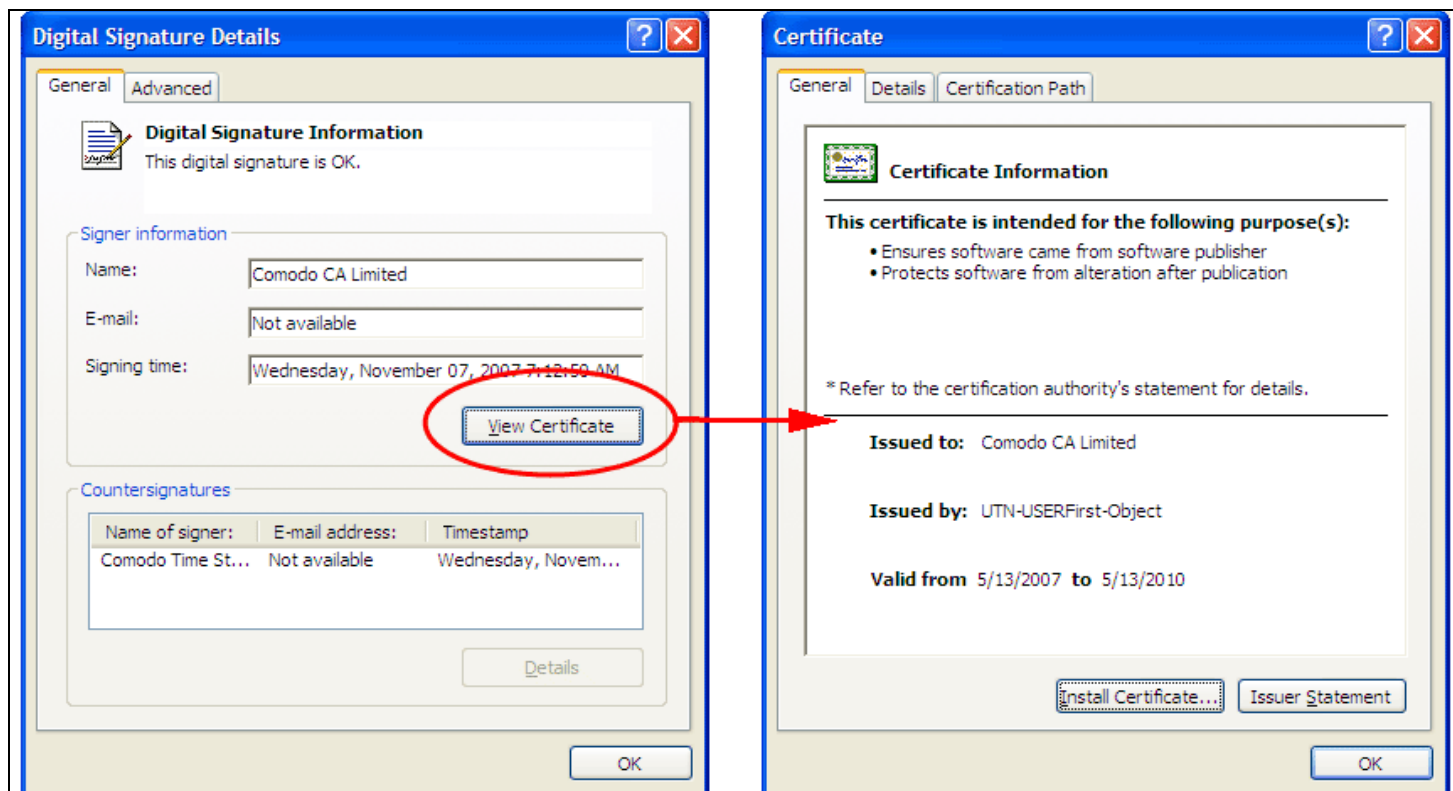
One way of telling whether an executable file has been digitally signed is checking the properties of the .exe file in question. For example, the main program executable for Comodo Internet Security Pro is called 'cfp.exe' and has been digitally signed.

- Browse to the (default) installation directory of C:\Program Files\Comodo\Firewall
- Right click on the file 'cpf.exe'
- Select 'Properties' from the menu
- Click the tab 'Digital Signatures' (if there is no such tab then the software has not been signed)

This will display the name of the CA that signed the software as shown below:



Click the 'Details' button to view digital signature information. Click 'View Certificate' to inspect the actual code signing certificate. (see below)

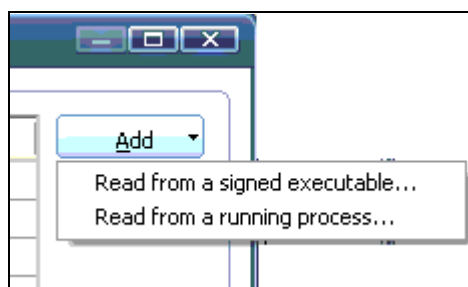


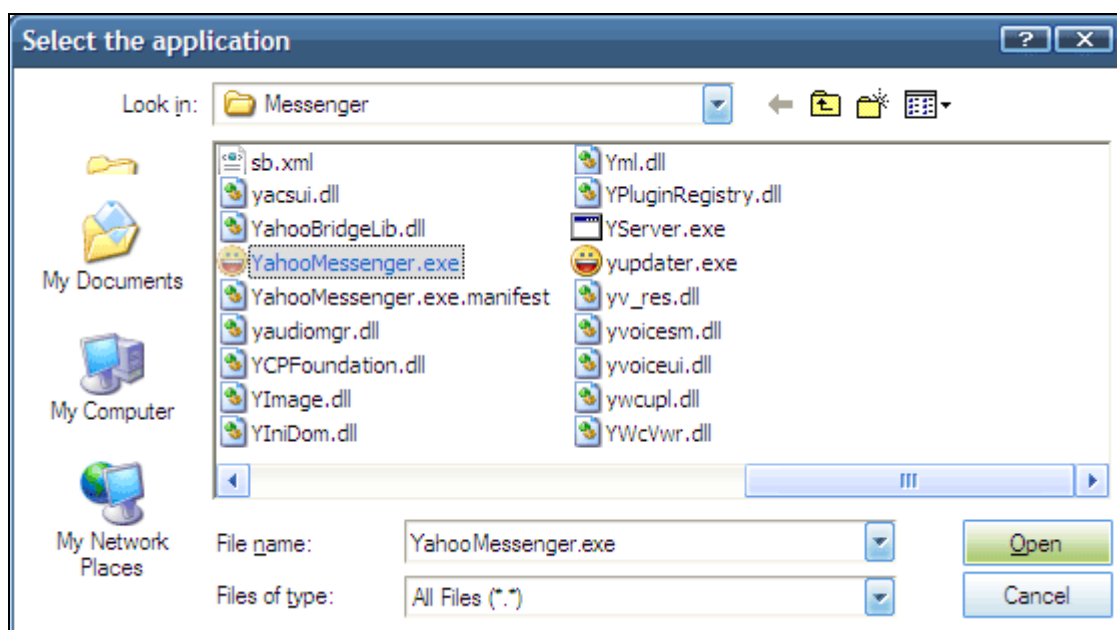
It should be noted that the example above is a special case in that Comodo, as creator of 'cpf.exe', is both the signer of the software and, as a trusted CA, it is also the counter-signer (see the 'Countersignatures' box). In the vast majority of cases, the signer or the certificate (the vendor) and the counter signer (the Trusted CA) will be different. [See this example](#) for more details.

Adding and Defining a user-trusted Vendor

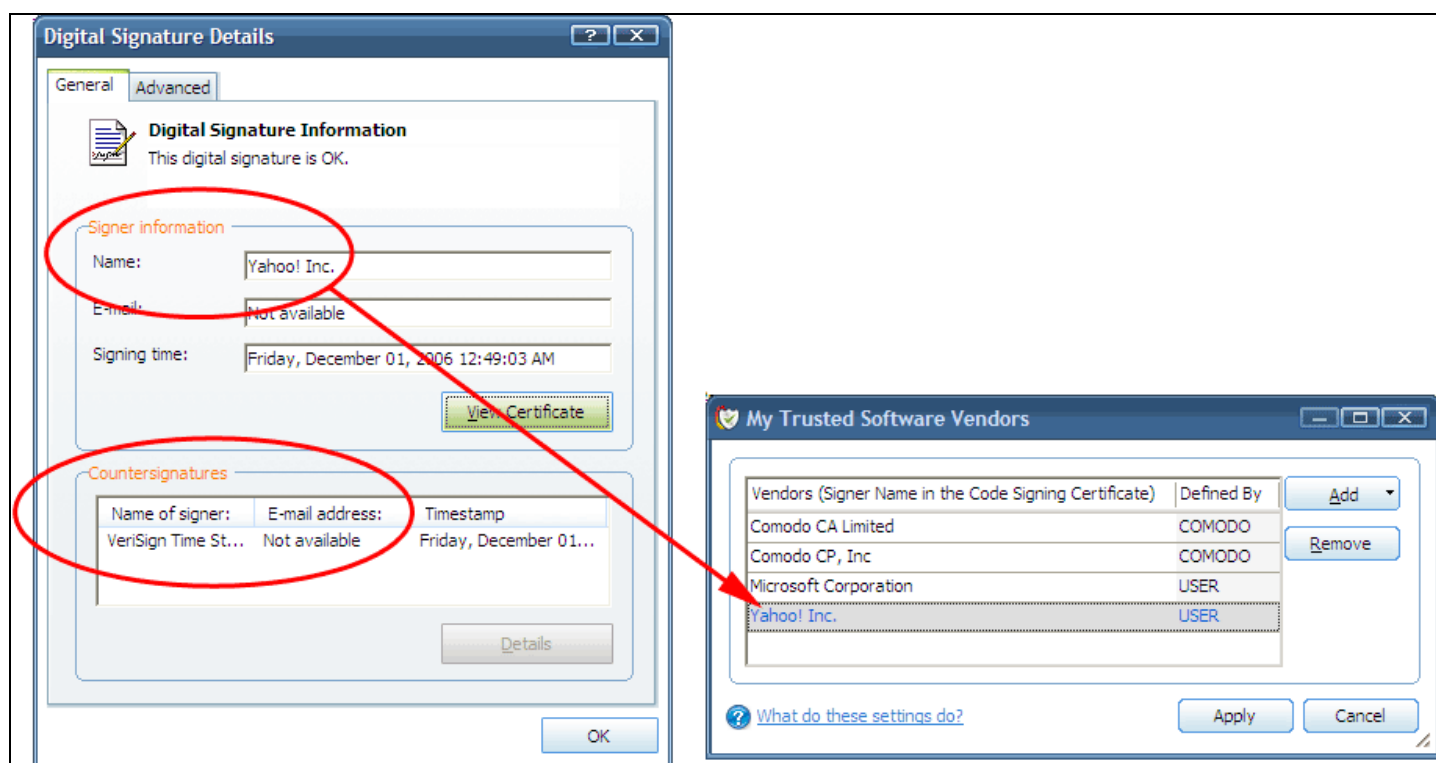
A software vendor can be added to the 'Trusted Software Vendors' list in two ways:

- By reading the vendor's signature from an executable file on your local drive
- By reading the vendor's signature from a running process





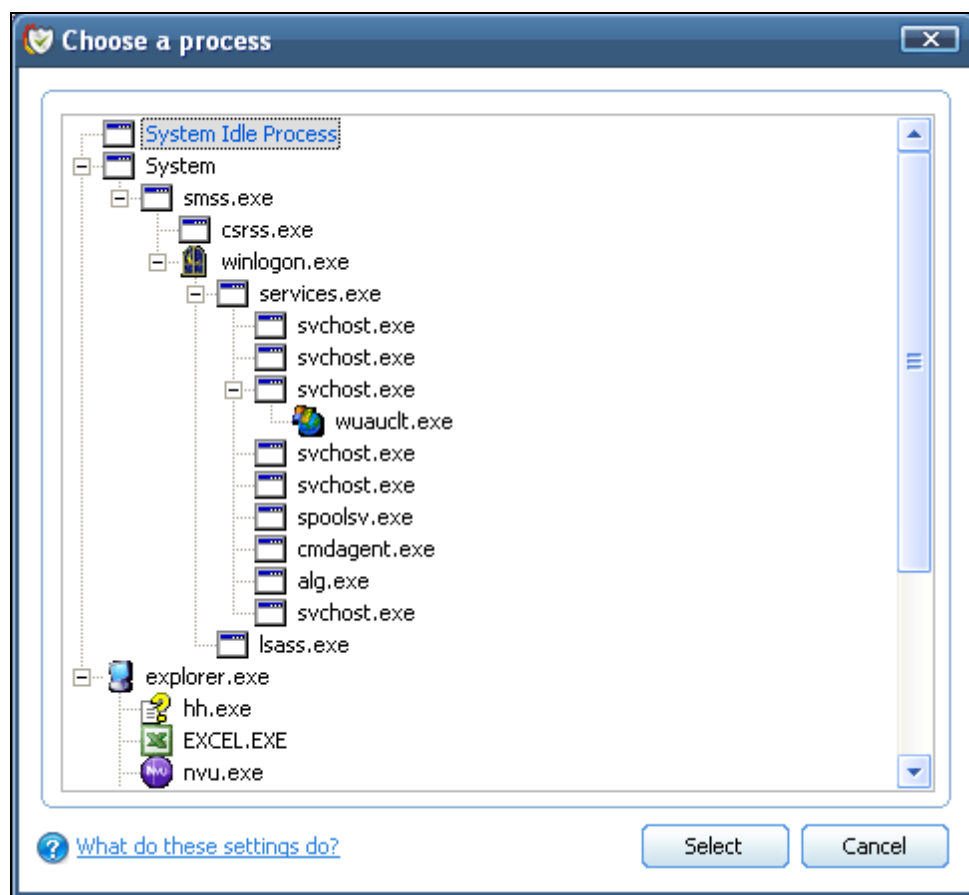
Click the add button on the right hand side and select 'Read from a signed executable...'. Browse to the location of the executable your local drive. In the example below, we are adding the executable 'YahooMessenger.exe'. After clicking 'Open', Comodo Firewall will check that the .exe file is signed by the vendor and counter-signed by a Trusted CA. If so, the vendor (software signer) will be added to the Trusted Vendor list:



In the example above, Comodo Personal Firewall was able to verify and trust the vendor signature on YahooMessenger.exe because it had been counter-signed by the trusted CA 'Verisign'. The software signer 'Yahoo! Inc' is now a trust-

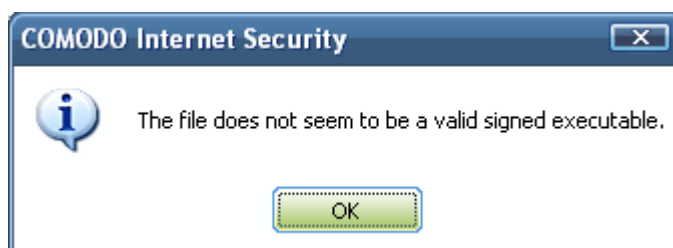
ed vendor and is added to the list. All future software that is signed by the vendor 'Yahoo! Inc' will be automatically added to the Comodo safe list UNLESS you change [this setting in Defense+ settings](#).

Comodo Internet Security Pro also allows you to add a trusted vendor by selecting from processes that are currently running on your PC. To do this, click the 'Add...' button and select 'Choose from a running process...':



Select the signed executable that you want to trust and click the 'Select' button. Comodo Internet Security Pro will perform the same certificate check as described above.

If the firewall cannot verify that the software certificate is signed by a Trusted CA then it will not add the software vendor to the list of 'My Trusted Vendors'. In this case, you will see the following error message:



Note: The 'My Trusted Software Vendors' list displays two types of software vendors:

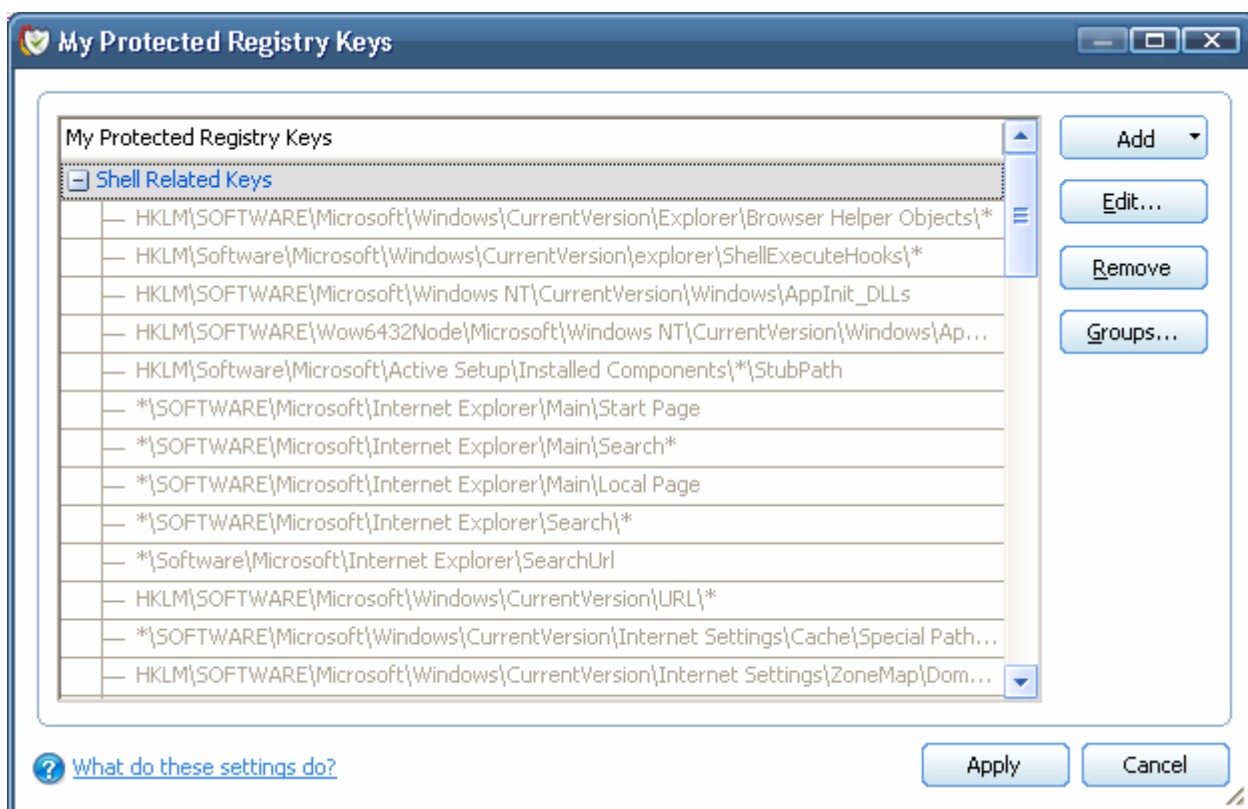
- *User defined trusted software vendors* - As the name suggests, these are added by the user via one of the two methods outlined earlier. These vendors can be removed by the user by selecting and clicking the 'Remove' button. All software created by user certified vendors is automatically added to the firewall safelist.
- *Comodo defined trusted software vendors* - These are the vendors that Comodo, in its capacity as a Trusted CA, has independently validated as a legitimate company. Comodo certified vendors are hardcoded into the firewall

and cannot be removed. All software created by Comodo certified vendors is automatically added to the firewall safelist.

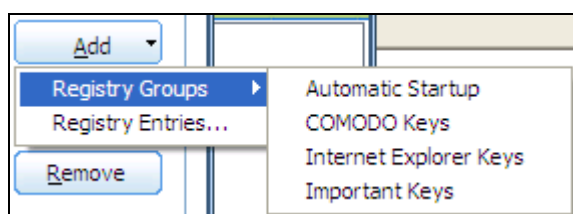
4.8 My Protected Registry Keys

Comodo Internet Security Pro automatically protects system critical registry keys against modification. Irreversible damage can be caused to your system if important registry keys are corrupted or modified in any way. It is essential that your registry keys are protected against attack.

In order to access 'My Protected Registry Keys', navigate to: Defense+ Tasks > Common Tasks > My Protected Registry



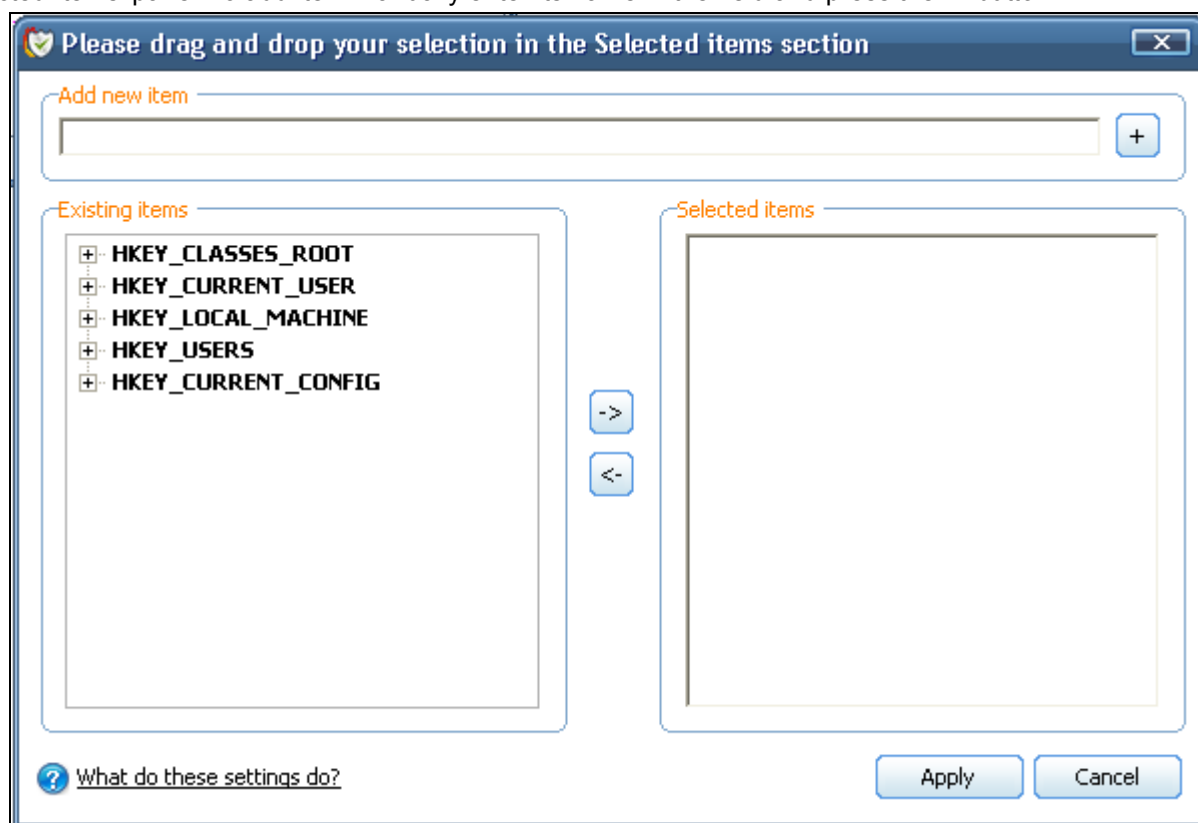
You can import additional registry keys that you wish to protect by clicking the 'Add' button:



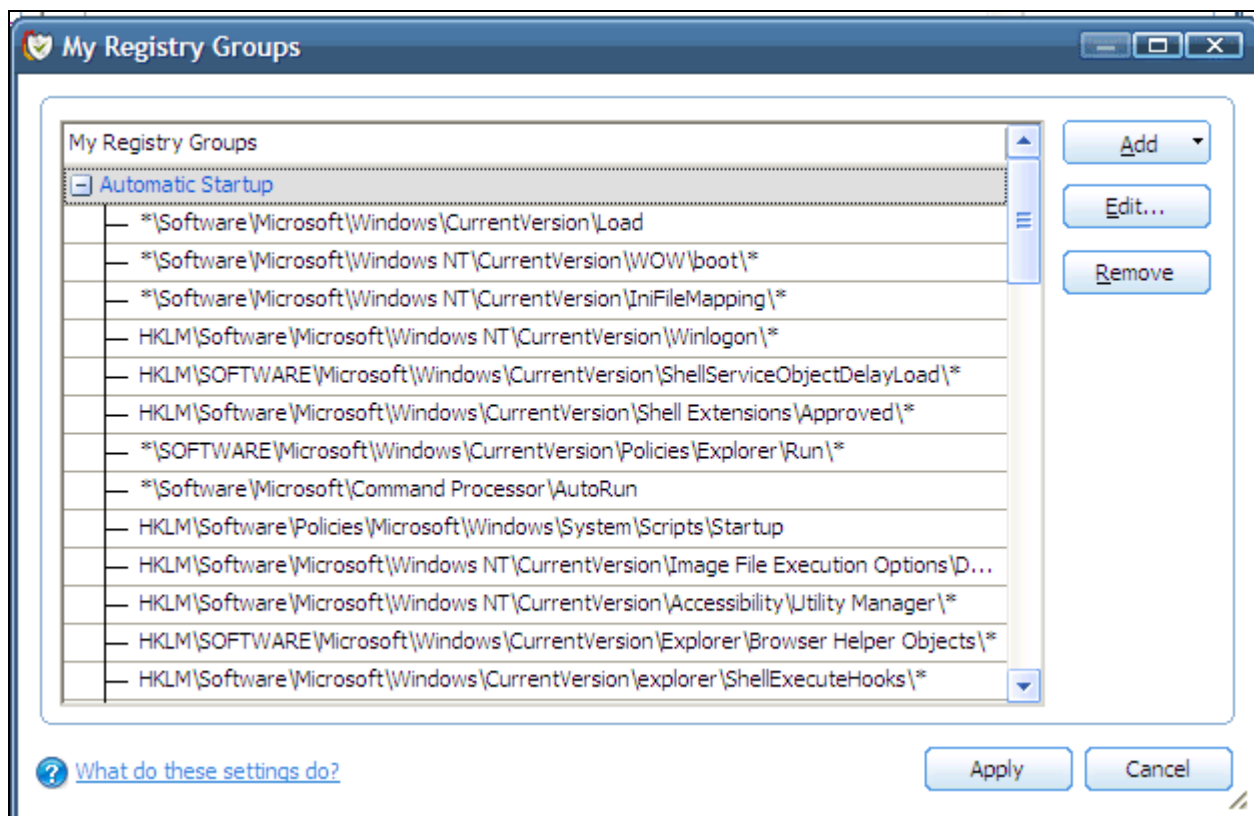
The 'Registry Groups' option allows you to batch select and import predefined groups of important registry keys. Comodo provide a default selection of 'Automatic Startup' (keys), 'Comodo Keys', 'Internet Explorer Keys' and 'Important Keys'.

The 'Registry Entries....' option opens the Windows registry editor within the Comodo Internet Security Pro interface and allow you to select individual keys.

You can add items manually by browsing the registry tree in the right hand pane. Drag & drop specific registry keys into the 'Selected Items' pane. To add item manually enter its name in the field and press the '+' button.



The 'Groups...' button allows the user to access the 'My Registry Groups' interface:



Registry groups are handy, predefined groupings of important registry keys.

This interface allows you to

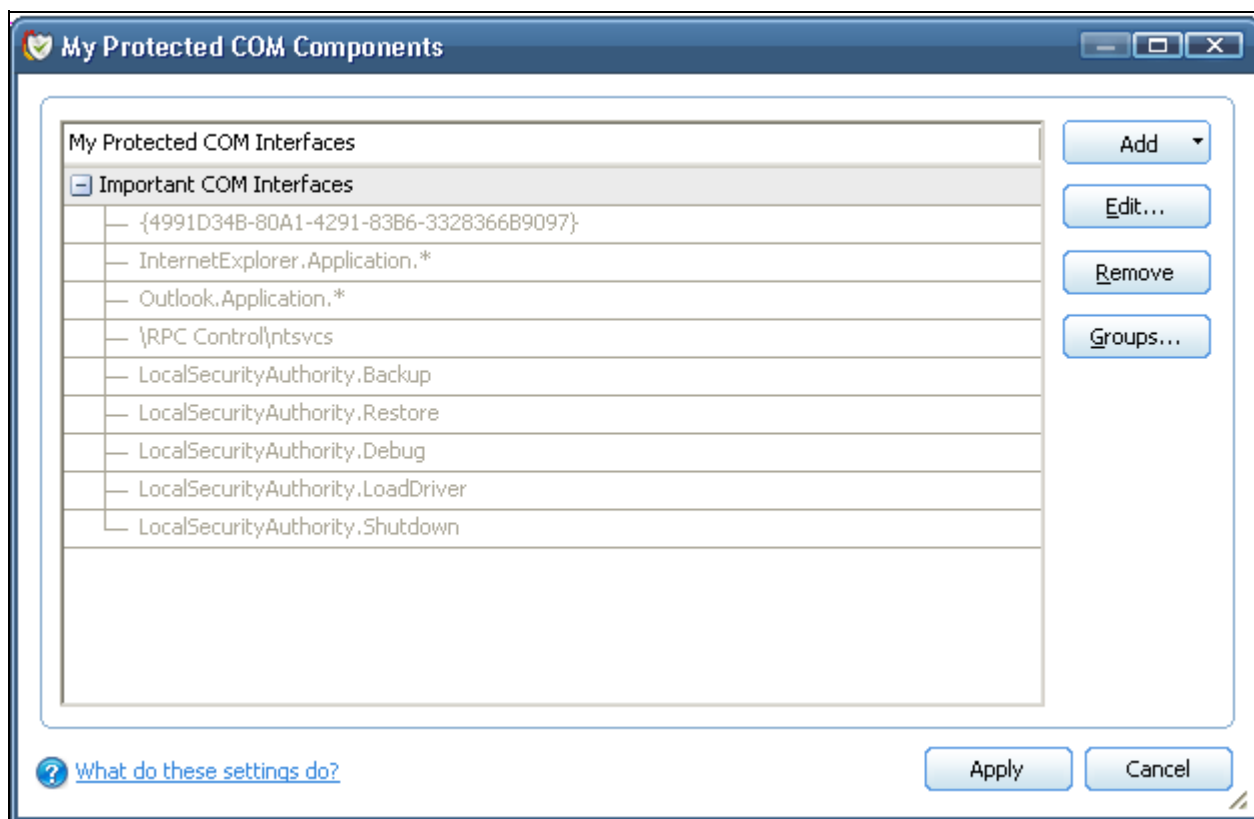
- Create a new registry key Group by clicking the 'Add' button
- Add keys to your new group by selecting the Registry Group name from the list then clicking 'Add > Select From > Registry Key...'
- Add keys to a preexisting group by selecting its name from the list then clicking 'Add > Select From > Registry Key...'
- Edit the names of existing registry key Group or individual key by right-clicking and selecting the 'Edit' button
- Re-assign registry keys to another group by dragging and dropping

4.9 My Protected COM Interfaces

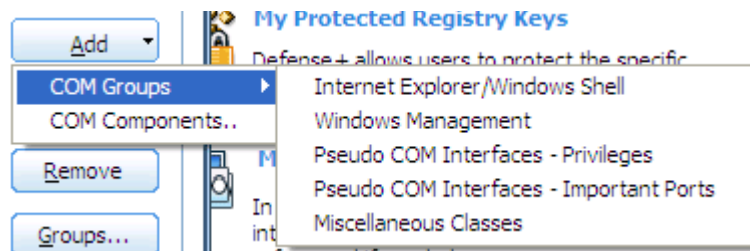
Component Object Model (COM) is Microsoft's object-oriented programming model that defines how objects interact within a single application or between applications - specifying how components work together and interoperate. COM is used as the basis for Active X and OLE - two favorite targets of hackers and malicious programs to launch attacks on your computer. It is a critical part of any security system to restrict processes from accessing the Component Object Model - in other words, to protect the COM interfaces.

Comodo Internet Security Pro automatically protects COM interfaces against modification, corruption and manipulation by malicious processes. The predefined [COM Interface groups](#) can be accessed by clicking the 'Groups...' button.

In order to access 'My Protected COM Interfaces', navigate to: Defense+ Tasks > Common Tasks > My Protected COM.

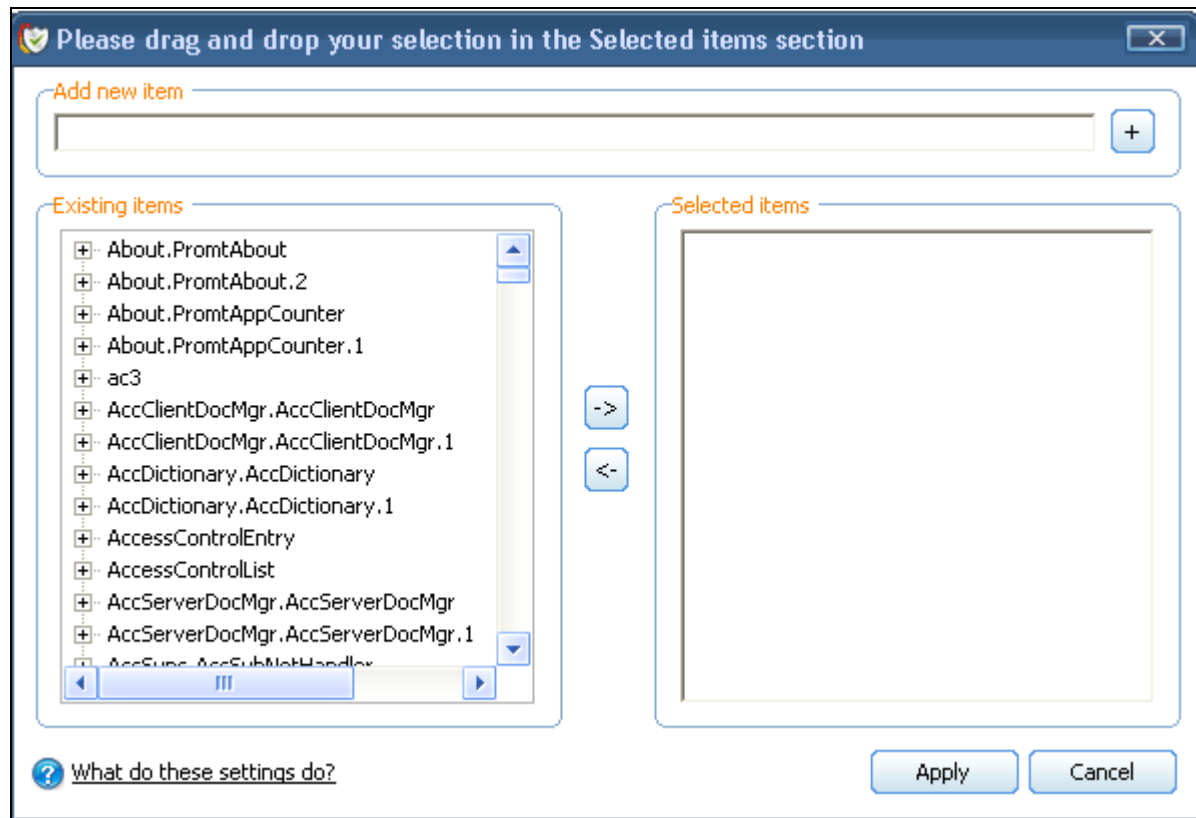


You can import additional COM interfaces that you wish to protect by clicking the 'Add' button

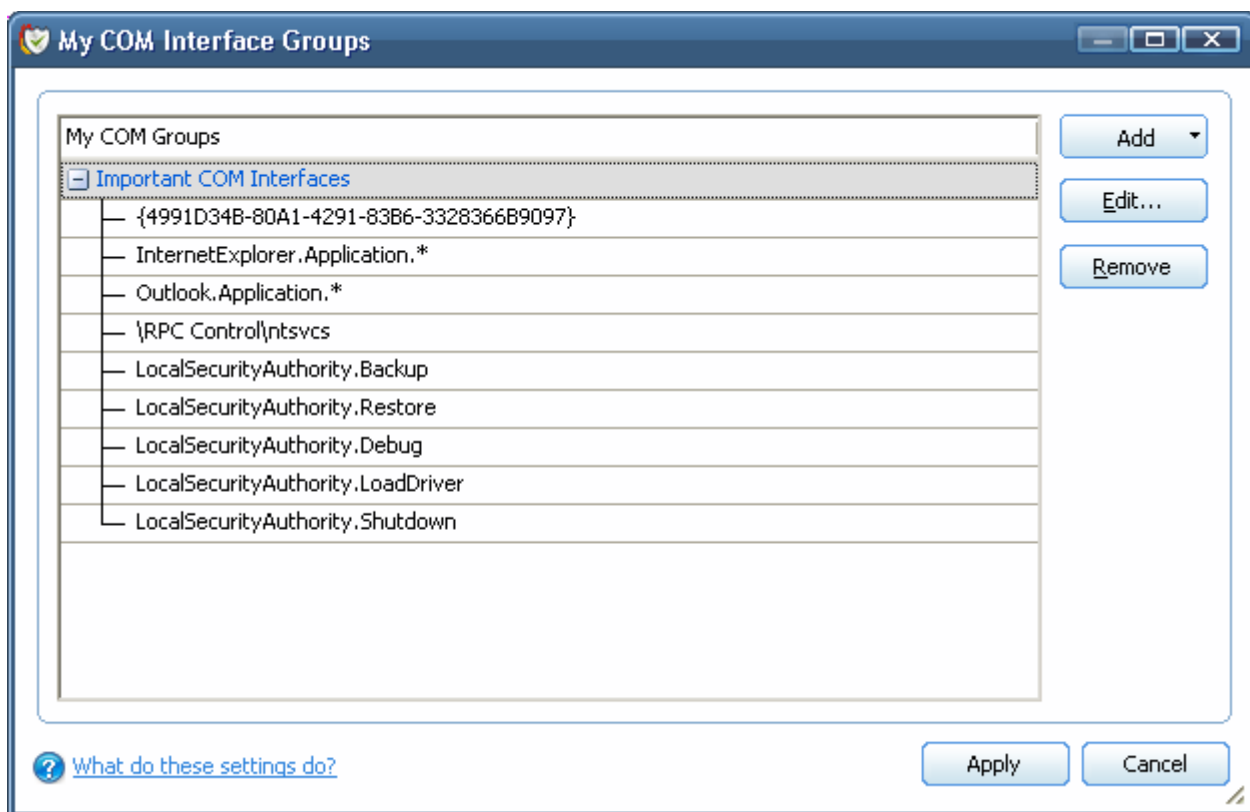


The 'COM Groups' option allows you to batch select and import predefined COM interfaces.

The 'COM Components....' option allows you to add individual COM components. You can add items manually by browsing the components in the right hand pane. Drag & drop specific components into the 'Selected Items' pane. To add manually add a component' enter its name in the field and press the '+' button.



To access 'My COM Interface Groups', click on the 'Groups' button.



COM groups are handy, predefined groupings of COM interfaces.

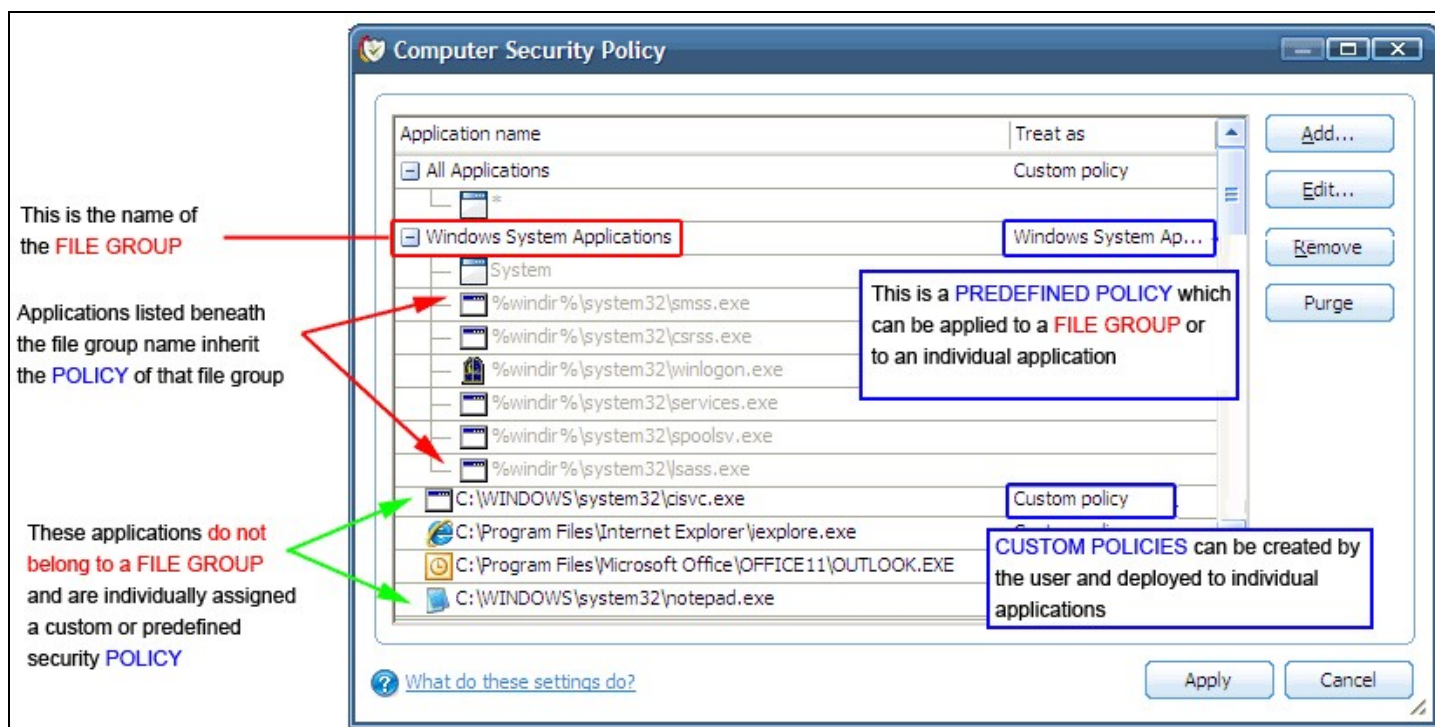
This interface allows you to

- Create a new COM Group by clicking the 'Add' button
- Add components to your new group by selecting the group name from the list then clicking 'Add > Select From > COM components...'
- Add keys to a pre-existing COM group by selecting its name from the list then clicking 'Add > Select From > COM components...'
- Edit the names of existing COM Group or individual component by right-clicking and selecting the 'Edit' button
- Re-assign COM components to another group by dragging and dropping

4.10 Computer Security Policy

The Computer Security Policy area allows the user to view, manage and edit the Defense+ security policies that apply to applications.

The first column, 'Application Name', displays a list of the applications on your system for which a security policy has been deployed. If the application belongs to a file group, then all member applications assume the security policy of the file group. The second column, 'Treat as', column displays the name of the security policy assigned to the application or group of applications in column one.



General Navigation:

Add... - Allows the user to Add a new Application to the list then create it's policy. See the section '[Creating or Modifying a Defense+ Security Policy](#)'.

Edit... - Allows the user to modify the Defense+ security policy of the selected application. See the section '[Creating or Modifying a Defense+ Security Policy](#)'.

Remove - Deletes the current policy. Note - you cannot remove individual applications from a file group using this interface - you must use the '[My File Groups](#)' interface to do this.

Purge - Runs a system check to verify that all the applications for which policies are listed are actually installed on the host machine at the path specified. If not, the policy is removed, or 'purged', from the list.

Users can re-order the priority of policies by simply dragging and dropping the application name or file group name in question. To alter the priority of applications that belong to a file group, you must use the '[My File Groups](#)' interface.

Creating or Modifying a Defense+ Security Policy

To begin defining a application's Defense+ policy, you need take two basic steps.

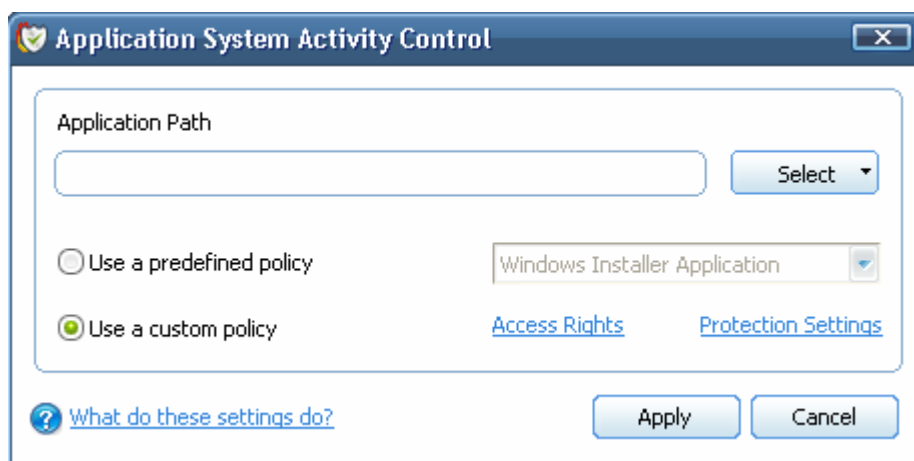
(1) [Select the application or file group that you wish the policy to apply to.](#)

(2) [Configure the security policy for this application.](#)

(1) Select the application or file group that you wish the policy to apply to

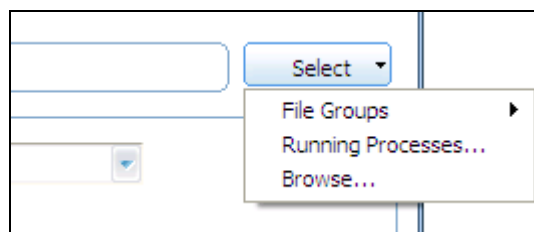
If you wish to define a policy for a new application (i.e. one that is not already listed), click the 'Add...' button in the main [Computer Security Policy interface](#).

This will bring up the 'Application System Activity Control' interface shown below:



Because you are defining the Defense+ security settings for a new application, you will notice that the 'Application Path' field is blank. (If you were editing an existing policy instead, then this interface would show that policy's name and path.)

Click the '**Select**' button to begin



You now have 3 methods available to choose the application for which you wish to create a policy - [File Groups](#); [Running Processes](#) and [Browse... \(to application\)](#)

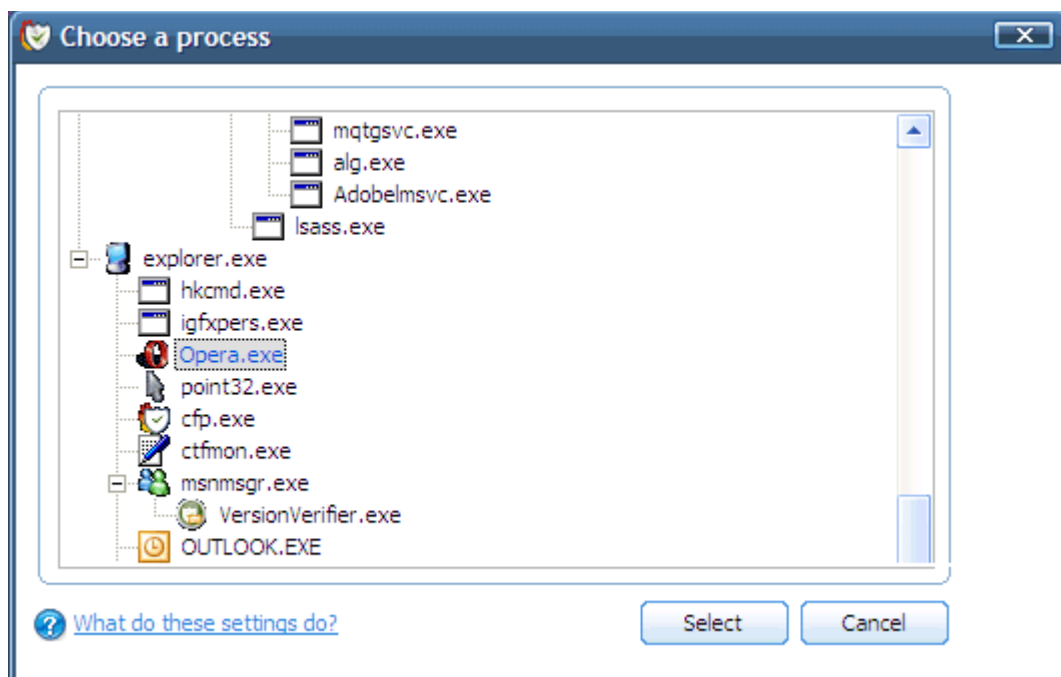
(i) **File Groups** - choosing this option allows you to create a Defense+ security policy for a category of pre-set files or folders. For example, selecting 'Executables' would enable you to create a Defense+ policy for all files with the extensions .exe .dll .sys .ocx .bat .pif .scr .cpl . Other such categories available include 'Windows System Applications' , 'Windows Updater Applications' , 'Start Up Folders' etc - each of which provide a fast and convenient way to apply a generic policy to important files and folders.

To view the file types and folders that will be affected by choosing one of these options, you need to visit the 'My File Groups' interface.

The 'My File Groups' interface can be accessed either of the following methods:

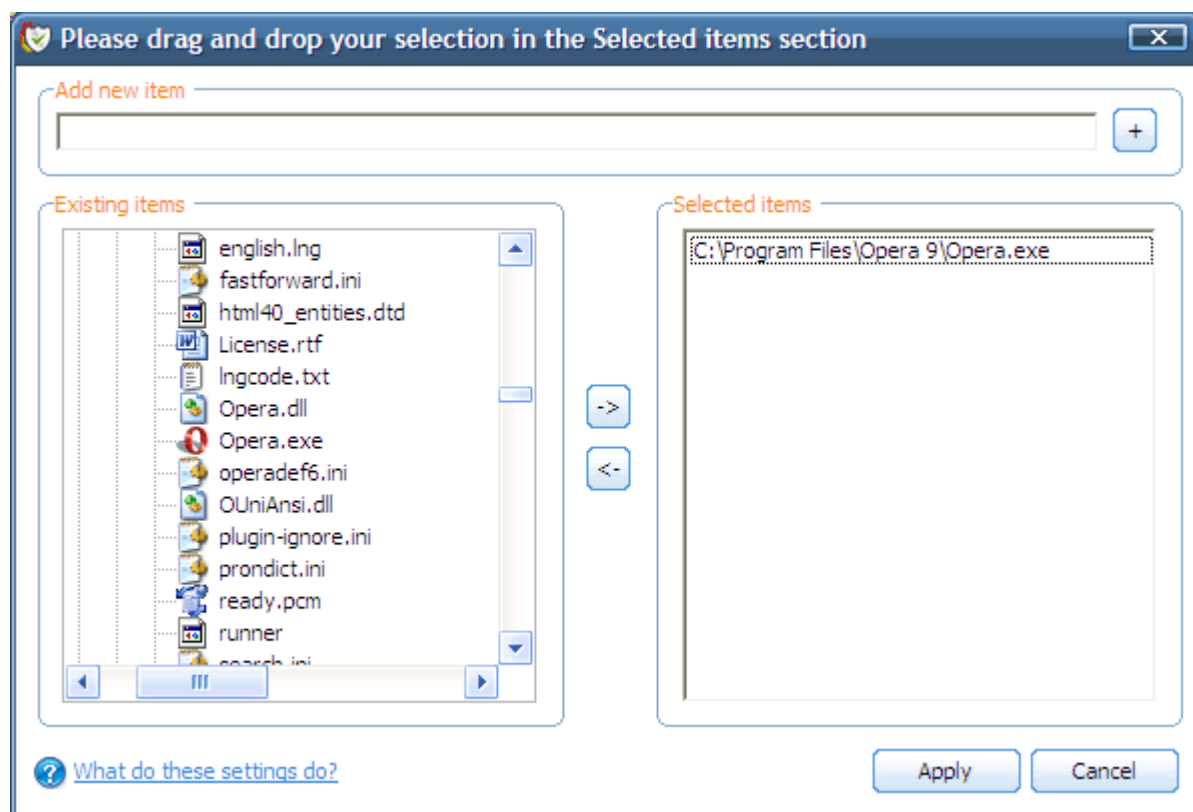
- Navigate to Defense+ > Common Tasks > [My Protected Files](#) then click the 'My Groups' button.
- Navigate to Defense+ > Common Tasks > [My Quarantined Files](#) then click the 'My Groups' button.

(ii) **Running Processes** - as the name suggests, this option allows you to create and deploy a Defense+ policy for any process that is currently running on your PC.



You can choose an individual process (shown above) or the parent process of a set of running processes. Click 'Select' to confirm your choice.

(iii) **Browse...** (to application) - this option is the easiest for most users and simply allows you to browse to the location of the application for which you want to deploy the Defense+ security policy.



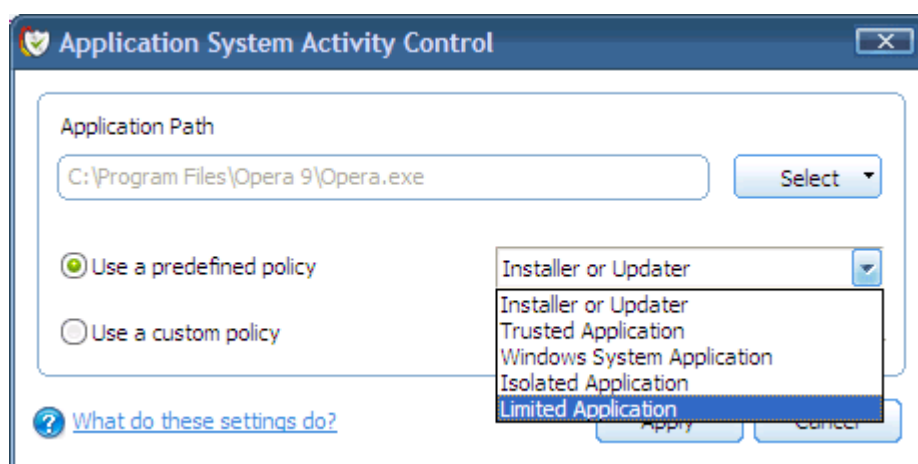
In the example below, we have decided to create a security policy for the Opera web browser.

Having selected the individual application, running process or file group, the next stage is to Configure the rules for this application's policy.

(2) Configure the security policy for this application

There are two broad options available for selecting a policy that will apply to an application - [Use a Pre-defined Policy](#) or [Use a Custom Policy](#)

(i) **Use a Predefined Policy** - Selecting this option allows the user to quickly deploy a existing security policy on to the target application. Choose the policy you wish to use from the drop down menu. In the example below, we have chosen 'Limited Application'. The name of the predefined policy you choose will be displayed in the 'Treat As' column for that application in the [Computer Security Policy](#) interface.

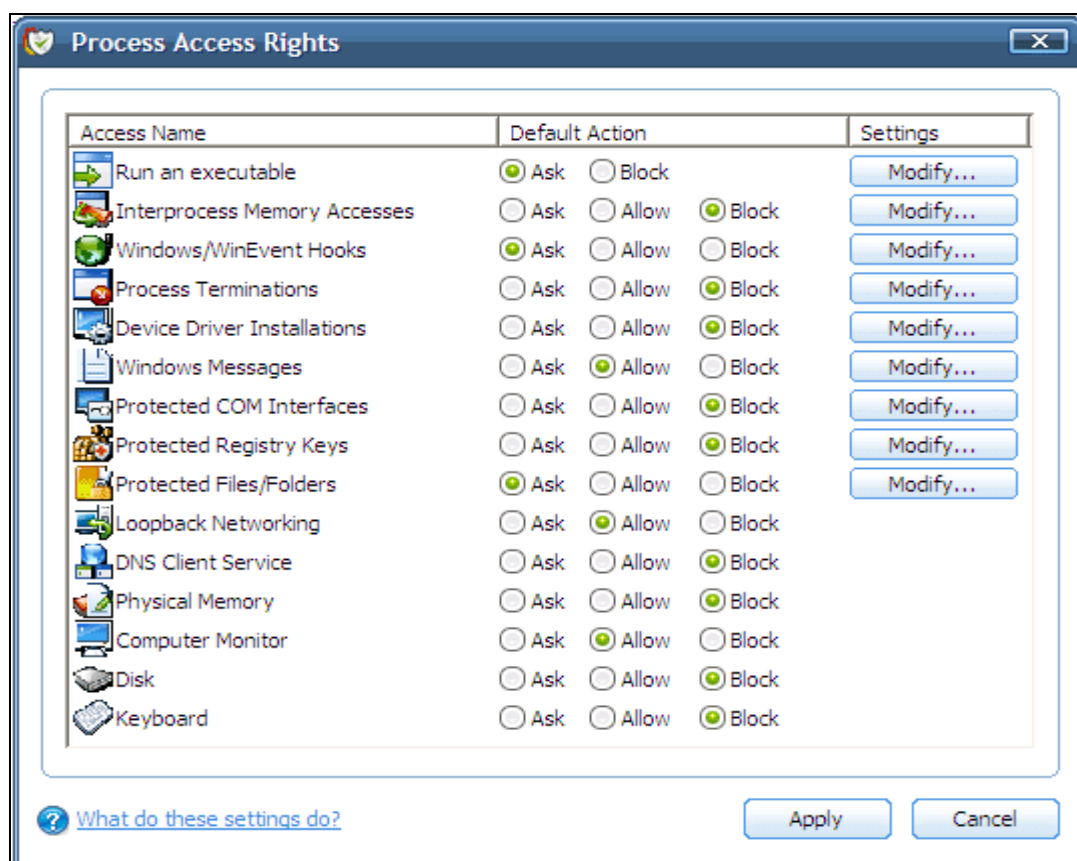


Note: *Predefined Policies, once chosen, cannot be modified directly from this interface - they can only be modified and defined using the 'Predefined Security Policies' interface. If you require the ability to add or modify settings for an specific application then you are effectively creating a new, custom policy and should choose the more flexible [Use Custom Policy](#) option instead.*

(ii) **Use a Custom Policy**- designed for more experienced users, the 'Custom Policy' option enables full control over the configuration specific security policy and the parameters of each rule within that policy. The Custom Policy has two main configuration areas - [Access Rights](#) and [Protection Settings](#).

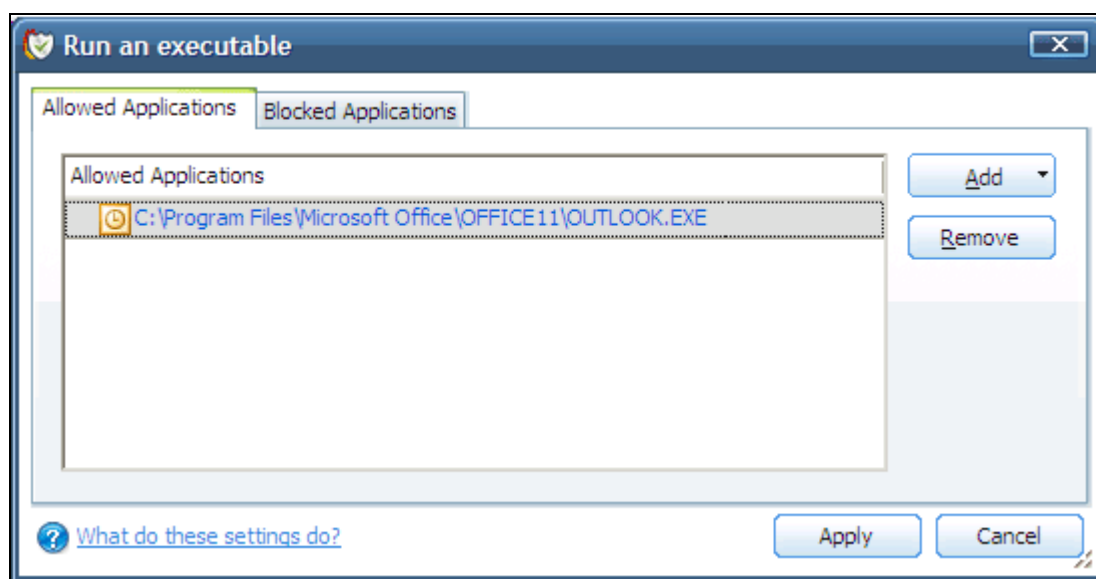
In simplistic terms 'Access Rights' determine what the application *can do* to other processes and objects whereas 'Protection Settings' determine what the application *can have done to it* by other processes.

Access Rights - The Process Access Rights interface allows you to determine what activities the applications in your custom policy are allowed to execute. These activities are called 'Access Names'.



[Click here](#) to view a list of definitions of the Action Names listed above and the implications of choosing to Ask, Allow or Block for each setting.

Exceptions to your choice of 'Ask', 'Allow' or 'Block' can be specified for the policy by clicking the 'Modify...' button on the right.:

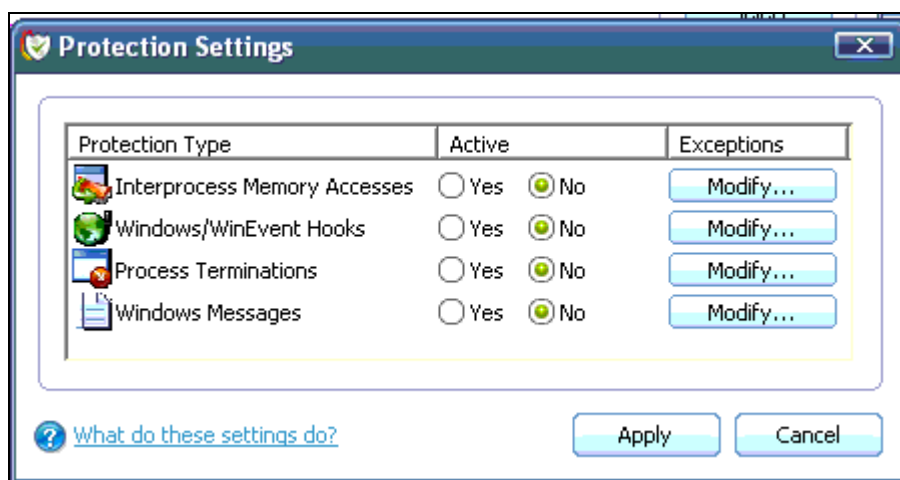


Select the 'Allowed Applications' or 'Blocked Applications' tab depending on the type of exception you wish to create.

Clicking 'Add' will allow you to choose which applications or file groups you wish this exception to apply to. ([click here](#) for an explanation of available options)

In [the example above](#), the default action for '*Run as an executable*' is '*Ask*'. This means Defense+ will generate an alert asking your permission if 'Opera.exe' tried to run another program. Clicking 'Modify' then adding 'Outlook.exe' to the 'Allowed Applications' tab creates an exception to this rule. Opera.exe is now allowed to run 'Outlook.exe' but an alert will be generated if it tries to run any other application.

Protection Settings - Protection Settings determine how protected the application or file group in your policy is *against* activities by other processes. These protections are called 'Protection Types'.



Select 'Yes' to enable monitoring and protect the application or file group against the process listed in the 'Protection Type' column. Select 'No' to disable such protection.

[Click here](#) to view a list of definitions of the 'Protection Types' listed above and the implications of activating each setting.

Exceptions to your choice of 'Yes' or 'No' can be specified in the application's policy by clicking the 'Modify...' button on the right.

Click 'Apply' to confirm your setting.

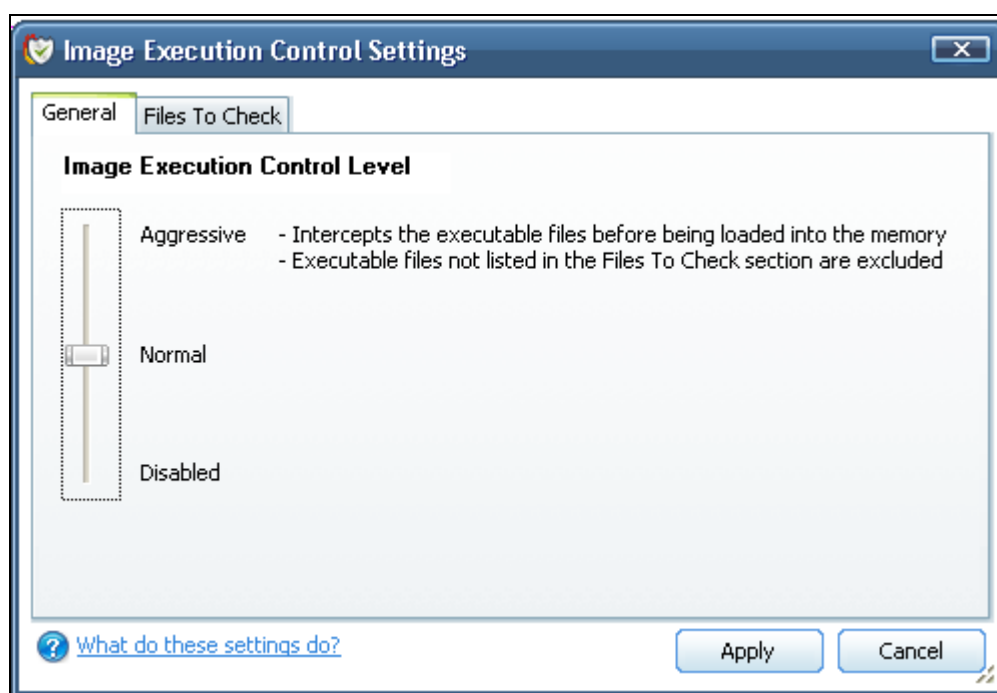
4.11 Image Execution Control Settings

Image Execution Control is an integral part of the Defense+ engine. If your Defense+ Security Level is set to ["Safe mode"](#) or ["Clean PC Mode"](#), then it is responsible for authenticating every executable image that is loaded into the memory.

Comodo Internet Security Pro calculates the hash an executable at the point it attempts to load into memory. It then compares this hash with the list of known/recognized applications that are on the Comodo safe list. If the hash matches the one on record for the executable, then the application is safe. If no matching hash is found on the safelist, then the executable is 'unrecognized' and you will receive an alert.

This area allows you to quickly determine how proactive the monitor should be and which types of files it should check.

'General' tab



Adjust the slider to your preferred protection level:

Aggressive - This setting instructs Defense+ to intercept the file types listed in the 'Files to Check' tab *before* they are loaded into memory and also Intercepts prefetching/caching attempts for the executable files.

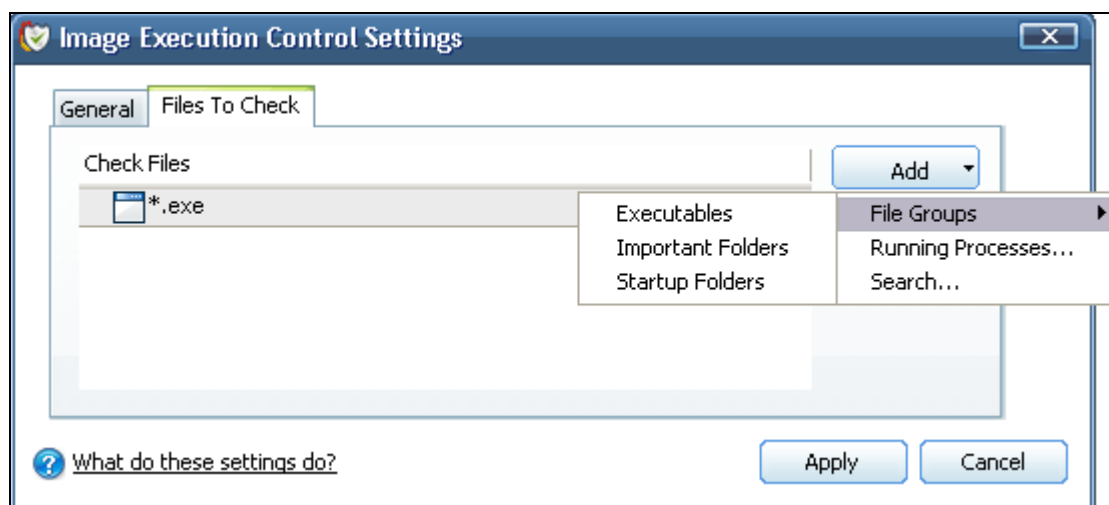
Normal - Same as aggressive but does not intercept prefetching/caching attempts. This is the default and recommended setting.

Disabled - No execution control is applied to the executable files.

Click 'Apply' to implement your settings.

'Files to Check' tab

Lists file types that Defense+ will check using the Image Execution Level specified on the '[General](#)' tab.



The default and recommended setting is *.exe. This means every .exe file will be authenticated by Defense+ before it is allowed to run. If Defense+ is unable to authenticate a particular .exe file then you will receive an alert which will ask your permission before the application allowed to run.

Click the 'Add' button to add additional file groups or processes to the 'Files to check' list. Click here for an [outline of the options](#) available when adding file types.

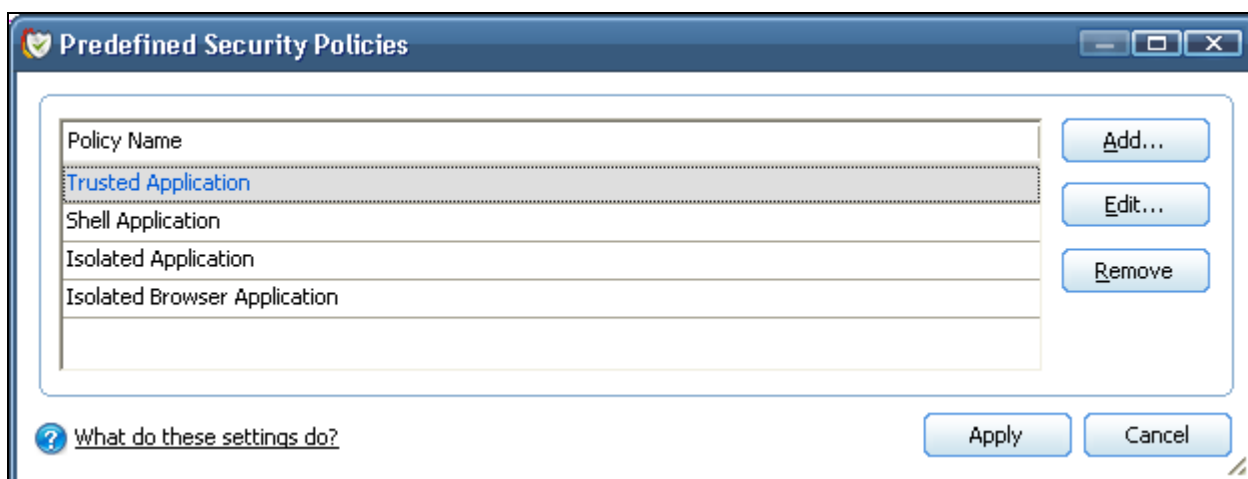
Click 'Apply' to implement your changes.

4.12 Predefined Security Policies

As the name suggests, a predefined security policy is a set of [access rights and protection settings](#) that have been saved and can be re-used and deployed on multiple applications. Each policy is comprised of a number of 'Rules' and each of these 'Rules' is defined by a set of conditions/settings/parameters. 'Predefined Security Policies' is a set of policies that concern an application's access rights to memory, other programs, the registry etc. (Note - this section is for advanced and experienced users. If you are a novice user to Comodo Internet Security Pro, we advise you first read the [Computer Security Policy](#) section in this help guide if you have not already done so)

Although each application's security policy could be defined from the ground up by individually configuring its constituent rules, this practice may prove time consuming if it had to be performed for every single program on your system. For this reason, Comodo Internet Security Pro contains a selection of predefined policies according to broad application category. Each predefined policy has been specifically designed by Comodo to optimize the security level of a certain type of application. Users can, of course, modify these predefined policies to suit their environment and requirements.

To configure this category, navigate to: Defense+ > Advanced > Predefined Security Policies. There are four default security policies listed under the Policy Name column.



To view or edit an existing predefined policy:

- Double click on the Policy Name in the list
- Select the Policy Name in the list, right-click and choose 'Edit'
- Select the Policy Name and click the 'Edit...' button on the right

From here, you can modify a policy's name and, if desired, make changes to its ['Process Access Rights' and 'Protection Settings'](#). Any changes you make here will be automatically rolled out to all applications currently under that policy.

To create a new predefined policy you should click the 'Add..' button, type a name for the policy then follow the same configuration procedure as outlined for creating a custom, application specific policy. [Click here to view.](#)

Once created, your policy will be available for deployment onto specific application or file groups via the [Computer Security Policy](#) section of Defense+ .

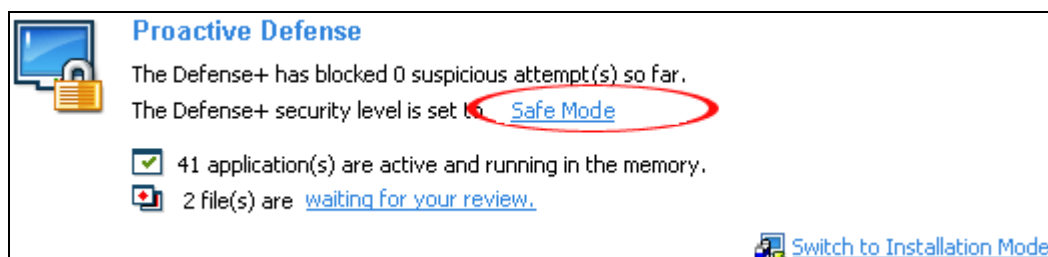
4.13 Defense+ Settings

The Defense+ component of Comodo Internet Security Pro is a host intrusion prevention system that constantly monitors the activities of all executable files on your PC. With Defense+ activated, the user is warned EVERY time an unknown application executable (.exe, .dll, .sys, .bat etc) attempts to run. The only executables that are allowed to run are the ones you give permission to. An application can be given such permission to run in a variety of ways including; manually granting them execution rights in [Computer Security Policy](#); by deciding to treat the executable as trusted at a [Defense+ alert](#) or simply because the application is on the Comodo safe list. Defense+ also automatically protects system-critical files and folders such as registry entries to prevent unauthorized modification. Such protection adds another layer of defense to Comodo Internet Security Pro by preventing malware from ever running and by preventing any processes from making changes to vital system files.

Note for beginners: This page will often refer to 'executables' (or 'executable files'). An 'executable' is a file that can instruct your computer to perform a task or function. Every program, application and device you run on your computer requires an executable file of some kind to start it. The most recognisable type of executable file is the '.exe' file. (e.g., when you start Microsoft Word, the executable file 'winword.exe' instructs your computer to start and run the Word application). Other types of executable files include those with extensions .cpl, .dll, .drv, .inf, .ocx, .pf, .scr, .sys.

Unfortunately, not all executables can be trusted. Some executables, broadly categorised as malware, can instruct your computer to delete valuable data; steal your identity; corrupt system files; give control of your PC to a hacker and much more. You may also have heard these referred to as Trojans, scripts and worms. Worse still, these programs are explicitly designed to run without you knowing about them. Defense+ is designed to make sure you DO know about them by blocking all unknown executables and alerting you whenever they try to run.

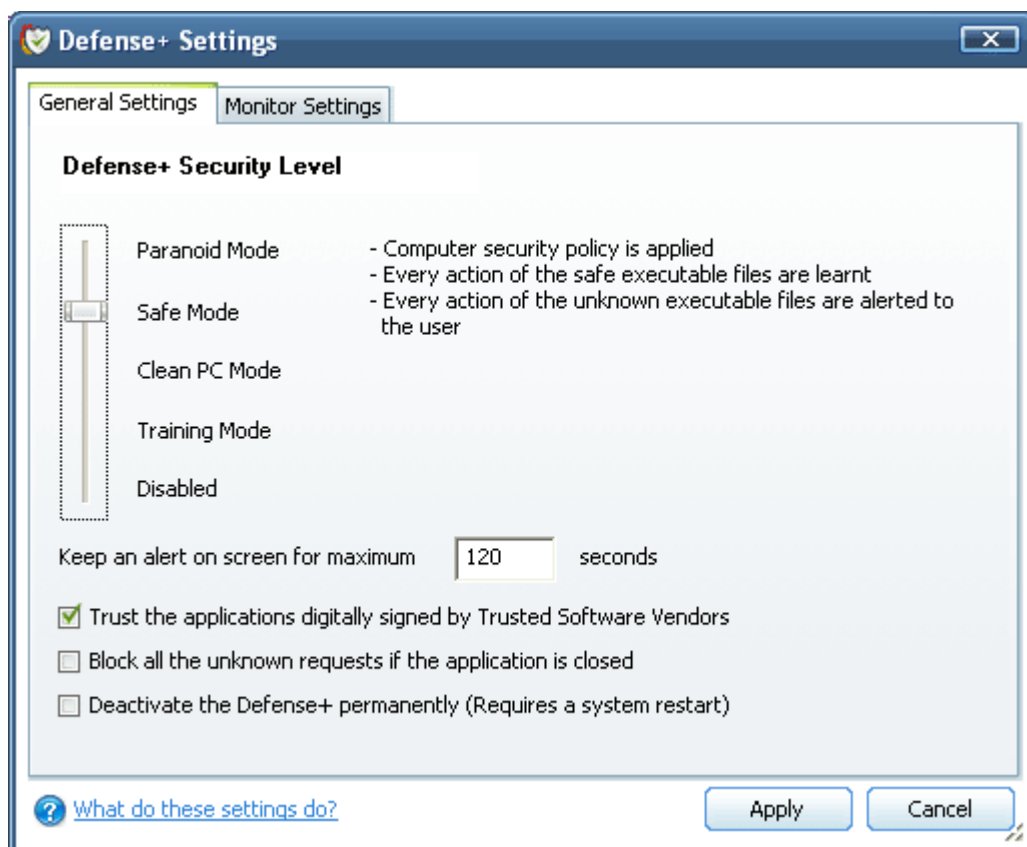
The Defense+ Settings area allows you to quickly configure the security level and behavior of Defense+ during operation. This settings area can be accessed in the 'Advanced' section of [Defense+ Tasks](#) and, more immediately, by clicking on the blue text next to 'Defense+' on the [Summary Screen](#) (shown below).



'General Settings' tab

Comodo Internet Security Pro allows you to customize the behavior of Defense+ by adjusting a Security Level slider to switch between preset security levels.

The choices available are: Paranoid, Safe mode, Clean PC Mode, Training Mode and Disabled. The setting you choose here will also be displayed on the firewall summary screen.

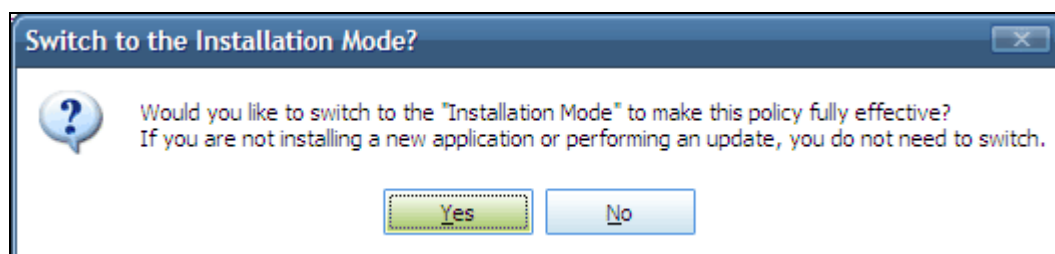


- **Paranoid Mode:** This is the highest security level setting and means that Defense+ will monitor and control all executable files apart from those that you have deemed safe. The firewall will not attempt to learn the behavior of any applications - even those applications on the Comodo safe list. and will only use *your* configuration settings to filter critical system activity. Similarly, the firewall will not automatically create 'Allow' rules for any executables - although you still have the option to treat an application as 'Trusted' at the Defense+ alert. Choosing this option will generate the most amount of Defense+ alerts and is recommended for advanced users that require complete awareness of activity on their system.
- **Safe mode:** While monitoring critical system activity, the firewall will automatically learn the activity of executables and applications certified as 'Safe' by Comodo. It will also automatically create 'Allow' rules these activities. For non-certified, unknown, applications, you will receive an alert whenever that application attempts to run. Should you choose, you can add that new application to the safe list by choosing 'Treat this application as a Trusted Application' at the alert. This will instruct the firewall not to generate an alert the next time it runs. If your machine is not new or known to be free of malware and other threats as in 'Clean PC Mode' then 'Safe mode' is recommended setting for most users - combining the highest levels of security with an easy-to-manage number of Defense+ alerts.
- **Clean PC Mode:** From the time you set the slider to 'Clean PC Mode', Defense+ will learn the activities of the applications currently installed on the computer while all new executables introduced to the system are monitored and controlled. This patent-pending mode of operation is the recommended option on a new computer or one that the user knows to be clean of malware and other threats. *From this point onwards* Defense+ will alert the user whenever a new, unrecognized application is being installed. In this mode, the files in 'My Pending Files' are excluded from being considered as clean and are monitored and controlled.

Installation Mode: Installer applications and updaters may need to execute other processes in order to run effectively. These are called 'Child Processes'. In 'Paranoid', 'Safe' and 'Clean PC modes', Defense+ would raise an alert every time these child processes attempted to execute because they have no access rights. Whilst in one of these 3 modes, Comodo Internet Security Pro will make it easy to install new applications that you trust by

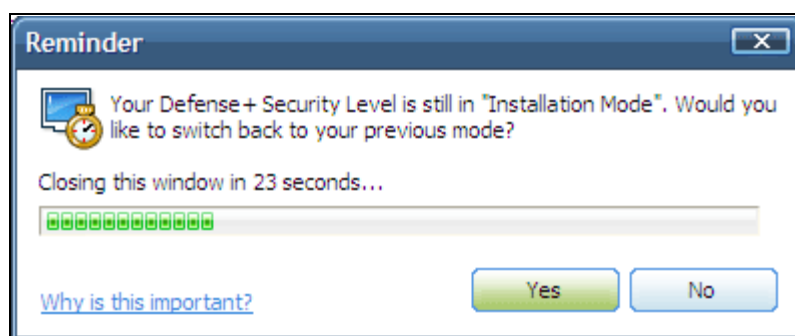
offering you the opportunity to temporarily engage 'Installation Mode' - which will temporarily bestow these child processes with the same access rights as the parent process - so allowing the installation to proceed without the usual alerts.

If you are installing a new, unknown application. Defense+ will alert you with a pop-up notification and, as you want to allow this application to continue installing, you should select 'Treat this application as an Installer or Updater'. You will subsequently see the following:



Clicking 'Yes' will engage 'Installation Mode' and so grant child processes with the same access rights as the parent process.

This will be followed by the following reminder that you need to switch back to your previous mode:



- **Training Mode:** The firewall will monitor and learn the activity of any and all executables and create automatic 'Allow' rules until the security level is adjusted. You will not receive any Defense+ alerts in 'Training Mode'. If you choose the 'Training Mode' setting, we advise that you are 100% sure that all applications and executables installed on your computer are safe to run.

Tip: This mode can be used as the "Gaming Mode". It is handy to use this setting temporarily when you are running an (unknown but trusted) application or Games for the first time. This will suppress all Defense+ alerts while the firewall learns the components of the application that need to run on your machine and automatically create 'Allow' rules for them. Afterwards, you can switch back to 'Safe mode' mode).

- **Disabled:** Disables Defense+ protection. All executables and applications are allowed to run irrespective of your configuration settings. Comodo strongly advise against this setting unless you are confident that you have an alternative intrusion defense system installed on your computer.

Keep an alert on screen for maximum (n) seconds - Determines how long the Firewall will show a Defense+ alert without any user intervention. By default, the timeout is set at 120 seconds. You may adjust this setting to your own preference.

Trust applications digitally signed by Trusted Software Vendors - Leaving this option checked means software which is signed by a Trusted Certificate Authority will be automatically added to the safe list. Comodo recommend leaving this option enabled. For more details, see [My Trusted Software Vendors](#).

Block all unknown requests if the application is closed - Checking this box will block all unknown requests (those not included in your [Computer Security Policy](#)) if Comodo Internet Security Pro is not running/has been shut down.

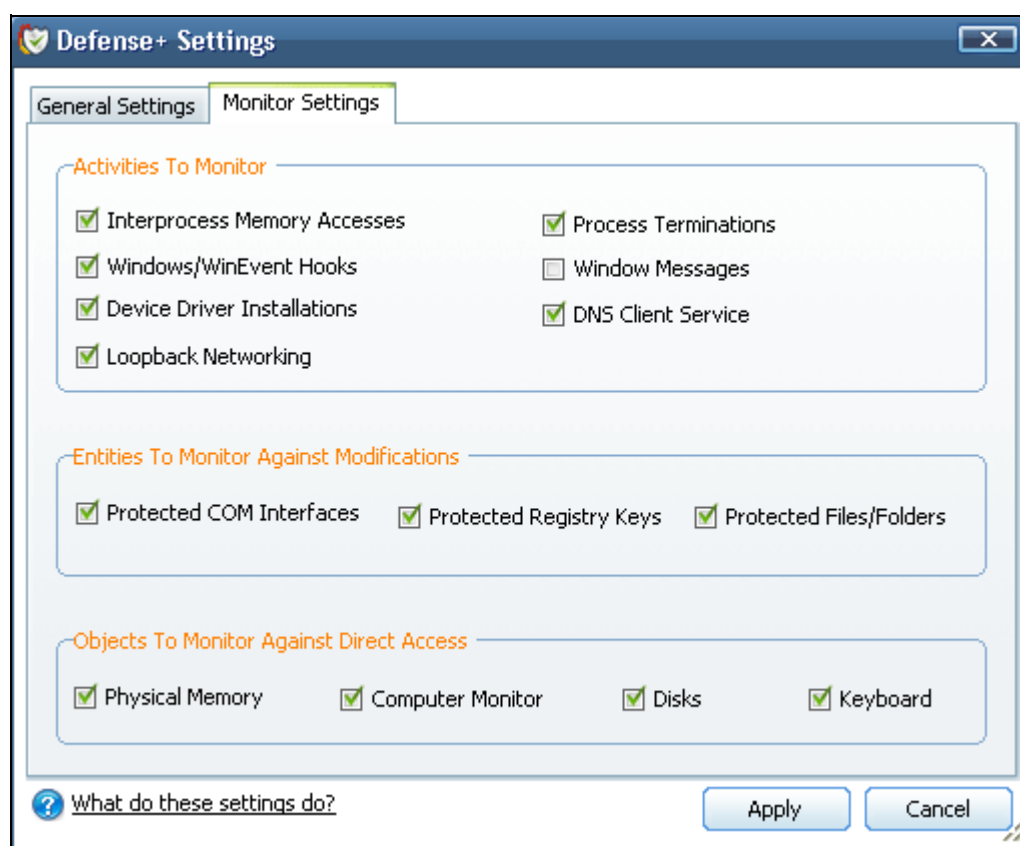
Deactivate Defense+ permanently (Requires a system restart) - Shuts down the Defense+ Host Intrusion element of Comodo Internet Security Pro PERMANENTLY. The firewall is not affected and will continue to protect your computer even if you deactivate Defense+. Comodo do not recommend users close Defense+ unless they are sure they have alternative Intrusion Prevention Systems installed.

'Monitor Settings' tab

The 'Monitor Settings' tab allows you configure which activities, entities and objects should be monitored by Defense+.

Note: The settings you choose here are universally applied.

- If you disable monitoring of an activity, entity or object using this interface it will completely switch off monitoring of that activity on a **global** basis - effectively creating a universal '**Allow**' rule for that activity. This 'Allow' setting will **over-rule** any policy specific 'Block' or 'Ask' setting for that activity that you may have selected using the '[Access Rights](#)' and '[Protection Settings](#)' interface.



Activities To Monitor:

Interprocess Memory Access - Malware programs use memory space modification to inject malicious code for numerous types of attacks, including recording your keyboard strokes; modifying the behavior of the invaded application; stealing confidential data by sending confidential information from one process to another process etc. One of the most serious aspects of memory-space breaches is the ability of the offending malware to take the identity of the invaded process, or 'impersonate' the application under attack. This makes life harder for traditional virus scanning software and intrusion-detection systems. Leave this box checked and Defense+ will alert you when an application attempts to modify the memory space allocated to another application.

Windows/WinEvent Hooks - In the Microsoft Windows® operating system, a hook is a mechanism by which a function can intercept events (messages, mouse actions, keystrokes) *before* they reach an application. The function can act on events and, in some cases, modify or discard them. Originally developed to allow legitimate software developers to develop more powerful and useful applications, hooks have also been exploited by hackers to create more powerful malware. Examples include malware that can record every stroke on your keyboard; record your mouse movements; monitor and modify all messages on your computer; take over control of your mouse and keyboard to remotely administer your computer. Leaving this box checked means that you are warned every time a hook is executed by an untrusted application.

Device Driver Installations - Device drivers are small programs that allow applications and/or operating systems to interact with a hardware device on your computer. Hardware devices include your disk drives, graphics card, wireless and LAN network cards, CPU, mouse, USB devices, monitor, DVD player etc.. Even the installation of a perfectly well-intentioned device driver can lead to system instability if it conflicts with other drivers on your system. The installation of a malicious driver could, obviously, cause irreparable damage to your computer or even pass control of that device to a hacker. Leaving this box checked means Defense+ will alert you every time a device driver is installed on your machine by an untrusted application.

Loopback Networking - Loopback connections refer to the internal communications within your PC. Any data transmitted by your computer through a loopback connection is immediately also received by it. This involves no connection outside your computer to the Internet or a local network. The IP address of the loopback network is 127.0.0.1, which you may have heard referred to under its domain name of 'http://localhost' i.e. the address of *your* computer. Loopback channel attacks can be used to flood your computer with TCP and/or UDP requests which can smash your IP stack or crash your computer. Leaving this box checked means Defense+ will alert you every time a process attempts to communicate using the loopback channel.

Process Terminations - A process is a running instance of a program. (for example, the Comodo Internet Security Pro process is called 'cfp.exe'. Press 'Ctrl+Alt+Delete' and click on 'Processes' to see the full list that are running on your system). Terminating a process will, obviously, terminate the program. Viruses and Trojan horses often try to shut down the processes of any security software you have been running in order to bypass it. With this setting enabled, Defense+ will monitor and alert you to all attempts by an untrusted application to close down another application.

Window Messages - This setting means Comodo Internet Security Pro will monitor and detect if one application attempts to send special Windows Messages to modify the behavior of another application (e.g. by using the WM_PASTE command).

DNS Client Service - This setting alerts you if an application attempts to access the 'Windows DNS service' - possibly in order to launch a DNS recursion attack. A DNS recursion attack is a type of Distributed Denial of Service attack whereby an malicious entity sends several thousand spoofed requests to a DNS server. The requests are spoofed in that they appear to come from the target or 'victim' server but in fact come from different sources - often a network of 'zombie' pc's which are sending out these requests without the owners knowledge. The DNS servers are tricked into sending all their replies to the victim server - overwhelming it with requests and causing it to crash. Leaving this setting enabled will prevent malware from using the DNS Client Service to launch such an attack.

Note for beginners: DNS stands for Domain Name System. It is the part of the Internet infrastructure that translates a familiar domain name, such as 'example.com' to an IP address like 123.456.789.04. This is essential because the Internet routes messages to their destinations on the basis of this destination IP address, not the domain name. Whenever you type a domain name, your Internet browser contacts a DNS server and makes a 'DNS Query'. In simplistic terms, this query is 'What is the IP address of example.com?'. Once the IP address has been located, the DNS server replies to your computer, telling it to connect to the IP in question.

Entities To Monitor Against Modifications

Check the boxes against the needed options, if you want to enable monitoring of them:

- **Protected COM Interfaces** enables monitoring of COM interfaces you specified [here](#).
- **Protected Registry Keys** enables monitoring of Registry keys you specified [here](#).
- **Protected Files/Folders** enables monitoring of files and folders you specified [here](#).

Objects To Monitor Against Direct Access

Determines whether or not Comodo Internet Security Pro should monitor access to system critical objects on your computer.. Using direct access methods, malicious applications can obtain data from a storage devices, modify or infect other executable software, record keystrokes and more. Comodo advise the average user to leave these settings enabled:

- Physical Memory

Monitors your computer's memory for direct access by an applications and processes. Malicious programs will attempt to access physical memory to run a wide range of exploits - the most famous being the 'Buffer Overflow' exploit. Buffer overruns occur when an interface designed to store a certain amount of data at a specific address in memory allows a malicious process to supply too much data to that address., This overwrites its internal structures and can be used by malware to force the system to execute its code.

- Computer Monitor

Comodo Internet Security Pro will raise an alert every time a process tries to directly access your computer monitor. Although legitimate applications will sometimes require this access, there is also an emerging category of spyware-programs that use such access to monitor users' activities. (for example, to take screenshots of your current desktop; to record your browsing activities etc)

- Disks

Monitors your local disk drives for direct access by running processes. This helps guard against malicious software that need this access to, for example, obtain data stored on the drives, destroy files on a hard disk, format the drive or corrupt the file system by writing junk data.

- Keyboard

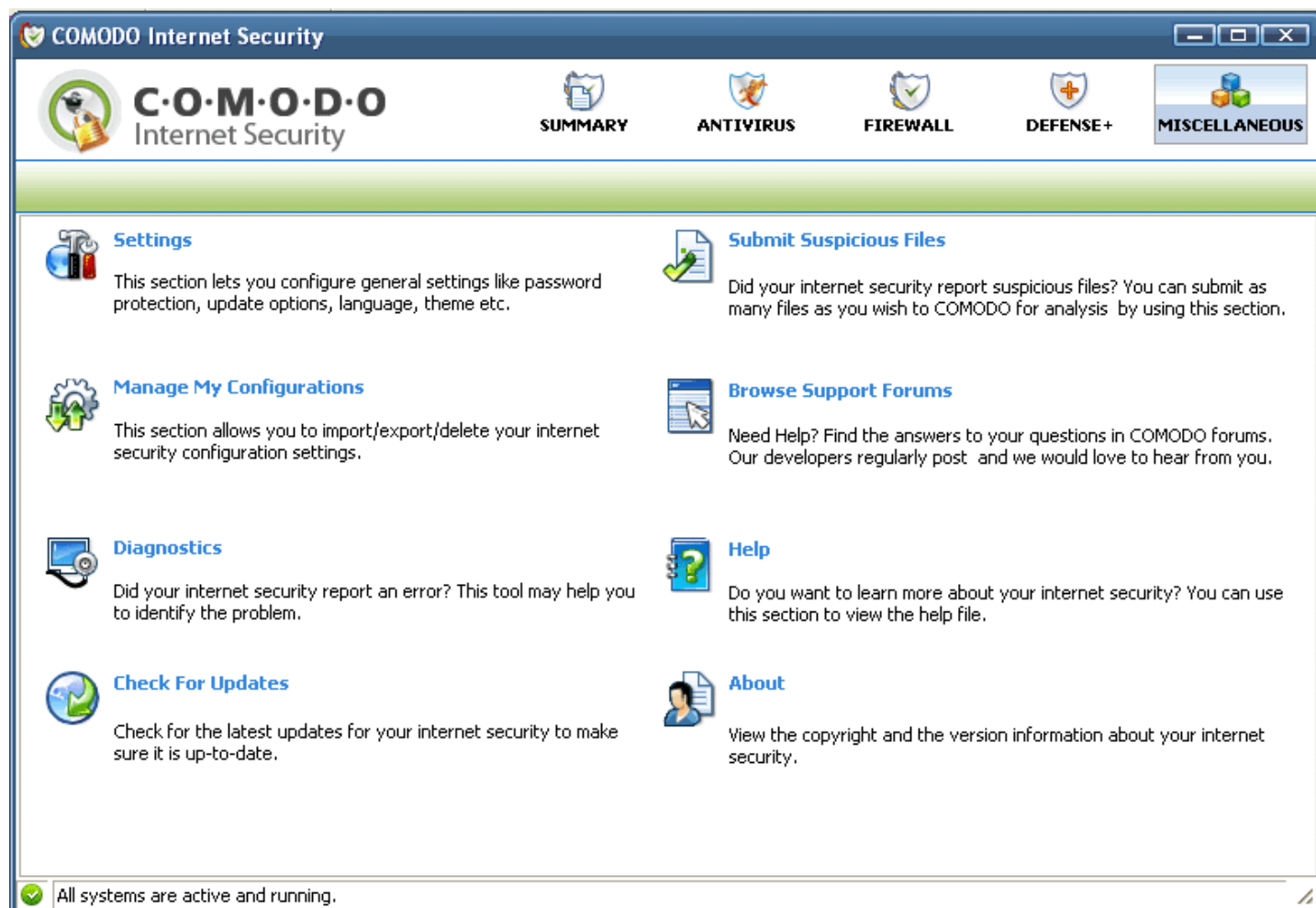
Monitors your keyboard for access attempts. Malicious software, known as 'keyloggers', can record every stroke you make on your keyboard and can be used to steal your passwords, credit card numbers and other personal data. With this setting checked, Comodo Internet Security Pro will alert you every time an application attempts to establish direct access to your keyboard.

5 Miscellaneous Overview

The 'Miscellaneous' section contains several areas relating to overall configuration as well as handy utilities and shortcuts to help enhance and improve your experience with Comodo Internet Security Pro.

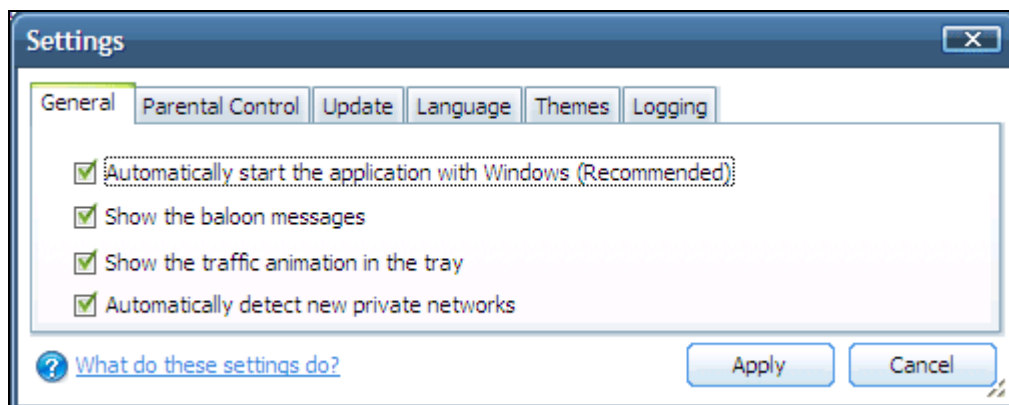
You have the following options to choose from:

- [Settings](#): Allows the user to configure general Comodo Internet Security Pro settings (password protection, update options, language, theme etc.)
- [Manage My Configurations](#): Allows the user to manage, import and export their Comodo Internet Security Pro configuration profile
- [Diagnostics](#): Helps identify any problems with your installation
- [Check For Updates](#): Launches the Comodo Internet Security Pro updater
- [Submit Suspicious Files](#): Allows users to send suspicious files to Comodo for analysis and possible inclusion on the Comodo safelist.
- [Browse Support Forums](#): Link to Comodo User Forums.
- [Help](#): Launches this help guide
- [About](#): Displays version and copy-right information about the product.



5.1 Settings

The 'Settings' dialog box allows you to configure various options related to the operation of Comodo Internet Security Pro and can be accessed by clicking the 'Miscellaneous' button followed by 'Settings'. **'General' tab**



- **Automatically start the application with Windows (Recommended)** - With this option checked, Comodo Internet Security Pro will be automatically loaded every time you start your computer. This is the default and highly recommended setting. Unchecking this box means the application will not load at computer startup and, unless you have an alternative firewall/intrusion detection system running, your computer will not be protected.
- **Show the balloon messages** - These are the notifications that appear in the bottom right hand corner of your screen - just above the tray icons. Usually these messages say ' *Comodo Firewall is learning* ' or ' *Defense+ is learning* ' and are generated when these modules are learning the activity of previously unknown components of *trusted* applications. Uncheck this option if you do not want to see these messages.
- **Show the traffic animation in tray** - By default, the application's 'Shield' tray icon displays a small animation whenever traffic moves to or from your computer.



If the traffic is outbound, you will see green arrows moving upwards on the right hand side of the shield. Similarly, for inbound traffic you will see red arrows moving down the left hand side. This provides a very useful indicator of the real-time movement of data in and out of your computer. Uncheck this box if you would rather not see this animation.

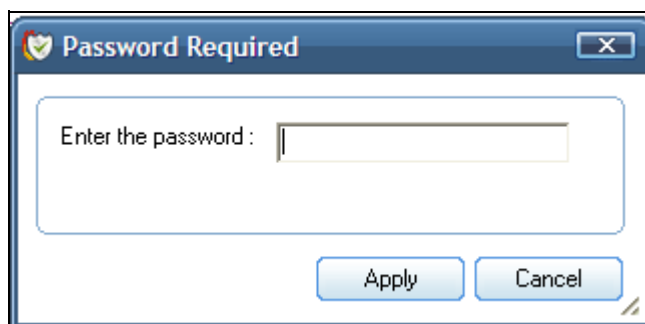
- **Automatically Detect New Private Networks** - Checking this option means that the firewall will automatically detect any new networks that the computer is connected to. Comodo recommends users to leave this option at its default, enabled setting.

'Parental Control' tab

The parental control tab allows you to configure password protection for Comodo Internet Security Pro.



- **Enable password protection for settings** - Checking this box will activate password protection for all important configuration sections and wizards within the interface. If you choose this option, you must first specify and confirm a password by clicking the 'Change Password...' button. You will be asked for this password every time you try to access important configuration areas (for example, all sections in the [Defense+ Tasks](#) and [Firewall Tasks](#) areas will require this password before allowing you to view or modify their settings)



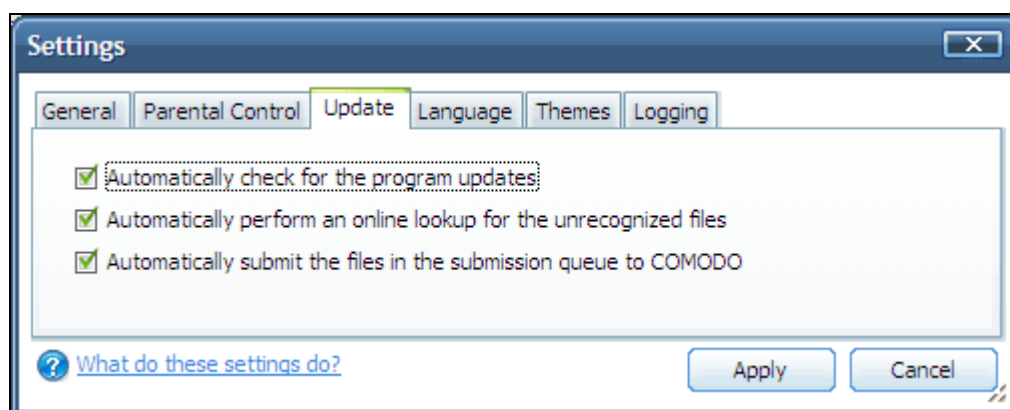
This setting is of particular value to parents, network administrators and administrators of shared computers to prevent other users from modifying critical firewall settings and exposing the machine to threats.

- **Suppress Firewall alerts when password protection is enabled** - If checked, no Firewall Alerts will be displayed when [password protection](#) is enabled. Parents and network admins may want to enable this setting if they do not want users to be made aware when a Firewall alert has been triggered. For example, a trojan horse program may be attempting to download itself or transmit private information to a third party. Usually, the firewall would generate an alert and ask the user how to proceed. If that user is a child or an inexperienced user then they may unwittingly click 'allow' just to 'get rid' of the alert and/or gain access to the website in question - thus exposing the machine to attack. Checking this option will block the connection but will not generate an alert.
- **Suppress Antivirus alerts when password protection is enabled** - If selected, no Antivirus Alerts will be displayed when [password protection](#) is enabled. Parents and network admins may want to enable this setting if they do not want users to be made aware when an Antivirus alert has been triggered. For example, a virus program may be attempting to copy itself and infect user's computer without permission or knowledge of the user. Usually, the Antivirus would generate an alert and ask the user how to proceed. If that user is a child or an inexperienced user then they may unwittingly click **allow** just to 'get rid' of the alert and/or gain access to the website in question - thus exposing the machine to attack. Selecting this option will **block the activity** of the virus but will not generate an alert.
- **Suppress Defense+ alerts when password protection is enabled** - If checked, no Defense+ Alerts will be displayed when [password protection](#) is enabled. Parents and network admins may want to enable this setting if they do not want users to be made aware when a Defense+ alert has been triggered. For example, a malware program may be attempting to modify, terminate or delete a critical registry key in order to launch an attack on your machine. Usually, the Defense+ intrusion detection system would generate an alert and ask the user how to

proceed. If that user is a child or an inexperienced user then they may unwittingly click 'allow' just to 'get rid' of the alert - thus exposing the machine to attack. Checking this option will block the activity of the suspected malware but will not generate an alert.

'Update' tab

The 'Update' tab allows users to configure how Comodo Internet Security Pro behaves regarding program updates; automatic lookups of unknown files and auto-submission settings.



- **Automatically check for program updates** - Determines whether or not Comodo Internet Security Pro should automatically contact Comodo servers for updates. With this option checked, Comodo Internet Security Pro will automatically check for updates every 24 hours AND every time you start your computer. If updates are found they are automatically downloaded and installed. We recommend that users leave this setting enabled to maintain the highest levels of protection. Users that choose to disable automatic updates can download them manually by clicking '[Check for Updates](#)' in the 'Miscellaneous' section.
- **Automatically perform an online lookup for unrecognized files** - Whenever the Defense+ module detects an executable file that is not on the safelist (i.e. it does not yet recognize or trust the file) then it will connect to the Comodo servers and consult the master safelist database to see if we have any information about it. Any information discovered about a file is automatically downloaded to your computer and used to update your safelist. The lookup process is described in greater detail in the '[My Pending Files](#)' area of Defense+ tasks. Comodo recommends leaving this setting enabled.
- **Automatically submit the files in the submission queue to Comodo** - Executable files that are unrecognized by Defense+ (not in the internal safelist) are automatically queued for submission to Comodo Digital Trust for analysis (see '[My Pending Files](#)' for more details on submitting files). Leaving this option checked means that all queued files will be submitted immediately.

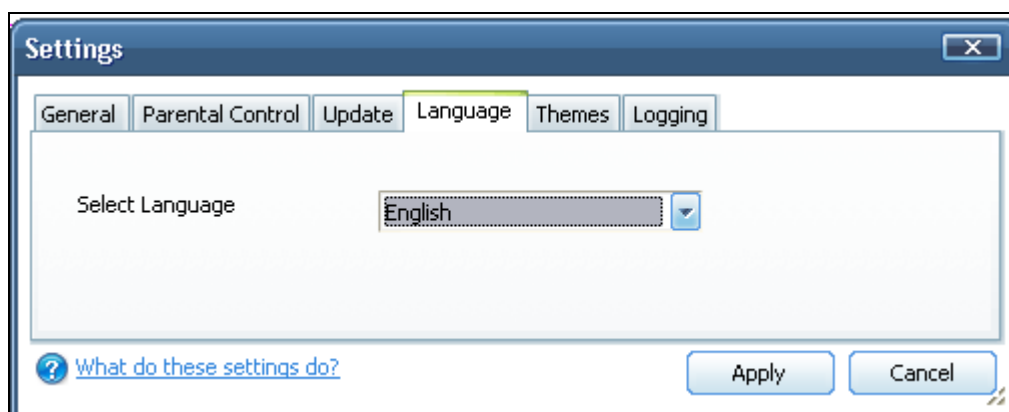
'Language' tab

Comodo Internet Security Pro is available in multiple languages. You can switch between installed languages by selecting from the drop down menu.

In order for your choice to take effect, you must restart the Comodo Internet Security Pro application. You can do this by either:

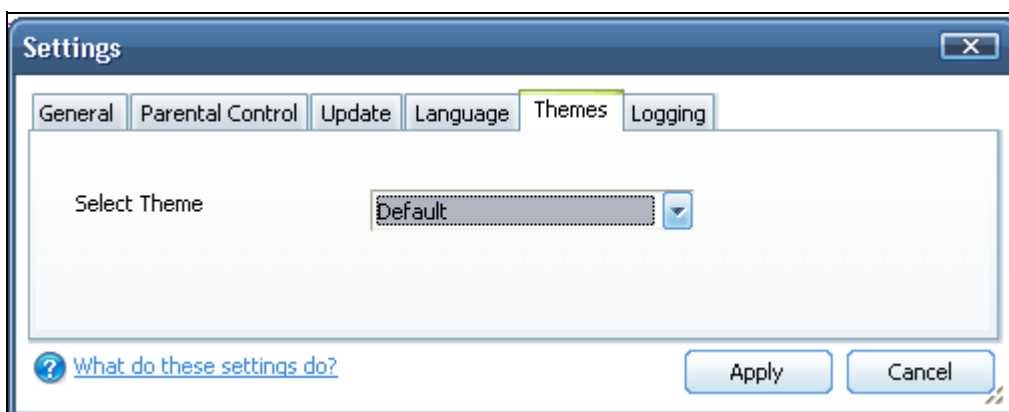
- (i) Restarting your computer (recommended)

(ii) Closing then restarting the firewall by right clicking on the firewall tray icon and selecting 'Exit'. To restart the firewall, select Start> Programs> Comodo>Comodo Internet Security Pro. The application will be in your choice of language the next time you restart the application.



'Themes' tab

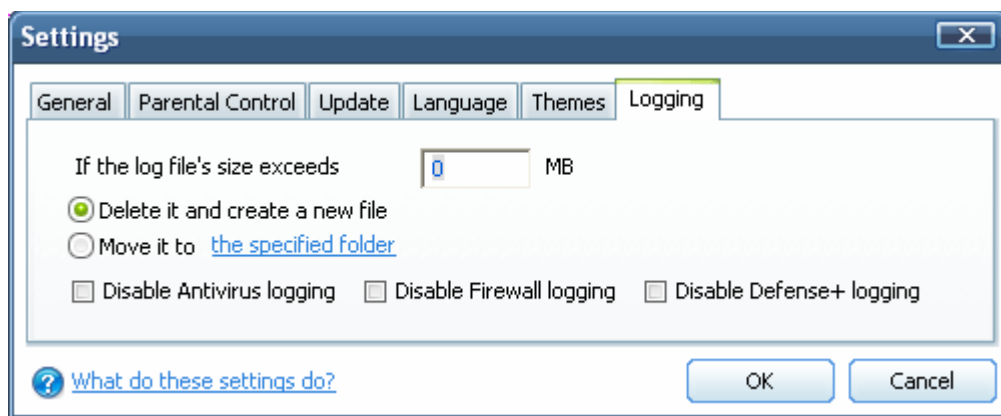
The themes tab allows you to customize the look and feel of Comodo Internet Security Pro according to your preferences. Use the drop down menu to switch between installed themes.



'Logging' tab

A log file is a record of all actions taken by Comodo Internet Security Pro during the course of its operation (for example, if the firewall blocks a particular application from connecting to an outside server then you will see a record of this 'block' action in the log files).

This tab allows you to configure the maximum size of the log file and the action that should be taken when the size limit is reached.



- **If the log file size exceeds 'n' MB** - choose the maximum size of the log file before Comodo Internet Security Pro implements your choice of action:
 - **Delete it and create a new file** - choosing this option means the Comodo Internet Security Pro will delete the current log file after it reaches the specified size and create a new one. All events recorded in the file at the point it reaches the size limit will be deleted and the logging will start over from scratch in a new file. If you wish to maintain archives of your log files you should either (i) select 'Move it to the specified folder' (explained below) (ii) regularly export your log files to html using the [log viewer module](#).
 - **Move it to the specified folder** - instead of deleting the log file, the Comodo Internet Security Pro will move it to a folder of your choice when the size limit is reached. Click the blue text to choose the location of your folder.
 - **Disable Antivirus Logging** - When this option is selected, NO Antivirus events will be recorded in the 'View Antivirus Events' interface. This setting will over-rule any individual log instructions that have been created for an application.
 - **Disable Firewall Logging** - checking this box means NO firewall events will be recorded in the 'View Firewall Events' interface. This setting will over-rule any individual 'Log as a firewall event...' instructions you created when 'Adding and Editing a Network Control Rule'.
 - **Disable Defense+ Logging** - checking this box means NO firewall events will be recorded in the 'View Defense+ Events' interface. This setting will over-rule any individual log instructions that have been created for an application.

For the majority of users, we recommend leaving the maximum log file size at the default 2mb. This will provide easily enough records for effective troubleshooting. Advanced users may want to specify a larger file size in order to view records stretching further back in time when the [log viewer module](#) is accessed.

Log files and log file management are discussed in more detail in the sections '[View Firewall Events](#)', '[View Antivirus Events](#)' and '[View Defense+ Events](#)'.

5.2 Manage My Configurations

Comodo Internet Security Pro allows you to maintain, save and export multiple configurations of your security settings. This is especially useful if you are a network administrator looking to roll out a standard security configuration across multiple computers. If you are upgrading your system and there is a need to un-install and re-install Comodo Internet Security Pro, you can export your configuration settings to a safe place before un-installation. After re-installation, you can import the configuration settings to take effect in your newly installed Comodo Internet Security Pro. This feature is also a great time saver for anyone with more than one computer because it allows you to quickly implement your security settings on other computers that you own without having to manually re-configure them.

[Comodo Preset Configurations.](#) [Importing/Exporting and Managing Personal Configurations.](#)

Comodo Preset Configurations

By default Comodo Internet Security has four preset configurations available. Based on the installation option you have selected during setup, one of these choices is set as ACTIVE CONFIGURATION by default. You are able to switch between configurations at any time by right-clicking on the CIS Pro tray icon.

Click the links below to find out more details on each configuration:

- [COMODO - Internet Security](#)
- [COMODO - Proactive Security](#)
- [COMODO -Antivirus Security](#)
- [COMODO - Firewall Security](#)

Important Note: Any changes you have made to the Comodo Internet Security Pro settings since installation are recorded in this, active profile.

The detailed descriptions of the default security levels provided by the four preset choices are given below:

COMODO - Proactive Security - This configuration turns CIS Pro into the ultimate protection machine. All possible protections are activated and all critical COM interfaces and files are protected. During the setup, if only Comodo **Firewall** installation option is selected, the next screen allows users to select this configuration as default CIS configuration. If selected, Firewall is always set to Safe mode. But according to the malware scanning results performed during the setup process, if no malware is found, Defense+ is set to Clean PC mode. Otherwise, the default is Safe mode.

COMODO - Internet Security - This configuration is activated by default, when both Antivirus and Firewall components are installed, i.e. the complete installation. Firewall is always set to Safe mode. But according to the malware scanning results performed during the setup process, if no malware is found, Defense+ is set to Clean PC mode. Otherwise, the default is Safe mode. In this mode,

- Image Execution Control is disabled.
- Computer Monitor/Disk/Keyboard/DNS Client access/Window Messages are NOT monitored.
- Only commonly infected files/folders are protected against infection.
- Only commonly exploited COM interfaces are protected.
- Defense+ is tuned to prevent infection of the system.

If you wish to switch to Proactive Security option, you can [select](#) the option using Manage My Configurations interface.

COMODO - Antivirus Security - This configuration is activated by default, when you have chosen to install only the Antivirus component and selected optimum protection settings for Defense+. According to the malware scanning results

performed during the setup process, if no malware is found, Defense+ is set to Clean PC mode. Otherwise, the default is Safe mode. In this mode,

- Image Execution Control is disabled.
- Computer Monitor/Disk/Keyboard/DNS Client Access/Window Messages/Protected COM Interfaces/Windows Hooks are NOT monitored.
- Only commonly infected files/folders are protected against infection.
- Only commonly exploited COM interfaces are protected.
- Defense+ is tuned to prevent infection of the system while creating least number of Defense+ popup alerts.

If you wish to switch to Proactive Security option, you can select the option using Manage My Configurations interface.

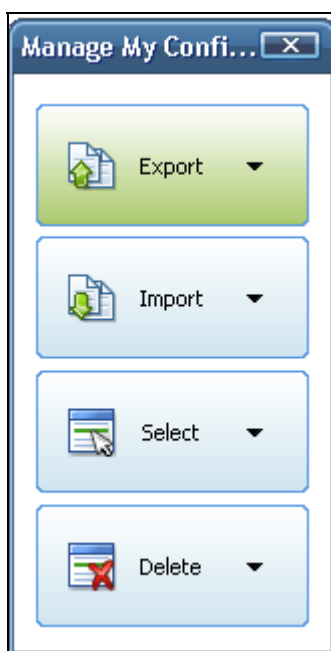
COMODO - Firewall Security - This configuration is activated when the user chooses to install Firewall only and selects optimum protection settings for Defense+ . Firewall is always set to Safe mode. But according to the malware scanning results performed during the setup process, if no malware is found, Defense+ is set to Clean PC mode. Otherwise, the default is Safe mode.

- Image Execution Control checks only applications that are not started manually by the user.
- Computer Monitor/Disk/Keyboard is NOT monitored.
- Only commonly infected files/folders are protected against infection.
- Only commonly exploited COM interfaces are protected.
- Defense+ is tuned to prevent infection of the system and detect Internet access request leaks even if it is infected.

If you wish to switch to Proactive Security option, you can select the option using Manage My Configurations interface.

Importing/Exporting and Managing Personal Configurations

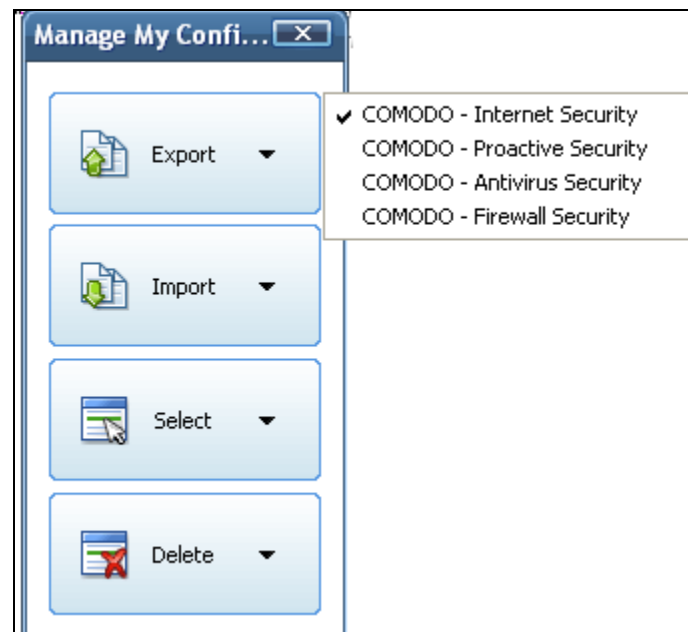
To access 'Manage My Configurations', navigate to 'Miscellaneous > Manage My Configurations'. You have the following import/export options -



Click the area on which you would like more information:

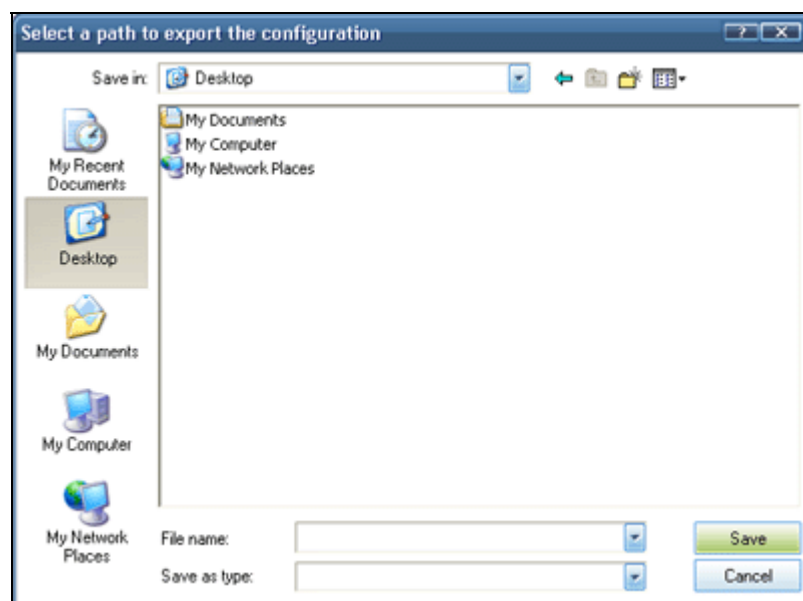
- [Export my configuration to a file](#)
- [Import a saved configuration from a file](#)
- [Select a different active configuration setting](#)
- [Delete an inactive configuration profile](#)

Export my configuration to a file



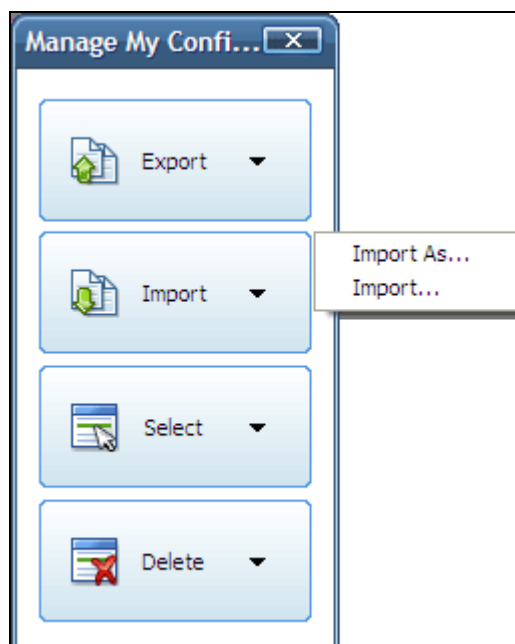
You have the opportunity to export your current configuration (including changes made since installation) under the preset name. However, Comodo advises that you create a new name when you export your custom configuration.

To export your existing configuration, click the export button then your currently active configuration (in the example above, 'COMODO - Network Security'). Type a filename for the profile (e.g. 'My Firewall Profile') and save to the location of your choice.



Import a saved configuration from a file

Importing a configuration profile allows you to store any profile within Comodo Internet Security Pro. Any profiles you import do not become active until you [select them for use](#).

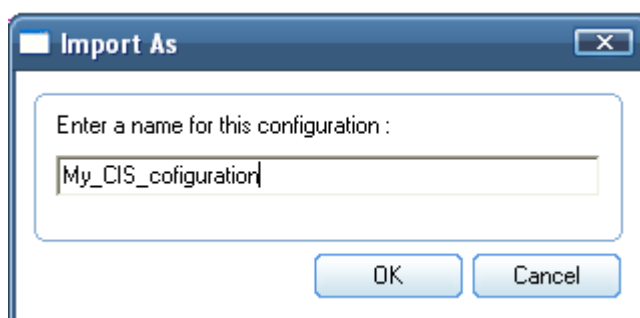


To import a profile choose 'Import As...' or 'Import...' . Browse to the location of the saved profile and click 'Open'.

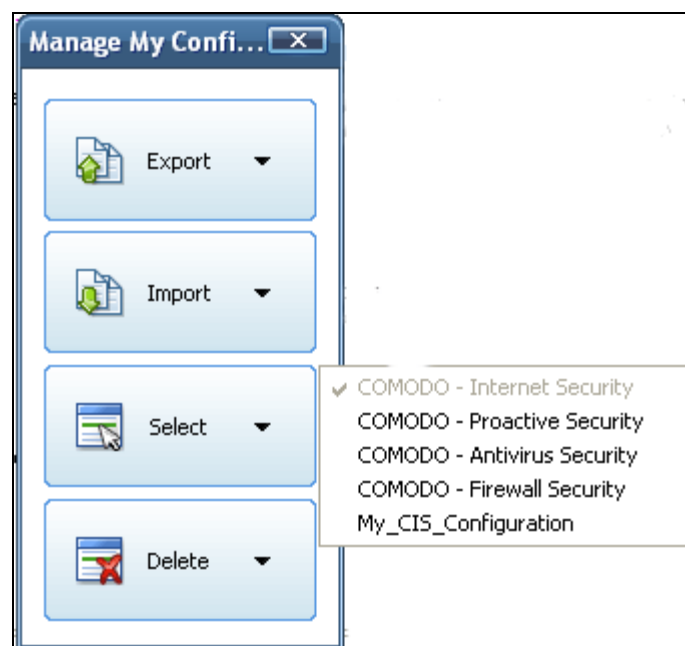
'Import As...' allows you to assign a different name for the profile when you import.

Once imported, the configuration profile is available for deployment by [selecting it](#).

Select and Implement a different configuration profile

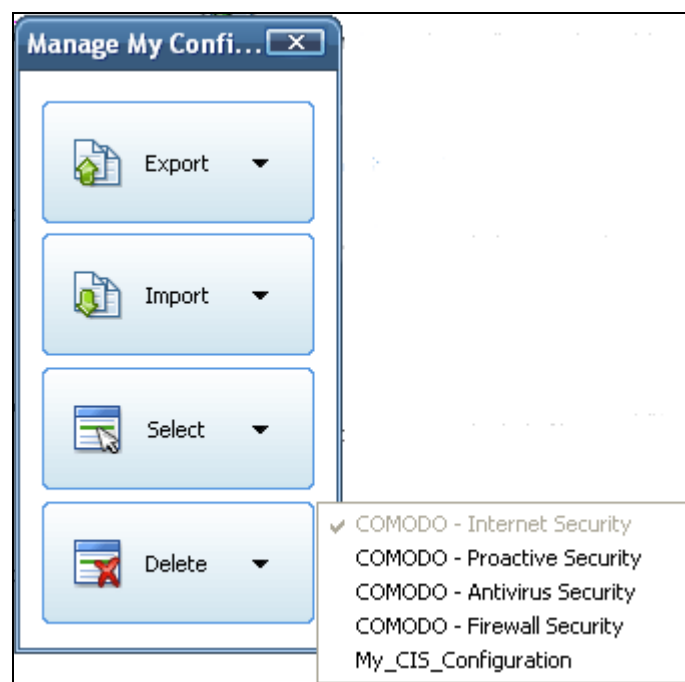


To select the imported configuration, click the 'Select' button and choose your profile.



Delete an inactive configuration profile

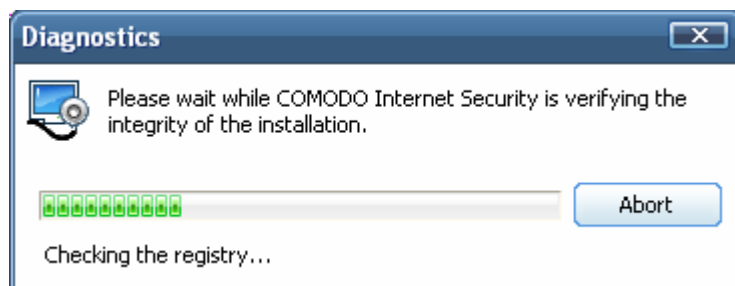
You can remove any unwanted configuration profiles using the **Delete** button. You cannot delete the profile that Comodo Internet Security Pro is currently using - only the inactive ones. In the example below, 'COMODO - Internet Security' is greyed out because it is the currently active profile. You can however, delete the inactive profiles, 'COMODO - Proactive Security', 'My_CIS_Configuration' and so on.



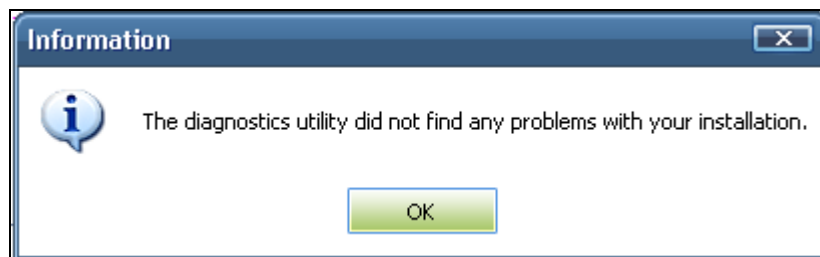
5.3 Diagnostics

Comodo Internet Security Pro has its own integrity checker. This checker will scan your system to make sure that the application is installed correctly. It will check your computer's:

- File System - to check that all of Comodo's system files are present and have been correctly installed
- Registry - to check that all of Comodo's registry keys are present and in the correctly installed
- Checks for the presence of software that is known to have compatibility issues with Comodo Internet Security Pro.



The results of the scan will be shown in the following pop-up window



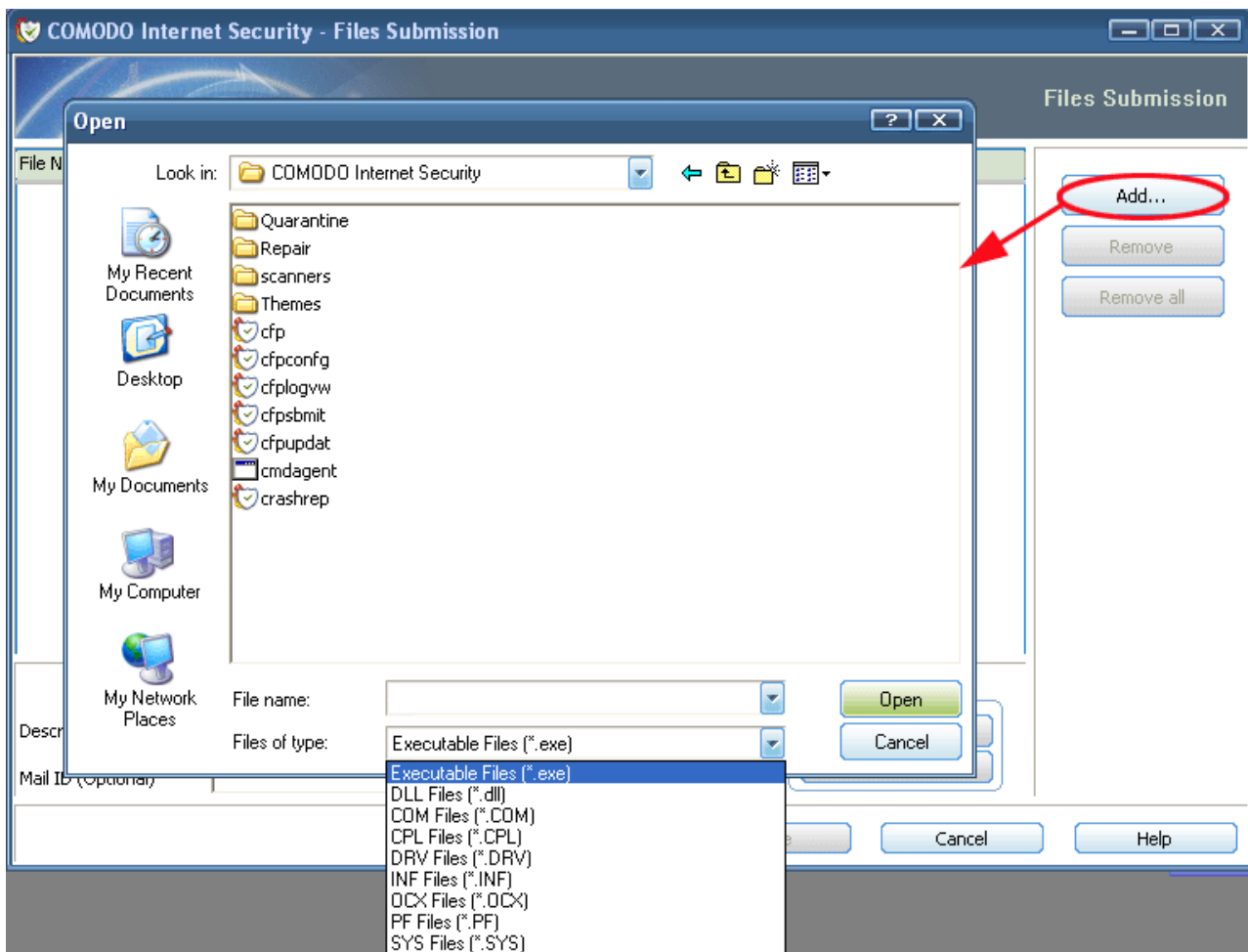
5.4 Check for Updates

Updates on Comodo Internet Security Pro can be downloaded and installed at any time by clicking the '**Check for Updates**' link in **Miscellaneous** screen.

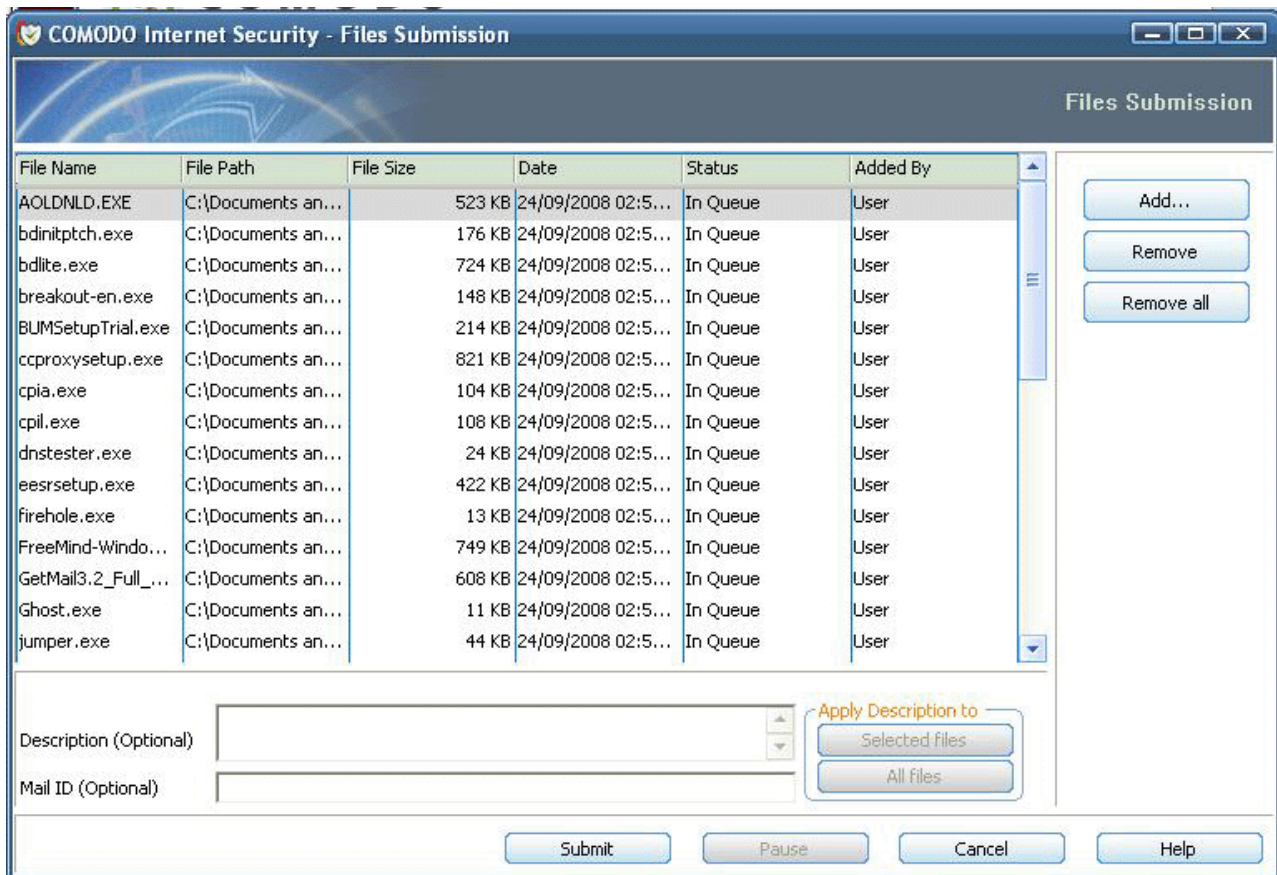


To check for updates available, click on 'Start' button.



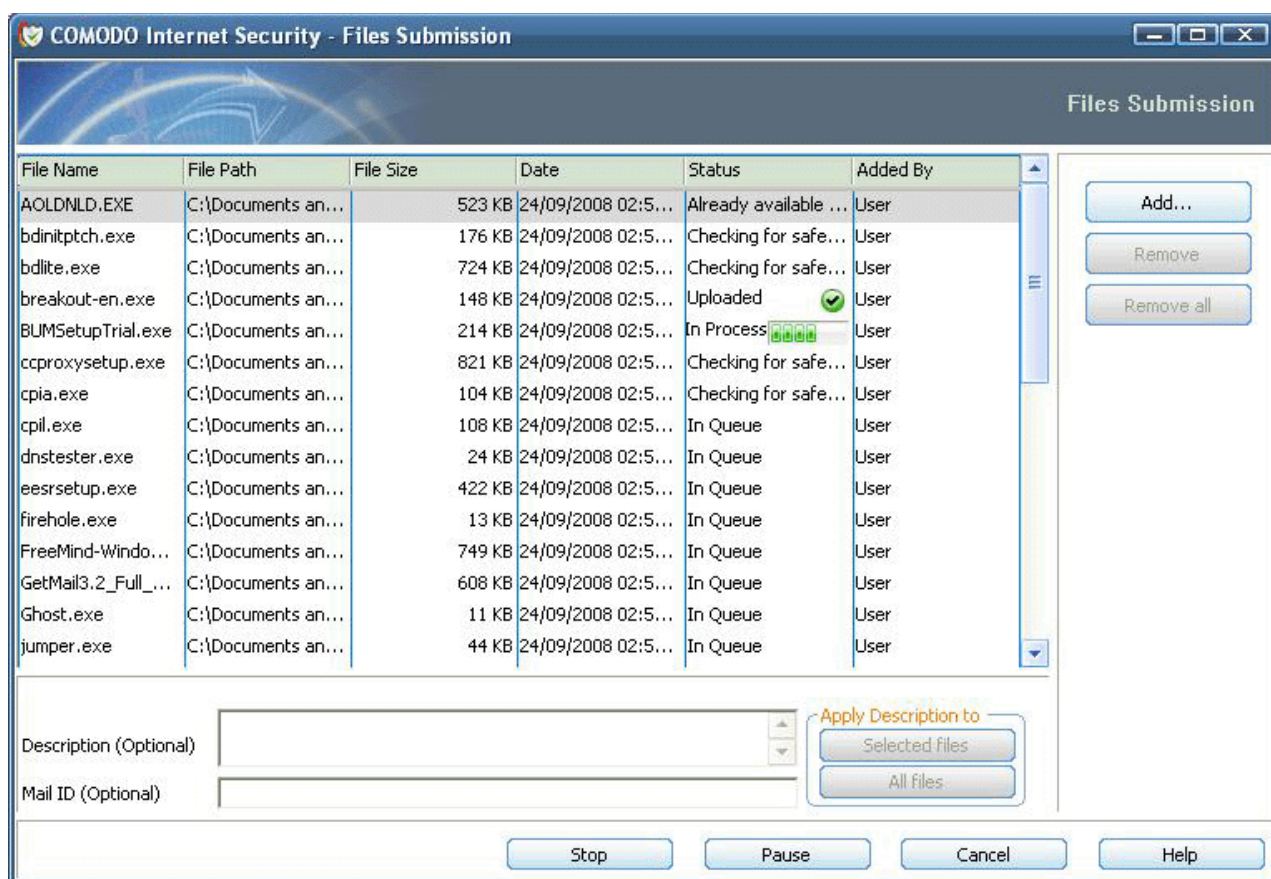


The drop down allows you to choose the type of executable you wish to block. After locating the file or files you wish to submit, click the 'Open' button. Note: You cannot submit files that are already on the Comodo safe list.



You have the option to add an accompanying description to each file you submit and also the option to associate your email ID with the submitted file(s). Our analysts may use this address to contact you should they require further clarifications.

Click 'Submit' to send the files to Comodo for analysis.

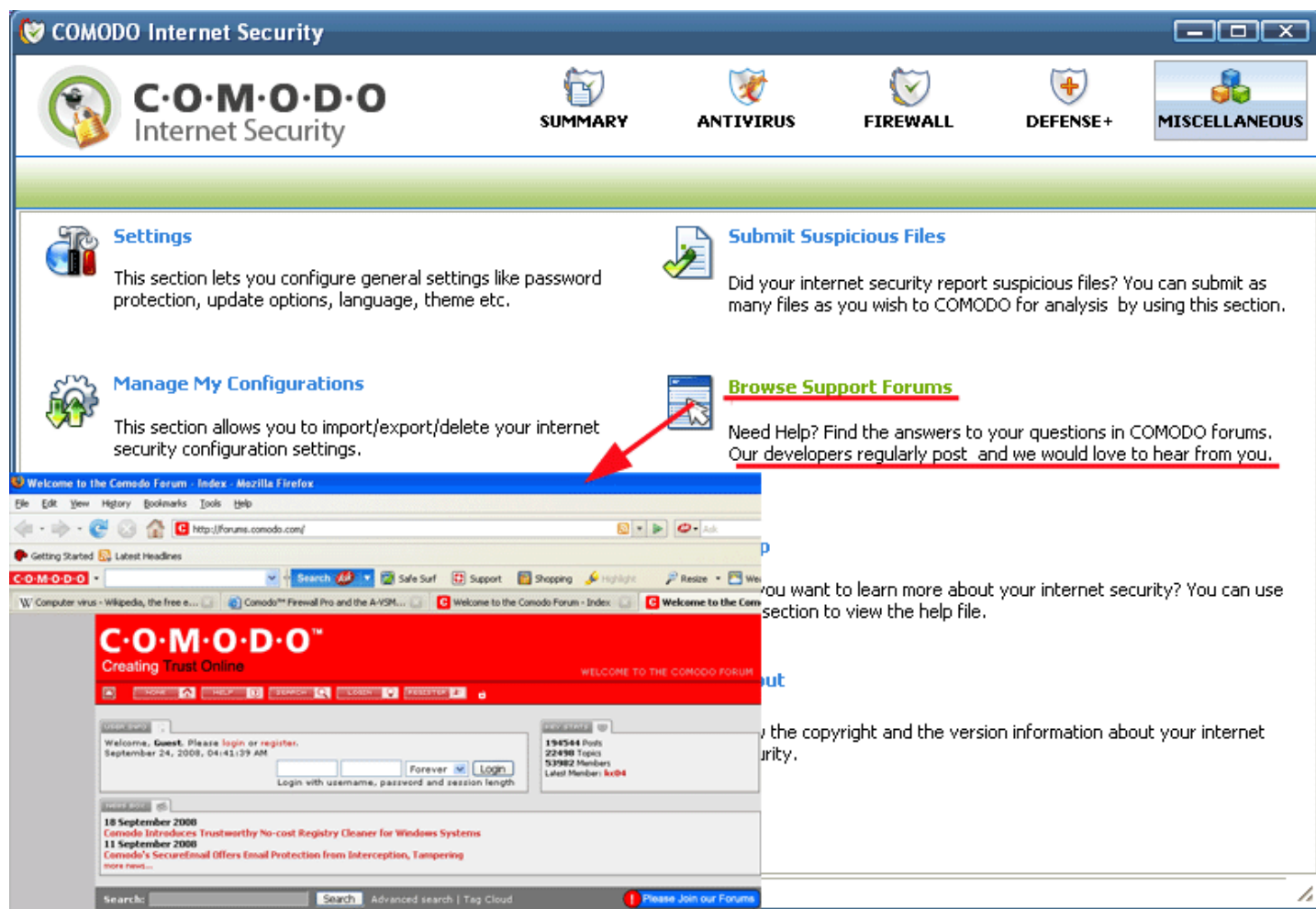


You can see the progress of file upload, beside each file name. Please wait for the confirmation to be displayed to ensure that the file is submitted successfully. Comodo will analyze the file you submit. If it is found to be trustworthy, it will be added to the Comodo safe list.

5.6 Browse Support Forums

The fastest way to get further assistance on Comodo Internet Security Pro is by posting your question Comodo Forums, a message board exclusively created for our users to discuss anything related to our products.

Click the 'Browse Support Forums' link to be taken straight to the website at <http://forums.comodo.com>. Registration is free and you'll benefit from the expert contributions of developers and fellow users alike.

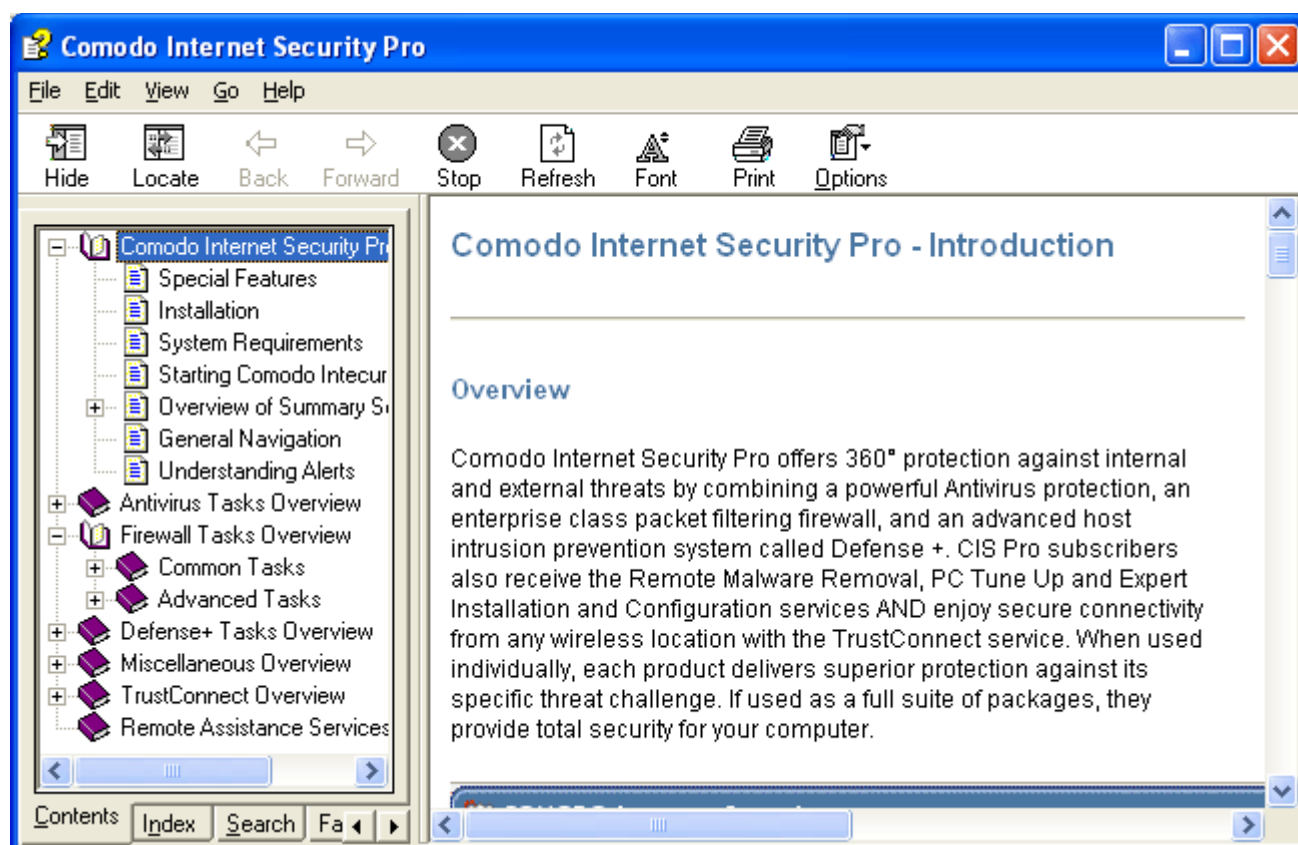


Online Knowledge Base

We also have an online knowledge base and support ticketing system at <http://support.comodo.com>. Registration is free.

5.7 Help

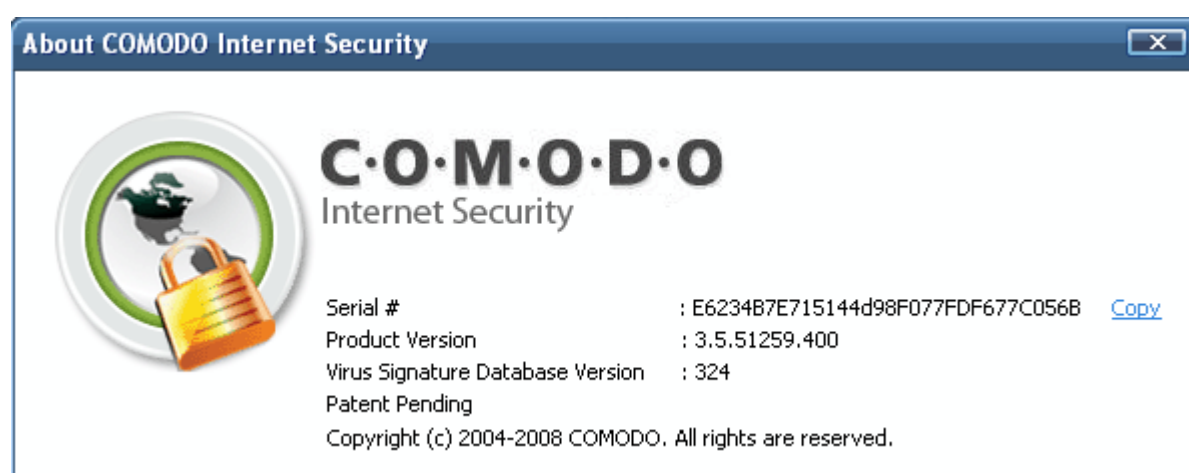
Clicking the 'Help' link in the Miscellaneous section will open this help guide. Each area has its own dedicated page containing detailed descriptions of the application's functionality.



5.8 About

Click the 'About' icon in the Miscellaneous Section Summary page to view the 'About' information dialog.

You can view information about the Version Number of Comodo Internet Security Pro that is installed on your computer and the unique serial number of your installation. The serial number is used to identify your installation and is necessary to complete the purchase of an A-VSMART warranty.



6 TrustConnect Overview

Comodo TrustConnect is a secure Internet proxy service that creates an encrypted session when users are accessing the Internet over public wireless connections. Since these wireless sessions can be relatively easily intercepted, they present a significant data vulnerability gap for businesses and consumers alike. TrustConnect is designed to eliminate these types of data hijacks by preventing criminals from attacking or scanning your system from the local network that you are using to connect to the Internet. It also encrypts all of your traffic destined for the Internet (including Web site addresses, instant messaging conversations, personal information, plain text usernames and passwords and other important information.) After connecting to the service, the TrustConnect software will indicate that traffic is being encrypted as it leaves your system. Data thieves and hackers cannot 'sniff' or intercept your data - they can't even determine where your information is coming from because, as you are connecting to the Internet through a SSL secured VPN connection to the TrustConnect servers, your requests appear to come from our IP address. Ordinarily, cyber criminals could easily intercept these broadcasts.

Setting up Comodo TrustConnect is easy, as it works on most operating systems (Windows, Mac OS X) as well as with most firewall applications. Typical setup takes less than three minutes. TrustConnect clients are available for Windows, Mac OS, Linux and iPhone mobile devices and can be downloaded by logging into your account at <https://accounts.comodo.com/account/login>. Your Comodo Internet Security Suite Pro confirmation email contains confirmation of your the username that you set up during intial sign up and a subscription ID for the service. Once logged in, click the TrustConnect tab to add subscriptions, change billing and contact information, and review the ongoing status of your service. Your Comodo Internet Security Suite Pro TrustConnect account has a 10 GB/month bandwidth limit.

TrustConnect System Requirements

- Windows Vista
- Windows XP
- Mac OS X
- Linux (containing kernel 2.4 or later)
- FreeBSD, OpenBSD

Setting up TrustConnect

- [Microsoft Windows](#)
- [MAC OS X](#)
- [iPhone / iPod Touch](#)
- [Linux](#)

6.1 Microsoft Windows - Configuration and Connection

Download and Install the TrustConnect Windows client

To connect to the TrustConnect server you must first download and install the TrustConnect Windows client software.

- Firstly, log into your Comodo Account at <https://accounts.comodo.com> with the user name and password that you created during the TrustConnect or CIS Pro enrollment process.
- Click the 'TrustConnect' tab on the top navigation bar.
- Click 'Download TrustConnect for Windows':

C.O.M.O.D.O
Creating Trust Online™

Comodo Internet Security Pro | **TrustConnect** | My Account | Help | Contacts | Logout

Comodo TrustConnect

Service Login	Your User-Name
Service Password	6f27AutQzo
Date from	2009-01-09 17:15:43
Date to	2009-02-08 17:15:43

Traffic

Limit:	10 GB
Today	No data found.
This month	No data found.
This Year	No data found.

In order traffic charts to be displayed correctly, please install [Adobe Flash Player](#) version 9

[Change Service Password](#)

[About TrustConnect\(PDF\)](#)

[Download TrustConnect for Windows™](#)

[TrustConnect for Windows™ FAQ \(PDF\)](#)

[Linux Instructions\(PDF\)](#)

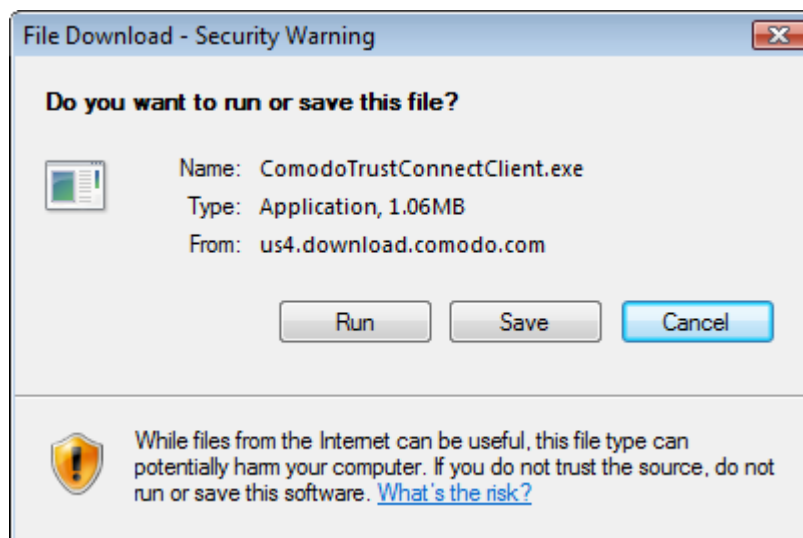
[Mac OS X Instructions\(PDF\)](#)

[iPod Instructions\(PDF\)](#)

- Alternatively, the TrustConnect Windows client can be downloaded direct from the following URL:

<https://accounts.comodo.com/download/trustconnect/ComodoTrustConnectClient.exe>

- Save the setup file to your laptop or desktop computer then double click to run the installer (alternatively, simply click 'Run' at the file download dialog to launch the installer directly)



Establish a connection to TrustConnect

Once installation is complete, TrustConnect can be launched in one of the following ways:

- Via the Windows 'Start' menu. Click '**Start > Programs > Comodo > Trust Connect > Trust Connect**'
- By double clicking the TrustConnect Tray Icon:



- By right clicking on the TrustConnect Tray icon and selecting 'Connect':



After starting TrustConnect you should enter your **TrustConnect Service Login and Service Password** at the client login box.

(**Note** - this is **not** the same password as your Comodo Account password. It is a unique, random password that was generated during account creation to authenticate you to the TrustConnect servers. If required, you can change this password to something more memorable by using the 'Change Service Password' button on the right.)

C.O.M.O.D.O
Creating Trust Online™

Comodo Internet Security Pro **TrustConnect** My Account Help Contacts Logout

Comodo TrustConnect

Service Login	Your User-Name
Service Password	6f27AutQzo
Date from	2009-01-09 17:15:43
Date to	2009-02-08 17:15:43
Traffic	
Limit:	10 GB
Today	No data found.
This month	No data found.
This Year	No data found.

In order traffic charts to be displayed correctly, please install [Adobe Flash Player](#) version 9

[Change Service Password](#)

[About TrustConnect\(PDF\)](#)
[Download TrustConnect for Windows™](#)
[TrustConnect for Windows™ FAQ \(PDF\)](#)
[Linux Instructions\(PDF\)](#)
[Mac OS X Instructions\(PDF\)](#)
[Pod Instructions\(PDF\)](#)

TrustConnect - User Authentication

Username: Your User-Name
 Password: 6f27AutQzo
☐ Remember

OK Cancel

Click 'OK' to confirm and connect. After successful authentication of your user-name and password, the tray icon will turn yellow to indicate that you are successfully connected to TrustConnect:



Not Connected to TrustConnect



Attempting to connect to TrustConnect



Successfully connected to TrustConnect

6.2 Mac OS X - Configuration and Connection

After logging into your account at <https://accounts.comodo.com/account/login>, select the 'TrustConnect' tab and download the Mac OS X client.

Installing TrustConnect OpenVPN client

1. [Download TrustConnect OpenVPN client for Mac Os X 10.4 \(or above\)](#)
2. Unpack the zip file and move **Tunnelblick.app** to your **Applications** folder.

For more details see the [OpenVPN 2.0 website](#)

Configuring TrustConnect OpenVPN client

1. [Download TrustConnect client configuration file.](#)
2. [Download TrustConnect CA certificate](#)
3. Copy root CA certificate and configuration file into into *Library/openvpn* in your home folder.
4. Start Tunnelblick.app and choose Connect 'Client'.
5. Enter your TrustConnect login and password.

6.3 Linux / OpenVPN - Configuration and Connection

After logging into your account at <https://accounts.comodo.com/account/login>, select the 'TrustConnect' tab and download the Linux / OpenVPN client.

Installing TrustConnect OpenVPN client

The TrustConnect OpenVPN client for Linux can be downloaded from the TrustConnect area of accounts.comodo.com [here](#).

1. Using RPM package

If you are using a Linux distribution which supports RPM packages (SuSE, Fedora, Redhat, etc.), it's best to install using this mechanism. You can build your own binary RPM file:

rpmbuild -tb openvpn-[version].tar.gz

Once you have the RPM file, install it with the command:

rpm -ivh openvpn-[details].rpm

Installing OpenVPN from a binary RPM package has these dependencies:

openssl, lzo, pam. The LZO library can be downloaded from the TrustConnect area of accounts.comodo.com [here](#).

2. Without RPM

If you are using Debian, Gentoo, or a nonRPMbased Linux distribution, use your distribution specific packaging mechanism such as aptget on Debian or emerge on Gentoo.

It is also possible to install OpenVPN on Linux using the universal **./configure** method.

First **expand** the .tar.gz file:

tar xfz openvpn-[version].tar.gz

Then **cd** to the toplevel directory and type:

./configure

make

make install

For more details [see OpenVPN 2.0 HOWTO](#).

Configuring TrustConnect OpenVPN client

1. Download the [TrustConnect client configuration file](#).
2. Download the [TrustConnect CA certificate](#)
3. Copy the root **CA certificate** and the **configuration file** into OpenVPN configuration directory, for example into */etc/openvpn/*.
4. **Start** TrustConnect OpenVPN client program:
openvpn config --/etc/openvpn/client.conf
5. Enter your Trust Connect **login** and **password**. (your username and password were created during initial signup. Please check your confirmation email for more details.)

6.4 Apple iPhone / iPod Touch - Configuration and Connection

Configuring the iPhone / iPod Touch client

1. Open VPN account information page. Go to Setting > General > Network > VPN
2. Click **'Add VPN Connection...'**
3. Click the **PPTP** tab

4. Enter your TrustConnect VPN account information:

iPod 12:43

Enter your VPN account information.

Cancel VPN Save

L2TP PPTP

Server us1.vpn.comodo.com

Account user

RSA SecurID OFF

Password

Encryption Level Auto >

Send all traffic ON

- TrustConnect **server address** – *us1.vpn.comodo.com*
 - Your Trust Connect account and password (created during signup)
5. Click the **Save** button and return to the VPN main page (**Settings > General > Network > VPN**)
 6. Start Trustconnect VPN connection. Make sure the VPN Slider is switched **ON**



6.5 TrustConnect FAQ

6.5.1 Common Questions

Why do I need a Secure Connection like Comodo TrustConnect?

If you are logging onto the Internet using Wi-Fi public hotspots, then all of your information is in a readable, plain text format that cyber criminals can sniff. In addition, many hotels have sniffable wired networks. When you're traveling, all of your information can be seen, including confidential company and personal information.

What is a Sniffer?

Typically, a computer will only receive traffic aimed at its TCP/IP address. Sniffer software allows a computer to record traffic headed to (and from) every computer on the local network.

Do I have to use a wireless connection to use Comodo TrustConnect?

Not at all. Some networks, even if they are physically hard-wired and not wireless, do not have secure connections. You can use Comodo TrustConnect even from a wired connection if you need to encrypt your session or hide your destination. If you'd like another layer of protection, Comodo TrustConnect can provide it.

I have a Wi-Fi at home with WEP turned on. Am I safe?

No. Cyber criminals can break WEP encryption with easy-to-acquire tools that are available on the Internet. Computers without firewalls are even more vulnerable to attack. Comodo TrustConnect will help make your connection secure even on your home-based Wi-Fi connection.

How do I set up TrustConnect and Log on to the TrustConnect Server?

1. Firstly, log into your Comodo Account at <https://accounts.comodo.com> with the user name and password that you created during the TrustConnect or CIS Pro enrollment process.
2. Click the 'TrustConnect' tab on the top navigation bar.
3. Download, install and configure the appropriate TrustConnect client software for your operating system. All necessary software and instructions are available on the right hand side of the 'TrustConnect' area of your account. Alternatively, please use the following links:

Windows

[Download TrustConnect Windows Client Configuration Guide \(pdf\)](#)

[Download the Windows TrustConnect Client](#)

MAC OS X

[Download TrustConnect MAC OS X Client Configuration Guide \(pdf\)](#)

Linux / OpenVPN

[Download TrustConnect Linux Client Configuration Guide \(pdf\)](#)

iPhone / iPod Touch

[Download TrustConnect IPOD Client Configuration Guide \(pdf\)](#)

4. Once installed, start up the Trust Connect Client.

The following example shows how to connect using the Windows client:

Click **Start > Programs > Comodo > Trust Connect > Trust Connect**

Or, if TrustConnect is already running, right click on the tray icon and select 'Connect'.



- At the login box you should enter your TrustConnect Service Login and Service Password. (Note - this is not the same password as your Comodo Account password. It is a unique, random password that was generated during account creation to authenticate you to the TrustConnect servers. If required, you can change this password to something more memorable by using the 'Change Service Password' button on the right.)

A screenshot of the Comodo TrustConnect web interface. The top navigation bar includes links for Comodo Internet Security Pro, TrustConnect (highlighted with a green circle), My Account, Help, Contacts, and Logout. The main content area shows the 'Comodo TrustConnect' dashboard. On the left, there is a table with 'Service Login' (Your User-Name) and 'Service Password' (6f27AutQzo) highlighted with a green box. Below this, there are sections for 'Date from', 'Date to', 'Traffic' (with a 10 GB limit), and 'Today', 'This month', 'This Year' (all showing 'No data found.'). A green arrow points from the 'Service Password' field to a 'TrustConnect - User Authentication' dialog box. The dialog box has fields for 'Username' (Your User-Name) and 'Password' (6f27AutQzo), a 'Remember' checkbox, and 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons. On the right side of the dashboard, there is a 'Change Service Password' button and several links for documentation: 'About TrustConnect(PDF)', 'Download TrustConnect for Windows™', 'TrustConnect for Windows™ FAQ (PDF)', 'Linux Instructions(PDF)', 'Mac OS X Instructions(PDF)', and 'Pod Instructions(PDF)'. A note at the bottom left states: 'In order traffic charts to be displayed correctly, please install Adobe Flash Player version 9'.

6. The TrustConnect tray icon will turn yellow upon successful connection:



***Not Connected to
TrustConnect***



***Attempting to connect
to TrustConnect***



***Successfully connected to
TrustConnect***

My User Name and Password don't work – why not?

Make sure that you are entering the *TrustConnect Service* login details and **NOT** your *Comodo Account Manager* login details.

As a TrustConnect customer (or CIS Pro customer which includes TrustConnect service) you have two sets of login details:

1. **Your Comodo Account Login Details.** This user name and password enables you to log into your account at <https://accounts.comodo.com> to view and configure account details. You created this on the sign – up form when you enrolled for TrustConnect or CIS Pro.
2. **Your TrustConnect Service Login Details.** This user-name and password is used to connect to the TrustConnect server and should be entered at the client login box.

To view your TrustConnect Service Login details:

- Login at <https://accounts.comodo.com> with your Comodo Account Login Details
- Click the 'TrustConnect' button on the top navigation
- Your service login and password are listed. You can change this password at any time by clicking the 'Change Service Password' button

What operating systems does TrustConnect support?

TrustConnect is successfully tested on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, Linux, Mac Os X and the iPhone / iPod Touch operating systems.

What clients should I use to connect to TrustConnect Server?

To start using TrustConnect you must first download and install the appropriate TrustConnect client software for your operating system. Client software for supported operating systems is available for download in the TrustConnect area of your account. Alternatively, use the following links:

Windows

[Download TrustConnect Windows Client Configuration Guide \(pdf\)](#)

[Download the Windows TrustConnect Client](#)

MAC OS X

[Download TrustConnect MAC OS X Client Configuration Guide \(pdf\)](#)

Linux / OpenVPN

[Download TrustConnect Linux Client Configuration Guide \(pdf\)](#)

iPhone / iPod Touch

[Download TrustConnect IPOD Client Configuration Guide\(pdf\)](#)

All our Internet (HTTP & HTTPS) connections are via a proxy server. How do I connect using TrustConnect in this situation?

If you use the Windows client, you should:

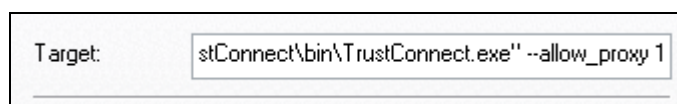
- i. Change the TrustConnect target (command) line:

-right click on 'TrustConnect' icon;

- select 'Properties' -> 'Shortcut';

- add the following text **--allow_proxy 1** into the 'Target' field, so it will look like written below:

"C:\Program Files\Comodo\TrustConnect\bin\TrustConnect.exe" --allow_proxy 1



- ii. Start TrustConnect client

- iii. Set your proxy settings:

- right click on 'TrustConnect' tray icon and select 'Proxy Settings';

- select 'Manual Configuration' and enter your proxy settings, for example:

HTTP proxy, Address: 192.168.0.1, Port: 3128

- iv. Connect to TrustConnect

If you use the Linux/Unix or MAC OS X client, you need only add the http-proxy directive to the client configuration file. For example: http-proxy 192.168.0.1 3128.

If you use iPhone/iPod client:

Set your proxy settings on the VPN settings: 'Setting' -> 'General' -> 'Network' -> 'VPN' -> 'Settings' -> 'Proxy'.

6.5.2 Windows Configuration

What is the "TAP-Win32 Adapter" that appears in my "Network Connections"?

The "TAP-Win32 Adapter" is virtual network card that is created by the TrustConnect client during installation. This adapter is required in order to establish a secure tunnel to the TrustConnect Server.

I'm sure I have done everything correctly but I still cannot connect to the server.

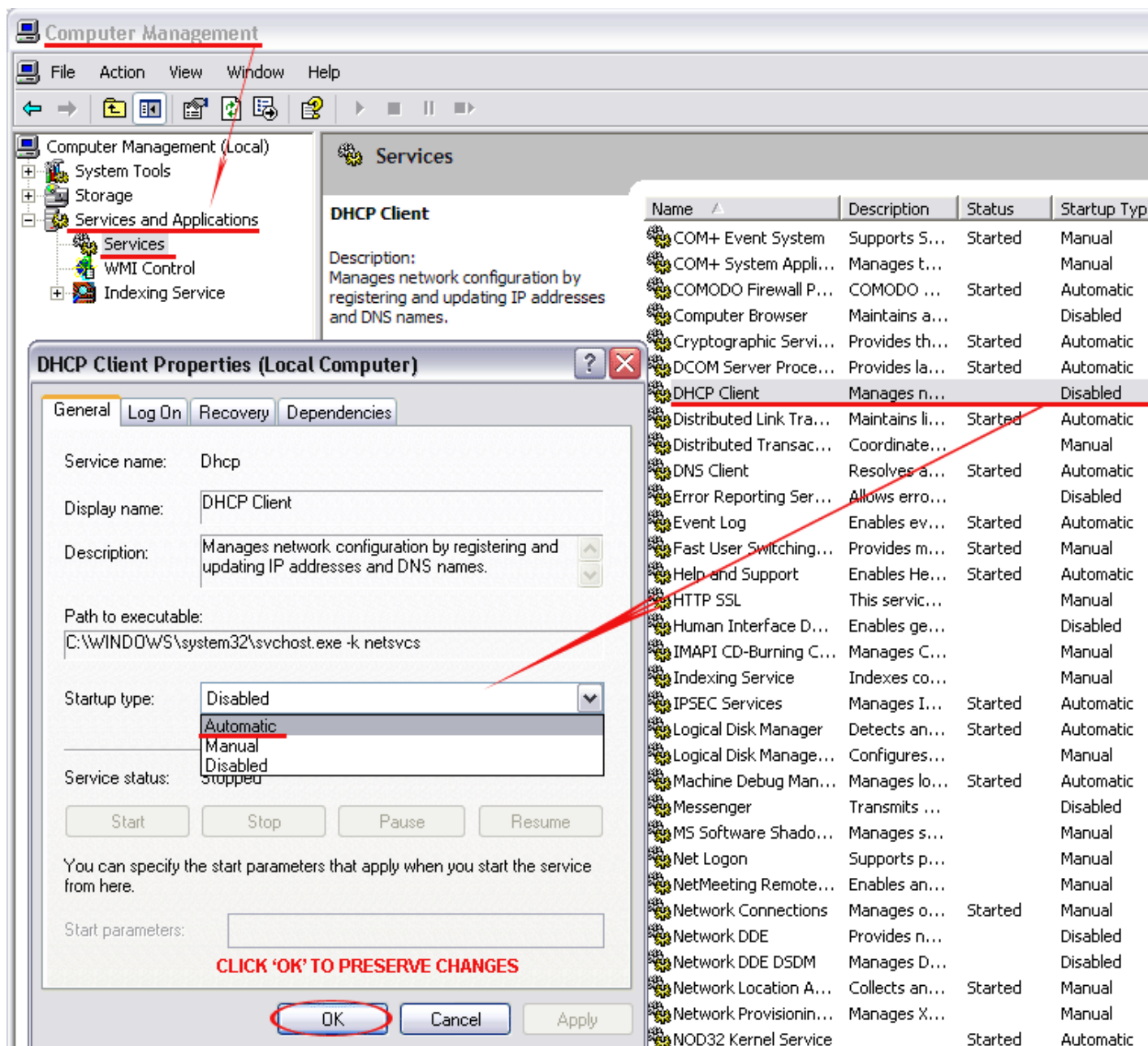
Make sure that you have been correctly entering your Service Login/Password. If it is incorrect you should visit <https://accounts.comodo.com/trustconnect/management> and check your Service Login.

I can connect to the server, but cannot get access to any site. IPCONFIG /ALL shows IP 0.0.0.0 for the TAP adapter. What's wrong?

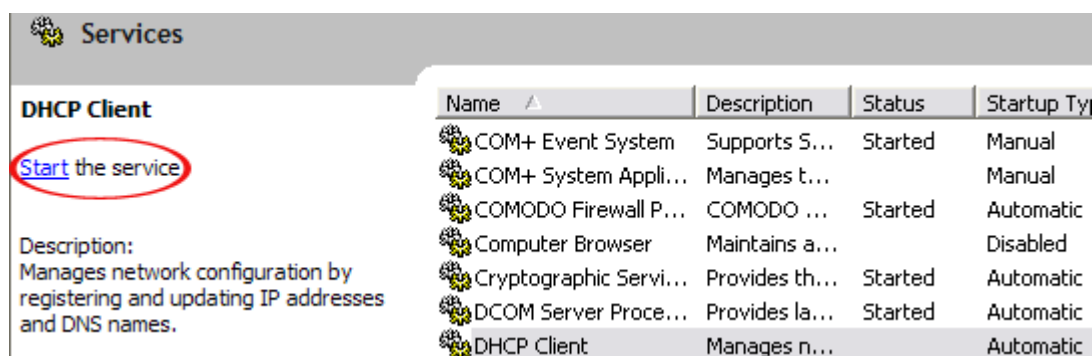
DHCP Client service MUST be enabled.

To enable this service, you need to take the following steps:

1. Right click on the Windows "My Computer" icon.
2. Select "Manage" from the context sensitive menu to open the Windows 'Computer Management' utility.
3. Select 'Services and Applications' then 'Services'.
4. Double-click 'DHCP Client' from the list of services that are listed in the right hand pane. This will open the DHCP Client Properties dialog.
5. Make sure 'Start Up Type' is set to 'Automatic'.
6. Click "OK" to confirm and save your changes.



- Now 'Start the service' link is available. Click on it to run DHCP Client.



Do I need my Firewall up while connecting to the WEB via TrustConnect?

Yes. TrustConnect ensures secure wireless connectivity to the Internet but does not secure all your computers ports (it is not designed for this purpose). You still need an effective firewall to protect your ports when surfing the 'net. Comodo recommends users install Comodo Internet Security which contains an award winning packet filtering personal firewall and is completely free for home and business users.

What port numbers are used by TrustConnect?

TrustConnect uses only 443 port.

6.5.3 Windows Vista Configuration

I cannot connect to the server. The log file contains the entry "All TAP-Win32 adapters on this system are currently in use." - but I cannot find any adapters in my "Network Connections". What is the problem?

Always install and run TrustConnect under Administrator access rights.

All adapters are located in correct place, but I still cannot connect to the server.

You will need to check the box against "Run this program as an administrator":

- Right click on TrustConnect icon;
- Select 'Properties' --> 'Compatibility'.

OR run the application under the Windows Vista "Run As Admin" option.

6.5.4 iPhone/iPod Client Configuration

The server did not respond then I try to connect.

Check your network settings and access to Internet.

What port numbers are used by TrustConnect for iPod clients?

TrustConnect for IPOD clients uses 1723 port (PPTP service).

7 Remote Assistance Services

Comodo Remote Assistance Services are available for the following:

- **Comodo Internet Security Software Installation and Default Configuration** - Professional Installation and Configuration of Comodo Internet Security
- **Malware Removal Service** - Comodo experts remotely remove viruses if your system become infected
- **PC Tune-up Service** - Our experts will also optimize the configuration of your computer to maximize its performance

All three services are delivered by a Comodo professional accessing your computer via remote desktop to perform the required service and by the subscriber initiating an online chat. Your Comodo Security Suite Pro license covers you for 1 installation session and 4 Incident Base Support Sessions which can be used between the Malware Removal and PC Tune-up services.

- Comodo Security Experts are available 24 hours per day to perform one of the services listed above. To request a service, initiate an Online Chat session anytime by [clicking this link](#).
- Note - in all cases, you must have your subscription ID ready. Your subscription ID can be found in your Comodo Internet Security Pro order confirmation email.

Also, you may always go to the respective Comodo product webpage or login to the account system and initiate a chat. (for example, clicking the 'Account Holders link on <http://www.personalfirewall.comodo.com/avsmart/malware-removal.html>)

You can email any questions to: cisquestions@comodo.com

For technical product questions please visit: <https://support.comodo.com/> (Comodo's Customer Service management system requires you to establish a free service account. Your service account provides access to Comodo's extensive Knowledgebase, Customer Forums, and Live Chat support and offers the ability to submit support requests into our service management system.)

8 Comodo SafeSurf - Overview

Comodo SafeSurf protects against data theft, computer crashes and system damage by preventing most types of Buffer Overflow attacks. This type of attack occurs when a malicious program or script deliberately sends more data to a target applications memory buffer than the buffer can handle - which can be exploited to create a back door to the system through which a hacker can gain access. The goal of most attacks is to install malware onto the compromised PC whereby the hacker can reformat the hard drive, steal sensitive user information, or even install programs that transform the machine into a Zombie PC.

Ominously, Buffer Overflow attacks are emerging as one of the Internet's most sinister and efficient mechanisms for injecting malware onto a user's computer. New "drive-by-download" attacks occur when a visitor navigates to a site that injects malware onto the victim's PC, often by exploiting the vulnerability operative in a target application's memory buffer. Crucially, these attacks are usually downloaded and run in the background in a manner that is invisible to the user - and without them taking any 'action steps' to initiate the attack (for example, erroneously downloading a file that later transpires to be malware). Just the act of viewing a webpage that harbours this malicious code is enough for the attack to run. There are many types of buffer overflow attack, including stack attacks, heap attacks and ret2libc attacks. In each case, the goal is to destabilize or crash a computer system by deliberately causing a buffer overflow – creating the opportunity for the hacker to run malicious code and even gain control of the entire operating system. As would be expected, the applications most vulnerable to a buffer overflow attacks are those whose primary function involves Internet connectivity - such as web-browsers, e-mail clients and instant messaging applications.

Comodo developed SafeSurf explicitly to protect end-users from these kinds of attacks whilst they browse the Internet. After installation, the program will monitor and protect the memory space of all applications that are running on your system and immediately block any buffer overflow attacks.

Comodo SafeSurf protects your system from the following types of attack:

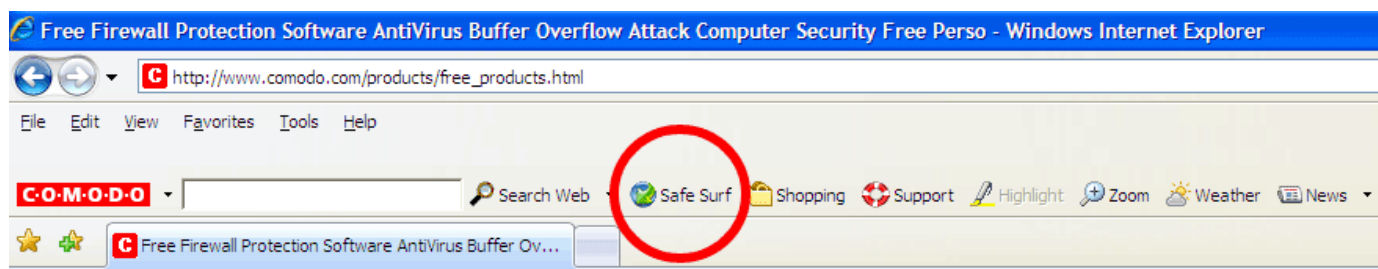
- Buffer Overflows which occur in the STACK memory,
- Buffer Overflows which occur in the HEAP memory,
- ret2libc attacks,
- Corrupted/bad SEH Chains

The Comodo SafeSurf application is installed with the Comodo Safe Surf Toolbar during the installation of Comodo Internet Security Pro.

8.1 Accessing the Comodo SafeSurf Interface

After installation of the toolbar, Comodo SafeSurf will automatically start whenever you start Windows. In order to configure and view settings, you need to access the SafeSurf configuration interface.

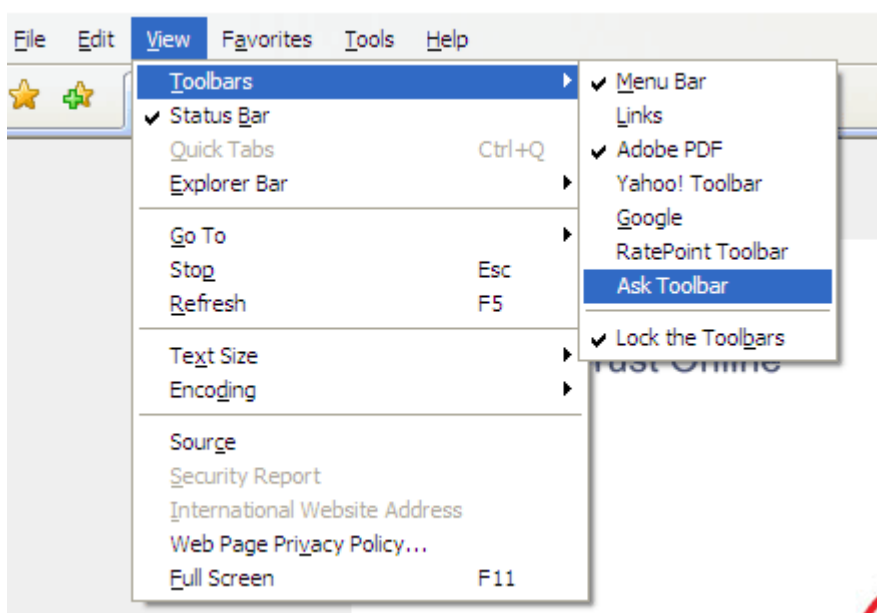
This can be done in two ways:



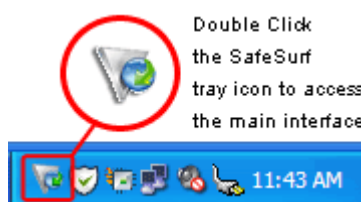
C.O.M.O.D.O

1. **Via the SafeSurf Toolbar.** SafeSurf configuration can be accessed whilst using Internet Explorer clicking the 'SafeSurf' button on the Comodo SafeSurf toolbar. (highlighted below).

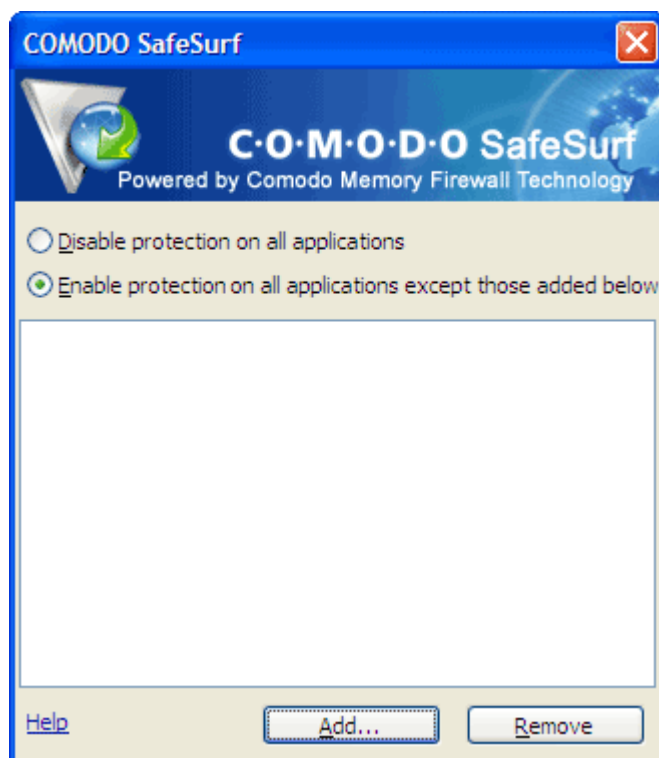
Note: If you cannot see the toolbar then you probably need to enable it in the Internet Explorer 'View' menu. To enable the toolbar, open Internet Explorer, click **View > Toolbars > Ask Toolbar** (as shown below)



2. **Via the Tray Icon.** The configuration interface can also be accessed at any time by double-clicking the SafeSurf tray icon.



8.2 Configuring Comodo SafeSurf



After Starting Comodo SafeSurf, users are presented with the main configuration interface:

By default, Comodo SafeSurf is configured to monitor and protect all installed applications against buffer overflow attacks. To maintain the highest levels of protection, Comodo highly recommend that users do not alter this setting. In rare circumstances, though, it may be necessary to create an exception (usually because an application may be incompatible with buffer overflow protection). To create an exception:

- Make sure '**Enable protection on all applications except those added below**' is selected
- Click the '**Add...**' button
- Browse to the location on your hard drive of the executable you wish to exclude from buffer overflow protection
- Select 'OK' to add the selected application to the exclusion list
- Repeat as necessary to exclude more applications



Adding an application to the exclusion list means that Comodo SafeSurf will not monitor the application all all suspicious behavior and processes will be allowed to continue. Only experienced users should choose this option if they are confident that the application in question **is not and will not** be suseptible to buffer overflow attacks now and in the future. Typically this option should only be chosen after the user has confirmed that the alert is a false positive (for example, because the application in question is incompatible with the buffer overflow protection afforded by Comodo SafeSurf).

To remove an application from the exclusion list (and thus resume its protection), simply select it from the list and click the 'Remove' button.

Select '**Disable Protection on All Applications**' to turn buffer overflow protection off on all applications. Users are strongly discouraged from choosing this option unless under exceptional circumstances (for example, SafeSurf is suspected of causing operating system crashes, unacceptable system slowdown etc). Users are encouraged to report suspected bugs and problems on the Comodo messageboards at: <http://forums.comodo.com>

8.3 Comodo SafeSurf Alerts

When Comodo SafeSurf detects a buffer overflow attack, it automatically:

- Blocks the attack in real-time by preventing the target application from completing the malicious process
- Alerts the user to the attack with a high-visibility pop-up alert (see below left)

The alert details the name and publisher of the application that attempted to execute the buffer overflow attack. More information about the attack is available by clicking the "For additonal information, [click here](#)" link



Clicking 'OK' at the 'Attack Detected' alert will close down the application in question - thus preventing the potentially devastating consequences of a buffer overflow attack.

8.4 Uninstalling Comodo SafeSurf / Disabling the Toolbar

Note : The Comodo SafeSurf application is not "bound" to the toolbar. It is possible to independently retain the protection of Comodo SafeSurf whilst uninstalling or disabling the toolbar (and vice-versa).

To disable the Toolbar BUT Keep Comodo SafeSurf protection:

- Open Internet Explorer. On the file menu, click **View > Toolbars > Ask Toolbar**. Make sure there is no check mark next to the words 'Ask Toolbar'.

To uninstall the Toolbar BUT Keep Comodo SafeSurf protection:

- Click the Windows **Start** button. Then **Settings > Control Panel**. After the list of installed programs has loaded, scroll down the list and select '**Ask Toolbar**'. Click the 'Change/Remove' button to uninstall.

To uninstall the Toolbar AND Uninstall Comodo SafeSurf:

- First, Click the Windows **Start** button. Then **Settings > Control Panel**. After the list of installed programs has loaded, scroll down the list and select '**Ask Toolbar**'. Click the 'Change/Remove' button to uninstall.
- Next, scroll down the 'Add/Remove Programs' list and select '**Comodo SafeSurf**'. Click the '**Remove**' button to uninstall the application.

9 About Comodo

Comodo is a leading global provider of Identity and Trust Assurance services on the Internet, with over 200,000 customers worldwide. Headquartered in Jersey City, NJ with global offices in the UK, Ukraine, and India, the company offers businesses and consumers the intelligent security, authentication and assurance services necessary to ensure trust in online transactions.

As a leading Certification Authority, and in combination with the Digital Trust Lab (DTL), Comodo helps enterprises address digital e-commerce and infrastructure needs with reliable, third generation solutions that improve customer relationship, enhance customer trust and create efficiencies across digital e-commerce operations. Comodo's solutions include SSL certificates, integrated Web hosting management solutions, web content authentication, infrastructure services, digital e-commerce services, digital certification, identity assurance, customer privacy and vulnerability management solutions.

Comodo is delivering the highly rated Comodo Internet Security Pro free to consumers as part of an initiative to empower consumers to create a safe and trusted online experience whenever they go online. This initiative will make available free to all consumers some of the leading tools that consumers can use to be safe and avoid leading threats such as Phishing attacks.

To download Comodo Internet Security Pro and other free security products, visit

http://www.comodo.com/products/free_products.html.